1. Added 30 GB Disk on VM and mounted as **/var/crash logs** mount point under **LVM** Control to avoid / FS full.

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# df -h Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on /dev/mapper/rootvg-rootvol 23G 6.1G 16G 28%/ /dev/sda1 248M 43M 193M 19%/boot 7.5G 0 7.5G 0% /dev/shm tmpfs /dev/mapper/vg emshalgaqhydb01 01-product 99G 27G 68G 29% /opt/oracle/product /dev/mapper/vg_backup_00-backup 148G 49G 92G 35% /emhypq01/backup /dev/mapper/vg_emshalgaqhydb01_02-lv_var_crash 30G 172M 28G 1% /var/crash logs

nascldbv1.storage.cloud.ge.com:/vol/cldalslvr_empcalgaqtcdb01_oemem

100G 6.4M 100G 1% /oemem

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]

2. Ensure the kernel paramétrer on **grub.conf**:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01~]# cat /boot/grub/grub.conf # grub.conf generated by anaconda # Note that you do not have to rerun grub after making changes to this file # NOTICE: You have a /boot partition. This means that # all kernel and initrd paths are relative to /boot/, eg. # root (hd0,0) # kernel /vmlinuz-version ro root=/dev/rootvg/rootvol initrd/initrd-version.img # #boot=/dev/sda default=0 timeout=5 splashimage=(hd0,0)/grub/splash.xpm.gz hiddenmenu title Oracle Linux Server (2.6.18-406.0.0.0.1.el5) root (hd0,0) kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.18-406.0.0.0.1.el5 ro root=/dev/rootvg/rootvol nomodeset elevator=deadline

initrd /initrd-2.6.18-406.0.0.0.1.el5.img

crashkernel=128M@32M

```
title Oracle Linux Server (2.6.18-274.18.1.el5)
root (hd0,0)
kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.18-274.18.1.el5 ro root=/dev/rootvg/rootvol nomodeset elevator=deadline
crashkernel=128M@64M
initrd /initrd-2.6.18-274.18.1.el5.img
[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]#
```

3. Update the kdump.conf file as below:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# cat /etc/kdump.conf #path /var/crash_logs ext4 UUID=c4367803-5f53-416c-8b09-5cb3cd9d5652 core_collector makedumpfile -c -d 17 default reboot [root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]#

In the above scenario I used the newly created mount point /var/crash_logs with blkid as ext4 UUID=c4367803-5f53-416c-8b09-5cb3cd9d5652 or you can use with path too..

Example:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# cat /etc/kdump.conf path /var/crash_logs core_collector makedumpfile -c -d 17 default reboot [root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]#

Configuring the Core Collector under kdump.conf file as below:

core_collector makedumpfile -c -d 17

4. Stop the service:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# chkconfig kdump off

5. Start the service:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# chkconfig kdump on

6. Restart the service to detect the Changes:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 \sim]# service kdump restart

Stopping kdump: [OK]

Detected change(s) the following file(s):

/etc/kdump.conf

Rebuilding /boot/initrd-2.6.18-406.0.0.1.el5kdump.img

WARNING: No module scsi-wait-scan found for kernel 2.6.18-406.0.0.1.el5, conti

nuing anyway

WARNING: No module scsi-wait-scan found for kernel 2.6.18-406.0.0.0.1.el5, conti

nuing anyway

Starting kdump: [OK]

7. To verify the service on run levels:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# chkconfig --list | grep kdump kdump 0:off 1:off 2:on 3:on 4:on 5:on 6:off

8. Reboot the system:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# init 6

9. To test the configuration, reboot the system with kdump enabled, and make sure that the service is running:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]# service kdump status

Kdump is operational

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 ~]#

10. To force the Linux kernel to crash:

echo 1 > /proc/sys/kernel/sysrq

echo c > /proc/sysrq-trigger

Test Evidence:

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 crash]# uname -a

Linux emshalgaqhydb01 2.6.18-406.0.0.0.1.el5 #1 SMP Tue Jun 2 10:30:11 PDT 2015 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 crash]# ls -lrt

total 4

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 4096 Oct 30 11:40 127.0.0.1-2015-10-30-11:37:35

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 crash]# pwd

/var/crash_logs/var/crash

[root@emshalgaqhydb01 crash]#