वेत्रधर m. (-र:) 1. A door-keeper, a warder. 2. A staff bearer, a macebearer. E. वेन्न a staff, and धर having.

विवधारक m. (-क:) 1. A door keeper, a warder, a porter. 2. A macebearer. E. वेच a stick, and धारक having.

वैतवती f. (-ती) The Retwa river, which rises in the province of Malwa, and following a north-easterly direction for about 340 miles, falls into the Jumna below Calpi. E. वेच a ratan, and सतुष aff.

वैवासन n. (-नं) l. A small cot or oblong low couch of basket work; when furnished with bamboo sticks and a pole, it forms the common Duli or litter. 2. A cane-seat. E. वेत a cane, आसन a seat.

वितिन् m. (-ती) A porter, a door-keeper. E. वेत a stick, and द नि aff. वेष (च्छ) वेष r. 1st cl. (वेषते) To ask or beg.

विद्र m. (न्द्रः) 1. A Ve'da, the generic term for the sacred writings or scripture of the Hindus; supposed to have been revealed by Brahma', and after being preserved by tradition for a considerable period, to have been arranged in the present form by Vya'sa; the principle Ve'das are three in number, the Rich, Yajus, and Sa'ma, to which a fourth, the Atharva, is usually added, and the Itiha'sa and Pura'nas, or ancient history and mythology, are sometimes considered as a fifth. The Ve'das are regarded as a direct revelation from the deity and are called S'hruti, (what is heard,) to distinguish them from Smriti' or sacred lore of human origin; the several sages to whom verses or hymns of the Ve'das are ascribed are regarded as seers. (इष्टार:) and not as composers, (स्टार:) 2. Metre. 3. Gloss, comment, explanation. 4. Knowledge. 5. Vishn'u. E. विद to know, (duty and religion from it,) aff. स्त्र 1

वेदगर्भ m. (-भं:) 1. Brahma'. 2. A Bra'hman. E. वेद the Ve'das, and गर्भ embryo or womb, figuratively for origin.

वेदकी लेयक m. (-क:) S'IVA. E. वेद the Ve'das, and जुल race, ढक aff.

वेदग्नि f. (-नि:) The preservation of the Ve'das by the Bra'hmanical tribe, E. वेद a Ve'da, and गृशि concealment.

बेट्च m. (-ज्ञ:) A Brahman skilled in the Ve'das, E. वेट, ज who knows. वेट्ख m. (-खः) An elephant. [and तत्त्व truth.

बेदतल n. (-लं) The true doctrine or substance of the Ve'das. E, बेद बेदतल nf. (-सं-यी) The three first Ve'das. E. बेद and तय triad.

बेदन nf. (-न-ना) 1. Sensation, perception, knowledge conveyed by the senses. 2. Pain, smart, agony. 3. Knowledge. 4. The ceremony of holding the ends of a mantle, to be observed by a S'udra female, on her marriage with a man of either of the first three classes. 5. Presenting, delivering. 6. Acquisition, wealth. f. (-नी) The true skin or cutis. s. निद् to know, &c., जूद aff.

बेदनाद m. (-द:) Sound of chaunting or repeating the Ve'das. E. वेद, and नाद sound.

बेदनिन्दन m. (-न:) 1. An atheist, a disbeliever. 2. A Jaina or Raud'dha, or any seceder from the belief of the divine origin and character of the Ve'das, E. वेद scripture, निन्दन defaming, disrespecting,

बेदनिन्दा f. (-न्दा) Reviling the Ve'das, heresy. E. वेद, निन्दा blame.

बेदनीय mfn. (-ब:-या यं) To be known or perceived. 2. To be, or to be made known. E. बिंदू to know, अनीयर aff. [crosses.

वेदपारंग m. (-गः) A Brahman skilled in the Ve'das. E. वेद, पार्ग who वेदपुष्य n. (ख्यं) The sanctity of the Ve'das. E. वेद, and पुष्य holiness.

वेदमाद f. (=ता) The mystical prayer or Gayatri', personified as the mother or source of the Ve'das. E. वेद, and माद mother.

वेदसुख्या f. (-ख्या) A sort of insect, the winged-bug. [भ aff.

वेदय mfn, (-य:-वा-यं) Who or what knows or obtains. E. विद् to know, वेदरचण n. (-गं) The conservation of the Ve'das, as a duty of the Bráhmanical order. E. वेद a Véda, and रचण preserving.

बेदवचन n. (-नं) A text of the Véda, B. वेद, and वचन dictum.

