### **Data Analytics**

### Mini Project 1 - Report

[Group - 8]

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### Team

Name	Student ID	Role	
Jitendra Singh	201452005	R Programming, Solved Q2	
Anshul Dawar	201452059	Solved Q1 - Report	
Prem Chand Saini	201452019	Formalization of Q1	
Aarush Anand	201452028	Formalization of Q1	
Ravi Kumar Patel	201452056	Solved Q2 - Report	
N Santosh	201451063	R Programming	
Rajat Dangi	201451038	Formalization of Q1 - Report	
Ankit Kumar	201451065	Formalization of Q1 -Report	
Prasad Prakash Wajekar	201451002	Report	

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### 1. Abstract

In this report, we are presenting the work done by our group as part of the 1st mini project. We followed an holistic approach in order to answer the question number one and the other part completely relied on the **R** programming. The data given in demon.csv represents sample of people's opinion on the demonetization along with the other details like gender, state, income, and area of residence. Looking at the data, we constructed a number of questions and analyzed them by plotting. In the later section, we calculated the parameters of gamma distribution of the Income.

### 2. Introduction

In Data Analytics, our job is to find trends in the given data. In order to solve the section-1, we formalized a number of questions with a sense of making queries over the dataset and then analysed it by plotting them in Rstudio.

All the questions along with the solution program and plot are given in the next section. In section-2, we took only one variable 'monthly.income' from the dataset 'Demon.csv' and drawn the observations from the Gamma distribution. Accordingly, we calculated the gamma parameter and validated the assumption, which can be found in the section 4 of this report.

### 3. Extracted Information from Dataset [Q1]

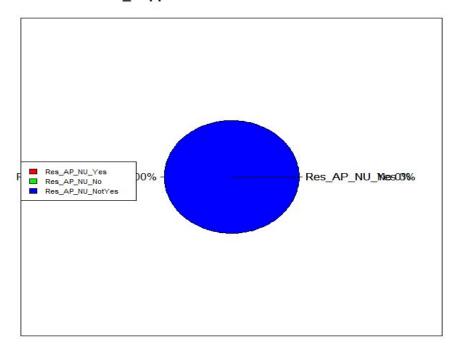
### Q1. How are many people from Andhra Pradesh from rural areas supports Demonetisation?

#### Code

1. library (plotly)

```
2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
3. attach(orig.data)
4.p4 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
  Urban=="FALSE" & Demonitisation=="Yes")
5. p5 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
  Urban=="FALSE" & Demonitisation=="No")
6.p6 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
  Urban=="FALSE" & Demonitisation=="not Yes")
7.
8. x1 < -c(p4, p5, p6)
9. lbles <-
  c("Res AP NU Yes", "Res AP NU No", "Res AP NU NotYes")
10. pct <- round(x1/sum(x1)*100)
11. lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
12. lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep="")
13. pie(x1, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)),
14.
         main="AP Support of Demon form NonUrban", radius = 4)
15. legend("topleft",
  c("Res_AP_NU_Yes", "Res_AP_NU_No", "Res_AP_NU_NotYes"), cex =
  0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x1)))
16.
17. box()
```

#### AP\_Support of Demon form NonUrban



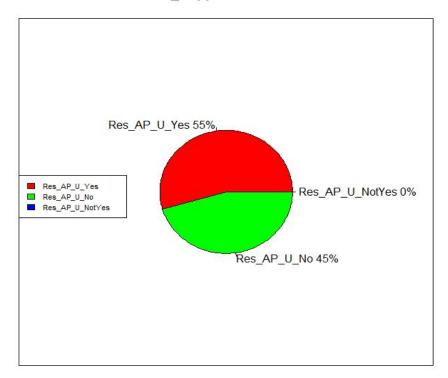
### Q2. How are many people from Andhra Pradesh from urban areas supports Demonetisation?

