

Razor Syntax in Blazor

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Razor is a **templating syntax** that allows you to combine **HTML markup** with **C# code** inside .razor files.

Blazor uses Razor to build **interactive UI components**.

A Razor component is compiled into a C# class at build time.

1. The @ Symbol (Core of Razor)

The @ symbol tells the Razor engine:

“Switch from HTML to C#”

Example

```
<h3>Hello @UserName</h3>
```

```
@code {  
    string UserName = "San";  
}
```

Here:

- HTML → <h3>
 - C# → @UserName
-

2. Inline Expressions

Use @ to evaluate a **single C# expression**.

```
<p>Current Year: @DateTime.Now.Year</p>
```

```
<p>Sum: @(10 + 20)</p>
```

Use parentheses () for complex expressions.

3. Code Blocks (@{ })

Use @{ } for **multiple C# statements**.

```
@{  
    var message = "Welcome to Blazor";  
    var year = DateTime.Now.Year;  
}
```

```
<p>@message - @year</p>
```

4. @code Block (Component Logic)

All **component logic, state, and methods** go inside @code.

```
<button @onclick="Increment">Click Me</button>
```

```
<p>Count: @count</p>
```

```
@code {  
    int count = 0;  
  
    void Increment()  
    {  
        count++;  
    }  
}
```

This is equivalent to a **code-behind class**.

5. Conditional Rendering (@if, @else)

```
@if (isLoggedIn)
```

```
{
    <p>Welcome, User!</p>
}
else
{
    <p>Please log in.</p>
}
```

```
@code {
    bool isLoggedIn = true;
}
```

Razor allows **C# control flow + HTML together**.

6. Looping (@foreach, @for)

@foreach

```
<ul>
@foreach (var name in Names)
{
    <li>@name</li>
}
</ul>
```

```
@code {
    List<string> Names = new() { "A", "B", "C" };
}
```

@for

```
@for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++)  
{  
    <p>Item @i</p>  
}
```

7. Data Binding

One-way Binding

```
<p>@Message</p>
```

```
@code {  
    string Message = "Hello";  
}
```

Two-way Binding (@bind)

```
<input @bind="UserName" />  
<p>Hello @UserName</p>
```

```
@code {  
    string UserName = "";  
}
```

By default, Blazor updates on onchange (when focus is lost).

Immediate update:

```
<input @bind="UserName" @bind:event="oninput" />
```

8. Event Handling

```
<button @onclick="SayHello">Click</button>
```

```
@code {  
    void SayHello()  
    {  
        Console.WriteLine("Hello");  
    }  
}
```

With Lambda

```
<button @onclick="() => DeleteItem(1)">Delete</button>
```

9. Attribute Binding

```
<button disabled="@isDisabled">Submit</button>
```

```
@code {  
    bool isDisabled = true;  
}
```

Conditional attributes:

```
<button class="@GetCss()">Save</button>
```

```
@code {  
    string GetCss() => "btn btn-primary";  
}
```

10. Rendering Raw HTML (MarkupString)

By default, Blazor **HTML-encodes** output.

```
<p>@rawHtml</p>
```

```
@code {  
    string rawHtml = "<b>Bold Text</b>";  
}
```

To render as HTML:

```
<p>@((MarkupString)rawHtml)</p>
```

11. Comments in Razor

Razor Comment (not rendered)

```
@* This is a Razor comment *@
```

HTML Comment (sent to browser)

```
<!-- HTML Comment -->
```

12. Mixing HTML and C# (Important Rule)

✗ This is invalid:

```
@if (true)  
    <p>Hello</p>
```

✓ Correct:

```
@if (true)  
{  
    <p>Hello</p>  
}
```

13. Directive Syntax (@page, @using, @inject)

@page

```
@page "/counter"
```

@using

@using System.Net.Http

@inject

@inject HttpClient Http

14. Razor File Structure (Mental Model)

@page "/example"

@using Some.Namespace

@inject SomeService Service

<h3>UI Markup</h3>

<button @onclick="Action">Click</button>

@code {

 // State

 // Methods

 // Lifecycle methods

}