```
    In [1]: #Importing libraries

            import pandas as pd
           import numpy as np
            import random as rnd
            # Data Visualization
            import seaborn as sns
           import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           # Machine Learning
           from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
           from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC, SVC
           from sklearn import tree
            from sklearn.svm import SVC
           from sklearn.linear model import Perceptron
           from sklearn.linear model import SGDClassifier
           from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
           from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
           from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
           from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\weight_boosting.py:29: DeprecationWarning: numpy.core.umat
h_tests is an internal NumPy module and should not be imported. It will be removed in a future NumPy release.
from numpy.core.umath tests import inner1d

In [3]: data.head()

Out[3]:

	age	workclass	fnlwgt	education	education- num	maritalStatus	occupation	relationship	race	sex	capital- gain	capital- loss	hours- per- week	nativeCountry	ı
0	39	State-gov	77516	Bachelors	13	Never-married	Adm- clerical	Not-in-family	White	Male	2174	0	40	United-States	<
1	50	Self-emp- not-inc	83311	Bachelors	13	Married-civ- spouse	Exec- managerial	Husband	White	Male	0	0	13	United-States	<
2	38	Private	215646	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Handlers- cleaners	Not-in-family	White	Male	0	0	40	United-States	<
3	53	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ- spouse	Handlers- cleaners	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	40	United-States	<
4	28	Private	338409	Bachelors	13	Married-civ- spouse	Prof- specialty	Wife	Black	Female	0	0	40	Cuba	<
4															b

In [4]: data.describe()

Out[4]:

	age	fnlwgt	education-num	capital-gain	capital-loss	hours-per-week
count	32561.000000	3.256100e+04	32561.000000	32561.000000	32561.000000	32561.000000
mean	38.581647	1.897784e+05	10.080679	1077.648844	87.303830	40.437456
std	13.640433	1.055500e+05	2.572720	7385.292085	402.960219	12.347429
min	17.000000	1.228500e+04	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
25%	28.000000	1.178270e+05	9.000000	0.000000	0.000000	40.000000
50%	37.000000	1.783560e+05	10.000000	0.000000	0.000000	40.000000
75%	48.000000	2.370510e+05	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000	45.000000
max	90.000000	1.484705e+06	16.000000	99999.000000	4356.000000	99.000000

In [5]: type(data)

Out[5]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

```
In [6]: data.isnull().sum()
Out[6]: age
                           0
         workclass
                            0
         fnlwgt
                            0
         education
                            0
         education-num
                            0
         maritalStatus
                            0
         occupation
                            0
         relationship
                            0
         race
                            0
                            0
         sex
         capital-gain
                            0
         capital-loss
                            0
         hours-per-week
                            0
         nativeCountry
                           0
         Label
                            0
         dtype: int64
 In [7]: #copying to the CSV file
         data.to csv(path or buf="data.csv",index=True)
In [8]: | # Creating Duplicate/Dta copy data frame as df
         df=data.copy(deep=True)
 In [9]: #Changing the target column from categorical to numerical
In [10]: df.loc[df['Label'].str.contains(">50K"), 'target'] = 1
         df.loc[df['Label'].str.contains("<=50K"), 'target'] = 0</pre>
```

In [11]: df.head(10)

	J0	FIIVALE	∠ 1JU 1 U	i io-grau		DIVOICEU	cleaners	ічоі-ш-іапіііу	VVIIILE	ıvıaıc	9~.0	.008	weëk	บาแธน-อเสเธอ	•
3	53	Private	234721	11th	7	Married-civ- spouse	Handlers- cleaners	Husband	Black	Male	0	0	40	United-States	
4	28	Private	338409	Bachelors	13	Married-civ- spouse	Prof- specialty	Wife	Black	Female	0	0	40	Cuba	
5	37	Private	284582	Masters	14	Married-civ- spouse	Exec- managerial	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	
6	49	Private	160187	9th	5	Married- spouse- absent	Other- service	Not-in-family	Black	Female	0	0	16	Jamaica	
7	52	Self-emp- not-inc	209642	HS-grad	9	Married-civ- spouse	Exec- managerial	Husband	White	Male	0	0	45	United-States	
8	31	Private	45781	Masters	14	Never-married	Prof- specialty	Not-in-family	White	Female	14084	0	50	United-States	
9	42	Private	159449	Bachelors	13	Married-civ- spouse	Exec- managerial	Husband	White	Male	5178	0	40	United-States	~

4

