Parasu in the Rigveda<sup>1</sup> and later<sup>2</sup> denotes the axe of the woodcutter. Of its form we know nothing. A red-hot axe was used in a form of ordeal (Divya) applied in accusations of theft.<sup>3</sup> See also Parsu.

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<sup>1</sup> i. 127, 3; vii. 104, 21; x. 28, 8; 53, 9, etc.
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<sup>2</sup> Av. iii. 19, 4; vii. 28, 1; xi. 9, 1; Kāthaka Samhitā, xii. 10; Satapatha Brāhmaṇa, iii. 6, 4, 10; Aitareya Brāhmaṇa, ii. 35; Kauṣītaki Brāhmaṇa, x. 1; Kauṣītaki Upaniṣad, ii. 11, etc. <sup>3</sup> Chāndogya Upaniṣad, vi. 16, 1.

## Parasvan. See Parasvant.

Parasvant denotes a large wild animal which Roth¹ conjectures to be the wild ass. It is mentioned in the Vṛṣākapi hymn² of the Rigveda, twice in the Atharvaveda,³ and in the list of victims at the Aśvamedha ('horse sacrifice') in the Yajurveda Saṃhitās,⁴ in all of which passages the sense of 'wild ass' is satisfactory. More doubtful is the meaning of the word paraśvā(n) in the Kauṣītaki Upaniṣad,⁵ where the commentary explains it as 'serpent.' It is, of course, quite possible that the word has nothing to do with parasvant. Bühler 'suggests connexion with the Pāli palāsāda, 'rhinoceros.'

Parā-vṛj is a term found in four passages of the Rigveda,¹ in all of which it refers to a person in a forlorn condition, while one² of them also speaks of him as going south. Sāyaṇa's³ view that the word is a proper name is most unlikely, while Grassmann's⁴ explanation of it as 'cripple' is still less probable.

<sup>1</sup> St. Petersburg Dictionary, s.v.

<sup>2</sup> x. 86, 18,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> vi. 72, 2; xx. 131, 22.

<sup>4</sup> Maitrāyanī Samhitā, iii. 14, 10; Vājasaneyi Samhitā, xxiv. 8; Taittirīya Samhitā, v. 5, 21, 1, where the commentator takes it to be the wild buffalo.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> i. 2.

<sup>6</sup> Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft, 48, 63; Keith, Sänkhäyana Aranyaku, 17, n. 1; Aitareya Aranyaka, 377, n. 1.

Cf Ludwig, Translation of the Rigveda, 2, 633; Zimmer, Altindisches Leben, 86, 87; Whitney, Translation of the Atharvaveda, 335; Geldner, Rigveda, Glossar, 105.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> i. 112, 8; ii. 13, 12; 15, 7; x. 61, 8. 3 On i. 112, 8, etc., of. Macdonell, <sup>2</sup> x. 61, 8. Vedic Mythology, 152.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Translation of the Rigveda, 1, 23, and cf. Wörterbuch, s.v.