



Hello, 2024101067.

# HTML Compiler

[Submit solution](#)[My submissions](#)[All submissions](#)[Best submissions](#)✓ **Points:** 100 (partial)⌚ **Time limit:** 1.0s📄 **Memory limit:** 64M➤ **Problem type**▼ **Allowed languages**

C, C++

Shamil is making a parser for HTML files. An HTML file has different tags surrounded by the angular brackets `<` and `>`.

The first thing he needs to do for this parser is find the longest prefix of the HTML file that forms a valid bracket sequence.

To make his job easier, he has removed all the other characters from the file and now has a string of length  $N$  with just the angular brackets. Can you help him find the longest prefix of this string that forms a valid bracket sequence.

A sequence containing just the characters `<` and `>` is valid if:

- Opening brackets (`<`) must be closed by closing brackets (`>`).
- Opening brackets (`<`) must be closed in the correct order.
- Every closing bracket (`>`) has a corresponding opening bracket (`<`). (An empty sequence is also considered valid).

## Input format

The first line contains  $T$ , the number of test cases.

$T$  lines follow, each containing a string that Kunwar needs to parse.

## Output format

For each testcase, output the length of the longest prefix that makes a valid bracket sequence on a separate line.

## Constraints



 $N \leq 10^9$ 

Hello, 2024101067.

## Subtasks

**Subtask 1(5 points):**  $N \leq 10$ **Subtsk 2(10 points):**  $N \leq 100$ **Subtask 3(15 points):**  $N \leq 1000$ **Subtask 4(70 points):** Original constraints

## Example 1

### Input

```
4
<<>>
><
<>>>
><><><><>
```

Copy

### Output

```
4
0
2
0
```

Copy

### Input

```
3
<><>
<><<>>
<<<>
```

Copy

### Output

```
4
6
0
```

Copy

Hello, **2024101067**.

10

```
<><><>>>>
<><<>><><<
<<<<<<>>>
><><><<<>
>>>><><<<>
<<>><><><<
<><><<<<<>
<<<<<<>>>
<<<<<<>>>>
<<>>>>>>>>
```

Copy

## Output

```
6
8
10
0
0
8
4
0
10
4
```

Copy

## Explanation

For first testcase, the entire string is a valid bracket sequence.

For the second one, there is no prefix with a valid bracket sequence.

For the third one, `<>` is a valid bracket sequence but all the prefix longer than that do not form a valid sequence

For the last one, there is no prefix that is valid. Note that the substring from the second character to the last one does form a valid sequence. However, it is not a prefix.

## ? Clarifications

[Report an issue](#)

No clarifications have been made at this time.



Hello, **2024101067**.