### Code

```
1. p1 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
    Urban=="TRUE" & Demonitisation=="Yes")
2.
3. > p2 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
    Urban=="TRUE" & Demonitisation=="No")
4.
5. > p3 <- sum(orig.data$Residence=="Andhra Pradesh" &
    Urban=="TRUE" & Demonitisation=="not Yes")
6.
7. > x1 <- c(p1,p2,p3)</pre>
```

```
8.
9. > lbles <-
  c("Res AP U Yes", "Res AP U No", "Res AP U NotYes")
10.
11. > pct <- round(x1/sum(x1)*100)
12.
13. > lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
14.
15. > lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep="")</pre>
16.
17. > pie(x1, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)),
18. + main="AP_Support of Demon", radius = 4)
19.
20. > legend("topleft",
  c("Res_AP_U_Yes", "Res_AP_U_No", "Res_AP_U_NotYes"), cex =
  0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x1)))
21.
22. > box()
```

#### AP\_Support of Demon

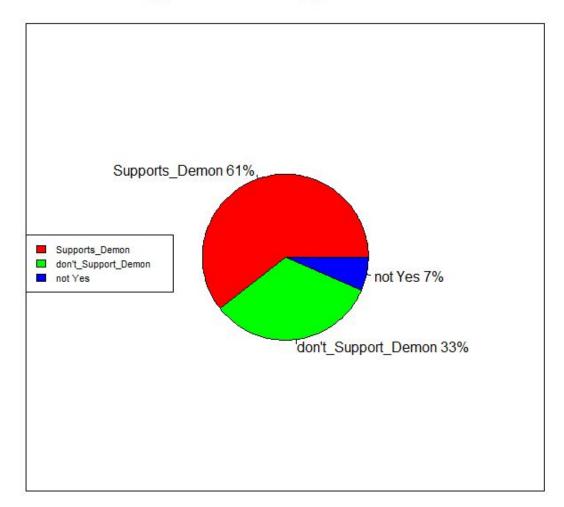


## Q3. How many people supports Demonetisation and how many people do not support Demonetisation?

- 1. library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
- 3. attach (orig.data)
- 4. p1 <- sum(orig.data\$Demonitisation=="Yes")</pre>
- 5. p2 <- sum(orig.data\$Demonitisation=="No")</pre>
- 6. p3 <- sum(orig.data\$Demonitisation=="not Yes")</pre>
- 7. x < c(p1, p2, p3)
- 8. lbles <- c("Supports\_Demon", "don't\_Support\_Demon", "not
  Yes")</pre>
- 9. pct < round (x/sum(x)\*100)
- 10. lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
- 11. lbls <- paste(lbls, "%", sep="")
- 12. pie(x,labels = lbls,col=rainbow(length(lbls)),main = "Who
  Supports and Not Supports Demonitisaion",radius = 4

```
13. )
14. legend("topleft",
    c("Supports_Demon", "don't_Support_Demon", "not Yes"), cex =
    0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
16. box()
```

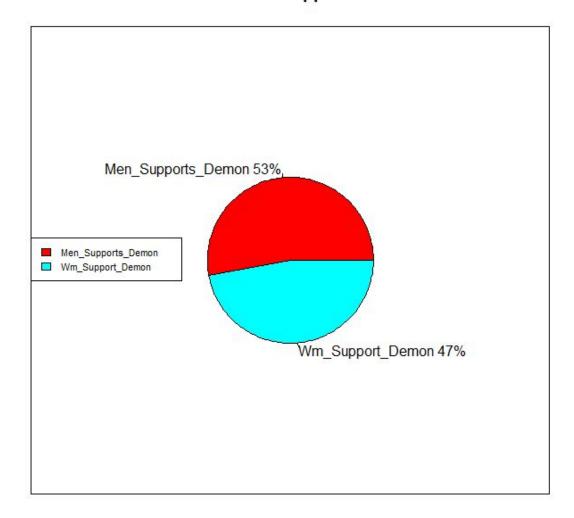
### Who Supports and Not Supports Demonitisaion



### Q4. How many men and women support the Demonetisation?

```
1. library(plotly)
2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
3. attach(orig.data)
4. p1 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" & sex=="M")</pre>
5. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" & sex=="F")</pre>
6.
7. x < -c(p1, p2)
8. lbles <- c("Men Supports Demon","Wm_Support_Demon")</pre>
9. pct <- round (x/sum(x)*100)
10. lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
11. lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep="")</pre>
12. pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main = "men
  and women Who Supports Demonitisaion", radius = 4
13. )
14. legend("topleft",
  c("Men Supports Demon", "Wm Support Demon"), cex = 0.7, fill
  = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
16. box()
```

