

# Data Visualisation Tasks

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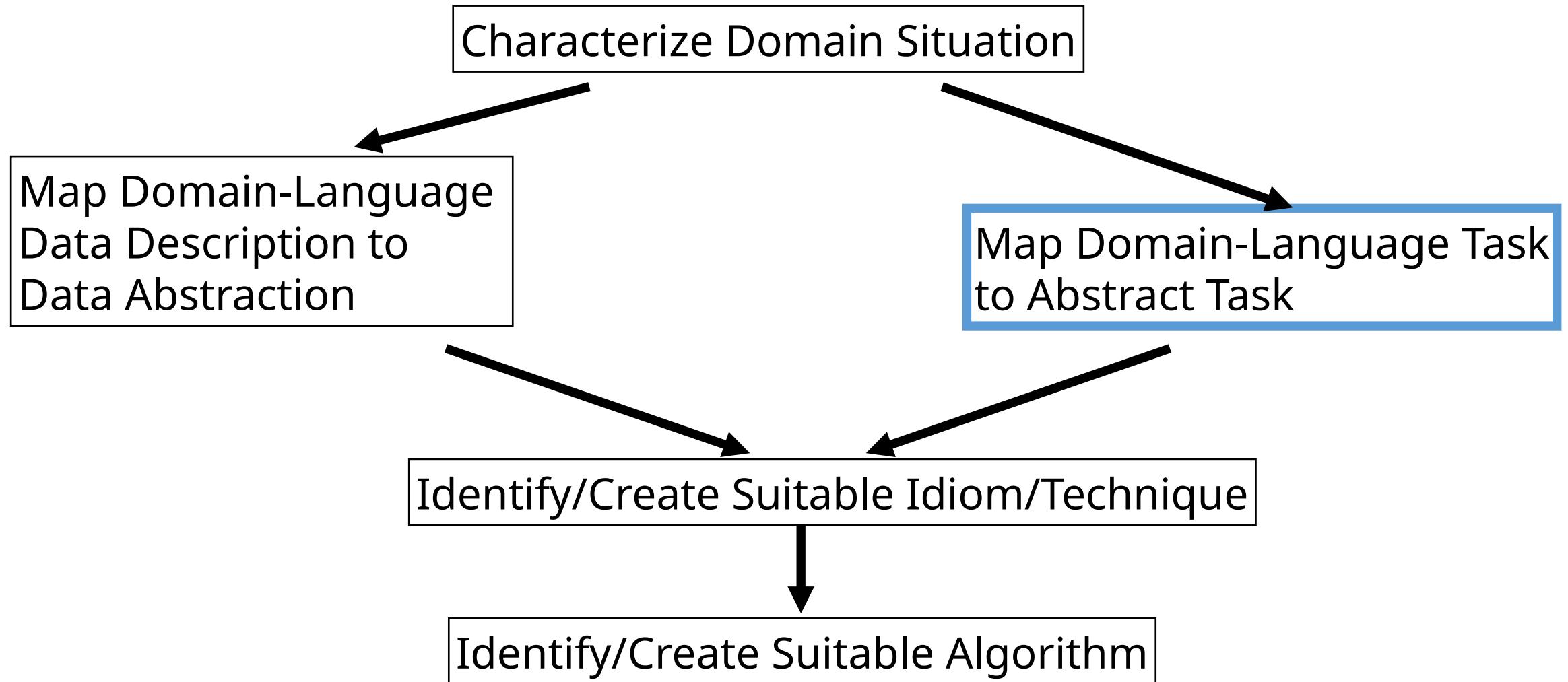
Slides taken, reformatted, and used from Tamara Munzner (UBC,  
Canada)

# From domain to abstraction

- Domain characterization: details of application domain
  - Group of users, target domain, their questions and data
    - Varies wildly by domain
    - Must be specific enough to get traction
  - Domain questions/problems
    - Break down into simpler abstract tasks
  - Abstraction: data and task
    - Map what and why into generalized terms
      - Identify tasks that users wish to perform or already do
      - Find data types that will support those tasks
        - Possibly transform/derive if need be

domain

# Design Process



# Task abstraction : Actions and Targets

- Very high-level pattern
- Actions
  - Analyze
    - High-level choices
  - Search
    - Find a known/unknown item
  - Query
    - Find out about the characteristics of the item
- Targets
  - What is being acted on
- {action, target} pairs
  - Discover distribution
  - Compare trends
  - Locate outliers
  - Browse topology

# Actions: Analyze

- Consume
    - Discover vs present
      - Classic split
    - Explore vs explain
  - Enjoy
    - Newcomer
    - Casual, social
- 
- Produce
    - Annotate, record
    - Derive
      - Crucial design choice