वेदवाका n. (-क्सं) Text of the Ye'da, E. वेद, and वाका sentence,

बेह्बास m. (-स:) A Brahman, p. बेहू a Ve'da, and बास above.

वेदविद m. (-विद or वित्) A Bráhman versed in the Ve'das. E. वेद the Ve'das, विद to know, किए aff. [learned man.

वेदिविद्यस् m. (-दान्) A Brahman learned in the Ve'das. E. वेद, विदस् a वेदिविद्यत mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Taught or declared in the Ve'das, scriptural. E. वेद and विद्यत said.

वेदरन n. (-न') The doctrine of the Ve'das. E. वेद, and उन done.

वेदबास m. (-स:) The Muni VYA'SA. E. वेद the Ve'das, दि and आड severally, before पस् to throw or place, aff. घन, the compiler and arranger of the Vedas; he first cellected and arranged the Hindu scriptures into the four parts, in which they at present exist.

वेदशब्द m. (-व्ह:) A word or term in the Ve'das. E. वेद, and श्रव्ह a sound. वेदशब्त n. (-क्ट) The Ve'das or any part of them. E. वेद, and श्रास्त an inspired writing, a scripture.

वेदसंहिता f. (-ता) A collection of the formulæ of the Védas. E. वेद, and वेदस, m. (-दा:) The Ve'das collectively. E. विद to know, असन् aff.

वेदसद्गास m. (-स:) Discontinuing the ritual of the Védas. E. वेद, and सद्गास relinquishing.

वेदसन्नासिक m. (-ना:) The religious ascetic or member of the fourth order, who discontinues the ritual of the Védas. स. वेद, सन्नास, and उन् वर्ती:; also with इनि, वेदसन्नासिन।

वेदसमात mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Conformable to the Védas. ह. वेद, and समात वेदाङ्ग m. (-ज्ञः) A sacred science, considered as subordinate to, and in some sense, a part of the Védas: six sciences come under this denomination; S'iksha', or the science of pronunciation and articulation; Kalpa, the detail of religious ceremonies; Vya'karan'a, or grammar; Ch'handas, prosody; Jyotish, or astronomy; and Nirukti', or the explanation of the difficult or obscure words and phrases that occur in the Védas. ह. वेद the Védas, श्रङ्ग a member.

वेदादिवर्ण n.(-प्प) The mystical name of God. E. वेद the Védas, आदि first, and वर्ष letter. [over or through.

वेदाधिगम m. (-म:) Perusal or study of the Ve'das. E. वेद, अधिगम going वेदाध्ययन n, (-नं) Study of the Ve'das. E. वेद, and अध्ययन reading.

वेदाध्ययिन् m. (-यौ) A student of the Ve das. E. वेद, and अध्ययिन् who reads. वेदाध्यापत m. (-त:) A teacher of the Ve das. E. वेद and अध्यापत teacher. वेदाध्यापन n. (-तं) Teaching the Ve das. E. वेद and अध्यापन teaching.

वेदान m. (-न:) The theological part of the Ve'das; considered collectively it is contained in the many numerous passages or chapters of the Ve'das termed Upanishads, which inculcate an abstract and speculative monotheistical worship, and these have been further explained and illustrated by later writers: the founder of the school is Vya'sa, and subsequently S'ankara'cha'rya is its most eminent teacher. E. वेद the Ve'das, and अन end, sum, scope or substance.

वेदान्तग m. (-गः) A Ve'da'nti'. E. वेदान, and म who goes over,

वेदानज m. (-ज्ञ:) A Ve'dánti'. E. वेदान, and ज who knows.

वेदान्तिन् m. (-ली) A Ve'dánti', a follower of the Vedánta philosophy. B. वेदान्त the theism of the Ve'das, and इनि aff.

देदानीपगत mfn. (-त:-ता-त) Derived from or produced by the Ve'da'nta. E. देदान and उपगत derived from.

वेदाश्यास m. (-स:) 1. The repetition of the mystical syllable Om. 2. Study of scripture. E. वेद the Ve'das, and अश्वास exercise.

वेदार m. (-र:) A chameleon, a lizard.

विद f. (-दि:-दो) 1. Ground for placing the vessels used at an oblation, or for binding the victim, or lighting the sacrificial fire; it is more or less raised and of various shapes; an alter, &c. 2. A quadrangular spot in the court-yard of a temple or palace, usually furnished with a raised floor or seat, and covered with a roof supported by pillars: see विविद् . 3. A seal-ring. m. (-दि:) A Pandit, a teacher, f. (-दि:) A name of Saraswati'. E. विद to know, &c., Una di aff. इन, and दीष optionally added in the fem. form,