

Exploration and Grouping of best places in Chennai city

March 12, 2021

0.0.1 For this final data science project conducted by IBM. I have planned to analyse the geography my hometown city 'chennai', one of the materopolitan city present in India. This project uses as many informations that can be retrived from a FourSquare API based on their 'venue explore options' and identifies best geographical location which could be regarded as a starting point of visit for any tourist coming to chennai.

Import all necessary python modules to process web-data and to represent them graphically

```
[528]: import numpy as np # library to handle data in a vectorized manner
! pip install geopy
! pip install folium
! pip install termcolor

from termcolor import colored
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
%config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
plt.style.use('ggplot')

import pandas as pd
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)

import json
import math
from math import sin, cos, sqrt, atan2, radians # to convert geo coordinates to ↵
↵distance in km
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim # convert an address into latitude and ↵
↵longitude values

import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
# Matplotlib and associated plotting modules
import matplotlib.cm as cm
import matplotlib.colors as colors
```

```
# import k-means from clustering stage
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

#!conda install -c conda-forge folium=0.5.0 --yes # uncomment this line if you
↳ haven't completed the Foursquare API lab
import folium # map rendering library

print('Libraries imported.')
```

Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: geopy in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (2.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: geographiclib<2,>=1.49 in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from geopy) (1.50)
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: folium in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (0.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Jinja2 in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from folium) (2.11.3)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from
folium) (2.22.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-
packages (from folium) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: branca in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from folium) (0.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=0.23 in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (from Jinja2->folium) (1.1.1)
Defaulting to user installation because normal site-packages is not writeable
Requirement already satisfied: termcolor in
/home/santhosh/.local/lib/python3.8/site-packages (1.1.0)
Libraries imported.

The url(https://chennaiiq.com/chennai/latitude_longitude_areas.asp) contains the latitudes and longitudinal coordinates of different major areas/regions present in Chennai city. Hence I have fetched this url link and processed the desired table using the python module BeautifulSoup

```
[529]: url = 'https://chennaiiq.com/chennai/latitude_longitude_areas.asp'
r = requests.get(url)
html_data = r.text
soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, "html.parser")
soup.head.title # get the title of a web-page just to make sure it is working
↳ correctly
```

```
[529]: <title>Chennai Latitude Longitude, Chennai Latitude, Chennai Longitude</title>
```

```
[530]: tables = soup.find("table", attrs={"class": "TBox"})
```

It should be noted that the latitudes and longitudes obtained from the url are not represented in

the decimal form. Hence it is better to convert them into decimal before going for the next step. The python function 'convert' takes the coordinates of latitude and longitudes in Deg/Min/Sec unit and convert them in to decimal degrees. The final processed entries are stored as a dataframe 'chennai_data'.

```
[531]: def convert(coords):
        multiplier = 1 if coords[-1] in ['N', 'E'] else -1
        coords = coords[:-1].strip()
        coords = coords.replace(u'°', u' ').replace("'", " ").replace('"', ' ').
        ↪replace(u'\xa0', u' ').strip()
        FormattedCoordinates = multiplier * sum(float(x) / 60 ** n for n, x in
        ↪enumerate(coords.split(' ')))
        return (FormattedCoordinates)
```

```
[532]: table_data = []
index = ['S.No.', 'Location', 'Latitude', 'Longitude']
chennai_data = pd.DataFrame(columns=['S.No.', 'Location', 'Latitude',
        ↪'Longitude'])
for tr in table.find_all("tr", attrs={"class": "tab"}):
    col = tr.find_all("td")
    try:
        s_no = col[0].text.strip()
        location = col[1].text.strip()
        Latitude = convert(col[2].text)
        longitude = convert(col[3].text)
        chennai_data = chennai_data.append({"S.No.":s_no, "Location":location,
        ↪"Latitude":Latitude, "Longitude":longitude}, ignore_index=True)
    except:
        pass
        break
```

```
[533]: chennai_data.head()
```

```
[533]:
```

	S.No.	Location	Latitude	Longitude
0	1	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944
1	2	Adyar Signal	13.006389	80.257500
2	3	Alandur	13.007778	80.209722
3	4	Ambattur	13.110000	80.170000
4	5	Anna Arch	13.074444	80.218333

