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In [2]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline, FeatureUnion
         from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
         from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
         import lightgbm as lgb
         from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         from textblob import TextBlob
         from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
         # Custom transformer to extract sentiment polarity from feedback text
         class FeedbackSentimentExtractor(BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin):
             def fit(self, X, y=None):
                 return self
             def transform(self, X):
                 return np.array([TextBlob(str(text)).sentiment.polarity if pd.notna(text) 
         # Example dataset Load
         df = pd.read_csv('modify_service_df.csv')
         # Target: Whether customer needs urgent reminder
         # Ideally based on actual historical labels (response to reminder or actual service
         # For demo, simulate using criteria as in your code
         df['service_urgent'] = np.where(
             (df['next_service_due_days'] <= 120) |</pre>
             (df['feedback_score'] <= 2) |</pre>
             (df['customer_feedback'].isin(['Poor Service', 'Unresponsive', 'Delayed Pickup'
            1, 0
         # Define features: structured + raw feedback text
         numeric features = [
             'feedback_score',
             'last_service_cost',
             'days_since_last_service',
             'next service due days',
             'age of vehicle',
             'odometer reading'
         categorical_features = [
             'customer_type',
             'AMC_status'
         text_feature = 'customer_feedback' # raw text
         # Pipelines
         numeric transformer = Pipeline([
             ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
             ('scaler', StandardScaler())
         categorical_transformer = Pipeline([
             ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
             ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle unknown='ignore'))
         1)
         text transformer = Pipeline([
             ('tfidf', TfidfVectorizer(max_features=100)), # convert text into TF-IDF features
         ])
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# Combine text sentiment as extra feature
class TextFeatureAdder(BaseEstimator, TransformerMixin):
    def fit(self, X, y=None):
        return self
    def transform(self, X):
        return np.array([TextBlob(str(text)).sentiment.polarity if pd.notna(text) 
# Final preprocessing
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[
    ('num', numeric_transformer, numeric_features),
    ('cat', categorical_transformer, categorical_features),
    ('text_tfidf', TfidfVectorizer(max_features=100), text_feature)
])
# Prepare X and y
X = df[numeric_features + categorical_features + [text_feature]]
y = df['service_urgent']
# Split train-test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_sta
# Build pipeline with feature processor + classifier
model = Pipeline([
    ('preprocessor', preprocessor),
    ('classifier', RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42, n_estimators=100))
])
# Train
model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
print("Classification Report:\n", classification report(y test, y pred))
# Predict urgency for all
df['predicted_urgency'] = model.predict(X)
# Segment customers dynamically (could improve with clustering or learned threshold
def segment(row):
    if row['feedback score'] <= 2 or row['customer feedback'] in ['Poor Service',</pre>
        return 'Critical'
    elif row['predicted_urgency'] == 1 and row['next_service_due_days'] <= 60:</pre>
        return 'High Priority'
    elif row['predicted urgency'] == 1:
        return 'Medium Priority'
    else:
        return 'Low Priority'
df['customer segment'] = df.apply(segment, axis=1)
# Generate personalized messages (templates or integrate with e.g. GPT for dynamic
def gen message(row):
    base = f"Dear {row['customer_type']} Customer,\n"
    if row['customer_segment'] == 'Critical':
        base += ("We are sorry for any inconvenience caused and will personally mor
                 "Enjoy a 15% discount as our apology.\n")
    elif row['customer_segment'] == 'High Priority':
        base += "Your vehicle requires servicing soon. Book now for priority schedules
    elif row['customer_segment'] == 'Medium Priority':
        base += "Keep your vehicle in top shape by servicing it soon.\n"
        base += "Thank you for being a valued customer.\n"
    base += f"Service due in {row['next_service_due_days']} days.\n"
    return base
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df['personalized_message'] = df.apply(gen_message, axis=1)
         # Communication channel prediction (you can train a separate model on historical ch
         # For demo, simple rule-based:
         def comms protocol(row):
             if row['customer_segment'] == 'Critical':
                 return ['Phone', 'WhatsApp', 'Email']
             elif row['customer_segment'] == 'High Priority':
                 return ['WhatsApp', 'Email']
             else:
                 return ['Email', 'SMS']
         df['preferred_channels'] = df.apply(comms_protocol, axis=1)
         # Save or export result
         output_cols = ['location', 'customer_type', 'make', 'model', 'year_of_purchase',
                         'customer_feedback', 'feedback_score', 'next_service_due_days',
'customer_segment', 'personalized_message', 'preferred_channels']
         reminder_list = df[df['predicted_urgency'] == 1][output_cols]
         reminder_list.to_csv('ai_based_service_reminder.csv', index=False)
         print(f"Saved {len(reminder_list)} reminders.")
         # Sample stats
         print("\nCustomer segments distribution:")
         print(reminder_list['customer_segment'].value_counts())
         # Sample communication channel usage
         channels = reminder_list['preferred_channels'].explode()
         print("\nPreferred communication channels distribution:")
         print(channels.value counts())
         Classification Report:
                         precision
                                      recall f1-score
                                                          support
                    0
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  1.00
                                                              54
                    1
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  1.00
                                                             146
             accuracy
                                                  1.00
                                                             200
            macro avg
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                  1.00
                                                             200
                                       1.00
         weighted avg
                             1.00
                                                  1.00
                                                              200
         Saved 676 reminders.
         Customer segments distribution:
         Critical
                             622
        High Priority
                              41
        Medium Priority
                              13
         Name: customer_segment, dtype: int64
         Preferred communication channels distribution:
                     676
         Email
         WhatsApp
                     663
         Phone
                     622
         SMS
                      13
         Name: preferred channels, dtype: int64
In [3]: #!pip install lightgbm
In [4]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
         scores = cross_val_score(model, X, y, cv=5, scoring='f1')
         print(f"Average F1 score from 5-fold CV: {scores.mean():.4f} ± {scores.std():.4f}")
```

Average F1 score from 5-fold CV: 0.9985 ± 0.0030

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In [5]: import joblib

# Save model
joblib.dump(model, 'Class_service_reminder_model4.pkl')
print("Model saved as 'Class_service_reminder_model4.pkl'")

# Later, you can Load it back as:
# Loaded_model = joblib.load('Class_service_reminder_model.pkl')

Model saved as 'Class_service_reminder_model4.pkl'

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