### men and women Who Supports Demonitisaion

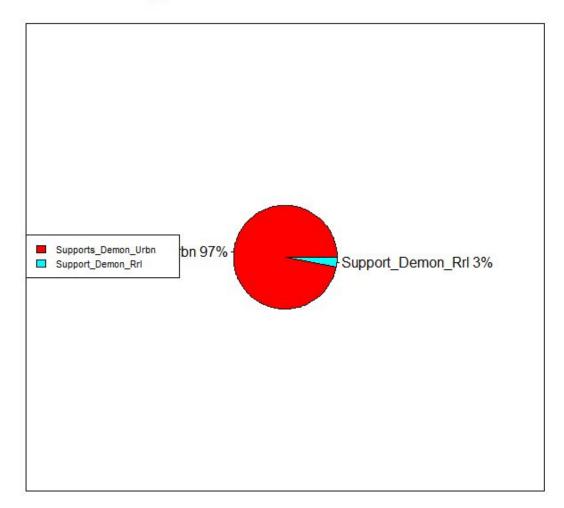


Q5. How many people supporting Demonetisation are belongs to urban area and How many people supporting Demonetisation are belongs to rural area?

- 1. library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
- 3. attach(orig.data)

```
4.p1 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" & Urban=="TRUE")
5. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" & Urban=="FALSE")</pre>
6.
7. x < -c(p1, p2)
8. lbles <- c("Supports Demon Urbn", "Support Demon Rrl")</pre>
9. pct <- round(x/sum(x) *100)
10. lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
11. lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep="")</pre>
12. pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main = "Who
  Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn", radius = 2.5
13. )
14. legend("topleft",
  c("Supports Demon Urbn", "Support Demon Rrl"), cex =
  0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
16. box()
17.
```

### Who Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn

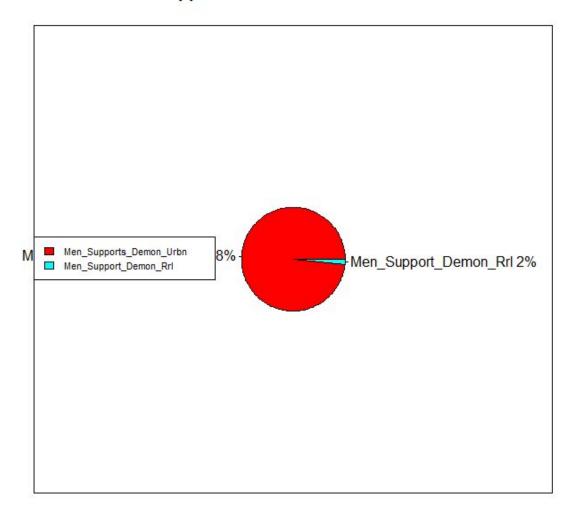


# Q6. How many men supporting Demonetisation are belongs to urban area? How many men supporting Demonetisation are belongs to rural area?

- library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
- 3. attach(orig.data)
- 4. p1 <- sum(orig.data\$Demonitisation=="Yes" & Urban=="TRUE"
   &sex=="M")</pre>

```
5. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" &</pre>
  Urban=="FALSE"&sex=="M")
6.
7. x < -c(p1, p2)
8. lbles <-
  c("Men_Supports_Demon_Urbn","Men_Support_Demon_Rrl")
9. pct <- round (x/sum(x)*100)
10.lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
11.lbls <- paste(lbls, "%", sep="")
12.pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main = "men
  Who Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn", radius = 2.5
13.)
14.legend("topleft",
  c("Men_Supports_Demon_Urbn", "Men_Support_Demon_Rrl"), cex =
  0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
16.box()
17.
```

