180 A RIVER—A TEXT—PATRONYMIC—MOUNTAIN [Mehatnū

'wool' of the sheep, especially as employed for the Soma filter. A wild (āraṇya) ram is mentioned in the Vājasaneyi Samhitā. 5

⁴ Mena, Rv. viii. 86, 11; Mest. ix. 8, 5; Cf. Hopkins, Journal of the American 86, 47; 107, 11.

⁵ xxiv. 30.

Mehatnū is the name of a stream in the Nadīstuti ('Praise of Rivers') in the Rigveda.¹ It must apparently have been a tributary of the Sindhu (Indus), entering that river before the Krumu (Kurum) and Gomatī (Gomal). It may conceivably have been a tributary of the Krumu.

1 x. 75, 6. Cf. Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 14; Muir, Sanskrit Texts, 5, 344

Maitrāyaṇīya Brāhmaṇa is the name of a text mentioned in the Śulba Sūtra of Baudhāyana.¹

1 Baudhāyana Śrauta Sūtra, xxxii. 8. | Baudhāyana, 41, who cannot trace the Cf. Caland, Über das rituelle Sūtra des | citation in the Maitrāyanī Samhitā.

Maitreya is the patronymic or metronymic of Kauṣārava in the Aitareya Brāhmana.² It is also applied to Glāva in the Chāndogya Upaniṣad.³

1 Patronymic from Mitrayu, according to Pāṇini, vi. 4, 174; vii. 3, 2; metronymic from Mitrā, according to the commentator on Chāndogya Upaniṣad, i. 12, 1.

² viii, 28, 18. ³ i. 12, 1; Gopatha Brāhmaṇa, i. 1,

31 et seq.; Bloomfield, Atharvaveda, 110.

Maitreyī is the name of one of the wives of Yājňavalkya according to the Brhadāranyaka Upanisad (ii. 4, 1 et seq.; iv. 5, 2 et seq.).

Maināka, 'descendant of Menakā,' is the name of a mountain among the Himālayas in the Taittirīya Āranyaka.¹ There is a various reading Maināga.

1 i. 31, 2. Cf. Weber, Indische Studien, 1, 78; Indian Literature, 93.