daughter. E. gq, and at to preserve, the hell, (from,) aff. a ; or use to purify, aff. a; one a may be rejected in writing this word, and its derivatives, leaving ya. The word is thus derived by Manu. viz:—

"पुत्रासी नरकायसात् पितरं वायते सुत:। तसात्पुत इति प्रोत्त: खयमेव खयंभूवा॥"

प्रकल m. (-क:) 1. A son. 2. A son, as it were, used as a term of endearment. 3. A fabulous animal with eight legs: see भ्राप्त.
4. A rogue, a cheat. 5. A particular mountain. 6. A sort of tree.
7. A grasshopper, a locust. 8. A doll, a puppet f. (-तका or -विका)
1. A daughter. 2. A puppet, a doll. 3. Anything little of its kind, (when used at the end of a compound.) E. पुत्र a son, कन् pleonasm; in the feminine from the substitution of द for the penultimate vowel is optional.

प्रतक्ष्म f. (-न्दा) A kind of drug. "बच्चणामूने"। [च being added. उन्नकामा f. (-मा) Wish or affection for progeny. E. उन्, and काम्यम् aff. उनकार्य n. (-म्या) Ceremony relating to a son.

पुस्तकतक m. (-कः) Adopted as a son.

प्रजात Adj. One to whoom a son is born.

उन् जीव m. (-व:) A tree, from the fruit of which necklaces are made of supposed prolific efficacy, (Nagelia putranjiva, Rox.) E. प्रस्न a child, and जीव life.

पन्द्रीवन m. (-क:) A plant; see the last. E. प्रन a child, and जीव to live, aff. खश् and नव् added. [what gives. प्रमद mfn. (-द:-दा-दं) Who or what confers offspring. E. प्रन, and द,

प्रसदार n. (-रं) Son and wife.

पुत्रपौत mn. (-व:-वं) Plu. Sons and grandsons.

प्रतमीतीय min. (-या-या-यां) Descended from son to son. E. पुन, and योव a grandson, खम aff. [and तन aff. प्रतमीतीयता f. (-ता) Perpetual descent from son to son, &c. E. प्रतमीतीय, प्रतमितिनिय m. (-वि:) A substitute for a son, as an adopted son, &c. E. पुन, and प्रतिनिधि a substitute.

पुत्रनाम m. (-म:) The obtaining of a son. [poss. aff. पुत्रन्त mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Having a son or offspring. E. पुत्र, and मतुष्पुत्रनम् f. (-च) A daughter-in-law.

उन्नवन min. (-न:-ना-नं) Having a son or child. E. पुन्न, and वन् वर्ष. उन्नविशेषी f. (-नो) A plant, (Salvinia cucullata.) "मूनिकपर्याम्"।

पुत्रसम्ब m. (-ब:) One who is fond of children. [aff. किए। पुत्रसम्ब m. (-ब:) The mother of a son. E. पुत्र a son, and स् a parent. पुत्रस्तिन Adj. Childless. [पुत्र, and पानार्थी a teacher. पुत्रानार्थी m. (-थी:) A father instructed in sacred science by his son. E. पुत्राधिन Adj. Wishing for a son.

इस्राज्ञाद m. (-द:) 1. One who is maintained by his son. 2. A mendicant of a particular order. E. प्रस a son, यह food, and याद who takes.

पुलिका f. (-का) 1. A daughter. 2. A doll, a puppet. 3. The cotton or pappus of the tamarisk. E. प्रजी a daughter, कन् aff.

fanyam. (-सः) 1. The son of a daughter, appointed to raise issue for her father; one of the twelve heirs acknowledged by the old Hindu law. 2. A daughter's son, who by agreement becomes the son of her father, (according to some interpretation.) 3. A daughter who returns to her father's house being considered as his son, (according to other interpretation.) 4. A grandson in general E. प्रविका a daughter, and प्रव a son.

इन्निकामर्त्तृ m. (-त्ती) A daughter's husband. E. प्रसिका, and मर्त्तृ husband. प्रसिकामस् f. (-स्:) The mother of a daughter. E. प्रसिका, and प्रस् a mother.

पुष्तिकास्त m. (-त:) A daughter's son, a grandson. E. पुष्तिका, and स्त a इचिन् m. (-ली) The father of a son. f. (-णी) 1. The mother of a son, or of children generally. 2. A parasite plant. 3. A plant, (Siphonanthus Indica.) E. प्रस्त a son or offspring, द्वन aff.

प्रजोध mfn. (-य:-धा-यं) Belonging or relating to a son, or child. 2. Filial. f. (-या) The desire of a son. E. प्रज, and क् aff.; also प्रजा.

