assignment12

June 5, 2021

```
[1]: from keras.datasets import mnist
     from keras.models import Model
     import keras
     from keras import layers
     from keras import backend as K
     from keras.models import Model
     #from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
     import tensorflow.compat.v1.keras.backend as K
     import tensorflow as tf
     tf.compat.v1.disable_eager_execution()
     from pathlib import Path
[2]: results_dir = Path('results').joinpath('vae')
     results_dir.mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
[3]: import numpy as np
     img_shape = (28, 28, 1)
     batch_size = 16
     latent dim = 2
     input_img = keras.Input(shape=img_shape)
     x = layers.Conv2D(32, 3,
     padding='same', activation='relu')(input_img)
     x = layers.Conv2D(64, 3,
     padding='same', activation='relu',
     strides=(2, 2))(x)
     x = layers.Conv2D(64, 3,padding='same', activation='relu')(x)
     x = layers.Conv2D(64, 3,padding='same', activation='relu')(x)
     shape_before_flattening = K.int_shape(x)
     x = layers.Flatten()(x)
     x = layers.Dense(32, activation='relu')(x)
     z_mean = layers.Dense(latent_dim)(x)
     z_log_var = layers.Dense(latent_dim)(x)
[4]: def sampling(args):
         z_mean, z_log_var = args
         epsilon = K.random_normal(shape=(K.shape(z_mean)[0], latent_dim),
         mean=0., stddev=1.)
```

```
class CustomVariationalLayer(keras.layers.Layer):
    def vae_loss(self, x, z_decoded):
        x = K.flatten(x)
        z_decoded = K.flatten(z_decoded)
        xent_loss = keras.metrics.binary_crossentropy(x, z_decoded)
        kl_loss = -5e-4 * K.mean(
        1 + z_log_var - K.square(z_mean) - K.exp(z_log_var), axis=-1)
        return K.mean(xent_loss + kl_loss)
    def call(self, inputs):
        x = inputs[0]
        z_decoded = inputs[1]
        loss = self.vae_loss(x, z_decoded)
        self.add_loss(loss, inputs=inputs)
        return x
```

[6]: y = CustomVariationalLayer()([input_img, z_decoded])

WARNING:tensorflow:Output custom_variational_layer missing from loss dictionary. We assume this was done on purpose. The fit and evaluate APIs will not be expecting any data to be passed to custom_variational_layer.

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape		Connected to
input_1 (InputLayer)	[(None, 28, 28, 1)]	0	
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 32)	320	input_1[0][0]
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	18496	conv2d[0][0]
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	36928	conv2d_1[0][0]
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)		
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 12544)	0	conv2d_3[0][0]
dense (Dense)	(None, 32)		flatten[0][0]
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 2)		dense[0][0]
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 2)	66	dense[0][0]
lambda (Lambda)	(None, 2)	0	dense_1[0][0] dense_2[0][0]
model (Functional)	(None, 28, 28, 1)		
custom_variational_layer (Custo	(None, 28, 28, 1)	0	input_1[0][0] model[0][0]
	=======================================	========	==========

Total params: 550,629

```
Trainable params: 550,629
   Non-trainable params: 0
   Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
   Epoch 1/10
   /opt/conda/lib/python3.8/site-
   packages/tensorflow/python/keras/engine/training.py:2325: UserWarning:
   `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should
   not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
     warnings.warn('`Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. '
   60000/60000 [============= ] - 88s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.2200 -
   val_loss: 0.1966
   Epoch 2/10
   60000/60000 [============ ] - 86s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1928 -
   val_loss: 0.1905
   Epoch 3/10
   60000/60000 [============ ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1881 -
   val loss: 0.1880
   Epoch 4/10
   val_loss: 0.1862
   Epoch 5/10
   60000/60000 [============ ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1841 -
   val_loss: 0.1830
   Epoch 6/10
   60000/60000 [============= ] - 86s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1829 -
   val_loss: 0.1819
   Epoch 7/10
   60000/60000 [============= ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1821 -
   val_loss: 0.1813
   Epoch 8/10
   60000/60000 [============= ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1812 -
   val loss: 0.1817
   Epoch 9/10
   60000/60000 [============== ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1806 -
   val_loss: 0.1827
   Epoch 10/10
   60000/60000 [============= ] - 85s 1ms/sample - loss: 0.1801 -
   val_loss: 0.1799
[7]: <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f6c10f2f880>
[8]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from scipy.stats import norm
```

```
n = 15
digit size = 28
figure = np.zeros((digit_size * n, digit_size * n))
grid_x = norm.ppf(np.linspace(0.05, 0.95, n))
grid_y = norm.ppf(np.linspace(0.05, 0.95, n))
for i, yi in enumerate(grid_x):
   for j, xi in enumerate(grid_y):
       z_sample = np.array([[xi, yi]])
        z_sample = np.tile(z_sample, batch_size).reshape(batch_size, 2)
       x_decoded = decoder.predict(z_sample, batch_size=batch_size)
       digit = x_decoded[0].reshape(digit_size, digit_size)
       figure[i * digit_size: (i + 1) * digit_size,
        j * digit_size: (j + 1) * digit_size] = digit
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.imshow(figure, cmap='Greys_r')
img_file = results_dir.joinpath('Assignment_12_15x15_Grid.png')
plt.savefig(img_file)
plt.show()
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.8/site-

packages/tensorflow/python/keras/engine/training.py:2325: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically. warnings.warn('`Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. '