1) Lets create and visualize the location map of all area in chennai city using Folium. Two different maps of chennai are displayed, first on the left is generated using the default folium tiles (OpenStreetMap). The second one on the right is made using "Stamen Watercolor" tiles to emphasises the city is located near costal region.

```
[550]: latitude = 12.997222 # location of Adyar Bus Debot
longitude = 80.256944
# i chose this coord, because it is the center of all locations
```

```

# create map of Chennai city using latitude and longitude values
map_chennai_basic = folium.Map(location=[latitude,
    ↪longitude],tiles='OpenStreetMap',zoom_start=11)
# add markers to ma
for lat, lng, label in zip(chennai_data['Latitude'], chennai_data['Longitude'],
    ↪chennai_data['Location']):
    label = folium.Popup(label, parse_html=True)
    folium.CircleMarker(
        [lat, lng],
        radius=5,
        popup=label,
        color='cyan',
        fill=True,
        fill_color='#ab1d64',
        fill_opacity=0.8,
        parse_html=False).add_to(map_chennai_basic)

map_chennai_watercolor = folium.Map(location=[latitude,
    ↪longitude],tiles="Stamen Watercolor",zoom_start=11)
# add markers to ma
for lat, lng, label in zip(chennai_data['Latitude'], chennai_data['Longitude'],
    ↪chennai_data['Location']):
    label = folium.Popup(label, parse_html=True)
    folium.CircleMarker(
        [lat, lng],
        radius=5,
        popup=label,
        color='cyan',
        fill=True,
        fill_color='#ab1d64',
        fill_opacity=0.8,
        parse_html=False).add_to(map_chennai_watercolor)

map_chennai_basic,map_chennai_watercolor
from IPython.display import display, HTML

htmlmap = HTML('<iframe srcdoc="{}" style="float:left; width: {}px; height:
    ↪{}px; display:inline-block; width: 50%; margin: 0 auto; border: 2px solid
    ↪black"></iframe>'
    ' <iframe srcdoc="{}" style="float:right; width: {}px; height: {}px;
    ↪display:inline-block; width: 50%; margin: 0 auto; border: 2px solid black"></
    ↪iframe>'
    .format(map_chennai_basic.get_root().render().replace("'", '"
    ↪'),500,500,
        map_chennai_watercolor.get_root().render().replace("'",
    ↪'&quot;'),500,500))

```

```
display(htmlmap)
```

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

2) Now we are going to use Foursquare API to get the information of various places that are present around each areas. Before starting the Foursquare API, we will set up all necessary credentials such as CLIENT_ID, CLIENT_SECRET, ACCESS_TOKEN, VERSION to seamlessly integrate with the API.

```
[535]: CLIENT_ID = 'M34ZNX3WLFJGWKDH5YL504BCN1W1GKQQXH2YUKAJX4FQ1BY3' # your
        ↪Foursquare ID
CLIENT_SECRET = 'NNVA0TDYMEFXTYYAMRGRZWD5T2RG4JZPYZ442XZDEF2GLWJ' # your
        ↪Foursquare Secret
ACCESS_TOKEN = 'ZS31YLOV3FWOHMJPAYQT3DCQIN2VNBRYRJH4RF4J40ASANZL' # your
        ↪FourSquare Access Token
VERSION = '20180604'
print('Your credentials:')
print('CLIENT_ID: ' + CLIENT_ID)
print('CLIENT_SECRET: ' + CLIENT_SECRET)
```

Your credentials:

CLIENT_ID: M34ZNX3WLFJGWKDH5YL504BCN1W1GKQQXH2YUKAJX4FQ1BY3

CLIENT_SECRET:NNVA0TDYMEFXTYYAMRGRZWD5T2RG4JZPYZ442XZDEF2GLWJ

3) Here, we are going to use FrontSquare as a medium to explore all places that are present with in 10 kilometer radius from the latitudes and longitudes.The json formatted output of Frontsquare results are processed carefully to choose only those columns that are going to be very helpful for the analysis.

For example, by default, FourSquare groups venues based on their purposes which we are going to fetch it from results variable and store them in 'category_name'.

The output of all processed entries are stored as a dataframe 'venues_list'.

```
[536]: LIMIT = 20
radius = 10000 # fetch all places thar are withn 10 kilometer radius
def ExploreNearbyPlaces(names, latitudes, longitudes, radius=10000):
    venues_list = []
    #names, latitudes, longitudes = ['Adyar Bus Debot'], [latitude], [longitude]
    #names, latitudes, longitudes = names[:3], latitudes[:3], longitudes[:3]
    for name, lat, lng in zip(names, latitudes, longitudes):
        url = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/explore?
        ↪client_id={}&client_secret={}&ll={},{&oauth_token={}&v={}&radius={}&limit={}'
        ↪format(CLIENT_ID, CLIENT_SECRET, lat, lng,ACCESS_TOKEN, VERSION, radius,
        ↪LIMIT)
        results = requests.get(url).json()
        for i in range(len(results['response']['groups'][0]['items'])):
            try:
```

```

        category_name =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['categories'][0]['name']
        #venue_address =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['location']['address']
        venue_name =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['name']
        venue_lat =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['location']['lat']
        venue_lng =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['location']['lng']
        venue_distance =
→results['response']['groups'][0]['items'][i]['venue']['location']['distance']
        venues_list.append([name, lat, lng,category_name, venue_name,
→venue_lat, venue_lng, venue_distance])
    except:
        pass
    venues_list = pd.DataFrame(venues_list)
    venues_list.columns = ['AreaName', 'AreaLatitude', 'AreaLongitude',
        'CategoryName', 'VenueName', 'VenueLatitude',
→'VenueLongitude',
        'VenueDistance']
    return venues_list

venues_list = ExploreNearbyPlaces(names=chennai_data['Location'],
                                latitudes=chennai_data['Latitude'],
                                longitudes=chennai_data['Longitude']
                                )
venues_list = venues_list.drop_duplicates(subset='VenueName', keep='first')

