Homework A

Accessing the NYPL new catalog

We can access the new NYPL catalog which defines the searches very explicitly just to increase the efficiency of the website in searching of a particular book with multiple options. Accessing the new catalog would make the search easier for the user who visits the website for the first time very user friendly and easy to navigate. The new catalog have Advanced Search options which can reduce the filtering of the books based on 'Location', 'Year', 'Language', and also searching with 'Title', 'Author', 'Keyword' relating them through Boolean options like 'AND', 'OR', 'NOT'. The advanced search would be very helpful for the people who are beginners for this website. For searching a particular book from a large set of books by an author could be reduced by defining more options for it, to reduce the search result and obtain the desired result. It has many options which will retrieve the outputs with efficiency and the time consumed for searching a particular book with many constraints will be lessened.

Did the purchasers of the new catalog get a good product?

The purchasers who visits the new catalog for books would get a good option by filtering it through many options and reducing the results from top-to-bottom search. Yes, the purchasers would get a good product from the new catalog.

INITIAL REPORT

Test Plan

In New York public library, we have many books to find at the local libraries and read them. Here, we have two websites in order to access the websites. They are as follows:

http://catalog.nypl.org/

http://browse.nypl.org/iii/encore/?lang=eng

The purposes of the above 2 websites are the same, with few minor changes in the new website, by adding 'advanced search'.

We have considered the two websites and performed manual test cases and automation test cases with specific requirements. The test cases which we performed on http://catalog.nypl.org/ are related to basic search of books based on their "Title", "Subject", "Author", "ISBN", "Call Number", "Keyword", "Journal Title", "Genre". We have performed manual testing and automatic testing using selenium in Python. For every test case we will get the outputs in the chrome browser.

This search in catalog page is user friendly and also very basic in getting the outputs. The user cannot filter the test result more further to make it more precise about the selection of any book of the user's choice. We have written the test cases in such a way that, the search of the books would happen one after the other consecutively. The search of any book which is made by an advanced search would improve the efficiency of the website when compared to the other website which supports only basic search.

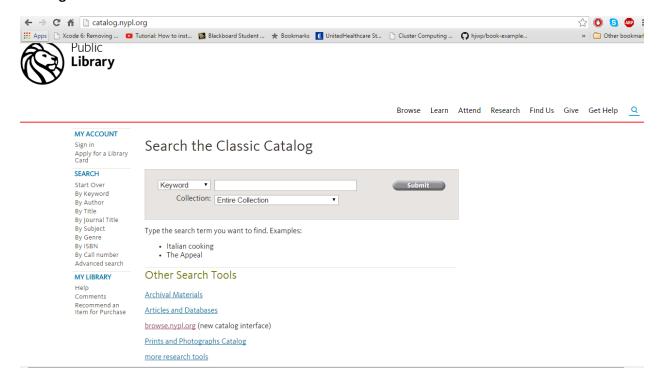
Filtering the results would give the output which could be the desired one. Anyone who visits the web site for the first time, would have a tour over the site and then searches for the books by *title*, *author*, *ISBN*, *journal title*, *genre*, *call number*, *keyword*, *author*. The searches would refine the outputs and the searches in one website would be same or different from the other site which really doesn't rely on anything.

For suppose, if we search for a book based on a 'Title' in http://catalog.nypl.org/ and searching for the same 'Title' in http://browse.nypl.org/iii/encore/?lang=eng. Then the searches need not be same in both the websites. They can be either same or different outputs.

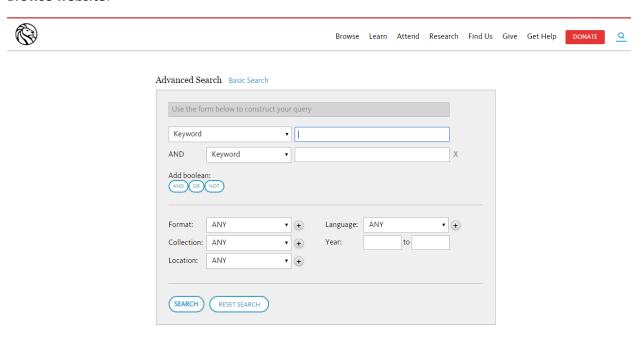
Similarly, we have written 3 test cases which compares the two websites based on 'Title', 'Author', 'Keyword' searches. We compare the searches in the 2 websites by implementing these. The comparisons of two websites are demonstrated clearly with outputs and code.

