Kauśika is an epithet of Indra as 'connected with the Kuśikas,' and also of Viśvāmitra as 'son of Kuśika.' A teacher named Kauśika is mentioned as a pupil of Kaundinya in the first two Vamśas (lists of teachers) of the Brhadāranyaka Upaniṣad.²

¹ In a late Khila, Scheftelowitz, Die

Apokryphen des Rgveda, 104.

² ii. 6, 1; iv. 6, 1 (Kānva recension).

Kauśikāyani ('descendant of Kauśika') is mentioned as a teacher and a pupil of Ghṛtakauśika in the first two Vaṃśas (lists of teachers) of the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad.¹

¹ ii. 5, 21; iv. 5, 27 (Mādhyamdina = ii. 6, 3; iv. 6, 3, Kānva).

Kausikī-putra ('son of a female descendant of Kusika') is mentioned in a Vamsa (list of teachers) in the Kānva recension of the Brhadāranyaka Upaniṣad (vi. 5, 1) as a pupil of Ālambīputra and Vaiyāghrapadīputra.

Kauśreya ('descendant of Kuśri') is the patronymic of Somadaksa in the Kāthaka Samhitā (xx. 8; xxi. 9).

Kauṣārava ('descendant of Kuṣāru') is the patronymic of Maitreya in the Aitareya Brāhmana (viii. 28).

Kauṣītaki ('descendant of Kuṣītaka') is the patronymic of a teacher, or series of teachers, to whom the doctrines set forth in the Kauṣītaki Brāhmaṇa¹ and in the Śāṅkhāyana Āraṇyaka,² and the Śrauta and Gṛhya Sūtras,³ are referred. He is rarely mentioned elsewhere.⁴ The doctrine of Kauṣītaki is called the Kauṣītaka.⁵ The pupils of Kauṣītaki are known as the Kauṣītakis in the Nidāna Sūtra,⁶ and in the Pañcaviṃśa Brāhmaṇa 7

¹ ii. 9; vil. 4 10; vili. 8; xi. 5. 7; xiv. 3. 4; xv. 2; xvi. 9; xviii. 5; xxii. 1. 2; xxiii. 1. 4; xxiv. 8. 9; xxv. 8. 10. 14. 15, etc.

² ii. 17; xv. 1; Kauşītaki Upanişad, ii. 1. 7.

Sānkhāyana Śrauta Sūtra, iv. 15, 11; vii. 21, 6; ix. 20, 33; xi. 11, 3. 6, etc.

Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, ii. 4, 3, 1; Chāndogya Upanisad, i. 5, 2.

⁵ Kausitaki Brāhmaņa, iii. 1; xix. 3: Sānkhāyana Śrauta Sūtra, iv. 2, 13; xi. 14, 26; Anupada Sūtra, ii. 7; vii. 11 viii. 5, etc.

⁶ vi. 12.

⁷ xvii. 4, 3.