```

The following cell does some basic operations on venues_list such as seeing how datas are stored, what is the types of each coulumn, name of columns and so on.

```

[537]: print (venues_list.head())
print('\n')
print (venues_list['CategoryName'].unique())
print('\n')
venues_list[venues_list['CategoryName'] == 'Multiplex']

```

	AreaName	AreaLatitude	AreaLongitude	CategoryName \
0	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944	Juice Bar
1	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944	Beach
2	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944	North Indian Restaurant
3	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944	Middle Eastern Restaurant
4	Adyar Bus Debot.	12.997222	80.256944	Beach

	VenueName	VenueLatitude	VenueLongitude \
0	Fruit Shop On Greams Road	13.001280	80.267439

1	Basant Nagar Beach (Edward Elliot's Beach)	13.000506	80.270840
2	Bombay Brassiere	13.006961	80.256419
3	Zaitoon Restaurant	12.996861	80.256178
4	4th Seaward Road Beach	12.979286	80.264673

	VenueDistance
0	1224
1	1550
2	1085
3	92
4	2165

['Juice Bar' 'Beach' 'North Indian Restaurant' 'Middle Eastern Restaurant' 'Hotel' 'Ice Cream Shop' 'Asian Restaurant' 'Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant' 'Bistro' 'Italian Restaurant' 'Café' 'Women's Store' 'Clothing Store' 'Spa' 'Fast Food Restaurant' 'Bakery' 'Indian Restaurant' 'Restaurant' 'Multiplex' 'Shopping Mall' 'Coffee Shop' 'Rajasthani Restaurant' 'Lounge' 'Molecular Gastronomy Restaurant' 'Park' 'Sandwich Place' 'Snack Place' 'Gym' 'South Indian Restaurant' 'Theater' 'BBQ Joint' 'Pub' 'Chocolate Shop' 'Men's Store' 'Modern European Restaurant' 'Chinese Restaurant' 'Indian Sweet Shop' 'Dessert Shop' 'Cricket Ground' 'Movie Theater' 'Bar' 'Gaming Cafe' 'Donut Shop' 'Pizza Place' 'Food Court' 'Jewelry Store' 'Kebab Restaurant' 'Hyderabadi Restaurant' 'Multicuisine Indian Restaurant' 'African Restaurant' 'Concert Hall' 'Furniture / Home Store' 'Pool' 'Breakfast Spot' 'Seafood Restaurant' 'Lighthouse' 'Department Store' 'Food' 'Burger Joint' 'Accessories Store' 'Sporting Goods Shop' 'Theme Park' 'Andhra Restaurant' 'Museum' 'Video Store' 'Nightclub' 'Farmers Market']

[537] :

	AreaName	AreaLatitude	AreaLongitude	CategoryName \
46	Alandur	13.007778	80.209722	Multiplex
76	Ambattur	13.110000	80.170000	Multiplex
141	Anna Statue	13.068056	80.271944	Multiplex
147	Anna Statue	13.068056	80.271944	Multiplex
279	Chennai Airport	12.992222	80.169444	Multiplex
1457	Poonamallee	13.042500	80.100833	Multiplex
1847	Tiruvottiyur	13.160000	80.289722	Multiplex

	VenueName	VenueLatitude	VenueLongitude \
46	Luxe Cinemas	12.991041	80.216962
76	Palazzo	13.050383	80.209541
141	Escape Cinemas	13.058746	80.264170
147	Serene Sathyam	13.055665	80.258041

279	IMAX®	12.990639	80.216310
1457	PVR Cinemas Grand Galada Center Mall	12.978902	80.161557
1847	S2 Cinemas	13.112313	80.236524

