





# There are special HTML elements for getting and handling user input



### **Key Form Elements**

<input type="...">

The "type" attribute controls which type of input will be shown (e.g. single line text input, number input, email address input, ...)

<textarea>

A multi-line text input field

<select>

A dropdown multiple-choice or multi-select input

<button>

A button to reset or submit the form



## <input type="...">: Different Input Types

The Default!

<input type="text">

A single-line text input field.

<input type="email">

An input field optimized for email input (e.g. by showing an optimized keyboard on mobile phones)

<input type="number">

Optimized for number (with or without decimals) input

<input type="password">

A password input field where the entered characters are hidden

<input type="date">

An input field where the browser opens a date picker overlay



# <input type="...">: Different Input Types

<input type="radio">

A radio button: Can be used to present multiple options where only one option can be selected simultaneously

<input type="checkbox">

A checkbox button: Can be used to present a "toggle" (yes / no) option to the visitor (e.g. "Agree to terms")

<input type="file">

A file picker: Allows the user to pick a file (e.g. for image upload)

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More input types are available, not all are supported in all browsers though (e.g. see MDN reference)



### Browser-Side (Client-Side) Input Validation

Website users should typically not submit invalid or empty forms

Different input fields often require different validation rules

e.g. a valid email address requires a "@" symbol in the entered input text



Built-in and customizable validation rules (via HTML attributes)