

Group A

In this class we're going to continue our work on the file "FAQ-August, 23rd" and we will also focus on something else.

1-What do successful start-ups have in common? Make a list of characteristics.



2-You will listen to the introduction to a podcast called "How I built

this". What will it be about?

3-Listen again and complete these notes.

uninsurable through standard policies.



Definition of soup up

transitive verb

1 : to increase the power, efficiency, or performance of // soup up an engine// Some cars souped up with customized engines and suspensions may be

thriving adjective

Save Word

thriving | \'thrī-vin \\

Definition of thriving

: characterized by success or prosperity
// a thriving business

✓	Michael's age when he started the company:(1)
✓	Company's Money:(2)
✓	How company got started: Michael started(3), souping them up, and
	selling them.
✓	Michael's tasks in the
	business:

4-Make some predictions about what will happen in the future of Dell computers as a company.



Group A

HELP box

Future forms

We use the future simple (will/won't + verb) in the following ways:

 To make predictions when you don't have present evidence that something will happen

Nanobots **will be injected** into the body's bloodstream to treat diseases.

 To talk about hopes and promises, especially with the words expect, think, hope and probably

They hope that people **will interact** naturally with hundreds of smart devices at a time.

 To describe an instant decision, often when we make an offer

Sure, I'll help you with your homework.

To talk about facts that will inevitably happen
 She'll be 21 in May.

We use **be going to** + verb in the following ways:

- To describe future intentions
 She's going to write a book about ubiquitous computing.
- To make predictions when you have present evidence that something is going to happen

By all accounts, nanotechnology **is going to have** a huge impact on business and our daily lives.

We use the future continuous (will be + -ing form of the verb) to talk about actions in progress at a specific time in the future.

In a few years, doctors **will be using** expert systems to diagnose illnesses.

We use the future perfect (will have + past participle) to talk about actions finished at a specific time in the future.

Soon, engineers will have built different types of android.

Present Continuous (to be + verb + -ing) is used to refer to a future engagement. This is usually used when there is a timetable or schedule.

Example: The company is changing the monitoring system next month.

5-Write two questions for your clients including future forms.