	VenueDistance
46	2021
76	7900
141	1335
147	2043
279	5086
1457	9669
1847	7838

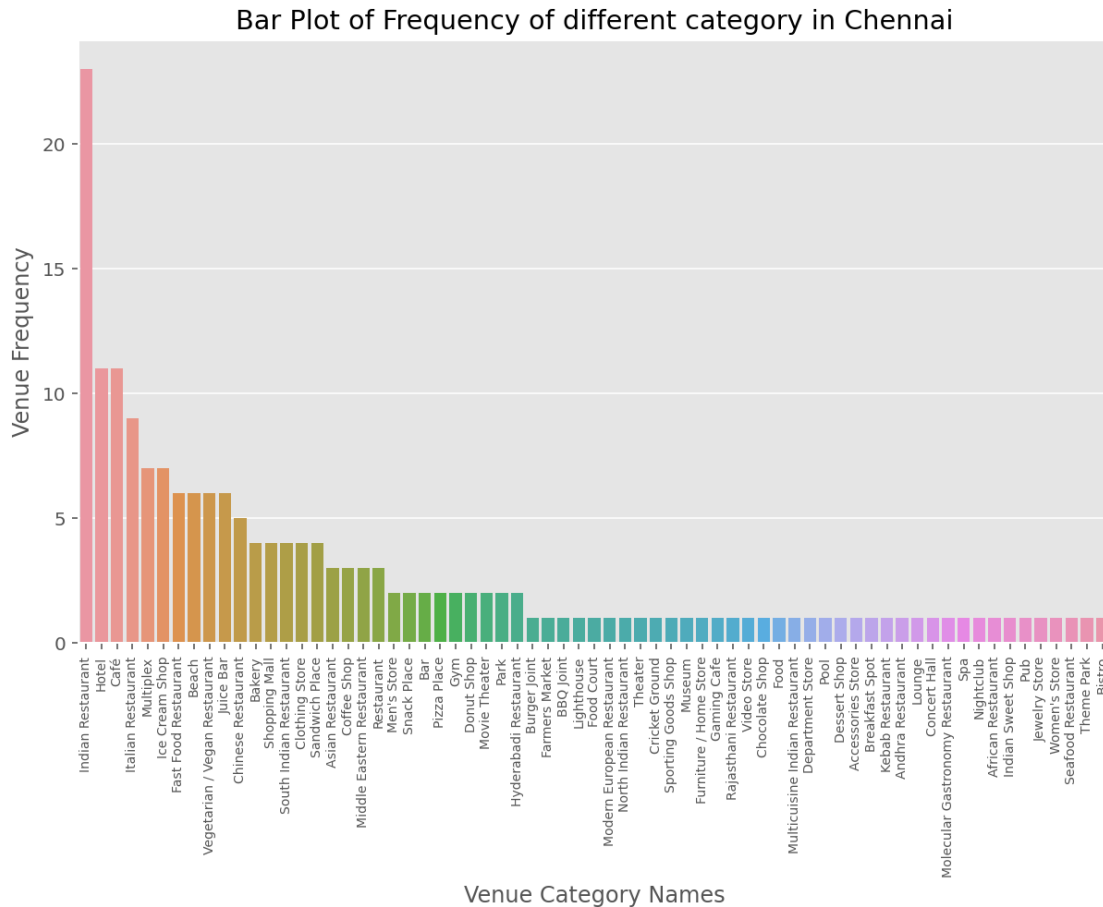
Analysis 1) In this analysis, we are going to analyse the frequency of occurrence of each venue categories ('CategoryName') for a whole chennai city and also report their frequencies in individual areas.

From the below figure, it is evident that venue category 'Indian Restaurant', 'Hotel', 'cafe' has more number of venues than other category in chennai.

```
[538]: venues_category_total = venues_list['CategoryName'].value_counts()
        #print(venues_category_total.values)

        fig_dims = (10, 6)
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=fig_dims)
        plt.bar(venues_category_total.index, venues_category_total.values)
        plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=7)
        plt.xlabel("Venue Category Names")
        plt.ylabel("Venue Frequency")
        plt.title("Bar Plot of Frequency of different category in Chennai")
        sns.color_palette("cubehelix", as_cmap=True)
        sns.barplot(x=venues_category_total.index, y=venues_category_total.values)
```

```
[538]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Bar Plot of Frequency of different category in
        Chennai'}, xlabel='Venue Category Names', ylabel='Venue Frequency'>
```

```
[539]: a = venues_list.groupby('AreaName').value_counts().to_frame('CategoryName')
print('Fequency of a Category Name:')
print(venues_list['CategoryName'].value_counts().head()) # value_count of each_
↳category. Normalize to create weights
Category_counts_total = venues_list['CategoryName'].value_counts()
#print(Category_counts_total.loc['Hotel'])
Category_names = Category_counts_total.index.values
```

```
Fequency of a Category Name:
Indian Restaurant      23
Hotel                  11
Café                   11
Italian Restaurant     9
Multiplex              7
Name: CategoryName, dtype: int64
```

