

5)  
a)

$$\sigma_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_0 = I = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad \det(Q) = 4i \neq 0$$

Wegen es L.T

b)  $\langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_1 \rangle, \langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_2 \rangle, \langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_3 \rangle$   
 $\langle \sigma_1 | \sigma_2 \rangle, \langle \sigma_1 | \sigma_3 \rangle, \langle \sigma_2 | \sigma_3 \rangle$

sea  $\langle a | b \rangle = \text{Tr}(CA^\dagger B)$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_1 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_2 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_0 | \sigma_3 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_1 | \sigma_2 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} i & 0 \\ 0 & -i \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_1 | \sigma_3 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\bullet \langle \sigma_2 | \sigma_3 \rangle = \text{Tr} \left( \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

Luego  $\sigma_0, \sigma_1, \sigma_2, \sigma_3$  son ortogonales entre  
si.