### men Who Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn

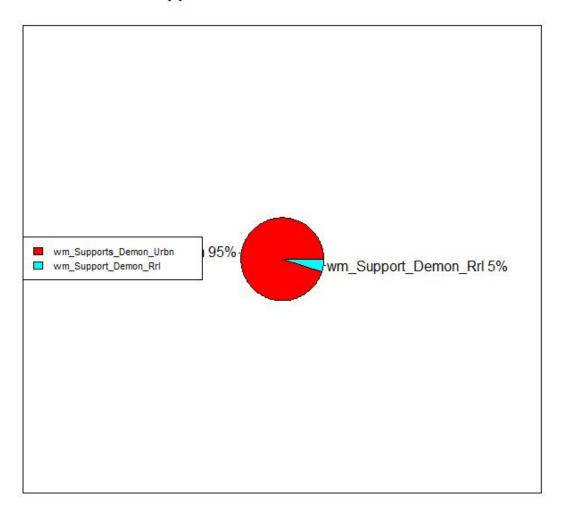


# Q7. How many women supporting Demonetisation are belongs to urban area? How many women supporting Demonetisation are belongs to rural area?

- 1. library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
- 3. attach(orig.data)

```
4. p1 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" & Urban=="TRUE"
  &sex=="F")
5. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes" &</pre>
  Urban=="FALSE"&sex=="F")
6.
7. x < -c(p1, p2)
8. lbles <-
  c("Women Supports Demon Urbn", "Women Support Demon Rrl")
9. pct <- round (x/sum(x)*100)
10.lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
11.1bls <- paste(lbls, "%", sep="")
12.pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main = "women
  Who Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn", radius = 2.5
13.)
14.legend("topleft",
  c("Women Supports Demon Urbn", "Women Support Demon Rrl"),
  cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
```

### men Who Supports Demonitisaion frm rural and urbn

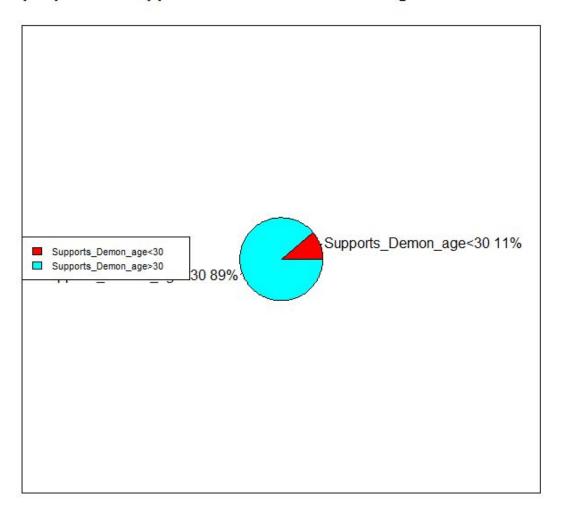


# Q8. How many people supporting Demonetisation are older than 30 years? How many supporting Demonetisation are younger than 30 years?

- library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
- 3. attach(orig.data)
- 4. p1 <- sum(orig.data\$Demonitisation=="Yes"&age<30)</pre>

```
5. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes"&age>30)
6.
7. x < -c(p1, p2)
8. lbles <- c("Supports Demon age<30", "Supports Demon age>30")
9. pct <- round(x/sum(x)*100)
10.lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
11.1bls <- paste(lbls, "%", sep="")
12.pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main =
  "people Who Supports Demonitisaion whose age is >30 and
  <30", radius = 2
13.)
14.legend("topleft",
  c("Supports_Demon_age<30", "Supports_Demon_age>30"), cex =
  0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
15.
16.box()
```

### people Who Supports Demonitisaion whose age is >30 and <30

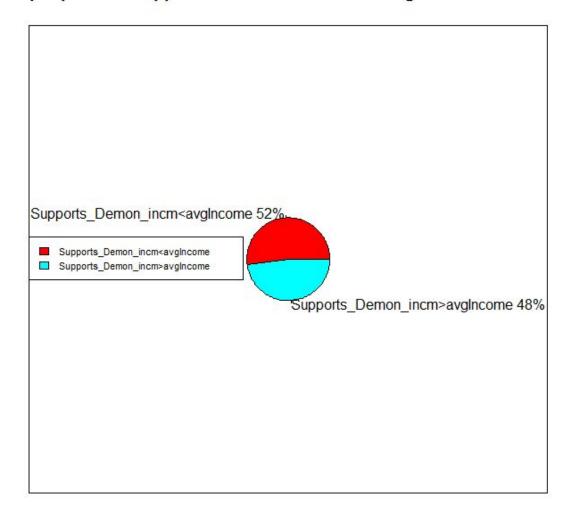


Q9. How many people are support Demonetisation whose income is greater than average income and less than average income?