OBSERVATION: If you observe from the data. Some categories are more common than other, this could be either due to their popularity or it is easy to establish that venue than other. For example restuarant is more frequently seen than museum or theater. To address this, i am going to try

normalizing their values by dividing the value_count of each category in a area with total category count.

```
[540]: venues_CategoryName = venues_list.groupby(['AreaName', 'CategoryName']).size().
        ↳unstack(fill_value=0) # groupby based on area
AreaNames = venues_CategoryName.index.values
array_total = []
for area in AreaNames:
    array = []
    for category in Category_names:
        array.append(venues_CategoryName.loc[area, category] /
        ↳Category_counts_total.loc[category])
    array_total.append(array)
CategoriesNormalized = pd.DataFrame(array_total)
CategoriesNormalized.set_index(AreaNames, inplace=True)
CategoriesNormalized.columns = Category_names
CategoriesNormalized.head() # this normalized data table can help us to get
        ↳many new interesting informations.
```

```
[540]:
```

	Indian Restaurant	Hotel	Café	Italian Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	0.043478	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.000000	0.181818	0.181818	0.222222	
Adyar Signal	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.111111	
Alandur	0.086957	0.363636	0.000000	0.000000	
Ambattur	0.173913	0.000000	0.181818	0.111111	

	Multiplex	Ice Cream Shop	Fast Food Restaurant	Beach	\
AVM Studio	0.000000	0.000000	0.166667	0.000000	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.000000	0.142857	0.000000	0.666667	
Adyar Signal	0.000000	0.000000	0.166667	0.000000	
Alandur	0.142857	0.142857	0.000000	0.000000	
Ambattur	0.142857	0.285714	0.166667	0.000000	

	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Juice Bar	\
AVM Studio	0.166667	0.000000	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.166667	0.333333	
Adyar Signal	0.000000	0.000000	
Alandur	0.166667	0.000000	
Ambattur	0.166667	0.000000	

	Chinese Restaurant	Bakery	Shopping Mall	\
AVM Studio	0.2	0.00	0.25	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.00	0.00	
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.25	0.00	
Alandur	0.0	0.00	0.25	

Ambattur	0.0	0.00	0.25
----------	-----	------	------

	South Indian Restaurant	Clothing Store	Sandwich Place	\
AVM Studio	0.00	0.25	0.00	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.00	0.25	0.00	
Adyar Signal	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Alandur	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Ambattur	0.25	0.00	0.25	

	Asian Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Middle Eastern Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.333333	0.000000	0.333333	
Adyar Signal	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
Alandur	0.666667	0.333333	0.000000	
Ambattur	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	

	Restaurant	Men's Store	Snack Place	Bar	Pizza Place	Gym	\
AVM Studio	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Signal	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Alandur	0.666667	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ambattur	0.000000	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	

	Donut Shop	Movie Theater	Park	Hyderabadi Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	

	Burger Joint	Farmers Market	BBQ Joint	Lighthouse	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	Food Court	Modern European Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	
Alandur	0.0	0.0	
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	

	North Indian Restaurant	Theater	Cricket Ground	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	1.0	0.0	0.0	

Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Sporting Goods Shop	Museum	Furniture / Home Store	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0		0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0		0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0		0.0

	Gaming Cafe	Rajasthani Restaurant	Video Store	\
AVM Studio	0.0		0.0	0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0		0.0	0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0		0.0	0.0
Alandur	0.0		1.0	0.0
Ambattur	0.0		0.0	0.0

	Chocolate Shop	Food	Multicuisine Indian Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0		0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0		0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0		0.0

	Department Store	Pool	Dessert Shop	Accessories Store	\
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0

	Breakfast Spot	Kebab Restaurant	Andhra Restaurant	Lounge	\
AVM Studio	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Alandur	0.0		0.0	0.0	1.0
Ambattur	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0

	Concert Hall	Molecular Gastronomy Restaurant	Spa	\
AVM Studio	0.0		0.0	0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0		0.0	0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0		0.0	1.0
Alandur	0.0		1.0	0.0
Ambattur	0.0		0.0	0.0

Nightclub	African Restaurant	Indian Sweet Shop	Pub	\
-----------	--------------------	-------------------	-----	---

AVM Studio	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

	Jewelry Store	Women's Store	Seafood Restaurant	\
AVM Studio	1.0	0.0	0.0	
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	1.0	0.0	
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Alandur	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Ambattur	0.0	0.0	0.0	

	Theme Park	Bistro
AVM Studio	0.0	0.0
Adyar Bus Debot.	0.0	1.0
Adyar Signal	0.0	0.0
Alandur	0.0	0.0
Ambattur	0.0	0.0

