- (2) a) DIOSOREA BULBIFERA LINN. (Bpn, p. 386-387; KB 4, p. 2483-2489) [= D. SATIVA THUNB.] (KB 4, p. 2483-2489);
 - b) Dioscorea (MW; PW; Vśs);
- (3) = $\acute{s}uklabh\bar{u}miku\dot{s}m\bar{a}n\dot{q}a$ (Vśs = $vid\bar{a}r\bar{i}kanda$: IPOMOEA DIGITATA LINN. = I. PANICULATA R. Br.);
 - (4) = priyangu (Vss);
- (5) = vṛddhadāraka (Vśs : a) Gmelina asiatica Linn.; b) Rourea santaloides Wight et Arn.);
- (6) varāhakrāntā (Vśs): Mimosa pudica Linn. (acc. to Dutt and Nadk. 1, nr. 1618).

vidanga

- (1) EMBELIA RIBES BURM.F. (Avk; Bpn, p. 52; Chopra; Dgv, nr. 201; Dutt; DWH 2, p. 349-354; HB; HK; IRM 3, p. 167-168; Kav; KB 2, p. 1478-1480; MW; Na 1, nr. 306; Nadk. 1, nr. 929; PW; Sanyal; V 7, p. 55; Vśs) = E. GLANDULIFERA WIGHT (Avk; Dutt; HK; Kav; Nadk. 1, nr. 929);
- (2) E. TSJERIAM-COTTAM A. DC. (Bpn, p. 52; Nadk. 1, nr. 931) [= E. ROBUSTA C. B. CLARKE (Fl. Br. Ind.), NON ROXB.] (Sanyal);
 - (3) E. ROBUSTA ROXB. (Avk); see Hooker 3, p. 515.

vidalāmalaka

This term occurs Kaut. 2, 15, 18 (text p. 74; transl. Kangle p. 142; transl. J. J. Meyer p. 141; transl. Sham. p. 101); (see App. 3: amla). Sham. is of the opinion that it is a synonym of āmalaka; J. J. Meyer (p. 141, footnote 7) is unsure about the meaning of the word; he seems to prefer to take the word as a compound and remarks that vidala (acc. to the dictionaries) designates Bauhinia variegata, but acc. to Gan. the pomegranate (dāḍima). In my opinion the word vidalāmalaka is a compound and the first member is vidala or vidalā.

- vidala: (1) Bauhinia variegata Linn. (MW; Vśs: $= raktak\tilde{a}\tilde{n}cana$);
 - (2) B. Purpurea Linn. (Vśs : $= raktak\bar{a}\tilde{n}cana$);
 - (3) the seeds of Punica Granatum Linn. (Vss).
- vidalā: (1) Іромова типретним R. Br. (MW; Vśs);
 - (2) = sātalā (Vśs; variously identified, but acc. to Vśs. Euphorbia neriifolia Linn.);
 - (3) the bark of Punica Granatum Linn. (MW).

The best solution is to read vidala and to take it in the sense of $d\bar{a}dima$ (Punica granatum Linn.) because the pomegranate is usually