1. library(plotly)

```
2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>
3. attach(orig.data)
4.
5. p1 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes"&
  monthly.income<avg income)</pre>
6. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes"&</pre>
  monthly.income>avg income)
7.
8. x < -c(p1, p2)
9. lbles <-
  c("Supports Demon incm<avgIncome", "Supports_Demon_incm>avgI
  ncome")
10.pct <- round(x/sum(x)*100)
11.lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
12.lbls <- paste(lbls,"%",sep="")
13.pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main =
  "people Who Supports Demonitisaion whose income is greater
  than average income and whose income is less than average
  income, radius = 2
14.)
15.legend("topleft",
  c("Supports Demon incm<avgIncome", "Supports Demon incm>avgI
  ncome"), cex = 0.7, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
16.
17.box()
```

### people Who Supports Demonitisaion whose age is >30 and <30



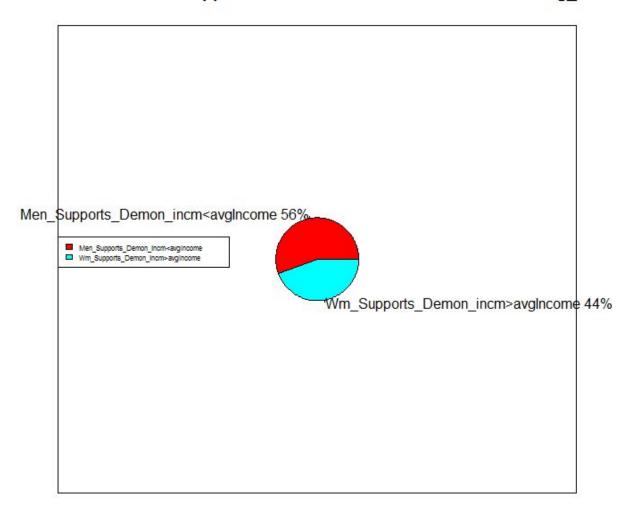
# Q10. How many men support Demonetisation? How many women support Demonetisation?

### Code

- 1. library(plotly)
- 2. orig.data <- read.csv("Demon.csv")</pre>

```
3. attach(orig.data)
4.
5. p1 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes"&</pre>
  monthly.income<avg income & sex=="M")</pre>
6. p2 <- sum(orig.data$Demonitisation=="Yes"&</pre>
  monthly.income>avg income& sex=="F")
7.
8. x < - c(p1, p2)
9. lbles <-
  c("Men Supports Demon incm<avgIncome", "Wm Supports Demon in
  cm>avgIncome")
10. pct <- round (x/sum(x)*100)
11. lbls <- paste(lbles, pct)</pre>
12. lbls <- paste(lbls, "%", sep="")
13. pie(x, labels = lbls, col=rainbow(length(lbls)), main = "Men
  and Women Who Supports Demonitisaion whose income is>
  avg income", radius = 2
14. )
15. legend("topleft",
  c("Men Supports Demon incm<avgIncome", "Wm Supports Demon in
  cm>avgIncome"), cex = 0.5, fill = rainbow(length(x)))
16.
17. box()
18.
```

### Men and Women Who Supports Demonitisaion whose income is> avg\_inco



### 4. Solution of Q2

Copy only the variable "monthly.income" from the dataset "Demon.csv". Suppose you denote the monthly income as X and assume that the observations are drawn from a Gamma distribution.

(a) Find the parameters of the gamma distribution.