Now, that we have dataframe containing normalized entries across columns and rows. we could now ask following questions like 1) Which area contain maximum cafe 2) List top 5 areas that have maximum best venues etc

```
[541]: print('\n')
print(colored('The Area: {} contain many cafe venues than other areas in Chennai City.'.format(CategoriesNormalized.sort_values('Café',).index[0]), 'red'))
print('\n')
print(colored('Top 5 areas that contain maximum venues in chennai:', 'green'))
print(CategoriesNormalized.sum(axis=1).sort_values(ascending=False).head(5))
print('\n\n')
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=8)
plt.title('Top 5 area with maximum venues in chennai')
plt.xlabel('Area Names')
plt.ylabel('Normalized Values')
sns.color_palette("hls", 8)
sns.barplot(x=CategoriesNormalized.sum(axis=1).sort_values(ascending=False).head(5).index, y=CategoriesNormalized.sum(axis=1).sort_values(ascending=False).head(5).values)
```

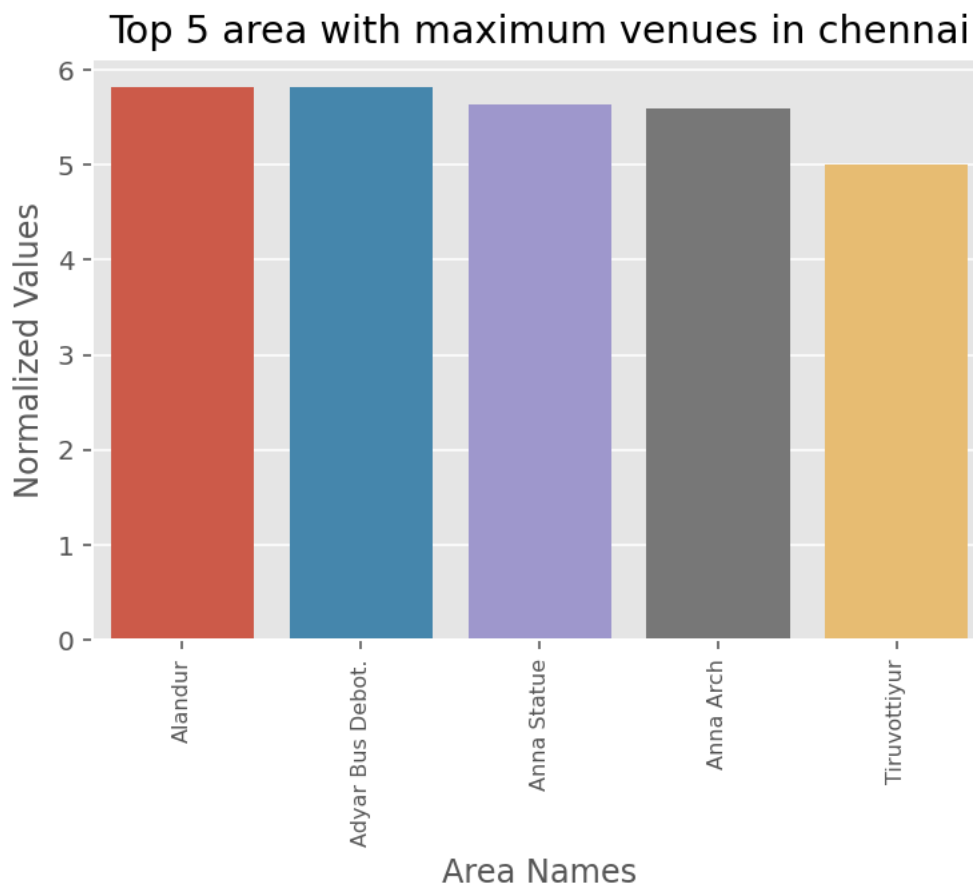
The Area: AVM Studio contain many cafe venues than other areas in Chennai City.

Top 5 areas that contain maximum venues in chennai:

Alandur	5.819641
Adyar Bus Debot.	5.812049
Anna Statue	5.634215
Anna Arch	5.586957
Tiruvottiyur	4.999467

dtype: float64

```
[541]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'Top 5 area with maximum venues in chennai'},  
       xlabel='Area Names', ylabel='Normalized Values'>
```



Lets map the top 10 area of maximum venue in folium

```
[542]: top_10_areas = CategoriesNormalized.sum(axis=1).sort_values(ascending=False).  
       ↪head(10).index  
       print(top_10_areas)
```

```

latitude = 12.997222 # location of Adyar Bus Debot
longitude = 80.256944
# i chose this coord, because it is the center of all locations
# create map of Chennai city using latitude and longitude values
map_chennai_basic = folium.Map(location=[latitude,
↳longitude],tiles='OpenStreetMap',zoom_start=12)
# add markers to ma
for lat, lng, label in zip(chennai_data['Latitude'], chennai_data['Longitude'],
↳chennai_data['Location']):
    if label in top_10_areas:
        label = folium.Popup(label, parse_html=True)
        folium.CircleMarker(
            [lat, lng],
            radius=7,
            popup=label,
            color='#04d604',
            fill=True,
            fill_color='#fc1500',
            fill_opacity=0.8,
            parse_html=False).add_to(map_chennai_basic)
    else:
        label = folium.Popup(label, parse_html=True)
        folium.CircleMarker(
            [lat, lng],
            radius=5,
            popup=label,
            color='cyan',
            fill=True,
            fill_color='#ab1d64',
            fill_opacity=0.5,
            parse_html=False).add_to(map_chennai_basic)

map_chennai_basic