```
In [12]: | df.info()
            <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
            RangeIndex: 32561 entries, 0 to 32560
            Data columns (total 16 columns):
                              32561 non-null int64
            age
            workclass
                              32561 non-null object
            fnlwgt
                              32561 non-null int64
                              32561 non-null object
            education
            education-num
                              32561 non-null int64
            maritalStatus
                               32561 non-null object
                              32561 non-null object
            occupation
            relationship
                              32561 non-null object
                              32561 non-null object
            race
                              32561 non-null object
            sex
            capital-gain
                              32561 non-null int64
            capital-loss
                               32561 non-null int64
            hours-per-week
                              32561 non-null int64
            nativeCountry
                              32561 non-null object
            Label
                              32561 non-null object
                              32561 non-null float64
            target
            dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(9)
            memory usage: 4.0+ MB
```

Data split

```
In [16]: type(y)
Out[16]: pandas.core.series.Series
In [17]: type(X)
Out[17]: pandas.core.frame.DataFrame
In [18]: X.info()
            <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
            RangeIndex: 32561 entries, 0 to 32560
            Data columns (total 14 columns):
                              32561 non-null int64
            age
                              32561 non-null object
            workclass
            fnlwgt
                              32561 non-null int64
                              32561 non-null object
            education
            education-num
                              32561 non-null int64
                              32561 non-null object
            maritalStatus
                              32561 non-null object
            occupation
                              32561 non-null object
            relationship
                              32561 non-null object
            race
                              32561 non-null object
            sex
            capital-gain
                              32561 non-null int64
            capital-loss
                              32561 non-null int64
            hours-per-week
                              32561 non-null int64
            nativeCountry
                              32561 non-null object
            dtypes: int64(6), object(8)
            memory usage: 3.5+ MB
In [19]: X1=pd.get dummies(X)
In [20]: X1.shape
```

Out[20]: (32561, 108)

```
In [21]: # follow the usual sklearn pattern: import, instantiate, fit
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
         lm = LinearRegression()
         lm.fit(X1, y)
         # print intercept and coefficients
         print(lm.intercept )
         print(lm.coef )
            -0.3476853528514131
            [ 2.50256242e-03  7.27984762e-08  2.80160839e-02  7.80143490e-06
              9.21109231e-05 2.88282815e-03 -2.04641327e-02 9.48900024e-02
            -6.17049517e-03 2.25084944e-02 2.33021566e-02 8.30342258e-02
             -4.12649245e-02 -2.11014016e-02 -1.34733925e-01 -1.48944955e-02
             -1.90172738e-02 -2.49235619e-02 4.77308623e-02 2.98185741e-02
             -3.11146580e-02 -2.15844205e-02 -8.44584561e-02 -5.48730419e-02
             -1.77601019e-02 9.99604448e-02 -6.50970540e-02 4.17334244e-02
             8.56760330e-02 7.47734321e-02 -4.59697069e-02 -4.91761931e-02
              1.30271832e-01 6.50124289e-02 -2.25067233e-02 -5.77063055e-02
             -3.65099252e-02 -2.93851137e-02 2.04436171e-03 2.63685480e-03
             -1.31329068e-01 -1.29494481e-02 1.30873959e-01 -1.01397613e-01
             -5.44415238e-02 -4.60133911e-02 -2.22364141e-02 1.18726342e-02
              6.93666453e-02 7.49730446e-02 4.24803276e-02 7.34881847e-02
             -3.93685531e-02 7.64661313e-02 -8.40502332e-02 -5.43030497e-02
             -5.83956713e-02 -7.03717449e-02 1.90654568e-01 -2.29106502e-02
              1.47624511e-02 4.75581915e-03 -1.70520643e-02 2.04444444e-02
             -2.92839438e-02 2.92839438e-02 -1.67659468e-02 1.67093651e-01
              4.91016459e-02 -6.68968975e-02 -7.66228332e-02 2.46898253e-02
             -2.70359409e-02 -2.46003071e-03 2.25992264e-02 6.24561831e-02
              9.87434871e-02 6.48164643e-02 -7.80335579e-02 4.81486153e-02
              1.65120208e-03 -1.43475166e-01 -5.81761872e-03 -6.96090518e-03
```

-7.70511312e-03 -2.82655218e-02 2.92598599e-02 7.68084206e-02 9.37897672e-02 1.99001778e-02 8.03265642e-02 -6.56426781e-02 -2.12531349e-02 -5.06830337e-02 -1.32513927e-01 -3.56411307e-02 5.40139106e-02 -9.94398869e-03 -2.15365851e-02 -6.65210444e-03 -1.93679018e-03 -7.02737762e-02 -2.37203347e-02 -3.26140707e-02 -2.27539641e-02 3.59026376e-02 -5.70340701e-02 8.29374822e-02]