The two websites are shown as below:

Catalog Website:



Browse website:



Test Methodology

Software testing methodology deals with the practical ideas and proven practices which help in efficient software project management. The software testing methodologies are discussed below:

- a) Waterfall model
- b) Iterative development
- c) Agile methodology
- d) Extreme programming

Test methodology is describing the strategy for testing. When planning your methodology, consider:

- Where will the testing takes place?
- Who will perform the tests?
- How will you communicate with and involve participants?
- How will you schedule the testing?
- How will you manage application problems?

In this scenario, the testing is taking place on a couple of websites namely

http://catalog.nypl.org/

http://browse.nypl.org/iii/encore/?lang=eng

The tests are performed by the testers in the organization. This will be performed by the people who knowledge on selenium testing tool, python language in order the write automation test cases.

The users will be communication with the sites directly for checking the books and other resources.

The testing would be scheduled after all the requirements are developed of the website, it is also before the deployment of the websites in the development.

Prototype of a test

Prototyping tools and testing is one of the way to see and test your website before we spend long nights coding and programming. Although the website design process and mockup tools tends to be relatively fluid, the prototyping phase typically focuses on:

- Visual layout
- Interface element design
- Logical flow
- Behavior

CONCLUSION REPORT

Automation Test Cases:

We have implemented automation test cases on two websites with requirements tested on the sites.

Initially the tested site is: http://catalog.nypl.org/

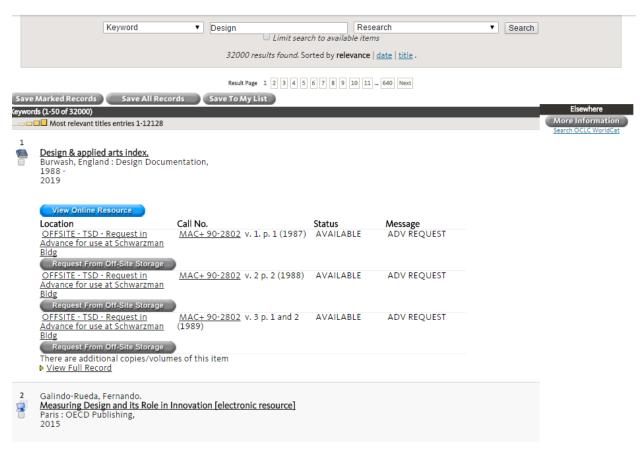
We have implemented Searches using keyword, title, journal title, author, ISBN, call number, subject, and genre.

Output:

```
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python catalog.py

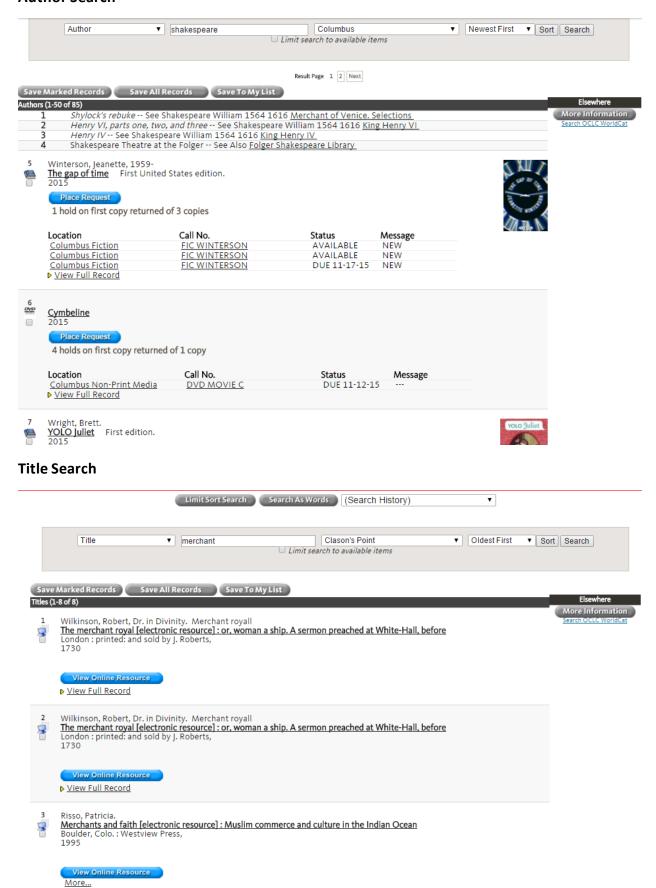
Successfully executed the Automatic test cases for:
1) Keyword Search
2) Author Search
3) Title Search
4) Journal Title Search
5) Subject Search
6) Genre Search
7) ISBN Search
8) Call Number Search
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ |
```

