not absolutely, but] in the sense of 'a little.'" If it were so, then, as [on this interpretation] the statement would be this—that "Poetry consists of words and meanings a little faulty," [this absurdity would follow, that] the name of Poetry would not belong to what [words and meanings] are [absolutely] faultless.

j. Granting the possibility [that Poetry may con-Second objection-to a redunsist, as alleged in §. 2, i., of words and meanings] dancy in the definition. when "a little faulty"—if, [I say, it be so,] still this is not to be mentioned in the definition of Poetry; just as, in the definition of such a thing as a jewel, one omits such a circumstance as its being perforated by insects-[that circumstance not tending to constitute anything a jewel, though it may not cause it to cease to be regarded as such,]:-for such circumstances as its perforation by insects are not able [I grant you] to repel a jewel's claim to the name of jewel, but [the effect thereof is] only to render applicable to the case the degrees of comparison. In like manner, here, such faults as unmelodiousness [render applicable such terms as "superior" and "inferior"] in the case of Poetry: And it has been said [by the author of the Dhwani] "The nature of Poetry is held to reside even in faulty [compositions] where taste &c. are distinctly recognised, in like manner as [the character of a jewel, or the like, is held to belong to] such a thing as a jewel perforated by insects."

A third objection.

A thir

A compromise in regard to the third objection [employment of terms objected to in § 2. k.] is approrejected.

priate, because there is here a metaphor [the expression "words and meanings" standing for the Flavour], since these [viz., the words and meanings] are what reveal the Flavour [or sentiment];"—even that way it [the definition] would be unfitting. To explain:—in