➔ Analyze

➔ Consume

➔ Discover



➔ Present



➔ Enjoy



➔ Produce

➔ Annotate



➔ Record



➔ Derive

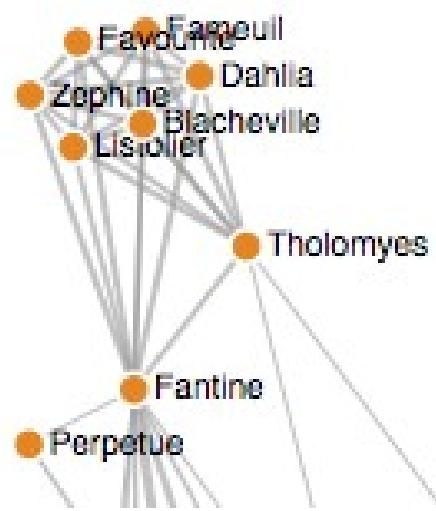


# Actions: Search

- What does the user know?
  - Target, location
- Lookup
  - Ex: word in a dictionary
  - Alphabetical order
- Locate
  - Ex: keys in your house
  - Ex: node in network
- Browse
  - Ex: books in the bookstore
- Explore
  - Ex: find cool neighborhood in a new city

## → Search

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	 <i>Lookup</i>	 <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	 <i>Locate</i>	 <i>Explore</i>



<https://bl.ocks.org/heybignick/3faf257bbb7743bb72310d03b86ee8>

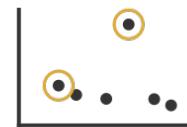
# Actions : Query

- How much of the data matters?

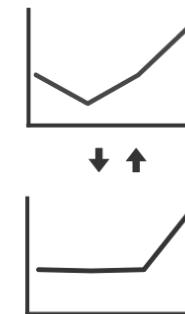
- One : identify
- Some : compare
- All : summarize

→ Query

→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarize



# Actions

- Independent choices for each of these three levels
  - Analyze, search, query
  - Mix and match

## Actions

### → Analyze

→ Consume

→ Discover



→ Present



→ Enjoy



→ Produce

→ Annotate



→ Record



→ Derive



### → Search

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	•.. •.. <i>Lookup</i>	•.. •.. <i>Browse</i>
Location unknown	◁ ◌ ▷ <i>Locate</i>	◁ ◌ ▷ <i>Explore</i>