Keyword Search

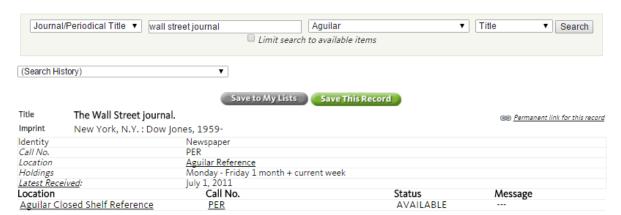


Author Search

View Full Record



Journal Search



DETAILS

Eastern ed. Edition v.: ill.; 58 cm. Description

Daily (except Saturday, Sunday, general legal holidays) Current Frequency

Publication Date Vol. 153, no. 32 (Feb. 16, 1959)-

Some issues for <Oct. 25, 1991-> have slight subregional differences in content. Note

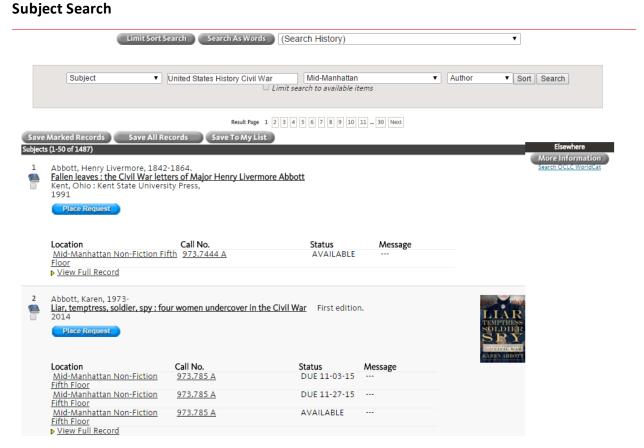
National newspaper index 1979-Indexed In:

Art and archaeology technical abstracts 0004-2994

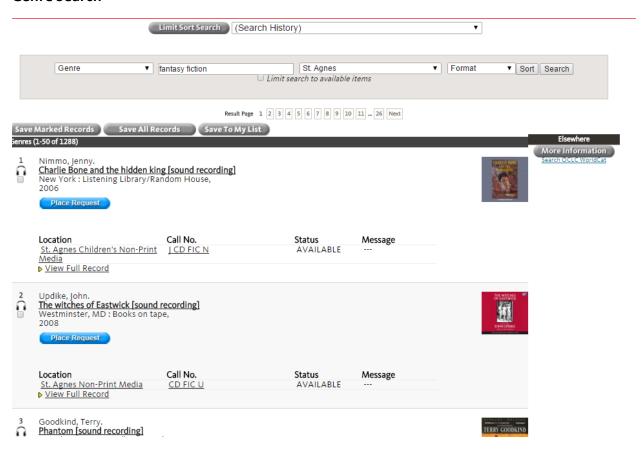
BioBusiness 1987-

Book review index 0524-0581 Chemical industry notes 0045-639X Energy information abstracts 0147-6521 Environment abstracts 0093-3287

Infobank Jan. 1969-



Genre Search



ISBN Number Search



Description xv, 261 p.: ill.; 25 cm.

Bibliography Includes bibliographical references (p. 255-257) and index.

Subject <u>Computer software -- Testing.</u>

Computer software -- Development.

Added Author McLeod, Raymond.
LCCN 2007001282

9780471793717 (cloth)

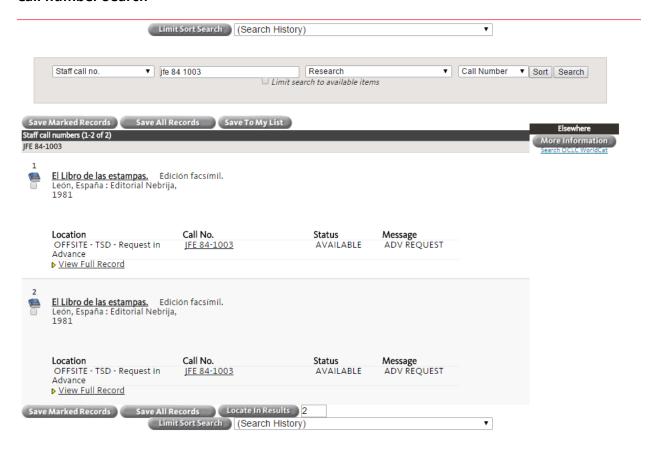
047179371X (cloth)

