

LeetCode

Explore

Problems

Interview new

Contest

Discuss

Store

LeetCode Coding Challenge + GIVEAWAY!

Premium

Description

Solution

Discuss (999+)

Submissions

144. Binary Tree Preorder Traversal

Easy 3497 115 Add to List Share

Given the `root` of a binary tree, return the *preorder traversal* of its nodes' values.

Example 1:

```
graph TD; 1((1)) --> 2((2)); 1 --> 3((3));
```

Input: root = [1,null,2,3]
Output: [1,2,3]

Example 2:

Input: root = []
Output: []

Example 3:

Input: root = [1]
Output: [1]

Java

Autocomplete

```
1 /**
2  * Definition for a binary tree node.
3  * public class TreeNode {
4  *     int val;
5  *     TreeNode left;
6  *     TreeNode right;
7  *     TreeNode() {}
8  *     TreeNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
9  *     TreeNode(int val, TreeNode left, TreeNode right) {
10 *         this.val = val;
11 *         this.left = left;
12 *         this.right = right;
13 *     }
14 * }
15 */
16
17 class Solution {
18     public List<Integer> preorderTraversal(TreeNode root) {
19         List<Integer> result = new ArrayList<>();
20         Stack<TreeNode> stack = new Stack<>();
21
22         if(root == null) return result;
23         stack.push(root);
24
25         while(!stack.isEmpty()) {
26             TreeNode temp = stack.pop();
27             result.add(temp.val);
28
29             if(temp.right != null) {
30                 stack.push(temp.right);
31             }
32             if(temp.left != null) {
33                 stack.push(temp.left);
34             }
35         }
36
37         return result;
38     }
39 }
```