passage of the Rigveda <sup>16</sup> references to **Dīrghatamas**' having been subjected to the fire and water ordeals, but this view cannot be supported. According to Weber, <sup>17</sup> the 'balance' ordeal is referred to in the Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, <sup>18</sup> but see **Tulā**.

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16 i. 158, 4 et seq.

17 Indische Streifen, 1, 21; 2, 363.

18 xi. 2, 7, 33.

Cf. Jolly, Recht und Sitte, 145; Zeit-

schrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 44, 347, 348; Stenzler, ibid., 9, 669 et seq.
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Divya Śvan, the 'divine dog,' in one passage of the Atharvaveda¹ appears to denote Canis major or Sirius. But Bloomfield³ thinks that the two divine dogs referred to in the Maitrāyaṇī Saṃhitā³ and the Taittirīya Brāhmaṇa⁴ are the sun and moon, and that the sun is meant in the Atharvaveda.

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1 vi. 80, 1.
2 Journal of the American Oriental
Society, 15, 163; Hymns of the Athar-
vaveds, 500, 501.
3 i. 6, 9.
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<sup>4</sup> i. 1, 2, 4-6. Cf. Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 353; Whitney, Translation of the Atharva veda, 341.

Dis, 'direction,' is a word very frequently used in the Rigveda and later¹ to denote a quarter of the sky. As a general rule, four quarters are mentioned—east, south, west, north.² But the number of the 'directions' is sometimes increased up to ten by the addition to these four of various others. The five points include the zenith (ūrdhvā);³ the six, the zenith and the nadir (ūrdhvā and avācī);⁴ the seven, the zenith, the ground on which one stands (dhruvā), and the air (antarikṣa) between these two (vyadhvā);⁵ the eight include the intermediate quarters (S.E., S.W., N.E., N.W.);⁶ the nine add to these the zenith;⁶ the ten, zenith and nadir.⁵ The number

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1 Rv. i. 124, 3; 183, 5; iii. 30, 12;
Av. iii. 31, 4; xi. 2, 12, etc.
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rv. vii. 72, 5; x. 36, 14; 42, 11; Av. xv. 2, 1 et seq., etc.

<sup>3</sup> Taittiriya Samhitā, vii. 1, 15; Maitrāyanī Samhitā, ii. 8, 9.

<sup>4</sup> Maitrāyaņī Sambitā, iii. 12, 8; Vājasaneyi Sambitā, xxii. 24; Brhadāranyaka Upaniṣad, iv. 2, 4.

<sup>5</sup> Rv. ix. 114, 3; Av. iv. 40, 1;

Satapatha Brāhmaņa, vii. 4, 1, 20; ix. 5, 2, 8; Taittirīya Āraņyaka, i. 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Taittirīya Samhitā, vii, 1, 15; Satapatha Brāhmaņa, i. 8, 1, 40, etc.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Śānkhāyana Śrauta Sūtra, xvi.
 28, 2.

<sup>8</sup> Rv. i. 164, 14; viii. 101, 13; Satapatha Brahmana, vi. 2, 2, 34; viii. 4, 2, 13, etc.