```

```

Index(['Alandur', 'Adyar Bus Debot.', 'Anna Statue', 'Anna Arch',
      'Tiruvottiyur', 'Poonamallee', 'Chola', 'Ambattur', 'Avadi', 'MRTS'],
      dtype='object')

```

[542]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x7f37d8b3c370>

TASK: Finding the closest area to the corrdinates specified by the user. This could be either coordinates taken from a GPS system or user can specify it.

```

[543]: user_lat, user_lng = 13.067439, 80.237617 # latitudes and longitudes given by
↳the user in decimal degrees
NearestChennaiArea = []
R = 6373.0

```

```

for loc,lat,lng in_
    ↪zip(chennai_data['Location'],chennai_data['Latitude'],chennai_data['Longitude']):
    ↪
        lat1 = radians(user_lat)
        lon1 = radians(user_lng)
        lat2 = radians(lat)
        lon2 = radians(lng)
        dlon = lon2 - lon1
        dlat = lat2 - lat1
        a = (sin(dlat/2))**2 + cos(lat1) * cos(lat2) * (sin(dlon/2))**2
        c = 2 * atan2(sqrt(a), sqrt(1-a))
        distance = R * c
        NearestChennaiArea.append([loc,distance])
NearestChennaiArea = sorted(NearestChennaiArea, key = lambda x:float(x[1]))
print(colored(NearestChennaiArea[0][0],'red'),'is the nearest area in chennai_
    ↪located {} km from your specified latitude and longitude'.
    ↪format(NearestChennaiArea[0][1]))

```

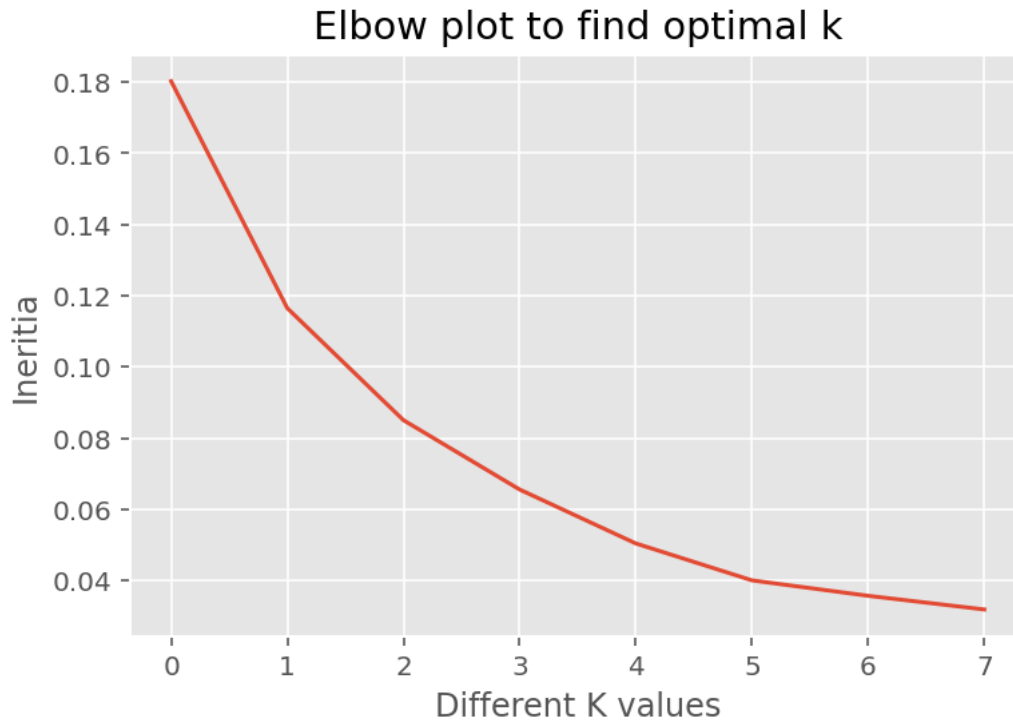
Loyolo College is the nearest area in chennai located
0.5288299700189477 km from your specified latitude and longitude

