

Week 10 – MySQL Home work

```

4  -- 1a. Displaying First and Last Name of all the actors in table actor
5  • SELECT first_name,last_name
6  FROM actor;
7

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

	first_name	last_name
	ED	CHASE
	JENNIFER	DAVIS
	JOHNNY	LOLLOBRIGIDA
	BETTE	NICHOLSON
	GRACE	MOSTEL
	MATTHEW	JOHANSSON
	JOE	SWANK
	CHRISTIAN	GABLE

```

8  -- 1b. Display the first and last name of each actor in a single column in upper case letters. Name the column Actor Name. */
9  • SELECT CONCAT(IFNULL(first_name,''), ' ', IFNULL(last_name,'')) as Actor_Name
10 FROM actor;
11

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

Actor_Name
PENELOPE.GUINESS
NICK.WAHLBERG
ED.CHASE
JENNIFER.DAVIS
JOHNNY.LOLLOBRIGIDA
BETTE.NICHOLSON
GRACE.MOSTEL
MATTHEW.JOHANSSON

```

12 -- 2a. Find the ID number, first name, and last name of an actor, of whom you know only the first name, "Joe."
13 • SELECT actor_id, first_name, last_name
14 FROM actor
15 WHERE first_name = "Joe";
16

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

actor_id	first_name	last_name
9	JOE	SWANK
NULL	NULL	NULL

```

17 -- 2b. Find all actors whose last name contain the letters `GEN`
18 • SELECT *
19 FROM actor
20 WHERE last_name LIKE '%GEN%';
21

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

actor_id	first_name	last_name	Actor_Name	last_update
14	VIVIEN	BERGEN	VIVIEN.BERGEN	2018-04-15 19:01:21
41	JODIE	DEGENERES	JODIE.DEGENERES	2018-04-15 19:01:21
107	GINA	DEGENERES	GINA.DEGENERES	2018-04-15 19:01:21
166	NICK	DEGENERES	NICK.DEGENERES	2018-04-15 19:01:21

```

22 -- 2c. Find all actors whose last names contain the letters 'LI'. This time, order the rows by last name and first name
23 • SELECT *
24 FROM actor
25 WHERE last_name LIKE '%LI%'
26 ORDER BY last_name, first_name;
27

```

actor_id	first_name	last_name	Actor_Name	last_update
86	GREG	CHAPLIN	GREG.CHAPLIN	2018-04-15 19:01:21
82	WOODY	JOLIE	WOODY.JOLIE	2018-04-15 19:01:21
34	AUDREY	OLIVIER	AUDREY.OLIVIER	2018-04-15 19:01:21
15	CUBA	OLIVIER	CUBA.OLIVIER	2018-04-15 19:01:21
172	GROUCHO	WILLIAMS	GROUCHO.WILLIAMS	2018-04-18 11:22:38
137	MORGAN	WILLIAMS	MORGAN.WILLIAMS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
72	SEAN	WILLIAMS	SEAN.WILLIAMS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
83	BEN	WILLIS	BEN.WILLIS	2018-04-15 19:01:21

```

28 -- 2d. Using 'IN', display the 'country_id' and 'country' columns of the following countries: Afghanistan, Bangladesh, and China
29
30 • SELECT country_id, country
31 FROM country
32 WHERE
33     country IN ('Afghanistan', 'Bangladesh', 'China')
34 AND country IS NOT NULL;

```

country_id	country
1	Afghanistan
12	Bangladesh
23	China

```

36 -- 3a. Add a 'middle_name' column to the table 'actor'. Position it between 'first_name' and 'last_name'.
37 • ALTER TABLE actor
38 ADD COLUMN middle_name varchar(100) AFTER first_name;
39
40 • SELECT * FROM actor;
41 -- 3b. Change the data type of the 'middle_name' column to 'blobs'
42 • ALTER TABLE actor
43 CHANGE COLUMN middle_name middle_name blob;

```

actor_id	first_name	middle_name	last_name	Actor_Name	last_update
1	PENELOPE	NULL	GUINNESS	PENELOPE.GUINNESS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
2	NICK	NULL	WAHLBERG	NICK.WAHLBERG	2018-04-15 19:01:21
3	ED	NULL	CHASE	ED.CHASE	2018-04-15 19:01:21
4	JENNIFER	NULL	DAVIS	JENNIFER.DAVIS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
5	JOHNNY	NULL	LOLLOBRIGIDA	JOHNNY.LOLLOBRIGIDA	2018-04-15 19:01:21
6	BETTE	NULL	NICHOLSON	BETTE.NICHOLSON	2018-04-15 19:01:21

```

45 -- 3c. Now delete the 'middle_name' column
46 • ALTER TABLE actor
47 DROP COLUMN middle_name;
48
49 • SELECT * FROM actor;
50
51 -- 4a. List the last names of actors, as well as how many actors have that last name

