72

Brhad-diva appears in a hymn of the Rigveda 1 as its author, calling himself an Atharvan. He is mentioned in the Aitareya Brāhmana,2 and is named in the Vamsa (list of teachers) of the Śāṅkhāyana Āraṇyaka⁸ as a pupil of Sumnayu.

> 1 x. 120, 8, q. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Rig-2 iv. 14. veda, 3, 133; Macdonell, Vedic Myth-3 XV. I. ology, p. 141.

Brhad-ratha is mentioned twice in the Rigveda, in both cases beside Navavāstva. The name may thus be an epithet of Navavāstva.

¹ i. 36, 18; x. 49, 6. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 147, 148.

Brhad-vasu is the name of a teacher in the Vamsa Brāhmaṇa.1

1 Indische Studien, 4, 374.

Brhaspati, 'lord of prayer,' is the name of a god in the Vedic texts. The view of Thibaut, that the name designates the planet Jupiter, is certainly not supported by good evidence. Oldenberg² seems clearly right in rejecting it.

matik. 6. 2 Wachrichten der königlichen Gesellschaft der Wessenschaften zu Göltingen, 1909, 568, 4 514-518; Keith, ibid., 794-800. n. 3; Whitney, Journal of the American

1 Astronomie, Astrologie und Mathe- | Oriental Society, 16, xciv, correcting Tilak, Orion, 101. See also Fleet, Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, 1911,

Bṛhaspati-gupta Śāyasthi is mentioned in the Vaṃśa Brāhmaņa¹ as a pupil of Bhavatrāta Śāyasthi.

1 Indische Studien, 4, 372.

Brhaspati-sava is the name of a sacrifice by which, according to the Taittirīya Brāhmaṇa,1 the priest who desired to become a Purohita obtained that office. According to the Asvalayana Śrauta Sūtra,2 it was the sacrifice to be performed by a priest after the Vājapeya, while the king performed the Rājasūya. In

ii. 7, 1, 2. Cf. Kāthaka Samhitā, xxxvii. 7; Pancavimsa Brāhmaņa, xvii. 11, 4; xxv. 1, 1. 7.

² ix. 9, 5.