Clustering Analysis: Here, we are going to cluster all area names by using their latitudes and longitudes using K-Means clustering algorithm. The value of 'k' in k-means was increased to one count using range function. Optimal 'k' was obtained using elbow plot.

```

[544]: coord = np.asarray(chennai_data[['Latitude','Longitude']].values,_)
    ↪dtype='float') # latitude and longitude in np array form
k_means_inertia = []
for i in range(2,10):
    #print(i)
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i).fit(coord)
    k_means_inertia.append(kmeans.inertia_)
plt.plot(range(len(k_means_inertia)), k_means_inertia)
plt.xlabel('Different K values')
plt.ylabel('Ineritia')
plt.title('Elbow plot to find optimal k')
plt.show()

```

The optimal k value is somewhere between 4 and 5. Here i am taking 5 as the number of clusters for the k-mean algorithm

```
[552]: kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=5).fit(coord)

color_codes = {0:['#800442','#f2057c'], 1:['#55056b','#ae0bdb'],2:
    ↳['#042469','#0447d6'],3:['#046e42','#08d17e'],
    4:['#425205','#add907'],5:['#854103','#f27707']}
area_color = {}
for i in range(len(chennai_data['Location'])):
    area_color[chennai_data['Location'][i]] = color_codes[kmeans.labels_[i]]

latitude = 12.997222
longitude = 80.256944
map_chennai_cluster = folium.Map(location=[latitude,
    ↳longitude],tiles='OpenStreetMap',zoom_start=12)

for lat, lng, labels in zip(chennai_data['Latitude'],
    ↳chennai_data['Longitude'], chennai_data['Location']):
    label = folium.Popup(labels, parse_html=True)
    folium.CircleMarker(
        [lat, lng],
        radius=7,
```

```

        popup=label,
        color=area_color[labels][0],
        fill=True,
        fill_color=area_color[labels][1],
        fill_opacity=0.8,
        parse_html=False).add_to(map_chennai_cluster)

map_chennai_cluster

```

[552]: <folium.folium.Map at 0x7f37d7f08520>

Summary Statistics for each cluster

```

[553]: area_group = {}
for i in range(len(chennai_data['Location'])):
    area_group[chennai_data['Location'][i]] = kmeans.labels_[i]

#print(CategoriesNormalized.columns)
for k_cluster in range(5):
    venue_dictionary_per_cluster = {}
    for area,j in area_group.items():
        if k_cluster == j:
            if area in CategoriesNormalized.index:
                for ven in CategoriesNormalized.columns:
                    if ven not in venue_dictionary_per_cluster:
                        venue_dictionary_per_cluster[ven] = 0.0
                    if ven in venue_dictionary_per_cluster:
                        val = venue_dictionary_per_cluster[ven]
                        #print(area,ven)
                        #print(CategoriesNormalized.loc[area,ven])
                        val += CategoriesNormalized.loc[area,ven]
                        venue_dictionary_per_cluster[ven] = val

    top_5_venue = sorted([[k,p] for k, p in venue_dictionary_per_cluster.
→items() ], key = lambda x:float(x[1]), reverse=True)[:5] # for each key_
→(k), pair (p)
    print('\n')
    print('Top 5 Venues of the cluster : '+str(k_cluster+1)+' is -')
    for k in top_5_venue:
        print(k[0])
    print('\n')
    #break
#CategoriesNormalized.head()
#area_group

```

Top 5 Venues of the cluster : 1 is -

Snack Place
Pizza Place
Park
BBQ Joint
Food Court

Top 5 Venues of the cluster : 2 is -
Bar
Lighthouse
Cricket Ground
Furniture / Home Store
Gaming Cafe

Top 5 Venues of the cluster : 3 is -
Farmers Market
Museum
Video Store
Food
Kebab Restaurant

Top 5 Venues of the cluster : 4 is -
Burger Joint
North Indian Restaurant
Department Store
Accessories Store
Spa

Top 5 Venues of the cluster : 5 is -
Sporting Goods Shop
Rajasthani Restaurant
Andhra Restaurant
Lounge
Molecular Gastronomy Restaurant

Final Summary: For this final data science project we performed following task. 1: Used BeautifulSoup to parse the web-content of chennai areas. 2: Converted the latitudes and longitudes from Deg/Min/Sec to decimal degress. 3: Mapping the geo corrdinates into Folium and represented them via two different tiles 'OpenStreetMap' and 'Stamen Watercolor'. 4: FourSquare API is used to get the different venues for all the areas. 5: Categorised different venues based on their category types and normalized them. 6: Reported top 10 area having maximum venues in chennai. 7: Finding the closest areas in chennai based on user supplied geo coordinates. 8: Clustering of all areas corrdinates into 5 clusters using k-mean clustering and mapping their location in folium. 9: Finally reported top 5 venues for each cluster.

[]: