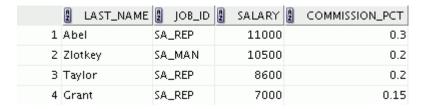
#### **Additional Practices**

These exercises can be used for extra practice after you have discussed the following topics: basic SQL SELECT statement and SQL functions.

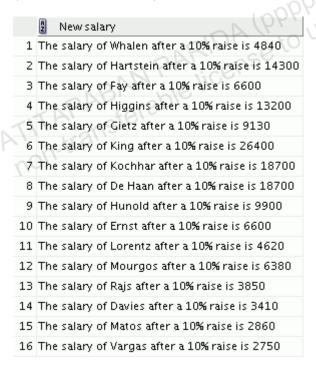
1. The HR department needs to find data for all the clerks who were hired after 1997.



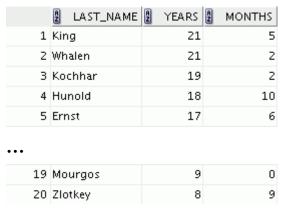
2. The HR department needs a report of employees who earn commission. Show the last name, job, salary, and commission of these employees. Sort the data by salary in descending order.



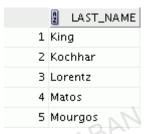
3. For budgeting purposes, the HR department needs a report on projected raises. The report should display those employees who have no commission but who have a 10% raise in salary (round off the salaries).



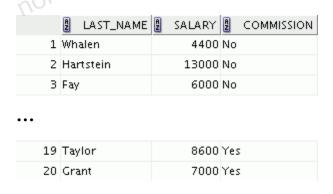
4. Create a report of employees and their duration of employment. Show the last names of all employees together with the number of years and the number of completed months that they have been employed. Order the report by the duration of their employment. The employee who has been employed the longest should appear at the top of the list.



5. Show those employees who have a last name starting with the letters J, K, L, or M.



In the letters J, 1 6. Create a report that displays all employees and indicate with the words Yes or No whether they receive a commission. Use the DECODE expression in your query.



These exercises can be used for extra practice after you have discussed the following topics: basic SQL SELECT statement, SQL functions, joins, and group functions.

7. Create a report that displays the department name, location, name, job title, and salary of those employees who work in a specific location. Prompt the user for the location. For example, if the user enters 1800, the following are the results:

	DEPARTMENT_NAME	LOCATION_ID	LAST_NAME	∄ JOB_ID	SALARY
1	Marketing	1800	Hartstein	MK_MAN	13000
2	Marketing	1800	Fay	MK_REP	6000

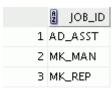
8. Find the number of employees who have a last name that ends with the letter *n*. Create two possible solutions.



9. Create a report that shows the name, location, and number of employees for each department. Make sure that the report also includes departments without employees.

	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	2 LOCATION_ID 2	COUNT(E.EMPLOYEE_ID)
1	80	Sales (OPP)	2500	3
2	110	Accounting	1700	2
3	10	Administration	1700	1
4	60	IT VICE	1400	3
5	20 AB 20	Marketing	1800	2
6	X 61090	Executive	1700	3
7	*1.5U2 20	Shipping	1500	5
0 8	190	Contracting	1700	0

10. The HR department needs to find the job titles in departments 10 and 20. Create a report to display the job IDs for those departments.

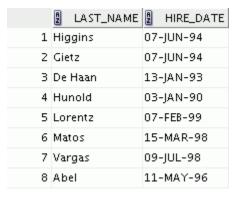


11. Create a report that displays the jobs that are found in the Administration and Executive departments. Also display the number of employees for these jobs. Show the job with the highest number of employees first.



These exercises can be used for extra practice after you have discussed the following topics: basic SQL SELECT statements, SQL functions, joins, group functions, and subqueries.

12. Show all employees who were hired in the first half of the month (before the 16th of the month).



com) has a as: last name, 13. Create a report that displays the following for all employees: last name, salary, and salary expressed in terms of thousands of dollars.

-	LAST_NAME	SALARY	
1	Whalen	4400	4
2	Hartstein	13000	(00/13
3	Fay	6000	106
4	Higgins	12000	12

4	Higgins	12000	anso	12
	APABAN STEP	able lic		
16	Vargas	2500		2
17	Zlotkey	10500		10
18	Abel	11000		11
19	Taylor	8600		8
20	Grant	7000		7

14. Show all employees who have managers with a salary higher than \$15,000. Show the following data: employee name, manager name, manager salary, and salary grade of the manager.

	LAST_NAME	MANAGER	2 SALARY	grade_level
1	Whalen	Kochhar	17000	E
2	Higgins	Kochhar	17000	E
3	Hunold	De Haan	17000	E
4	Hartstein	King	24000	E
5	Kochhar	King	24000	E
6	De Haan	King	24000	E
7	Mourgos	King	24000	E
8	Zlotkey	King	24000	E

15. Show the department number, name, number of employees, and average salary of all departments along with the names, salaries, and jobs of the employees working in each department.

	DEP	DEPARTMENT_NAME	EMPLOYEES	AVG_SAL	LAST_NAME	2 SALARY	
1	10	Administration	1	4400.00	Whalen	4400	AD_ASST
2	20	Marketing	2	9500.00	Hartstein	13000	MK_MAN
3	20	Marketing	2	9500.00	Fay	6000	MK_REP
4	50	Shipping	5	3500.00	Rajs	3500	ST_CLERK
5	50	Shipping	5	3500.00	Mourgos	5800	ST_MAN
6	50	Shipping	5	3500.00	Vargas	2500	ST_CLERK
7	50	Shipping	5	3500.00	Davies	3100	ST_CLERK
8	50	Shipping	5	3500.00	Matos	2600	ST_CLERK
9	60	IT	3	6400.00	Hunold	9000	IT_PROG
10	60	IT	3	6400.00	Lorentz	4200	IT_PROG
11	60	IT	3	6400.00	Ernst	6000	IT_PROG
12	80	Sales	3	10033.33	Taylor	8600	SA_REP
13	80	Sales	3	10033.33	Zlotkey	10500	SA_MAN
14	80	Sales	,3	10033.33	Abel	11000	SA_REP
15	90	Executive	12063	19333.33	De Haan	17000	AD_VP
16	90	Executive	ALPIS	19333.33	Kochhar	17000	AD_VP
17	90	Executive	SE 103	19333.33	King	24000	AD_PRES
18	110	Accounting	3/13 z	10150.00	Higgins	12000	AC_MGR
19	110	Executive Executive Accounting Accounting	2	10150.00	Gietz	8300	AC_ACCOUNT
20	(null)	(null)	0	No average	Grant	7000	SA_REP

16. Create a report to display the department number and the lowest salary of the department with the highest average salary.



17. Create a report that displays the departments where no sales representatives work. Include the department number, department name, and location in the output.

	A	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	A	MANAGER_ID	LOCATION_ID
1		10	Administration		200	1700
2		20	Marketing		201	1800
3		50	Shipping		124	1500
4		60	IT		103	1400
5		90	Executive		100	1700
6		110	Accounting		205	1700
7		190	Contracting		(null)	1700

- 18. Create the following statistical reports for the HR department: Include the department number, department name, and the number of employees working in each department that:
  - a. Employs fewer than three employees:

	A	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME	COUNT(*)
1		10	Administration	1
2		110	Accounting	2
3		20	Marketing	2

b. Has the highest number of employees:



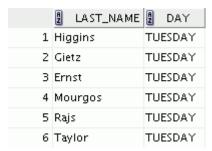
c. Has the lowest number of employees:



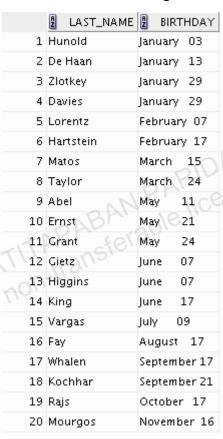
Symail com) has a grander Guide. e, salary 19. Create a report that displays the employee number, last name, salary, department number, and the average salary in their departments for all employees.

	EMPLOYEE_ID	LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	SALARY	AVG(S.SALARY)
1	149	Zlotkey	80	10500	10033.33333333333333333333
2	174	Abel	80	11000	10033.33333333333333333333
3	144	Vargas	50	2500	3500
4	205	Higgins	110	12000	10150
5	5100	King	90	24000	19333.33333333333333333333
6	101	Kochhar	90	17000	19333.3333333333333333333
7	103	Hunold	60	9000	6400
8	142	Davies	50	3100	3500
9	104	Ernst	60	6000	6400
10	143	Matos	50	2600	3500
11	200	Whalen	10	4400	4400
12	202	Fay	20	6000	9500
13	102	De Haan	90	17000	19333.3333333333333333333
14	107	Lorentz	60	4200	6400
15	141	Rajs	50	3500	3500
16	201	Hartstein	20	13000	9500
17	206	Gietz	110	8300	10150
18	176	Taylor	80	8600	10033.333333333333333333333
19	124	Mourgos	50	5800	3500

20. Show all employees who were hired on the day of the week on which the highest number of employees were hired.



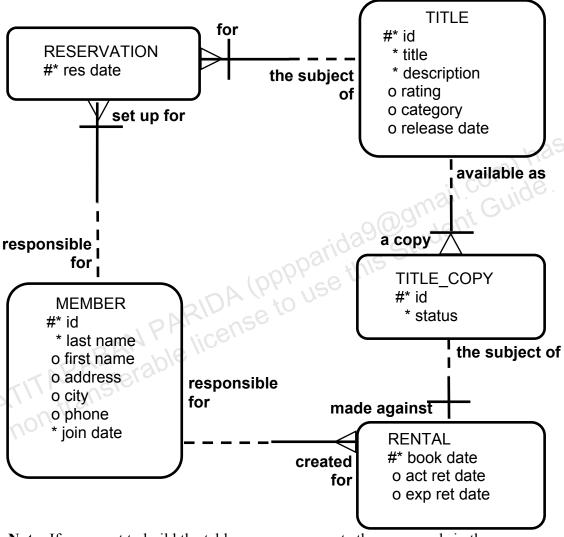
17 A (PPPP) arida 9@gmail.com) has a student Guide.
The hase to use this Student Guide. 21. Create an anniversary overview based on the hire date of the employees. Sort the anniversaries in ascending order.



### **Additional Practices: Case Study**

In this case study, you build a set of database tables for a video application. After you create the tables, you insert, update, and delete records in a video store database and generate a report. The database contains only the essential tables.

The following is a diagram of the entities and attributes for the video application:



**Note:** If you want to build the tables, you can execute the commands in the buildtab.sql script in SQL Developer. If you want to drop the tables, you can execute the commands in the dropvid.sql script in SQL Developer. Then you can execute the commands in the buildvid.sql script in SQL Developer to create and populate the tables.

- If you use the buildtab.sql script to build the tables, start with step 4.
- If you use the dropvid.sql script to remove the video tables, start with step 1.
- If you use the buildvid.sql script to build and populate the tables, start with step 6(b).

1. Create the tables based on the following table instance charts. Choose the appropriate data types and ensure that you add integrity constraints.

a. Table name: MEMBER

Column_ Name	MEMBER_ ID	LAST_ NAME	FIRST_NAME	ADDRESS	CITY	PHONE	JOIN
Key Type	PK						DATE
Null/ Unique	NN,U	NN					NN
Default Value						G	System Date
Data Type	NUMBER	VARCHAR2	VARCHAR2	VARCHAR2	VARCHAR2	VARCHAR2	DATE
Length	10	25	25	100	30	15 .	

Type						$\sim$ $\sim$	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Length	10	25	25	100	3	30 15	76.	
b. Tabl	b. Table name: TITLE							
Column_ Name	TITLE_II	TITLE	DESCRIP	TION	RATING	CATEGORY	RELEASE_ DATE	
Key Type	PK	1 Prajic	ella					
Null/ Unique	NN,U	NN	NN					
Check	11.SL12			ו	G, PG, R, NC17, NR	ACTION, CHILD, SCIFI, DOCUMEN TARY		
Data Type	NUMBER	VARCHAR	.2 VARCHAR	2	VARCHAR2	2 VARCHAR2	DATE	
Length	10	60	400	4	4	20		

c. Table name: TITLE\_COPY

Column Name	COPY_ID	TITLE_ID	STATUS
Key Type	PK	PK,FK	
Null/ Unique	NN,U	NN,U	NN
Check			AVAILABLE, DESTROYED, RENTED, RESERVED
FK Ref Table		TITLE	0.20
FK Ref Col		TITLE_ID	July Has
Data Type	NUMBER	NUMBER	VARCHAR2
Length	10	10	15

Length	10		10	:4290	15	
d. Table name: RENTAL						
Column Name	BOOK_ DATE	MEMBER_ ID	COPY_	ACT_RET_ DATE	EXP_RET_ DATE	TITLE_ ID
Key Type	PK	PK,FK1	PK,FK2			PK,FK2
Default Value	System Date				System Date + 2 days	
FK Ref Table		MEMBER	TITLE_ COPY			TITLE_ COPY
FK Ref Col		MEMBER_I D	COPY_ ID			TITLE_ID
Data Type	DATE	NUMBER	NUMBER	DATE	DATE	NUMBER
Length		10	10			10

e. Table name: RESERVATION

Column Name	RES_ DATE	MEMBER_ ID	TITLE_ ID
Key Type	PK	PK,FK1	PK,FK2
Null/ Unique	NN,U	NN,U	NN
FK Ref Table		MEMBER	TITLE
FK Ref Column		MEMBER_ID	TITLE_ID
Data Type	DATE	NUMBER	NUMBER
Length		10	10 h3

2. Verify that the tables and constraints were created properly by checking the data dictionary.

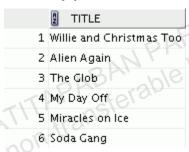
	TABLE_NAME
1	MEMBER
2	RENTAL
3	RESERVATION
4	TITLE
5	TITLE_COPY
	- 10

				mail co
Verify	that the tables and constraints we	ere	created properly	by checking the
	TABLE_NAME		ridase	Stude.
1	MEMBER		noal this	5
2	RENTAL	76	1,136 m	
3	RESERVATION			
4	TITLE			
5	TITLE_COPY \\		created properly	
. < [	CONSTRAINT_NAME	A	CONSTRAINT_TYPE	TABLE_NAME
1	MEMBER_LAST_NAME_NN	C		MEMBER
2	MEMBER_JOIN_DATE_NN	C		MEMBER
U03	MEMBER_MEMBER_ID_PK	Р		MEMBER
4	RENTAL_BOOK_DATE_COPY_TITLE_PK	Р		RENTAL
5	RENTAL_MEMBER_ID_FK	R		RENTAL
6	RENTAL_COPY_ID_TITLE_ID_FK	R		RENTAL
7	RESERVATION_RESDATE_MEM_TIT_PK	Р		RESERVATION
8	RESERVATION_MEMBER_ID	R		RESERVATION
9	RESERVATION_TITLE_ID	R		RESERVATION
10	TITLE_TITLE_NN	C		TITLE
11	TITLE_DESCRIPTION_NN	C		TITLE
12	TITLE_RATING_CK	C		TITLE
13	TITLE_CATEGORY_CK	C		TITLE
14	TITLE_TITLE_ID_PK	Р		TITLE
15	TITLE_COPY_STATUS_NN	C		TITLE_COPY
16	TITLE_COPY_STATUS_CK	C		TITLE_COPY
17	TITLE_COPY_COPY_ID_TITLE_ID_PK	Р		TITLE_COPY
18	TITLE_COPY_TITLE_IF_FK	R		TITLE_COPY

- 3. Create sequences to uniquely identify each row in the MEMBER table and the TITLE table.
  - a. Member number for the MEMBER table: Start with 101; do not allow caching of values. Name the sequence MEMBER ID SEQ.
  - b. Title number for the TITLE table: Start with 92; do not allow caching of values. Name the sequence TITLE ID SEQ.
  - c. Verify the existence of the sequences in the data dictionary.

	SEQUENCE_NAME	② INCREMENT_BY ②	LAST_NUMBER
1	MEMBER_ID_SEQ	1	101
2	TITLE_ID_SEQ	1	92

- 4. Add data to the tables. Create a script for each set of data to be added.
  - a. Add movie titles to the TITLE table. Write a script to enter the movie information. Save the statements in a script named lab apcs 4a.sql. Use the sequences to uniquely identify each title. Enter the release dates in the DD-MON-YYYY format. Remember that single quotation marks in a character field must be specially handled. Je license to use Verify your additions.



Title	Description	Rating	Category	Release_date
Willie and	All of Willie's friends make a	G	CHILD	05-OCT-1995
Christmas Too	Christmas list for Santa, but			
	Willie is yet to add his own			
	wish list.			
Alien Again	Yet another installation of	R	SCIFI	19-MAY-1995
	science fiction history. Can			
	the heroine save the planet			
	from the alien life form?			
The Glob	A meteor crashes near a small	NR	SCIFI	12-AUG-1995
	American town and unleashes			
	carnivorous goo in this classic.			
My Day Off	With a little luck and a lot of	PG	COMEDY	12-JUL-1995
	ingenuity, a teenager skips			25 3
	school for a day in New York.			has
Miracles on Ice	A six-year-old has doubts	PG	DRAMA	12-SEP-1995
	about Santa Claus, but she		ail Co	::48.
	discovers that miracles really		aman (	3010
	do exist.	$\Omega$	0,9, 75Us	
Soda Gang	After discovering a cache of	NR	ACTION	01-JUN-1995
	drugs, a young couple find	Misis	2	
	themselves pitted against a	e fills		
	vicious gang.	50		

b. Add data to the MEMBER table. Place the INSERT statements in a script named lab\_apcs\_4b.sql. Execute the commands in the script. Be sure to use the sequence to add the member numbers.

