Satya-kāma ('lover of truth') Jābāla ('descendant of Jabālā) is the name of a teacher, the son of a slave girl by an unknown father. He was initiated as a Brahmacārin, or religious student, by Gautama Hārīdrumata according to the Chāndogya Upaniṣad.¹ He is often cited as an authority in that Upaniṣad² and in the Bṛhadāraṇyaka Upaniṣad,³ where he learns a certain doctrine from Jānaki Āyasthūṇa.¹ He is also mentioned in the Aitareya⁵ and the Satapatha Brāhmaṇas.⁵

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1 iv. 4, 1 et seq.

1 v. 5, 1; 6, 2; 7, 2; 8, 2; 9, 10;
10, 1; v. 2, 3.

3 iv. 1, 14 (Mādhyamdina = iv. 1, 6 Kānva).
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- 4 vi. 3, 19 (=vi. 3, 12).
- ⁵ viii. 7, 8.
- 6 xiii. 5, 3, 1.

Satya-yajña ('true sacrificer') Pauluși ('descendant of Pulușa') Prācīnayogya ('descendant of Prācīnayoga') is the name of a teacher in the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa,¹ the Chāndogya Upaniṣad,² and the Jaiminīya Upaniṣad Brāhmaṇa.³ In the latter text he is said to have been the pupil of Puluṣa Prācīnayogya.

¹ x. 6, 1, 1. ³ iii. 40, 2 (in a Vamsa, 'list of teachers').

Satya-vacas ('true-speaking') Rāthītara ('descendant of Rathītara') is, in the Taittirīya Upaniṣad (i. 9, 1), the name of a teacher who insisted on the importance of truth.

Satya-śravas ('of true renown') Vāyya ('descendant of Vayya') is the name of a Rṣi in the Rigveda. Ludwig² thinks that he was the son of Sunītha Śaucadratha.

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<sup>1</sup> v. 79, 1 et seq. <sup>2</sup> Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 156.
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Satya-havis is the name of a mythical Adhvaryu, or sacrificial priest, in the Maitrāyaṇī Samhitā (i. 9, 1, 5).

Satyādhīvāka Caitrarathi ('descendant of Citraratha') is the name of a man in the Jaiminīya Upanisad Brāhmaṇa (i. 39, 1).