Bhartp, besides having the literal sense of 'bearer,' means 'supporter' or 'master' in the older literature¹; but it is doubtful whether the sense of 'husband' is ever found there. In one passage of the Rigveda² 'husband' is certainly the most natural sense, but, as Delbrück³ correctly remarks, even there 'father' may be meant, since 'mother' is here and there called Bhartrī.

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<sup>1</sup> Av. xi. 7, 15; xviii. 2, 30; Śatapatha Brāhmaṇa, ii. 3, 4, 7 (where 'husband' is possible); iv. 6, 7, 21, etc.
<sup>2</sup> v. 58. 7.
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Bhalānas, plural, is the name in the Rigveda¹ of one of the five tribes, Pakthas, Bhalānases, Alinas, Viṣāṇins, and Śivas, who are mentioned as ranged on the side² of the enemies of Sudās in the battle of the ten kings (Dāśarājña), not opposed to them, as Roth,³ and at one time Zimmer,⁴ thought. Zimmer⁵ suggests as their original home East Kabulistan, comparing the name of the Bolan pass. This seems a reasonably probable view.

Bhava-trāta Śāyasthi is the name of a teacher in the Vaṃśa Brāhmaṇa.¹

Bhastrā in the Satapatha Brāhmaņa (i. i, 2, 7; 6, 3, 16) denotes a leathern bottle or pouch.

Bhākuri. See Bekurā.

³ Die indogermanischen Verwandtschaftsnamen, 415, n. 1.

⁴ Av. v. 5, 2; Taittirīya Brāhmaņa, iii. 1, 1, 4.

¹ vii. 18, 7.

² Hopkins, Journal of the American Oriental Society, 15, 260, 261, who takes the form of the name to be Bhalāna (but the text of the Rv. has bhalānāsah), and who overlooks Zimmer's later view.

³ Zur Litteratur und Geschichte des Weda, 95.

⁴ Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 126.

⁵ Op. cit., 431. Cf. Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 3, 173, 207.

¹ Indische Studien, 4, 372; Max Müller, Ancient Sanskrit Literature, 443.