 Call No.
 JSE 07-859

 Research Call Number
 JSE 07-859

ISBN

Call number Search



The second site which is tested is http://browse.nypl.org/iii/encore/?lang=eng

The test cases we have implemented here are:

We have implemented Searches using keyword, title, author, ISBN, Research number

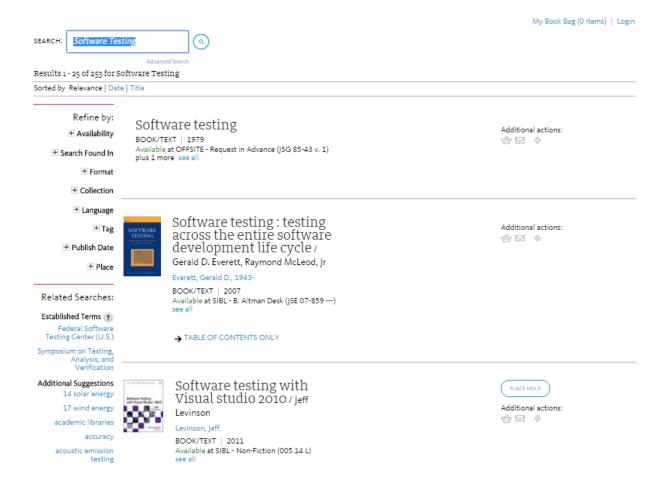
Output:

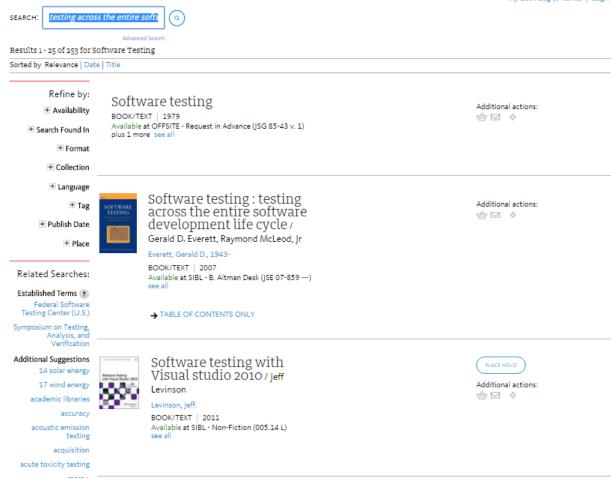
```
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python Basicsearch.py

Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python Basicsearch.py

Successfully executed the Automatic test cases for:
1) Keyword Search
2) Title Search
3) ISBN Search
4) Author Search
5) Research number Search
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ |
```

