4_RDataTypes_2

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Data Types

Data Frame

it stroe value in form of table and multiple class

```
family = data.frame("name" = c("hitesh", "gajuji", "Manjulaben", "Rashmika", "Kamakhya"), "Relation" = c("Se
View(family)
print(family)
```

excample

```
## name Relation age occupation
## 1 hitesh Self 22 Student
## 2 gajuji Father 50 Farmer
## 3 Manjulaben Mother 48 Housewife
## 4 Rashmika Sister 30 Housewife
## 5 Kamakhya Bhani 3 NA
```

```
name <- c("Hitesh", "Gajuji")
age <- c(22,50)
occupation <- c("student", "Farmers")
data_frame_1 <- data.frame(name,age,occupation)
print(data_frame_1)</pre>
```

how to create data rame using vectors

```
## name age occupation
## 1 Hitesh 22 student
## 2 Gajuji 50 Farmers
str(data_frame_1)
how to convert data frame to str
## 'data.frame': 2 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ name : chr "Hitesh" "Gajuji" ## $ age : num 22 50
## $ occupation: chr "student" "Farmers"
data_frame_1 <- data.frame(name,age,occupation, stringsAsFactors = T)</pre>
str(data_frame_1)
how to enable disable factor
## 'data.frame': 2 obs. of 3 variables:
## \$ name : Factor w/ 2 levels "Gajuji", "Hitesh": 2 1
              : num 22 50
## $ occupation: Factor w/ 2 levels "Farmers", "student": 2 1
data_frame_1 <- data.frame(name,age,occupation, stringsAsFactors = F)</pre>
str(data_frame_1)
## 'data.frame': 2 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ name : chr "Hitesh" "Gajuji"
## $ age : num 22 50
## $ occupation: chr "student" "Farmers"
data_frame_1
how to extract values form data frame
      name age occupation
## 1 Hitesh 22
                  student
## 2 Gajuji 50
                  Farmers
data_frame_1[2,3]
## [1] "Farmers"
```

```
data_frame_1$name[2]
## [1] "Gajuji"
data_frame_1$occupation[2]
## [1] "Farmers"
data_frame_1[c(1,2),c("occupation","age")]
how to get data from data from perticular
     occupation age
        student 22
## 1
## 2
        Farmers 50
data_frame_2 <- mtcars</pre>
View(data_frame_2)
data_frame_2["Valiant",c("mpg","hp")]
##
            mpg hp
## Valiant 18.1 105
data_frame_2[[1]] #### mpg in vector
diffrance between [] output in dta frame and [[]] output in vector
## [1] 21.0 21.0 22.8 21.4 18.7 18.1 14.3 24.4 22.8 19.2 17.8 16.4 17.3 15.2 10.4
## [16] 10.4 14.7 32.4 30.4 33.9 21.5 15.5 15.2 13.3 19.2 27.3 26.0 30.4 15.8 19.7
## [31] 15.0 21.4
data_frame_2[1] #### mpg in data frame
##
                        mpg
## Mazda RX4
                       21.0
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                       21.0
## Datsun 710
                       22.8
## Hornet 4 Drive
                      21.4
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7
## Valiant
                       18.1
```

```
## Duster 360
                     14.3
## Merc 240D
                      24.4
## Merc 230
                     22.8
## Merc 280
                     19.2
## Merc 280C
                      17.8
## Merc 450SE
                     16.4
## Merc 450SL
                      17.3
## Merc 450SLC
                      15.2
## Cadillac Fleetwood 10.4
## Lincoln Continental 10.4
## Chrysler Imperial 14.7
## Fiat 128
                     32.4
## Honda Civic
                      30.4
## Toyota Corolla
                     33.9
                 21.5
## Toyota Corona
## Dodge Challenger
                     15.5
## AMC Javelin
                   15.2
## Camaro Z28
                    13.3
## Pontiac Firebird 19.2
                    27.3
## Fiat X1-9
## Porsche 914-2
                    26.0
## Lotus Europa
                    30.4
## Ford Pantera L
                    15.8
## Ferrari Dino
                      19.7
## Maserati Bora
                    15.0
## Volvo 142E
                      21.4
data_frame_2[["Valiant",c("mpg")]] #### vector formate
## [1] 18.1
data_frame_2["Valiant",c("mpg")] #### data frame
## [1] 18.1
name <- c("hitesh", "gajuji")</pre>
age <- c(22,50)
dat_frame_3 <- data.frame(name,age)</pre>
dat_frame_3
how to add extra row and column in data frame
```

```
## name age
## 1 hitesh 22
## 2 gajuji 50
```

```
occupation <- c("student", "farmer")</pre>
dat_frame_3$occupation <- occupation</pre>
dat_frame_3
      name age occupation
## 1 hitesh 22 student
## 2 gajuji 50
                  farmer
alive \leftarrow c(T,T)
cbind(dat_frame_3,alive)
       name age occupation alive
## 1 hitesh 22 student TRUE
## 2 gajuji 50
                  farmer TRUE
df <- data.frame("name" = "rashmika", "age" = "30", "occupation" = "house-wife")</pre>
df
##
        name age occupation
## 1 rashmika 30 house-wife
df2 <- rbind(dat_frame_3,df)</pre>
df2
##
       name age occupation
## 1 hitesh 22 student
## 2
       gajuji 50
                      farmer
## 3 rashmika 30 house-wife
df2
how to short and order data
##
        name age occupation
## 1 hitesh 22
                     student
       gajuji 50
                      farmer
## 3 rashmika 30 house-wife
sort(df2$age)
## [1] "22" "30" "50"
```

```
ranks <- order(df2$age)</pre>
ranks
## [1] 1 3 2
df2$age
## [1] "22" "50" "30"
ranks <- order(df$name)</pre>
ranks
## [1] 1
df2
how to order data frame
##
       name age occupation
## 1 hitesh 22 student
## 2 gajuji 50
                    farmer
## 3 rashmika 30 house-wife
ranks <- order(df2$age)</pre>
df2[ranks,]
        name age occupation
##
## 1 hitesh 22 student
## 3 rashmika 30 house-wife
## 2 gajuji 50
                    farmer
df2[order(df2$age, decreasing = F)]
##
       name occupation age
## 1 hitesh student 22
## 2 gajuji
               farmer 50
## 3 rashmika house-wife 30
```