First_	510				
Name	Last_Name	Address	City	Phone	Join_Date
Carmen	Velasquez	283 King Street	Seattle	206-899-6666	08-MAR-1990
LaDoris	Ngao	5 Modrany	Bratislava	586-355-8882	08-MAR-1990
Midori	Nagayama	68 Via Centrale	Sao Paolo	254-852-5764	17-JUN-1991
Mark	Quick-to-See	6921 King Way	Lagos	63-559-7777	07-APR-1990
Audry	Ropeburn	86 Chu Street	Hong Kong	41-559-87	18-JAN-1991
Molly	Urguhart	3035 Laurier	Quebec	418-542-9988	18-JAN-1991

c. Add the following movie copies in the TITLE\_COPY table:

Note: Have the TITLE\_ID numbers available for this exercise.

Title	Copy_Id	Status	Title	Copy_Id
Willie and Christmas Too	1	AVAILABLE	Willie and Christmas Too	1
Alien Again	1	AVAILABLE	Alien Again	1
	2	RENTED		2
The Glob	1	AVAILABLE	The Glob	1
My Day Off	1	AVAILABLE	My Day Off	1
	2	AVAILABLE		2
	3	RENTED	agmaili	BUIDE
Miracles on Ice	1	AVAILABLE	Miracles on Ice	1
Soda Gang	1	AVAILABLE	Soda Gang	1

d. Add the following rentals to the RENTAL table:Note: The title number may be different depending on the sequence number.

Title_Id	Copy_	Member_Id		
-17 1	Id(C)		Book_date	Exp_Ret_Date
92	TP '	101	3 days ago	1 day ago
93	2	101	1 day ago	1 day from now
95	3	102	2 days ago	Today
97	1	106	4 days ago	2 days ago

5. Create a view named TITLE\_AVAIL to show the movie titles, the availability of each copy, and its expected return date if rented. Query all rows from the view. Order the results by title.

**Note:** Your results may be different.

	TITLE	A	COPY_ID	A	STATUS	A	EXP_RET_DATE
1	Alien Again		1	A۷	AILABLE	(nu	all)
2	Alien Again		2	REI	NTED	26	-NOV-08
3	Miracles on Ice		1	A۷	AILABLE	(nu	all)
4	My Day Off		1	A۷	AILABLE	(nu	all)
5	My Day Off		2	A۷	AILABLE	(nu	all)
6	My Day Off		3	REI	NTED	27	-NOV-08
7	Soda Gang		1	A۷	AILABLE	25	-NOV-08
8	The Glob		1	A۷	AILABLE	(nu	all)
9	Willie and Christmas Too		1	A۷	AILABLE	26	-NOV-08

- 6. Make changes to the data in the tables.
  - a. Add a new title. The movie is "Interstellar Wars," which is rated PG and classified as a science fiction movie. The release date is 07-JUL-77. The description is "Futuristic interstellar action movie. Can the rebels save the humans from the evil empire?" Be sure to add a title copy record for two copies.
  - b. Enter two reservations. One reservation is for Carmen Velasquez, who wants to rent "Interstellar Wars." The other is for Mark Quick-to-See, who wants to rent "Soda Gang."
- 7. Make a modification to one of the tables.
  - a. Run the script in lab\_apcs\_7a.sql to add a PRICE column to the TITLE table to record the purchase price of the video. Verify your modifications.

Name	Nu11	Type
TITLE_ID TITLE DESCRIPTION RATING CATEGORY RELEASE_DATE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10) VARCHAR2(60) VARCHAR2(400) VARCHAR2(4) VARCHAR2(20) DATE
PRICE		NUMBER(8,2)

Title	Price
Willie and Christmas Too	25
Alien Again	35
The Glob	35
My Day Off	35
Miracles on Ice	30
Soda Gang	35
Interstellar Wars	29

b. Create a script named lab\_apcs\_7b.sql that contains UPDATE statements that update each video with a price according to the preceding list. Run the commands in the script.

Note: Have the TITLE ID numbers available for this exercise.

8. Create a report that contains each customer's history of renting videos. Be sure to include the customer name, movie rented, dates of the rental, and duration of rentals. Total the number of rentals for all customers for the reporting period. Save the commands that generate the report in a script file named lab\_apcs\_8.sql.

Note: Your results may be different.

	MEMBER	TITLE	BOOK_DATE	2 DURATION
		Willie and Christmas Too		1
2	Carmen Velasquez	Alien Again	26-NOV-08	(null)
3	LaDoris Ngao	My Day Off	25-NOV-08	(null)
4	Molly Urguhart	Soda Gang	23-NOV-08	2
PATIT	APABAN S -transfera	Alien Again My Day Off Soda Gang	parida9( Juse this	ggman, Studen

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