```

actor_id	first_name	last_name	Actor_Name	last_update
1	PENELOPE	GUINNESS	PENELOPE.GUINNESS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
2	NICK	WAHLBERG	NICK.WAHLBERG	2018-04-15 19:01:21
3	ED	CHASE	ED.CHASE	2018-04-15 19:01:21
4	JENNIFER	DAVIS	JENNIFER.DAVIS	2018-04-15 19:01:21
5	JOHNNY	LOLLOBRIGIDA	JOHNNY.LOLLOBRIGIDA	2018-04-15 19:01:21
6	BETTE	NICHOLSON	BETTE.NICHOLSON	2018-04-15 19:01:21

```

51 -- 4a. List the last names of actors, as well as how many actors have that last name
52
53 • SELECT last_name, COUNT(*) as count
54 FROM actor
55 GROUP BY last_name;
56

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

last_name	count
AKROYD	3
ALLEN	3
ASTAIRE	1
BACALL	1
BAILEY	2
BALE	1

```

57 -- 4b. List last names of actors and the number of actors who have that last name, but only for names that are shared by at least 2 actors.
58
59 • SELECT last_name, COUNT(*) as count
60 FROM actor
61 GROUP BY last_name
62 HAVING count >= 2;
63
64 -- 4c. Oh, no! The actor 'HARPO WILLIAMS' was accidentally entered in the 'actor' table as 'GROUCHO WILLIAMS', the name of Harpo Williams.

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

last_name	count
AKROYD	3
ALLEN	3
BAILEY	2
BENING	2
BERRY	3
BOLGER	2

```

64 -- 4c. Oh, no! The actor 'HARPO WILLIAMS' was accidentally entered in the 'actor' table as 'GROUCHO WILLIAMS', the name of Harpo Williams.
65 • UPDATE actor
66 SET first_name = 'HARPO'
67 WHERE first_name = 'GROUCHO'
68 AND last_name = 'WILLIAMS';
69
70 • SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor
71 WHERE first_name = 'HARPO';
72

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

first_name	last_name
HARPO	WILLIAMS

```

73 -- 4d. In a single query, if the first name of the actor is currently 'HARPO', change it to 'GROUCHO'.
74 • UPDATE actor
75 SET first_name = 'GROUCHO'
76 WHERE first_name = 'HARPO'
77 AND actor_id = 172;
78
79 • SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor
80 WHERE actor_id = 172;
81

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

first_name	last_name
GROUCHO	WILLIAMS

```

81
82 -- *5a. You cannot locate the schema of the address table. Which query would you use to re-create it? */
83 • DESCRIBE address;
84 -- Command to show the schema SQL query for the table
85 • SHOW CREATE TABLE address;
86
87

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
address id	smallint(5) unsigned	NO	PRI	NULL	auto increment
address	varchar(50)	NO		NULL	
address2	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
district	varchar(20)	NO		NULL	
city id	smallint(5) unsigned	NO	MUL	NULL	
postal code	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
phone	varchar(20)	NO		NULL	

```

87
88 -- 6a. Use `JOIN` to display the first and last names, as well as the address, of each staff member.
89 • SELECT * FROM staff;
90
91 • SELECT s.first_name , s.last_name , a.address
92 FROM staff s
93 JOIN address a ON s.address_id = a.address_id;
94

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

first_name	last_name	address
Mike	Hillver	23 Workhaven Lane
Jon	Stephens	1411 Lilldale Drive

```

95 -- 6b. Use `JOIN` to display the total amount rung up by each staff member in August of 2005. Use tables `staff` and `payment`
96 • SELECT * FROM staff;
97 • SELECT * FROM payment;
98
99 • SELECT s.first_name , s.last_name , SUM(p.amount) as Total_Amount
100 FROM payment p
101 LEFT JOIN staff s ON p.staff_id = s.staff_id
102 WHERE
103 p.payment_date > '2005-08-01 00:00:00'
104 AND p.payment_date < '2005-08-31 00:00:00'
105 GROUP BY s.first_name,s.last_name;
106

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

first_name	last_name	Total_Amount
Jon	Stephens	12218.48
Mike	Hillver	11853.65

```

107 -- 6c. List each film and the number of actors who are listed for that film. Use tables `film_actor` and `film`
108 • SELECT * FROM film;
109 • SELECT * FROM film_actor;
110
111 • SELECT f.title, count(a.actor_id) as Actors_Count
112 FROM film f
113 JOIN film_actor a ON f.film_id = a.film_id
114 GROUP BY title;
115

