

VERBAL ABILITY

PARTS OF SPEECH

✓ 1. Parts of Speech

These are the 8 basic types of words used in English sentences.

Think of them as the **building blocks** of a sentence.

Part of Speech	What it Does	Example
Noun	Names a person/place/thing	<i>Ram, city, apple</i>
Pronoun	Replaces a noun	<i>he, she, it, they</i>
Verb	Shows action	<i>run, write, play</i>
Adjective	Describes a noun	<i>big house, red car</i>
Adverb	Describes a verb or adjective	<i>runs quickly, very big</i>
Preposition	Shows position or time	<i>in, on, at, under, after</i>
Conjunction	Joins words/sentences	<i>and, but, because</i>
Interjection	Short expression of feeling	<i>wow!, oh!, hey!</i>



SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

✓ 4. Subject-Verb Agreement

The **verb must match** the subject in number (singular or plural).

Subject	Verb	Example
Singular	Singular verb	<i>He walks.</i>
Plural	Plural verb	<i>They walk.</i>

✗ *Wrong: He walk every day.* ✗

✗ *Right: He walks every day.* ✓

ARTICLES

✓ 5. Articles

Articles come before nouns and help tell which or how many.


Types:

- **A** – used before consonant sounds (*a cat*)
- **An** – used before vowel sounds (*an apple*)
- **The** – used for specific things (*the sun*)

📌 Examples:

- I saw **a** dog.
- She ate **an** orange.
- **The** moon is bright.

VERB FORMS

 5 Forms of Verb				
V1	V2	V3	V4	V5
awake	awoke	awoken	awaking	awakes
attack	attacked	attacked	attacking	attacks
ask	asked	asked	asking	asks
appear	appeared	appeared	appearing	appears
alight	alight	alight	alighting	alights
act	acted	acted	acting	acts
achieve	achieved	achieved	achieving	achieves
abide	abode	abode	abiding	abides
burst	burst	burst	bursting	bursts
bring	brought	brought	bringing	brings
bray	brayed	brayed	braying	brays
boast	boasted	boasted	boasting	boasts
bless	blessed	blessed	blessing	blesses
belong	belonged	belonged	belonging	belongs
befall	befell	befallen	befalling	befalls
become	became	become	becoming	becomes
curve	curved	curved	curving	curves
crush	crushed	crushed	crushing	crushes
cross	crossed	crossed	crossing	crosses
Visit site	covered	covered	covering	covers

www.onlymyenglish.com

TENSES

Tenses			
Form \ Tense	present	Past	Future
Simple	S + V ₁ + O	S + V ₂ + O	S + will/shall + V ₁ + O
Continuous	S + am/is/are + V ₄ + O	S + was/were + V ₄ + O	S + will/shall be + V ₄ + O
Perfect	S + have/has + V ₃ + O	S + had + V ₃ + O	S + will/shall have + V ₃ + O
perfect Continuous	S + have/has been + V ₄ + O	S + had been + V ₄ + O	S + will/shall have been + V ₄ + O

PRACTICE LINKS:

- 1) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/spotting-errors/>
- 2) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/spellings/>
- 3) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/ordering-of-words/>
- 4) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/sentence-improvement/>
- 5) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/ordering-of-sentences/>
- 6) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/closet-test/>
- 7) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/selecting-words/>
- 8) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/sentence-formation/>
- 9) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/sentence-correction/>
- 10) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/completing-statements/>
- 11) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/paragraph-formation/>
- 12) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/comprehension/>

ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE

active and passive voice.

- ① active voice = S + V + O
- ② passive voice = O + H.V + V₃ + by + S
- ③ H.V = tense ni batti singular/plural chuskar
vanderham.

Ex- A.V = They enjoyed the class
 P.V = the class ~~was~~ enjoyed by them
 Here enjoyed - past tense & the class - singular
 So we used was there as a helping verb.

Subject \ object
 object / Subject

④ Pronouns

person	Number	subject	object
1 st	singular	I	me
	plural	we	us
2 nd	singular	you	you
	plural	you	you
3 rd	singular	It	It
	plural	They	them

③ Tense table

(Tense table lo oku step munduki veltai). or

i) present

V₃

do/does

→

is/am/are

is/am/are

→

is/am/are + being

has/have

→

has/have + been

ii) past

V₃

did

→

was/were

was/were

→

was/were + being

had

→

had + been

iii) Future

V₃

will/shall

→

will/shall + be

will/shall have

→

will/shall + have + been

iv) Modal (can).

modal + be.

Simple to unte continuous

continuous - perfect

perfect - perfect continuous.

↓
Tenses

⑥ Interrogative sentences

(Questions)

$A.V =$ Ques word + S + V_1 + O

$P.V =$ Ques word + O + V_3 + by + S.

Ex - simple present

$A.V =$ Do they clean the room?

$P.V =$ Is the room cleaned by them?

Simple past

$A.V =$ Did he write the letter?

$P.V =$ Was the letter written by him?

Present perfect

$A.V =$ Have they solved the problem?

$P.V =$ Has the problem been solved by them?
 ↑
 refers

modal

$A.V =$ Can she finish the work?

$P.V =$ Can the work be finished by her?

$A.V =$ Did someone call you?

$P.V =$ Were you called by someone?

wh - Ex - $A.V =$ How does she solve the problem?

$P.V =$ How is the problem solved
 by her?

Experiment No. :

Date :

Page No. :

Experiment Name :

Examples:-

i) d.v = I tell him
p.v = He is told by me

ii) d.v = You told her
p.v = she was told by you

iii) A.v = we are telling him
p.v = He is being told by us.

iv) A.v = she will tell him good news
p.v = Good news will be told by her to him

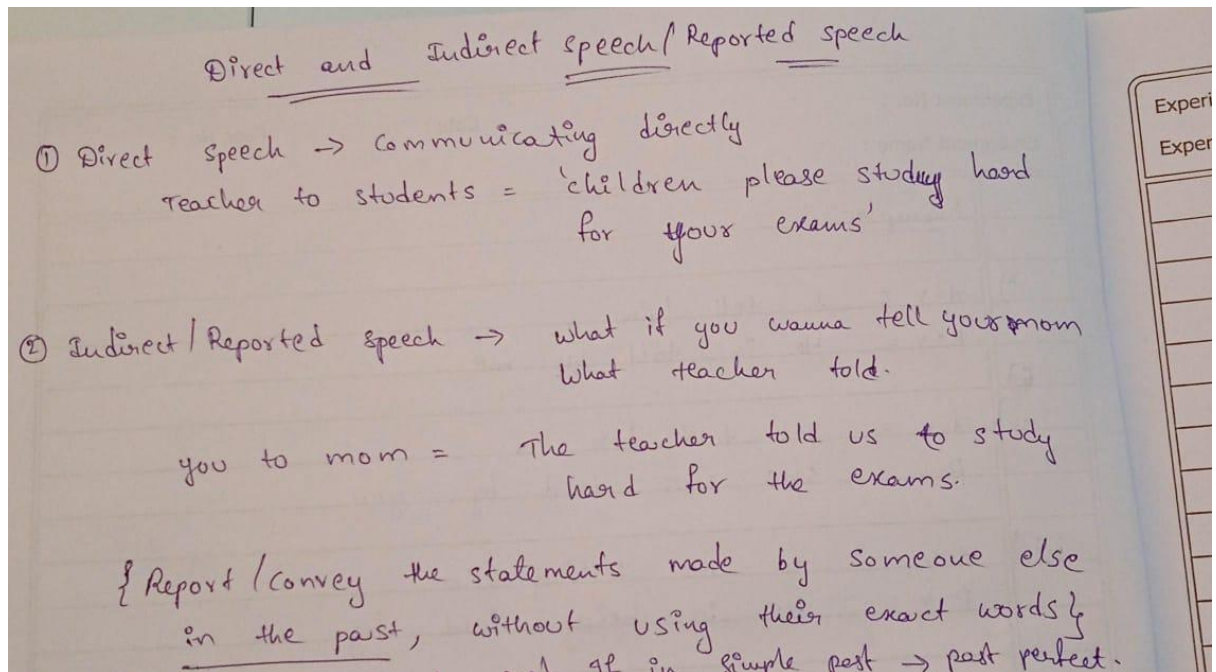
v) A.v = They have told vijay
p.v = vijay has been told by them.

(Practice links).

PRACTICE LINK:

<https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/change-of-voice/>

DIRECT AND INDIRECT/ REPORTED SPEECH



PRACTICE LINK:

<https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/change-of-speech/>

VOCABULARY:

PRACTICE LINKS:

- 1) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/antonyms/>
- 2) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/synonyms/>
- 3) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/one-word-substitutes/>
- 4) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/idioms-and-phrases/>
- 5) <https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/verbal-analogies/>

FINAL:

<https://www.indiabix.com/verbal-ability/questions-and-answers/>