vectors

hold similar value one dimention

```
v1 <- c("Hitesh", "gajuji", "manjulaben")</pre>
v2 \leftarrow c(1,2,3)
v3 \leftarrow c(T,T,T)
v1;v2;v3
## [1] "Hitesh" "gajuji" "manjulaben"
## [1] 1 2 3
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE
### extrenal coersion
v4 <- c("hitesh",23,T)
v4
## [1] "hitesh" "23" "TRUE"
### creating sequence
v5 <- 1:10
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
v5 \leftarrow seq(1,10)
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
v5 \leftarrow seq(1,10,5)
## [1] 1 6
v6 <- seq(from=21, by=5, length = 10)
## [1] 21 26 31 36 41 46 51 56 61 66
```

```
### how to assign value to vector
tempr \leftarrow c(45,44,43,42,41)
tempr
## [1] 45 44 43 42 41
names(tempr) <- c("mon","tue","wed","thur","fri")</pre>
tempr
## mon tue wed thur fri
   45 44 43 42 41
tempr["mon"]
## mon
## 45
tempr[1]
## mon
## 45
name <- c("hitesh","gajuji","rashmika","kamakhya")</pre>
age <-c(22,50,30,3)
names(age) <- name</pre>
age
     hitesh gajuji rashmika kamakhya
##
         22
##
             50
                           30
price <- c(100:110)</pre>
price
## [1] 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110
```

```
names(price) <- paste0("p",1:11)</pre>
price
## p1 p2 p3 p4 p5 p6 p7 p8 p9 p10 p11 ## 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110
### mathamatical operation on vector
v1 \leftarrow c(1,2,3)
v2 \leftarrow c(4,5,6)
v1 + v2
## [1] 5 7 9
v1[1] + v2[3]
## [1] 7
v1 * v2
## [1] 4 10 18
v1 * v2[1]
## [1] 4 8 12
### comparing the vectors
v1 \leftarrow c(4,5,6)
v2 \leftarrow c(7,8,9)
v1 > v2
## [1] FALSE FALSE FALSE
v2 > v1
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE
```

```
v2[2] > v1[2]
## [1] TRUE
v1 == v2
## [1] FALSE FALSE FALSE
v1 != v2
## [1] TRUE TRUE TRUE
v4 \leftarrow c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8)
v4 > 3
## [1] FALSE FALSE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
v4 != 3
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE TRUE
v4 == 3
## [1] FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
v5 \leftarrow c(101:110)
names(v5) <- paste0("p",1:10)</pre>
v5
## p1 p2 p3 p4 p5 p6 p7 p8 p9 p10
## 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110
v5[4] == v5["p4"]
## p4
## TRUE
### how to skeep value
v5[c(-2,-4)]
## p1 p3 p5 p6 p7 p8 p9 p10
## 101 103 105 106 107 108 109 110
```