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

title	Actors_Count
ACADEMY DINOSAUR	10
ACE GOLDFINGER	4
ADAPTATION HOLES	5
AFFAIR PREJUDICE	5
AFRICAN EGG	5
AGENT TRUMAN	7

```

116 -- 6d. How many copies of the film 'Hunchback Impossible' exist in the inventory system?
117 • SELECT * FROM inventory;
118
119 • SELECT f.film_id, f.title, count(i.film_id) as copies
120 FROM film f
121 JOIN inventory i ON f.film_id = i.film_id
122 WHERE f.title = 'Hunchback Impossible'
123 GROUP BY title;
124

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

film_id	title	copies
439	HUNCHBACK IMPOSSIBLE	6

```

125 -- 6e. Using the tables 'payment' and 'customer' and the 'JOIN' command, list the total paid by each customer.
126 • SELECT * FROM payment;
127 • SELECT * FROM customer;
128
129 • SELECT c.first_name, c.last_name , sum(p.amount) as Amount_Paid
130 FROM customer c
131 JOIN payment p ON c.customer_id = p.customer_id
132 GROUP BY c.last_name
133 ORDER BY c.last_name, c.first name;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

first_name	last_name	Amount_Paid
RAFAEL	ABNEY	97.79
NATHANIEL	ADAM	133.72
KATHLEEN	ADAMS	92.73
DIANA	ALEXANDER	105.73
GORDON	ALLARD	160.68
SHIRLEY	ALLEN	126.69

```

135 -- * 7a. The music of Queen and Kris Kristofferson have seen an unlikely resurgence. As an unintended consequence,
136 -- films starting with the letters K and Q have also soared in popularity. Use subqueries to display the titles of movies
137 -- starting with the letters K and Q whose language is English. */
138
139 • select * from film where film.title LIKE "K%" or film.title LIKE "Q%" and film.language_id in
140 (
141 select language_id from language where language.name LIKE "English"
142 );

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Edit: | Export/Import: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

film_id	title	description	release_year	language_id	original_language_id	rental_duration	rental_rate	length	replacement_cost
493	KANE EXORCIST	A Epic Documentary of a Composer And a Robo...	2006	1	NULL	5	0.99	92	18.99
494	KARATE MOON	A Astounding Yarn of a Womanizer And a Doa ...	2006	1	NULL	4	0.99	120	21.99
495	KENTUCKIAN GIANT	A Stunning Yarn of a Woman And a Frisbee who...	2006	1	NULL	5	2.99	169	10.99
496	KICK SAVANNAH	A Emotional Drama of a Monkey And a Robot w...	2006	1	NULL	3	0.99	179	10.99
497	KILL BROTHERHOOD	A Touching Display of a Hunter And a Secret An	2006	1	NULL	4	0.99	54	15.99

```

144  /* 7b. Use subqueries to display all actors who appear in the film Alone Trip. */
145
146  • select * from film;
147  • select * from film_actor;
148  • select * from actor;
149
150  • select actor.first_name, actor.last_name
151      from actor
152      where actor.actor_id IN
153      (
154      (
155      select film_actor.actor_id from film_actor where film_actor.film_id IN
156      (select film.film_id from film where film.title LIKE "Alone Trip"
157      );
158      );
159

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

first_name	last_name
ED	CHASE
KARL	BERRY
UMA	WOOD
WOODY	JOLIE
SPENCER	DEPP

```

160  /*7c. You want to run an email marketing campaign in Canada, for which you will need the names and email addresses of all
161
162  • select customer.first_name, customer.last_name, customer.email from
163      customer
164      where customer.address_id in
165      (
166      select address.address_id from address
167      where address.city_id in
168      (
169      select city.city_id from city
170      where city.country_id in
171      (
172      select country.country_id from country
173      where country LIKE "Canada"
174      )
175      )
176      );

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

first_name	last_name	email
DERRICK	BOUROUE	DERRICK.BOUROUE@sakilacustomer.org
DARRELL	POWER	DARRELL.POWER@sakilacustomer.org
LORETTA	CARPENTER	LORETTA.CARPENTER@sakilacustomer.org
CURTIS	IRBY	CURTIS.IRBY@sakilacustomer.org
TROY	OUIGLEY	TROY.OUIGLEY@sakilacustomer.org


```

178  /*7d. Sales have been lagging among young families, and you wish to target all family movies for a promotion.
179  Identify all movies categorized as family films.*/
180
181  • select film.title, film.description from film
182     where film_id in
183     (
184       select film_category.film_id from film_category
185       where film_category.category_id in
186       (
187         select category.category_id from category
188         where category.name LIKE "Family"
189       )
190     );
191

