(jala-kukkuṭa). Possiby, if Sāyaṇa's 4 version of the parallel word Manthāvala is to be trusted, the 'flying fox' may be meant.⁵

4 On Taittiriya Samhitä, loc. cit. Cf. Böhtlingk, Dictionary, s.v., and Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 86.

Māndārya Mānya, 'descendant of Māna,' is the name of a Rṣi in the Rigveda.¹ It seems most probable that Agastya himself is meant.²

¹ i. 165, 15 = i. 166, 15 = i. 167, 11 = i. 168, 10.

² Cf. Geldner, Rigveda, Glossar, 135; Bergaigne, Religion Védique, 2, 394; Oldenberg, Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 42, 221; Sieg, Die Sagenstoffe des Rgveda, 107; Max Müller, Sacred Books of the East, 32, 183 et seq., 206.

Mānya, 'descendant of Māna,' is the patronymic of Māndārya in several passages of the Rigveda,¹ being also found alone in others.² It probably denotes Agastya.

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<sup>1</sup> See Mändärya, n. 1.
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Cf. Sieg, Die Sagenstoffe des Regvede

² i. 165, 14; 177, 5; 184, 4.

Mānyamāna occurs with the word Devaka in the Rigveda.¹ The word seems to be a patronymic from Manyamāna, meaning 'son of the proud one.'² Roth³ renders the two words 'the godling, the proudling (hast thou smitten).'

1 viii, 18, 20.

² Sāyana takes Manyamāna as a proper name.

³ St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v. Cf. Hopkins, Journal of the American Oriental Society, 15, 264.

Māmateya, 'descendant of Mamatā,' is the metronymic of Dīrghatamas in the Rigveda¹ and the Aitareya Brāhmana.²

1 i. 147, 3; 152, 6; 158, 6.
2 viii. 23, 1; Śāṅkhāyana Āraṇ- devatā, iii. 17. For Mamatā, cf. Bṛhaddevatā, iii. 56; iv. 11.

Māyava, 'descendant of Mayu or Māyu,' is the patronymic of a patron in the Rigveda, perhaps of Rāma, as Ludwig² thinks.

¹ x. 93, 15.

² Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 164.