### → Query

→ Identify



→ Compare



→ Summarize



# Task abstractions : Targets

## → All Data

→ Trends



→ Outliers



→ Features



## → Attributes

→ One

→ Distribution



→ Extremes



→ Many

→ Dependency



→ Correlation



→ Similarity



## → Network Data

→ Topology



→ Paths



## → Spatial Data

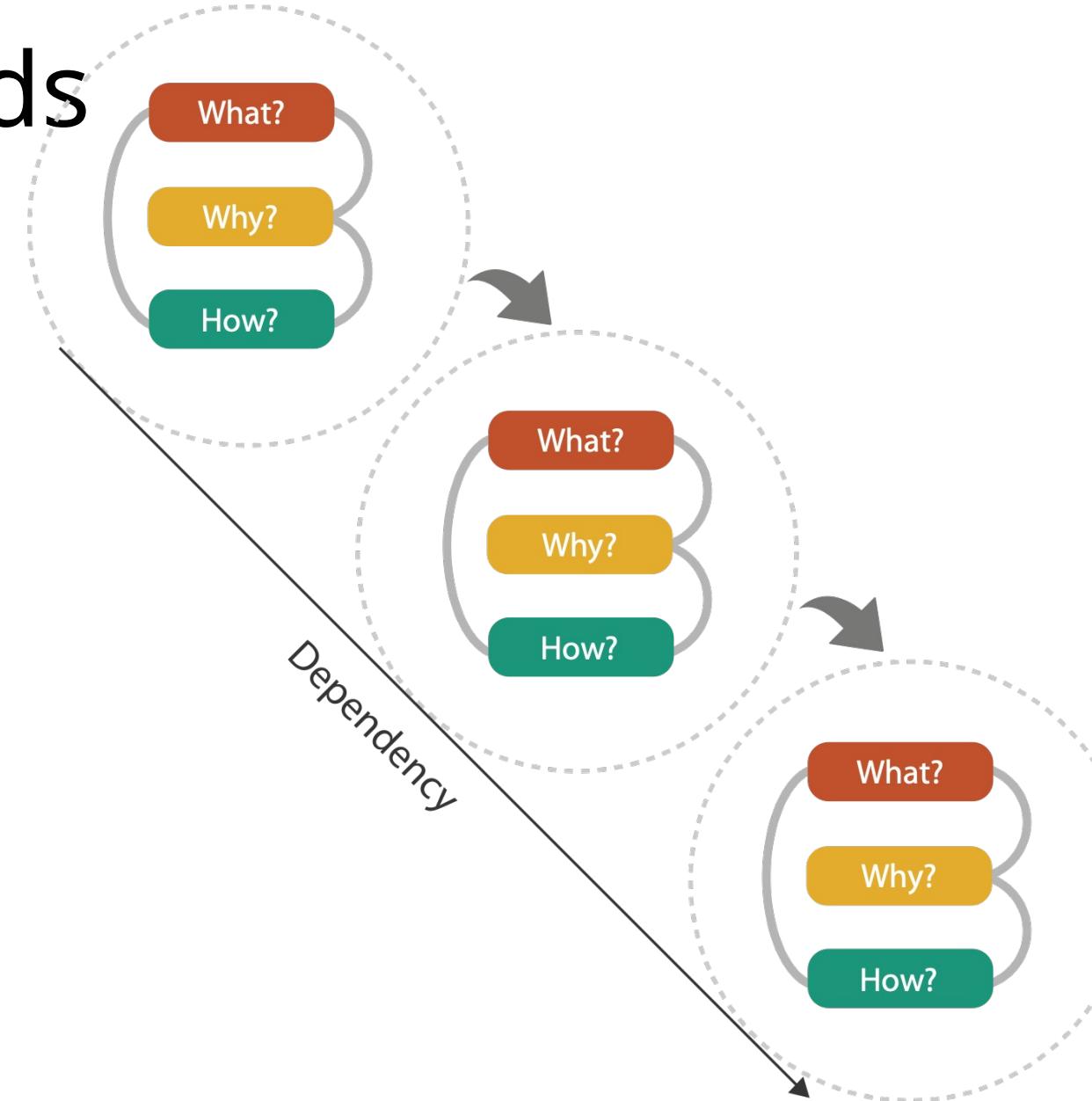
→ Shape



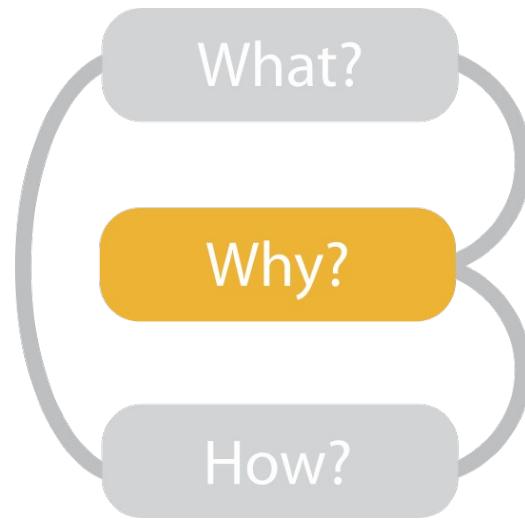
# Abstraction

- These {action, target} pairs are a good starting points for vocabulary
  - But sometime you will need more precision!
- Rule of thumb
  - Systematically remove all domain jargon
- Interplay : task and data abstraction
  - Need to use data abstraction within task abstraction
    - To specify your targets!
    - But task abstraction can lead you to transform the data
  - Iterate back and forth
    - First pass data, first pass task, second pass data, ...

# Means and ends



# Why?

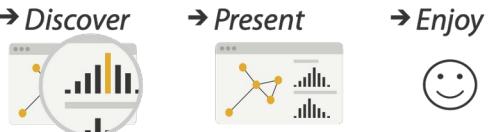


- {action, target} pairs
  - *discover distribution*
  - *compare trends*
  - *locate outliers*
  - *browse topology*

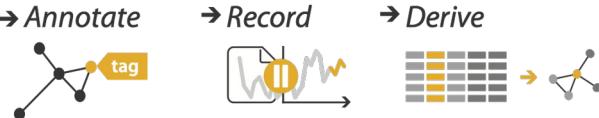
## Actions

### → Analyze

#### → Consume



#### → Produce



### → Search

	Target known	Target unknown
Location known	•••  Lookup	•••  Browse
Location unknown	Locate	Explore

### → Query

#### → Identify



#### → Compare

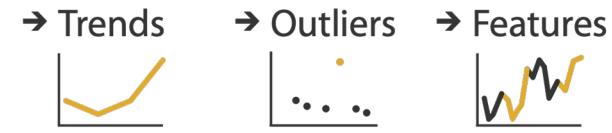


#### → Summarize

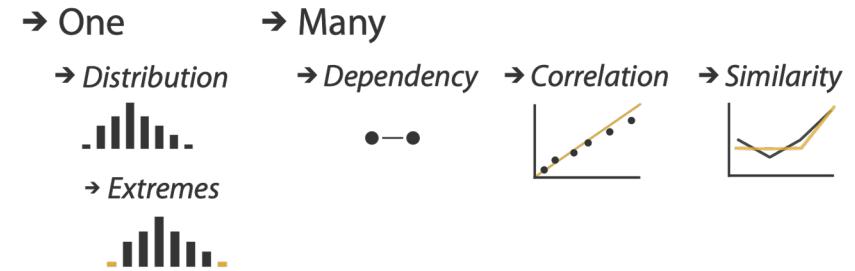


## Targets

### → All Data

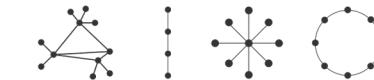


### → Attributes



### → Network Data

#### → Topology



#### → Paths



### → Spatial Data

#### → Shape



What?

Why?

How?