

सन्निवृत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) 1. Ceasing, forbearing. 2. Stopped, ceased. 3. Returned, coming back. E. सन् and नि before वृत् to be, क्त aff.

सन्निवृत्ति f. (-त्तिः) 1. Restraint, forbearance, avoiding, forsaking. 2. Returning, coming back. E. सन्, and निवृत्ति desisting, stopping.

सन्निवेश m. (-शः) 1. An open space, either in a town or its vicinity where the people take exercise or diversion. 2. Vicinity, proximity, neighbourhood. 3. Fabrication, manufacture, construction, preparation. 4. Putting in, causing to enter. 5. Union, junction. 6. Assemblage, collection. 7. Situation, position, posture. 8. The collective form or figure of an asterism. E. सन् and नि before विश् to enter, aff. वच् । [पद् to go, क्त aff.]

सन्निवृत्त mfn. (-त्तः-त्ता-त्त) Stationary, seated, halted. E. सन् and नि before

सन्निहित mfn. (-तः-ता-त) 1. Near, proximate, at hand, present. 2. Staying, being. 3. Deposited, fixed, laid up. 4. Ready, prepared. E. सन् together, निहित placed.

सन्निहितापाय mfn. (-यः-या-य) Transient, brief, Adj. Fleeting, liable to destruction, transitory. E. सन्निहित, and अपाय loss.

सन्मान n. (-नं) Respect for the good. E. सन्, and मान respect.

सन्मार्ग m. (-गैः) Good or virtuous conduct. E. सन्, and मार्ग a way.

सन्मसन n. (-नं) 1. Abandonment of the world. 2. Entrusting to. E. सन् and नि before सस् to throw, क्त् aff.

सन्मस्य mfn. (-स्यः-सा-स्य) 1. Abandoned, deserted. 2. Entrusted or delivered to. 3. Laid down. E. सन् and नि before सस् to throw, क्त aff.

सन्मस्य Ind. 1. Having left or abandoned. 2. Having consigned or delivered to. E. सन् and नि before सस् to throw, क्त् aff.

सन्मसास m. (-सः) 1. Abandonment of all worldly affections and possessions. 2. Abandonment in general. 3. Deposit, trust, or relinquishment to. 4. Sudden death. 5. A stake in game. 6. Indian spike-nard. E. सन् and नि before सस् to throw, to cast off, and वच् aff.

सन्मसासिन् m. (-सो) 1. The Bra'hman of the fourth order, the religious mendicant. 2. An ascetic, a devotee. 3. One who lays down or deposits. E. सन्मसास abandonment of the world, इति aff.

सपक्ष mfn. (-क्षः-क्षा-क्ष) 1. Winged. 2. Having a side or party. 3. Like, similar. 4. Containing the major term or subject. m. (-क्षः) 1. A partisan, a follower, an adherent, one of the same side or party. 2. An instance of the same side. E. स for समान same, पक्ष party.

सपत्न m. (-तः) An enemy, an adversary. f. (-त्री) A woman whose husband has other wives. E. स for समान the same, पति a husband, डीप् aff. and नृक् augment ; सच् added for the masc. form.

सपत्नारि m. (-रिः) A sort of bamboo, (Bambusa spinosa.) "वेङ्कवांश ।"

सपत्नीक f. (-का) Accompanied with a wife.

सपचक्रत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Distressed, afflicted. m. (-तः) A wounded deer or other animal. E. स for सह with, पच the leaf, the barb of the arrow, and क्त made ; also सपचक्रत, &c., being metaphorically applied to distress or pain in general : see the next :

सपचाकरण n. (-णं) 1. Wounding so that the feathered part of the arrow enters the body. 2. Excessive pain : see the last. [last.]

सपचाकृति f. (-तिः) Agony, affliction, excessive pain or distress : see the

सपदि Ind. 1. Instantly, in a moment, at the moment. 2. Quickly, swiftly. E. सह before पद् to go, इन् aff. and the nasal rejected.

सपथ्य f. (-थ्यः) Worship, reverence. E. सपर Kandwa'di root, said to imply worship, यक् and टाप् affs.

सपाद f. (-दा) Having a fourth part, increased by one-fourth.

