# **Shortest Bridge**

Try to solve the Shortest Bridge problem.

# We'll cover the following Statement Example Understand the problem Try it yourself

### **Statement**

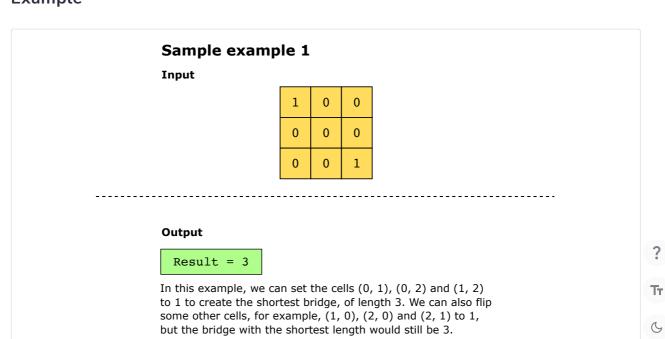
We are given an  $n \times n$  binary matrix grid containing 0s and 1s. Each cell in the grid represents either land or water. A cell with a value of 1 represents land. Whereas, a cell with a value of 1 represents water. A group of adjacent cells with the value 1 constitutes an island. Two cells are considered adjacent if one of them is above, below, to the left of, or to the right of the second cell. We have to return the smallest number of 1s we must flip to connect the two islands.

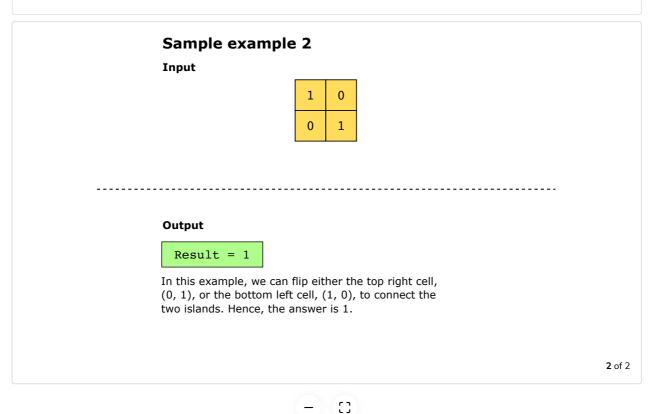
**Note:** We may assume all four edges of the grid are surrounded by water.

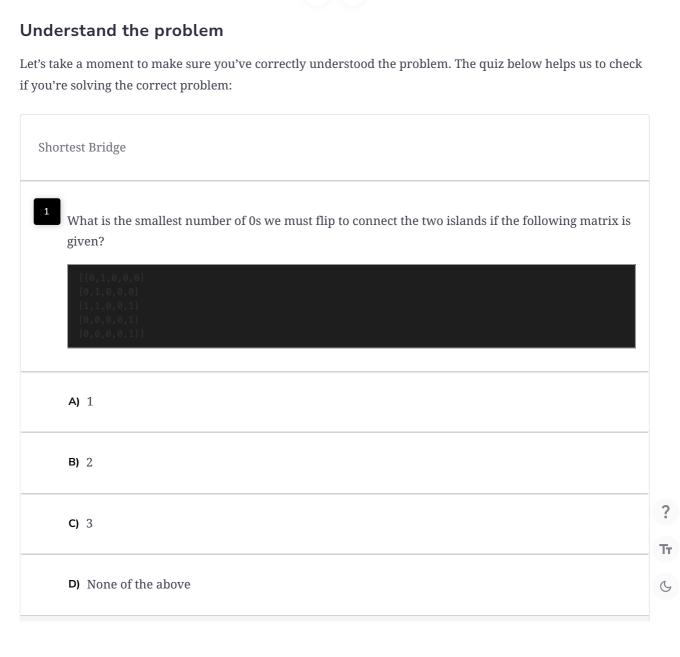
### **Constraints:**

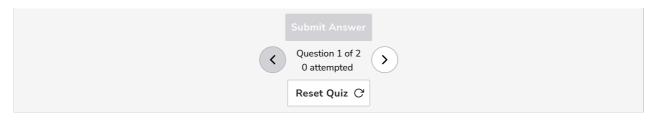
- $2 \le n \le 100$
- n ==grid.length==grid[i].length,such that  $2 \le$ i $\le n$
- grid[i][j] is either 0 or 1, where  $2 \le i$ ,  $j \le n$
- There are exactly *two* islands in the grid.

## Example



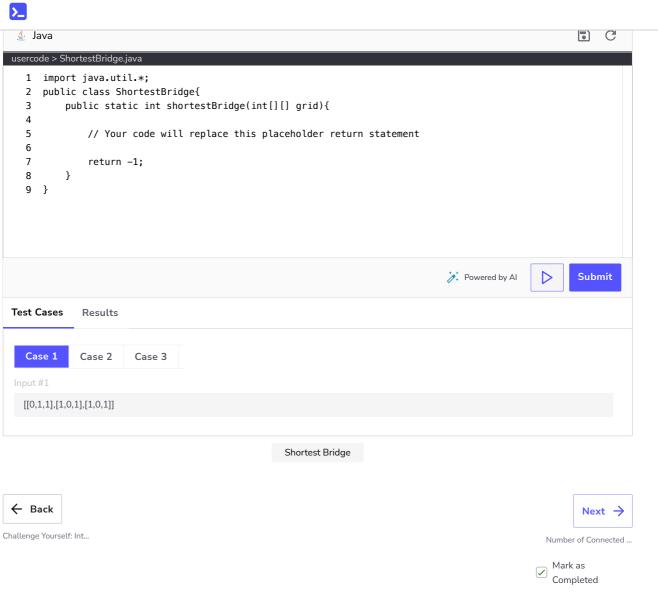






# Try it yourself





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