- (12) CINNAMOMUM TAMALA T. NEES ET EBERM. (KB 3, p. 2146-2147);
 - (13) [C. ZEYLANICUM BREYN] (see tvac) (KB 3, p. 2149-2150);
 - (14) Cassia-bark (MW; PW);
 - (15) myrrh (MW; PW).

$sauv\bar{\imath}ra(ka)$

See karkandhŭ, kola, badara.

- (1) Zizyphus sativa Gaertn. (Dgv, nr. 84, = $r\bar{a}jakola = r\bar{a}ja-badara$; V 1, p. 163) = Z. vulgaris Lam. (Dgv, nr. 84; V 1, p. 163);
 - (2) a) = kola (HK);
 - b) = bṛhadbadara (Vśs);
- J. J. Meyer, transl. Kauţ., p. 141, note 8: Gan. explains that kola is the small, badara the large and sauvīraka the sweet jujube. Da. on Su.Sū. 46, 139: badara is large, kola is of a moderate size and karkandhu is small; sauvīra is the largest (among the jujube-fruits) and is, both ripe and unripe, sweet.

$sprkk\bar{a}$

- (1) TRIGONELLA CORNICULATA LINN. (Dutt; HB; HK; MW; PW);
- (2) Melilotus officinalis Lam. (Gul) = Trifolium officinale Linn. (Bpn, p. 265 : acc. to some);
- (3) Anisomeles Malabarica R. Br. ex Sims (Bpn, p. 265 : acc. to others);
 - (4) [Marsilea Quadrifoliata Linn.] (Bpn, p. 265);
 - (5) Mimosa pudica Linn. (KB 2, p. 915-917; PW; Vśs).

hapuṣā

- (1) a) black stalks like those of black pepper, possessed of an aromatic smell (Dutt; HK; Kav);
 - b) name of a partic. substance, said to be of a long form and black colour, and smelling like raw meat or fish; it is of two kinds (MW);
 - c) a partic. plant of two kinds, smelling like fish; the fruits of one kind resemble those of the aśvattha (PW);
 - d) hapuṣā: an article of trade that is of a black colour and of a long form like the stalks of black pepper (marīca) (Vśs); havuṣā: a fruit of that name; it is of two kinds; one is like a