```
In [23]: def classifyWithLogisticRegression ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf logreg = LogisticRegression()
             clf logreg.fit(trainingData, results)
             return clf logreg.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithDecisionTree ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf tree = tree.DecisionTreeClassifier()
             clf tree.fit(trainingData, results)
             return clf tree.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithSVM ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf svm = SVC()
             clf svm.fit(trainingData,results)
             return clf svm.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithPerceptron ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf perceptron = Perceptron()
             clf perceptron.fit(trainingData,results)
             return clf perceptron.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithKNeighbors ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf KNN = KNeighborsClassifier()
             clf KNN.fit(trainingData,results)
             return clf KNN.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithGaussianNaiveBayes ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             clf GaussianNB = GaussianNB()
             clf GaussianNB.fit(trainingData,results)
             return clf GaussianNB.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithStochasticGradientDescent ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             sgd = SGDClassifier()
             sgd.fit(trainingData, results)
             return sgd.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithLinearSVC ( trainingData, results, testData ):
             linear svc = LinearSVC()
             linear svc.fit(trainingData, results)
             return linear svc.predict(testData)
         def classifyWithRandomForest ( trainingData, results, testData ):
```

```
random_forest = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100)
random_forest.fit(trainingData, results)
return random_forest.predict(testData)
[28]: from sklearn import metrics
```

```
In [28]: from sklearn import metrics
```

```
In [25]:
    LR_prediction = classifyWithLogisticRegression(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    DT_prediction = classifyWithDecisionTree(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    SVM_prediction = classifyWithSVM(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    KN_prediction = classifyWithKNeighbors(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    LRSVC_prediction = classifyWithLinearSVC(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    RF_prediction = classifyWithRandomForest(X_train, y_train, X_test)
    print("Logistic regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,LR_prediction))
    print("Decision Tree regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,DT_prediction))
    print("SVM regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,SVM_prediction))
    print("KNeighbors regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,KN_prediction))
    print("LinearSVC regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,LRSVC_prediction))
    print("RandomForest regressor accuracy is",metrics.accuracy_score(y_test,RF_prediction))
```

Logistic regressor accuracy is 0.8018670924947795
Decision Tree regressor accuracy is 0.8232403881587028
SVM regressor accuracy is 0.7582606559390738
KNeighbors regressor accuracy is 0.7770544159194203
LinearSVC regressor accuracy is 0.7978135364205872
RandomForest regressor accuracy is 0.8580027023707161

RandomForest regressor accuracy is 0.8575113622405109 so it is the best one on this data set.

Out[30]:

	Column_Number	Importance
1	1	0.156954
0	0	0.148559
3	3	0.093401
5	5	0.083554
33	33	0.063517
2	2	0.062776
53	53	0.043808
4	4	0.030246
35	35	0.021175
42	42	0.019066
48	48	0.015342
24	24	0.013108
54	54	0.011845
58	58	0.010866
10	10	0.010479
64	64	0.009921
65	65	0.009084
56	56	0.008907
12	12	0.008451
27	27	0.008344
26	26	0.008284

	Column_Number	Importance
41	41	0.007133
50	50	0.007070
63	63	0.006721
11	11	0.006507
105	105	0.006249
46	46	0.006133
8	8	0.006078
31	31	0.005873
7	7	0.005812
107	107	0.000341
102	102	0.000327
78	78	0.000322
32	32	0.000310
67	67	0.000306
18	18	0.000269
70	70	0.000261
74	74	0.000238
87	87	0.000216
98	98	0.000194
73	73	0.000187
72	72	0.000179
80	80	0.000171
83	83	0.000152
79	79	0.000141
93	93	0.000135

	Column_Number	Importance
104	104	0.000126
47	47	0.000106
84	84	0.000095
14	14	0.000082
95	95	0.000068
100	100	0.000061
91	91	0.000051
103	103	0.000039
94	94	0.000036
28	28	0.000022
9	9	0.000005
40	40	0.000005
82	82	0.000003
81	81	0.000000

108 rows × 2 columns

In []: