Trabajo práctico 6 - Estructuras de Dispersión

Ejercicio 1

a) Suponga una estructura de hash cerrada con técnica de resolución lineal con una sola ranura por balde y $h(x)=x \mod 13$ y $h'(x)=(h(x)+i) \mod 13$ Para las siguientes claves dibuje la estructura paso a paso y calcule el Rho (una vez cargada la estructura).

Referencias:

Se inserto

No se pudo insertar

Resolución

M = 13 (Baldes)

r = 1 (Ranuras)

 $h(x) = x \mod 13$

 $h'(x) = (h(x) + i) \mod 13$

N = 13 (Cantidad de elementos)

Claves: 11, 3, 27, 99, 8, 50, 77, 22, 12, 31, 33, 40, 53

 ρ (rho) = N / M * r = 13 / 13*1 = 1

Aclaración: la primer fila son los índices

Insertar = 11

 $h(x) = 11 \mod 13 = 11$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											11	

Insertar = 3

 $h(x) = 3 \mod 13 = 3$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			3								11	

 $h(x) = 27 \mod 13 = 1$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3								11	

Insertar = 99

 $h(x) = 99 \mod 13 = 8$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3					99			11	

Insertar = 8

 $h(x) = 8 \mod 13 = 8$

 $h'(x) = (8 + 1) \mod 13 = 9 \mod 13 = 9$

i = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3						8		11	

Insertar = 50

 $h(x) = 50 \mod 13 = 11$

 $h'(x) = (11+1) \mod 13 = 12 \mod 13 = 12$

i = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3					99	8		11	50

Insertar = 77

 $h(x) = 77 \mod 13 = 12$

 $h'(x) = (12+1) \mod 13 = 13 \mod 13 = 0$

i = 1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Ī	77	27		3					99	8		11	50

Insertar = 22

 $h(x) = 22 \mod 13 = 9$

 $h'(x) = (9+1) \mod 13 = 10 \mod 13 = 10$

i = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27		3					99	8	22	11	50

 $h(x) = 12 \mod 13 = 12$

 $h'(x) = (12+1) \mod 13 = 13 \mod 13 = 0$ i = 1

 $h'(x) = (12+2) \mod 13 = 14 \mod 13 = 1$ i = 2

 $h'(x) = (12+3) \mod 13 = 15 \mod 13 = 2$ i = 3

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3					99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 31

 $h(x) = 31 \mod 13 = 5$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3		31			99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 33

 $h(x) = 33 \mod 13 = 7$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3		31		33	99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 40

 $h(x) = 40 \mod 13 = 1$

 $h'(x) = (1+1) \mod 13 = 2 \mod 13 = 2$ i = 1

 $h'(x) = (1+2) \mod 13 = 3 \mod 13 = 3$ i = 2

 $h'(x) = (1+3) \mod 13 = 4 \mod 13 = 4$ i = 3

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3	40	31		33	99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 53

 $h(x) = 53 \mod 13 = 1$

 $h'(x) = (1+1) \mod 13 = 2 \mod 13 = 2$ i = 1

 $h'(x) = (1+2) \mod 13 = 3 \mod 13 = 3$ i = 2

 $h'(x) = (1+3) \mod 13 = 4 \mod 13 = 4$ i = 3

 $h'(x) = (1+4) \mod 13 = 5 \mod 13 = 5$ i = 4

 $h'(x) = (1+5) \mod 13 = 6 \mod 13 = 6$ i = 5

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3	40	31	53	33	99	8	22	11	50

RESULTADO

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	12	3	40	31	53	33	99	8	22	11	50

c) seudoazar $h'(x) = [h(x) + Zi] \mod M Z = (1,5,2,4,3,6)$

Resolución

M = 13 (Baldes)

r = 1 (Ranuras)

 $h(x) = x \mod 13$

 $h'(x) = (h(x) + Zi) \mod 13$

Z = (1,5,2,4,3,6)

N = 13 (Cantidad de elementos)

Claves: 11, 3, 27, 99, 8, 50, 77, 22, 12, 31, 33, 40, 53

 ρ (rho) = N / M * r = 13 / 13*1 = 1

Aclaración: la primer fila son los índices

Insertar = 11

 $h(x) = 11 \mod 13 = 11$

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Ī												11	

Insertar = 3

 $h(x) = 3 \mod 13 = 3$

C)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
				3								11	

Insertar = 27

 $h(x) = 27 \mod 13 = 1$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3								11	

 $h(x) = 99 \mod 13 = 8$

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Ī		27		3					99			11	

Insertar = 8

 $h(x) = 8 \mod 13 = 8$

 $h'(x) = (8 + 1) \mod 13 = 9 \mod 13 = 9$

i = 1 Z = 1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
ſ		27		3						8		11	

Insertar = 50

 $h(x) = 50 \mod 13 = 11$

 $h'(x) = (11+1) \mod 13 = 12 \mod 13 = 12$

i = 1 Z = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3					99	8		11	50

Insertar = 77

 $h(x) = 77 \mod 13 = 12$

 $h'(x) = (12+1) \mod 13 = 13 \mod 13 = 0$

i = 1 Z = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27		3					99	8		11	

Insertar = 22

 $h(x) = 22 \mod 13 = 9$

 $h'(x) = (9+1) \mod 13 = 10 \mod 13 = 10$ i = 1 Z = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27		3					99		22	11	50

Insertar = 12

 $h(x) = 12 \mod 13 = 12$

 $h'(x) = (12+1) \mod 13 = 13 \mod 13 = 0$

i = 1 Z = 1

h'(x) = (12+5) mod 13 = 17 mod 13 = 4

i = 2Z = 5

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	27		3	12				99	8	22	11	50

 $h(x) = 31 \mod 13 = 5$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27		3	12	31			99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 33

 $h(x) = 33 \mod 13 = 7$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27		3	12	31		33	99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 40

 $h(x) = 40 \mod 13 = 1$

 $h'(x) = (1+1) \mod 13 = 2 \mod 13 = 2$

i = 1 Z = 1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	40	3	12	31		33	99	8	22	11	50

Insertar = 53

 $h(x) = 53 \mod 13 = 1$

 $h'(x) = (1+1) \mod 13 = 2 \mod 13 = 2$ i = 1 Z = 1

 $h'(x) = (1+5) \mod 13 = 6 \mod 13 = 6$

i = 2 Z = 5

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77		40	3	12	31	53	33	99	8	22	11	50

RESULTADO

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
77	27	40	3	12	31	53	33	99	8	22	11	50