Before find the parameter we find that there are some outlier so we removed the outlier because it will effect on distribution

# Remove Outlier

monthly Income <- monthlyIncome[monthlyIncome < 3e+05]

After that we find the mean and variance from the monthly Income data set

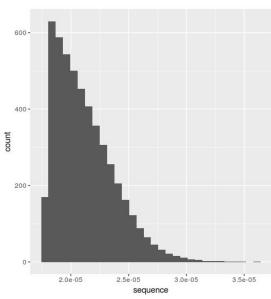
Mean =: 45101.73 Var =: 2160424771 Alpha =: 0.9415585 Beta =: 2.087633e-05

(b) For validating we plot the the histogram original value of monthly income and seq from 0 to 10000 with by 2 step

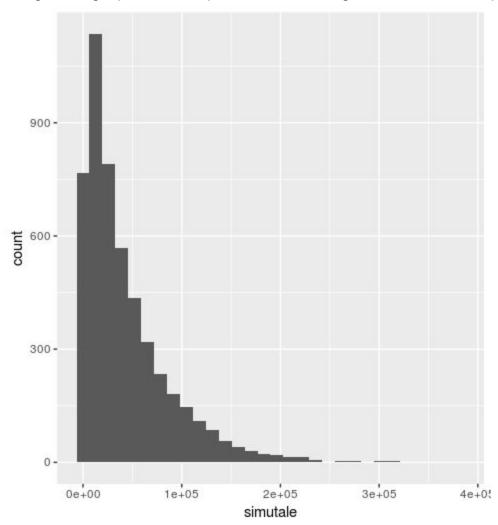
### Assumption of origin plot

# 400-1000 200-0e+00 1e+05 2e+05 3e+01 monthlylncome

### Gamma distribution plot

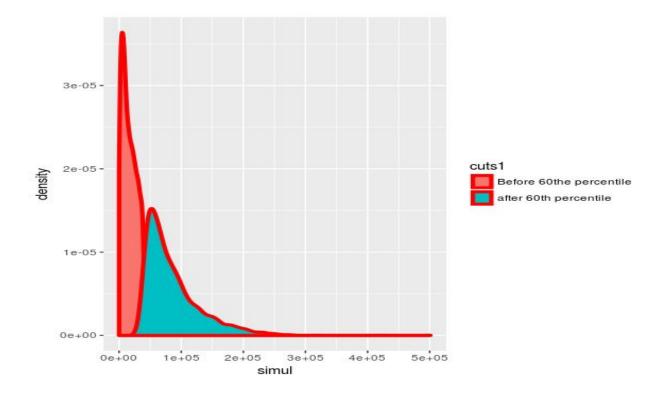


(c) Simulate (simulation size 5000) from the gamma distribution with parameter values same as in (a) and find characteristics of the estimator of 60 th percentile. Using the origin parameter alpha and beta and rgamma function and plot the graph



According the given question find the 60th percentile of simulated data So using the quantile function we find out the values

Percentile 60% =: 95012.78



### ##### Code for 2nd problem

```
#get access data from file
data <- read.csv('Demon.csv')
# getting column form demon data set
monthlyIncome <- data$monthly.income

# Remove Outlier
monthlyIncome <- monthlyIncome[monthlyIncome < 3e+05]

# find the mean
mean <- mean(monthlyIncome)

#find the verience
var <- var(monthlyIncome)
# find the standard deviosion</pre>
```

```
sd <- sqrt(var
# find the alpha
alpha <- mean^2/var
# find the beta
beta <- mean/var
######## validation
qplot(x = monthlyIncome) + geom histogram()
x1 = seq(0, 10000, by = 2)
d <- dgamma(x1, shape = alpha, rate = beta)</pre>
qplot(x=d)+geom histogram()
################### simulation ###
#Simulate (simulation size 5000) from the gamma distribution
with
#parameter values same as in (a) and find characteristics of the
estimator of
#60 th percentile.
simulation = 5000
n <- rgamma(simulations, shape =alpha, rate = beta)</pre>
qplot(x = n) + geom histogram()
perc 60 = quantile(n, 0.6)
simulation <- ggplot(data=n, aes(x=simul, y = ..density..))</pre>
+geom density(aes(fill= cuts1),col="red", lwd = 1.5)
print(perc 60)
## out put
# print(perc 60)
# 60%
# 95012.78
```