1. Scenario: You are designing an IoT-based smart home system that includes the following devices: Smart lights (10 devices), Smart thermostat (1 device), Smart security cameras (5 devices) and Smart door locks (3 devices).

[2 pts]

Task: Choose the most appropriate network architecture from the following options and justify your choice:

- a) Peer-to-Peer Network
- b) Star Network
- c) Hierarchical Network

Compare the chosen architecture with the other two options, highlighting why they are less suitable for this application.

2. Scenario: You are in charge of a team of 10 drones that will capture video and photos 3 pts of a wedding happening in a 15-acre area. Your goal is to design a system that ensures the drones work together effectively to capture all the important moments of the event. Question: What questions or requirements (at least five) would you ask or consider while designing such a system? Note: You don't need to have all the technical answers. Focus on identifying the key questions and requirements that would guide the design

3. Scenario: You are designing an IoT device to monitor soil moisture in an agricultural field. The device is battery-powered and needs to operate for several months without requiring frequent battery replacements. The device measures soil moisture every 10 minutes and transmits the data to a central server for analysis.

3 pts

## Questions:

process.

- 1. Battery Life Extension Techniques: What techniques can you apply to extend the battery life of the IoT device?
- 2. Limitations of the Techniques: Describe an application or scenario where the techniques you proposed might not work well.
- 4. Claim: The SRAM size on an ESP32 device is 520 KB. Therefore, the maximum size  $[1\frac{1}{2} \text{ pts}]$ of a program that can run is bounded by 520 KB. Argue for or against this claim with clear explanation and including relevant information.
- 5. Question: The ESP32 is a popular chip used in many IoT and embedded systems [2 pts] projects. Based on its features and architecture, answer the following:
  - 1. Is the ESP32 a microcontroller or a microprocessor? Justify your answer.
  - 2. Explain the key differences between a microcontroller and a microprocessor.
- 6. Question: Can we use native compilation for developing IoT applications on ESP32? Make a clear argument for your claim. 2 pts
- 7. Can ESP32 run multi-threaded programs? If yes, how? If no, why?