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2022-2026-CSE-AIML

Aim:

Write a Java program with a class name Addition with the methods add(int, int), add(int, float), add(float, float) and add(float, double, double) to add values of different argument types.

Exp. Name: Write a Java program to implement Method overloading

Write the main(String[]) method within the class and assume that it will always receive a total of 6 command line arguments at least, such that the first 2 are int, next 2 are float and the last 2 are of type double.

If the main() is provided with arguments: 1, 2, 1.5f, 2.5f, 1.0, 2.0 then the program should print the output as:

```
Sum of 1 and 2 : 3
Sum of 1.5 and 2.5 : 4.0
Sum of 2 and 2.5 : 4.5
Sum of 1.5, 1.0 and 2.0 : 4.5
```

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q11266/Addition.java

```
package q11266;
class Addition
   void add(int a,int b)
   {
      System.out.println("Sum of " +a+ " and " +b+ " : "+(a+b));
   void add(float c, float d)
      System.out.println("Sum of " +c+ " and " +d+ " : "+(c+d));
   }
   void add(int b, float d)
      System.out.println("Sum of " +b+ " and " +d+ " : "+(b+d));
   }
   void add(float c, double e, double f)
      System.out.println("Sum of " +c+ ", "+e+ " and " +f+ " : "+(c+e+f));
   public static void main(String args[])
      Addition g=new Addition();
      int a,b;
      float c,d;
      double e,f;
      a=Integer.parseInt(args[0]);
      b=Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
      c=Float.parseFloat(args[2]);
      d=Float.parseFloat(args[3]);
      e=Double.parseDouble(args[4]);
```

```
f=Double.parseDouble(args[5]);
    g.add(a,b);
    g.add(c,d);
    g.add(b,d);
    g.add(c,e,f);
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Sum of 2 and 1 : 3
Sum of 5.0 and 3.6 : 8.6
Sum of 1 and 3.6 : 4.6
Sum of 5.0, 9.2 and 5.26 : 19.46