Keyword Search

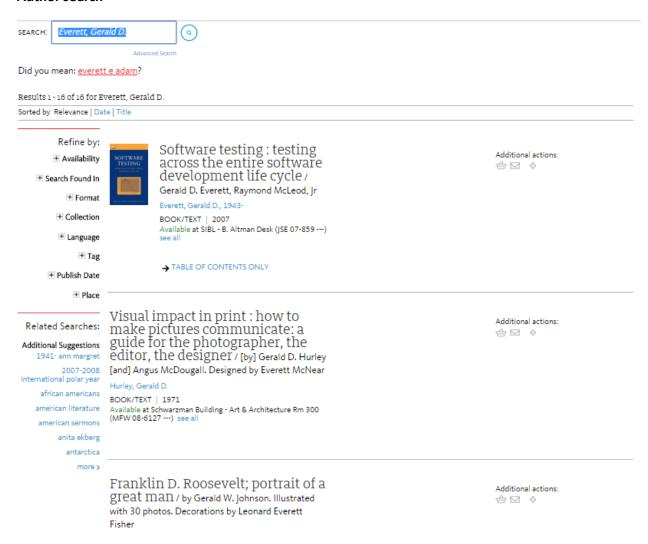




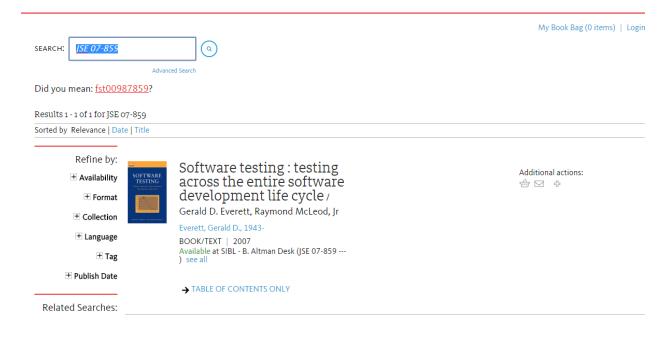
ISBN search



Author search



Research search

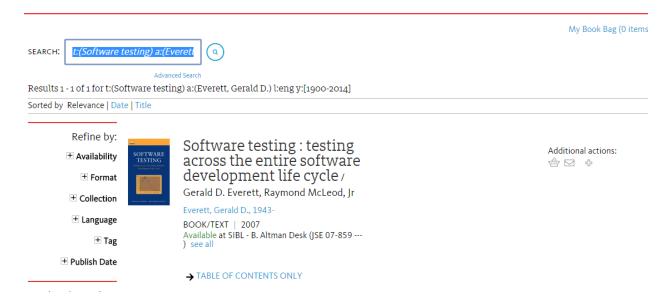


Advanced Search with AND boolean value

Output:

```
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python AdvancedAnd.py
Successfully implemented Advanced Search with using AND boolean value
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ |
```

Advanced Search with title AND author



Email subscription:

Output:

```
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python Email.py
Successfully tested email Subscription
 Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
```

Email subscription with a test email id

The New York Public Library will be closed on November 11 in observance of Veterans Day.



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recommendations, library events, fun facts, and cool images.

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ASK&NYPL>

FROM OUR BLOGS

NaNoWriMo@MML Week 1: So

Far, So... Okay

Week one of National Novel Writing Month is officially underway! We're just getting into the swing of things. Our <u>READ MORE</u>)

Comparing the two websites by searching in 2 sites

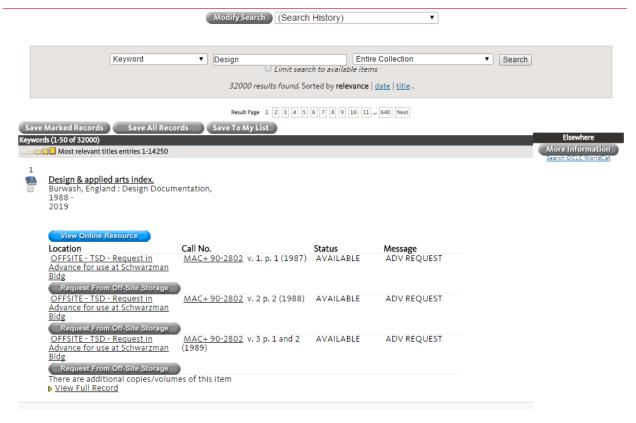
Output:

```
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ python Comparecatalog.py
Successfully compared the two websites by searching common searches in both sites and viewing the outputs
Santosh@Santo MINGW64 ~/Desktop/HomeWork A
$ |
```

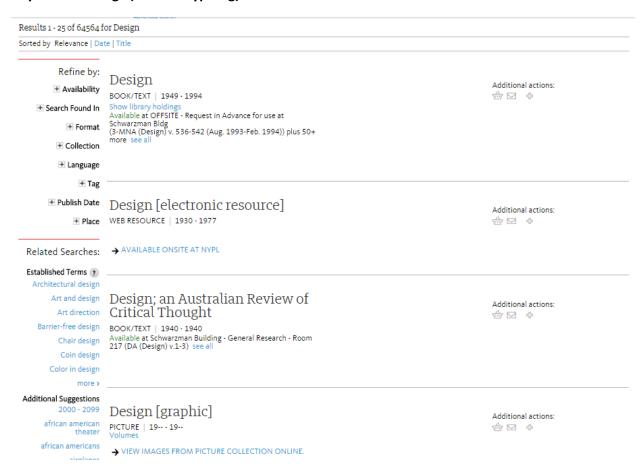
The below are the screenshots of the web-browsers comparing the two web-sites outputs with the same searches.

