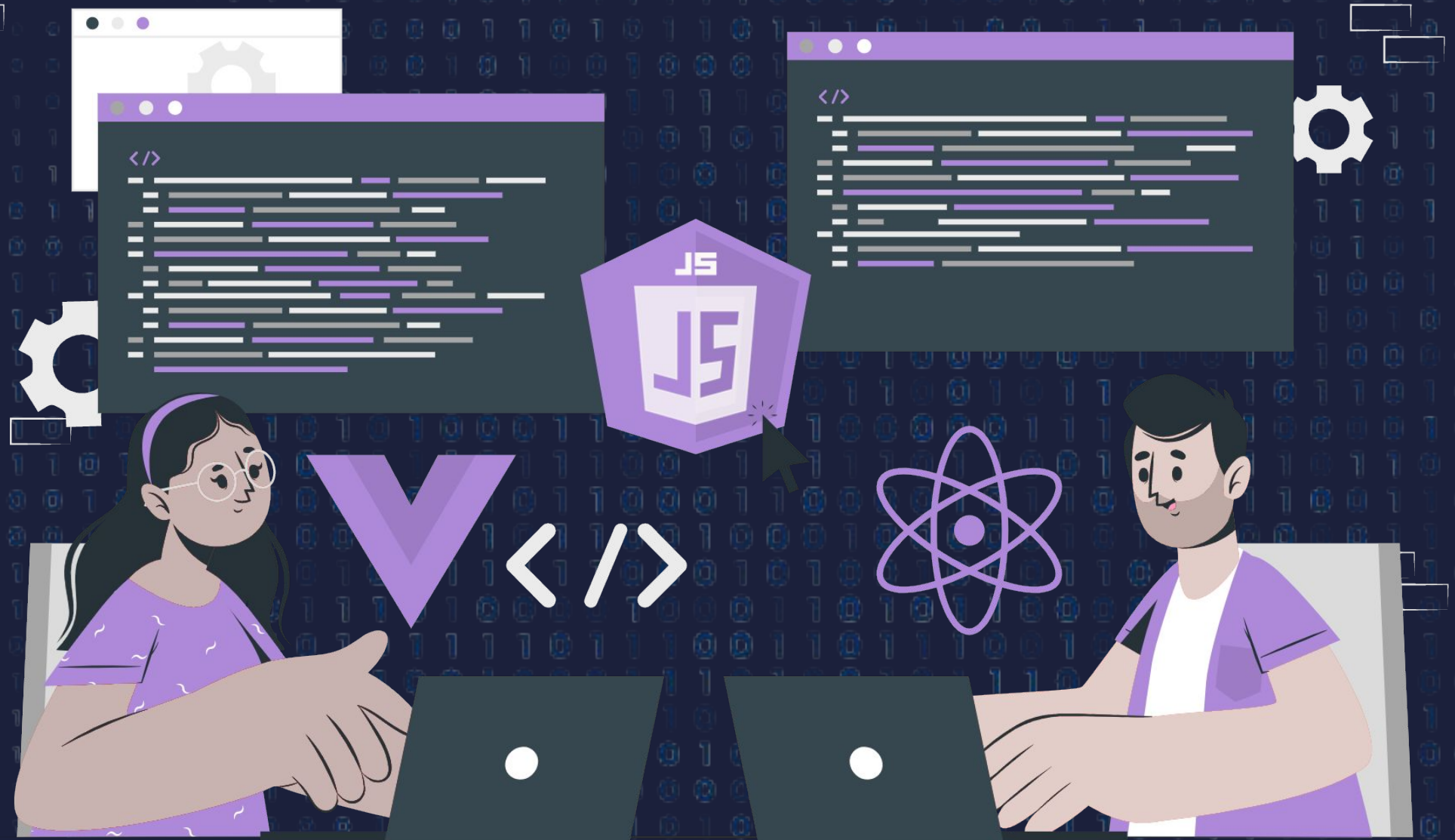




Global Space and Global Scope



Lecture CheckList

1. Introduction.
2. Global space.
3. Global scope.
4. Difference between global space and global scope.

Introduction

JavaScript is one of the most widely used programming languages today, powering everything from simple web applications to complex enterprise systems. As JavaScript applications grow in size and complexity, it becomes increasingly important to understand the core concepts that underpin the language. Two such concepts are the global scope and global space, which play a crucial role in determining the behavior and functionality of JavaScript programs.

Global Space

Global space is an area of a program where variables and functions are defined outside of any function or block. In other words, it's the space where variables and functions are defined without being enclosed by a function or a block. Variables and functions defined in the global space are accessible from anywhere in the program.

Members of Global Space

As we know, the global space in JavaScript is the entire environment in which the program is executed. It includes a variety of members that provide a rich set of functionality that can be used in any JavaScript program.

1. Global Object.
2. Built-in Objects.
3. DOM Objects.
4. Variables and Functions.

Advantages

1. **Reusability:** Global variables and functions can be accessed and used from anywhere in the program, making them reusable and reducing code duplication.
2. **Sharing data:** Global space makes it easy to share data between different parts of the program, simplifying communication between different functions and modules.
3. **Simplifies development:** Global space can make development easier by reducing the complexity of code and allowing developers to access and modify global variables and functions from anywhere in the program.

Disadvantages

1. **Naming conflicts:** Since global variables and functions can be accessed from anywhere in the program, naming conflicts can occur if different parts of the program use the same names for different variables or functions.
2. **Security risks:** Global space can create security risks if sensitive data or functionality is exposed to unauthorized access, as any part of the program can potentially access and modify global variables and functions.
3. **Hard to maintain:** Large programs that heavily rely on global space can be difficult to maintain and debug, as changes to one part of the program can have unintended consequences on other parts of the program.

Global Scope

From the previous lecture, we know that global scope refers to the set of variables and functions that are accessible from anywhere in the program, including inside functions and blocks. Any variable or function defined outside of any function or block is considered to be in the global scope.

Variables and functions defined in the global scope can be accessed and modified from anywhere in the program, making them easy to reuse and share between different parts of the program. However, this also means that care must be taken to avoid naming conflicts and security risks, as any part of the program can potentially access and modify global variables and functions.

Difference between global space and global scope

Global Space:

1. Refers to the entire environment in which the program is executed.
2. Includes all properties and methods of the global object, such as console, Math, and Date.
3. Includes variables or functions defined in the global scope.
4. Properties and methods of the global object can be accessed from anywhere in the program.
5. Variables or functions defined in the global space can be accessed from anywhere in the program.

Difference between global space and global scope

Global Scope:

1. Refers to the set of variables and functions that are accessible from anywhere in the program, including inside functions and blocks.
2. Includes variables or functions defined outside of any function or block.
3. Does not include properties and methods of the global object.
4. Variables or functions defined in the global scope can be accessed from anywhere in the program, including inside functions and blocks.
5. Variables or functions defined inside functions or blocks are not part of the global scope.

Difference between global space and global scope

Global space refers to the entire environment in which the program is executed, including the global object and its properties, while global scope refers to the subset of that environment that can be accessed from anywhere in the program, including inside functions and blocks. Global space and global scope are related concepts, but they are distinct and serve different purposes in JavaScript programming.



▶ THANK YOU ◀