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

title	description
AFRICAN EGG	A Fast-Paced Documentary of a Pastrv Chef An...
APACHE DIVINE	A Awe-Inspiring Reflection of a Pastrv Chef An...
ATLANTIS CAUSE	A Thrilling Yarn of a Feminist And a Hunter who ...
BAKED CLEOPATRA	A Stunning Drama of a Forensic Psychologist An...
BANG KWAI	A Epic Drama of a Madman And a Cat who must...
BEDAZZLED MARRIED	A Astounding Character Study of a Madman An...

```

191
192  /* 7e. Display the most frequently rented movies in descending order. */
193
194  • select * from rental; -- rental_id and inventory_id
195  • select * from inventory; -- inventory_id and film_id
196  • select * from film; -- film_id and title, description
197
198
199  • select film.title, count(film.title) as film_count
200     from film,inventory, rental
201     where film.film_id = inventory.film_id and inventory.inventory_id = rental.inventory_id
202     group by 1 order by film_count desc;
203
204

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

title	film_count
BUCKET BROTHERHOOD	34
ROCKETEER MOTHER	33
FORWARD TEMPLE	32
RIDGEMONT SUBMARINE	32
SCALAWAG DUCK	32
JUGGLER HARDLY	32
GRIT CLOCKWORK	32
NETWORK PEAK	31

```

204 /* 7f. Write a query to display how much business, in dollars, each store brought in. */
205
206 • select * from store;
207 • select * from inventory;
208 • select * from rental;
209 • select * from payment;
210
211 • select store.store_id, sum(payment.amount) as total_amount from
212 store, payment, staff
213 where store.store_id = staff.store_id and staff.staff_id = payment.staff_id
214 group by 1;
215

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

store_id	total_amount
1	33489.47
2	33927.04

```

218 -- 7g. Write a query to display for each store its store ID, city, and country.
219
220 • select store.store_id, city.city, country.country from
221 store, address, city, country
222 where
223 store.address_id = address.address_id and address.city_id = city.city_id and city.country_id = country.country_id;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

store_id	city	country
1	Lethbridge	Canada
2	Woodridge	Australia

```

226 -- 7h. List the top five genres in gross revenue in descending order. (Hint: you may need to use the following tables: category,
227
228 • select category.name, sum(payment.amount) as gross_revenue from
229 payment, rental, inventory, film_category, category
230 where
231 payment.rental_id = rental.rental_id and rental.inventory_id = inventory.inventory_id and inventory.film_id = film_category.film_id
232 group by 1 order by gross_revenue desc limit 5;
233
234
235

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#) | Fetch rows: [1](#) [5](#) [10](#)

name	gross_revenue
Sports	5314.21
Sci-Fi	4756.98
Animation	4656.30
Drama	4587.39
Comedy	4383.58

View Created

The screenshot shows a database IDE with a left sidebar displaying a tree view of database objects. The 'sakila' database is selected, showing tables, views, stored procedures, and functions. The main editor displays SQL code for creating and querying a view. The code is as follows:

```
235 /*Ba. In your new role as an executive, you would like to have an easy way of viewing the Top five genres by gross revenue
236
237 Sb. How would you display the view that you created in Ba?
238
239 Bc. You find that you no longer need the view top_five_genres. Write a query to delete it.
240
241 */
242
243 create view top_gross_revenue_genres as
244 (
245 select category.name, sum(payment.amount) as gross_revenue from
246 payment, rental, inventory, film_category, category
247 where
248 payment.rental_id = rental.rental_id and rental.inventory_id = inventory.inventory_id and inventory.film_id = film_category.film_id
249 group by 1 order by gross_revenue
250 );
251
252 select * from top_gross_revenue_genres order by gross_revenue desc limit 5;
253 DROP VIEW `sakila`.`top_gross_revenue_genres`;
```

Below the code editor, the 'Result Grid' is displayed, showing the output of the query. The table has two columns: 'name' and 'gross_revenue'. The data is as follows:

name	gross_revenue
Sports	5314.21
Sci-Fi	4756.98
Animation	4656.30
Drama	4587.39
Comedy	4383.58

View Deleted

The screenshot shows the same database IDE as the previous one, but the view 'top_gross_revenue_genres' has been deleted. The left sidebar still shows the 'sakila' database structure, but the view is no longer present. The main editor displays the same SQL code as before, but the 'DROP VIEW' statement is highlighted, indicating it has been executed.

```
235 /*Ba. In your new role as an executive, you would like to have an easy way of viewing the Top five genres by gross revenue
236
237 Sb. How would you display the view that you created in Ba?
238
239 Bc. You find that you no longer need the view top_five_genres. Write a query to delete it.
240
241 */
242
243 create view top_gross_revenue_genres as
244 (
245 select category.name, sum(payment.amount) as gross_revenue from
246 payment, rental, inventory, film_category, category
247 where
248 payment.rental_id = rental.rental_id and rental.inventory_id = inventory.inventory_id and inventory.film_id = film_category.film_id
249 group by 1 order by gross_revenue
250 );
251
252 select * from top_gross_revenue_genres order by gross_revenue desc limit 5;
253 DROP VIEW `sakila`.`top_gross_revenue_genres`;
```