Comparing the outputs of the two web-sites are shown below:

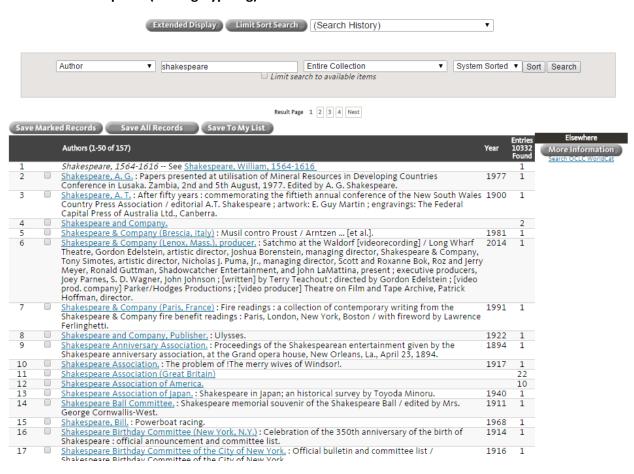
Keyword as Design (catalog.nypl.org)



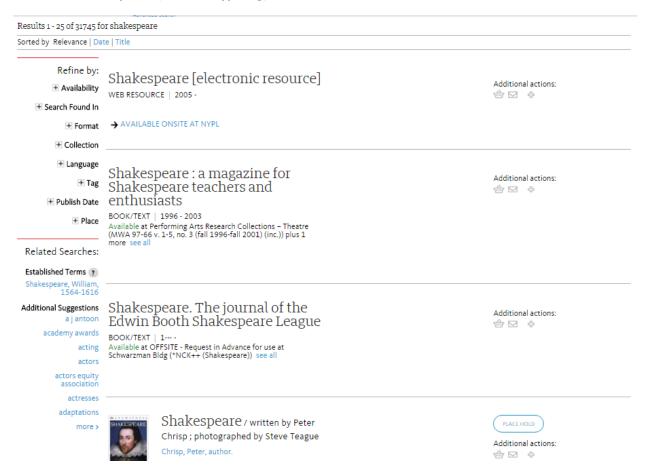
Keyword as Design (browse.nypl.org)



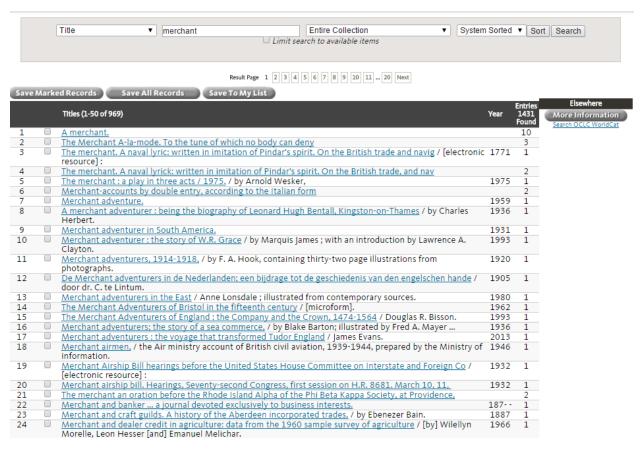
Author as Shakespeare (catalog.nypl.org)



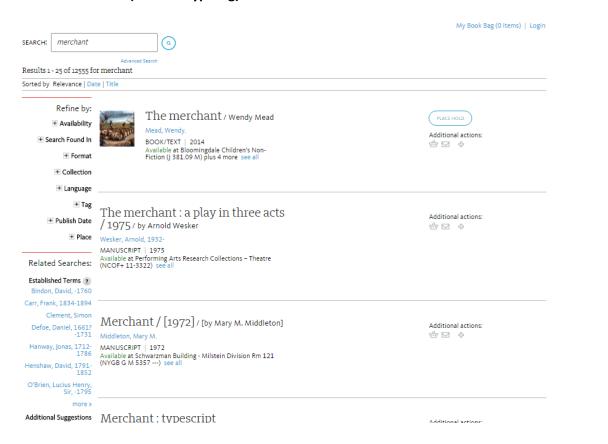
Author as Shakespeare (browse.nypl.org)



Title as Merchant (catalog.nypl.org)



Title as Merchant (browse.nypl.org)



Conclusion:

In my view, I feel the new catalog is better than the old web-site. The new site has many options to refine the search results. The efficiency of the new catalog is more when compared to old website. The time taken for seaching any search in the new catalog is taking less amount of time when compared to the time taking for searching to search any item in the old catalog.