प्रजीयत् min. (-यन्-यन्तो-यत्) Wishing for a son. E. प्रज, and कान् aff. or nominal v., शह aff.

पुत्रेम् mfn. (-भू:-भू:-भू) Desiring a son. E. पुत्र, and इस् desirous. पुत्रेश्चि f. (-धि:) A sacrifice performed for the purpose of obtaining children. E. पुत्र, offspring, and इष्टि sacrifice; also with कन् added in the feminine form, पुत्रेश्चिका.

प्रतेषर्थ n. (-यां) Resignation of property or power by a father to his son. E. प्रस्त, and ऐश्रयं masterhood.

पुत्रा mfn. (-न्ना:-न्ना-न्ना') Belonging to a son, &c. E. पुत्र, and यत् aff. पुथ r. 4th cl. (पुष्यति) To hurt or kill. r. 10th cl. (पीव्यति-ते) I. To shine. 2. To speak. (इ) पुधि r. lst cl. (पुष्यति) 1. To hurt. 2. To suffer pain or uneasiness. हिंसे दिवा धर सक सेट्। वधे सक को भे प्रक भा पर सेट इदित्। दी भी च् उस सक सेट्।

प्रद्रज mfn. (-ज:-जा-ज) 1. Beautiful, handsome, of a handsome form or figure. 2. Having form or property. m. (-ज:) 1. The body. 2. The soul. 3. An atom. 4. An epithet of S'iva. E. प्र what fills, and गज what decays, deriv. irr.

प्रनःपाक m. (-क:) Repeated boiling or cooking. E. पुनर्, and पाक प्रनःपानर Ind. Repeatedly, again and again. E. पुनर् again, repeated. प्रनःपाना f. (-ना) The Pumpa river in Bihar. E. पुनर् again, repeated, irrly.; perhaps from the meandering course of the river; or correctly पुन: पनानि पु-नक-प्रमा॰।

पुन:सन्धान n. (-नं) Reuniting.

प्रन:सन्भव m. (-व:) Coming into existence again, metempsychosis.

प्रनःसंस्कार m. (-र:) Repetition of any essential ceremony, as re-investiture with the sacrificial string of a Brahman, who has forfeited it by unknowingly drinking spirits, &c. E. पुनर् again, संस्कार ceremony.

पुनर् Ind. 1. Again, once more. 2. But, on the contrary, nevertheless, however. 3. Assuredly, certainly. 4. A particle indicating division or change of subject. E. प्रमु to praise, भर् aff., and the radical vowel changed to उ.

प्राचि Ind. 1. Even, again, also. 2. And, on the other hand.

पुनर्थिता f. (-ता) Repeated request.

पुनरागत mfn. (-त:-ता-तं) Come back, returned. E. पुनर्, and पागत come. पुनरागमन n. (-नं) Returning, coming back. E. पुनर् and पागनन coming. पुनराधान n. (-नं) Renewing or replacing a consecrated fire. E. पुनर्, and पाधान placing. [and पाधान revolving. पुनरावर्त्त m. (-तं:) 1. Return, revolution. 2. Repeated birth. E. पुनर्, पुनरावर्त्तन् mfn. (-ती-तिनी-ति) 1. Returning. 2. Subject to successive births. E. पुनर्वर्त्त, and इनि वर्ति. [existence. पुनरावर्त्त f. (-वत्) 1. Repetition. 2. Revision. 3. Return to mundane

पुनक्त mfn. (-क्त:-क्ता-क्तं) Repeated, said over again. n. (-क्तं) Tautology, repetition. E. पुनर्, and उक्त said.

पुनक्तजन्मन् m. (-ना) A Bra'hman. E. पुनर् again, एक said, and जन्मन् birth; whose investiture is called a second birth.

पुनदक्तवदासास m. (-स:) A figure of speech consisting in the appearance of tautology, the first impression being removed by a right understanding of the passage.

पुनक्ति f. (-ितः) I. Repetition, tautology. 2. Uselessness. E. पुनक्, and पुनक्तान n. (-नं) Resurrection.

प्रनचत्पति f. (-ति) 1. Reproduction. 2. Metempsychosis.

पुनक्पगम m. (-म:) Return.

पुनक्षीड़ा f. (-दा) A woman remarried.

पुनर्गम Ind. To go back. [E. पुनर्, and जन्म birth. पुनर्जन्मन् mfn. (-न्या-न्या-न्य) Re-born, born again. n. (-न्य) Regeneration. पुनर्जन्मान्य m. (-य:) Liberation, final emancipation, freedom from transmigration. E. पुनर्जन्म, and जय Victory.