सपिण्ड m. (-ण्डः) A kinsman, especially one connected by the offering of the funeral cake to either or all of the manes of the father, grandfather, and great-grandfather, and their wives respectively, as sprung from them in directly collateral lines ; the relationship stops with every fourth person, as the fifth cannot perform the offering of a cake to the father even of the deceased. The following are enumerated as Sapin'dás :—the son, son's son, and son's grandson ;

widow, daughter and daughter's son ; the father, the mother, the brother, brother's son, and brother's grandson ; father's daughter's son ; father's brother's son and grandson ; paternal grandfather's daughter's son ; paternal grandfather ; paternal grandmother, paternal grandfather's brother, brother's son and grandson ; and lastly the great grandfather's daughter's son : these all present oblations in which the deceased is either included, or may participate : other enumerations, including the oblations he was bound to offer, &c. extend the connection of Sapin'd'a to seven persons both in an ascending or descending line. E. स for सप्तान common, and पिण्ड ball of meat, &c., offered to the manes of the deceased ancestors, at the S'rád'dhas performed in honour of them.

सपिण्डीकरण n. (-णं) 1. Offering food to the deceased relatives called Sapin'd'as : to be performed at the end of a full year after the death of a relative ; but can be performed on the twelfth day after death by Bra'hmins only, on some special occasions. 2. Investing a person with the rights of relationship, indicated by offering the funeral cake. E. सपिण्ड, करण making, चि aff.

सपिण्डीकृत mfn. (-तः-ता-त) Comprehended in the relationship of Sapin'd'a or offering of a common cake. E. सपिण्ड, कृत made, चि augment. [aff. क्तिन् ।]

सपौति f. (-तिः) Drinking together. E. स for सह with, पा to drink, सप्तक mfn. (-कः-का or कौ-कं) 1. Seven. 2. Seventh. 3. Containing seven.

n. (-कं) 1. A collection of seven stanzas of the Rig' V'edas. 2. A collection of any seven things. f. (-कौ) A woman's girdle. E. सप्तन् seven, (string, &c.) and कन् aff.

सप्तजिह्व m. (-ह्वः) AGNI or fire. E. सप्त seven, जिह्वा a tongue or flame.

सप्तज्वाल m. (-ज्वा) AGNI or fire. E. सप्त seven, ज्वाला flame.

सप्ततनु m. (-तनुः) A sacrifice, an offering or oblation. E. सप्त seven, (prayers, or the tongues of AGNI,) तन् to spread, aff. तुन् ।

सप्तति f. Sing. (-तिः) Seventy. Du. (-तौ) Two seventies. Plu. (-तयः) Many seventies. E. सप्तन् seven, इति aff.

सप्ततितम mfn. (-तः-ता-त) The seventieth.

सप्तदश mfn. (-शः-शी-शं) Seventeenth. E. सप्त seven, दशन् ten, aff. डट् ।

सप्तदशन् mfn. Plu. (-शः) Seventeen. E. सप्तन् seven and दशन् ten.

सप्तदीपिति m. (-तिः) AGNI or fire. E. सप्त seven, दीपिति a ray of light.

सप्तद्वीपा (-पा) An epithet of the earth.

सप्तधा Plu. In seven ways. E. सप्तन् seven, धाच् aff.

सप्तधातु m. (-तुः) The seven parts of the body, or chyle, blood, flesh, adeps, marrow, bone, and semen. E. सप्त seven, and धातु element.

सप्तन् mfn. Plural only, (सप्त) Seven. E. सप् to be collected, Una'di aff. कनिन् and तुद् augment.

सप्तनाडीचक्र n. (-क्रः) An astrological diagram supposed to foretell rain.

सप्तपदी f. (-दी) The ceremony of walking together round the nuptial fire.

सप्तपर्ण mfn. (-र्णः-र्णी-र्णं) Seven-leaved. m. (-र्णः) A tree, (Alstonia scholaris.) n. (-र्णं) A sort of sweetmeat, made of the expressed juice of the grape, pomegranate and date, with sugar, spices, honey, and Ghee. E. सप्त seven, and पर्ण a leaf. [सू mother.]

सप्तपुत्रम् f. (-सुः) The mother of seven children. E. सप्त seven, पुत्र a child,

सप्तप्रकृति Plu. (-तयः) The seven constituent parts of a kingdom, or prince, ministers, fortress, territory, treasure, force, and ally or friend. E. सप्त, and प्रकृति constituent.

सप्तभद्र m. (-द्रः) The Sirisha tree, (Acacia Sirisa.)

सप्तभूमिक Adj. Seven stories high.

सप्तम mfn. (-मः-मो-मं) Seventh. f. (-मौ) 1. The seventh day of a lunar fortnight. 2. The locative case, (in gram.) E. सप्तन् seven, इतम् aff. ; or सप्तानां पूरणः सट् ।

सप्तरक्त m. Plu. (-रक्तः) The seven external parts of the body of a red colour, or the palms of the hands, the soles of the feet, the cor-