## Real-Time Telecommunication Data Processing (Kafka-Redshift)

1. We had a producer script which was dumping telecommunication data on kafka topic. Then from there we had a streaming application which doing some filtrations and ingesting data to redshift warehouse in real time. We dumped data into warehouse & we had a quick sight dashboard on the top of it.

## producer script:

```
# Creating Kafka producer
producer = KafkaProducer(bootstrap_servers=bootstrap_servers,
                        value_serializer=lambda x: json.dumps(x).encode('utf-8'))
fake = Faker()
# Function to generate random telecom data with names
def generate_telecom_data():
   random_names = [fake.name() for _ in range(100)]
   call duration = random.randint(1, 1200)
   start_datetime = datetime.now()
    end_datetime = start_datetime + timedelta(seconds=call_duration)
    caller_name, receiver_name = random.sample(random_names, 2)
   caller_id = f'+1{random.randint(1000000000, 9999999999)}'
   receiver_id = f'+1{random.randint(1000000000, 99999999999)}'
   network_providers = ['Verizon', 'AT&T', 'T-Mobile', 'Sprint']
   network_provider = random.choice(network_providers)
    rate_per_minute = 0.05
    total_amount = round((call_duration / 60) * rate_per_minute, 2)
    return {
       'caller_name': caller_name,
       'receiver_name': receiver_name,
        'caller_id': caller_id,
        'receiver_id': receiver_id,
        'start_datetime': start_datetime.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'),
        'end_datetime': end_datetime.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S'),
        'call_duration': call_duration,
        'network_provider': network_provider,
        'total_amount': total_amount
   while True:
       data = generate_telecom_data()
       producer.send(topicName, value=data)
       print(f"Data sent: {data}")
       time.sleep(3)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("Data generation stopped.")
```

```
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Jason Ward', 'receiver_name': 'Daniel George', 'caller_id': '+14284841018', 'receiver_id': '+133874898
33', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:02', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:07:26', 'call_duration': 1044, 'network_provider': 'S
print', 'total_amount': 0.87}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Michelle Myers', 'receiver_name': 'Linda Fletcher', 'caller_id': '+13728825834', 'receiver_id': '+1442 0360168', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:05', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:00:27', 'call_duration': 622, 'network_provider'
: 'Sprint', 'total_amount': 0.52}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'David Woods', 'receiver_name': 'Ricardo Brooks', 'caller_id': '+11755181677', 'receiver_id': '+1183337
1795', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:08', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:56:23', 'call_duration': 375, 'network_provider':
T-Mobile', 'total_amount': 0.31}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Jessica Wade', 'receiver_name': 'Alex Harris', 'caller_id': '+15262522566', 'receiver_id': '+133140734
45', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:11', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:03:36', 'call_duration': 805, 'network_provider': 'Ve
rizon', 'total_amount': 0.67}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Brianna Ray', 'receiver_name': 'Christine Mitchell', 'caller_id': '+15962194970', 'receiver_id': '+112 39852873', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:14', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:52:17', 'call_duration': 123, 'network_provider
': 'Verizon', 'total_amount': 0.1}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Cassandra Gallegos', 'receiver_name': 'Caleb Ortiz', 'caller_id': '+11598913202', 'receiver_id': '+199 17074186', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:17', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:07:42', 'call_duration': 1045, 'network_provide
r': 'AT&T', 'total_amount': 0.87}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Joyce Holder', 'receiver_name': 'Laura Randall', 'caller_id': '+19809869063', 'receiver_id': '+1194245 0031', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:20', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:54:53', 'call_duration': 273, 'network_provider': '
Verizon', 'total_amount': 0.23}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Michael Hernandez', 'receiver_name': 'Elizabeth Frey', 'caller_id': '+18125199440', 'receiver_id': '+1
5719973882', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:23', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:07:54', 'call_duration': 1051, 'network_provi
der': 'Verizon', 'total_amount': 0.88}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Edwin Gutierrez', 'receiver_name': 'Philip Salas MD', 'caller_id': '+17780948685', 'receiver_id': '+12
936233391', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:26', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:05:00', 'call_duration': 874, 'network_provide r': 'Sprint', 'total_amount': 0.73}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Jeremy Rose', 'receiver_name': 'Sarah Evans', 'caller_id': '+18197917075', 'receiver_id': '+1414504736 0', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:29', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:07:23', 'call_duration': 1014, 'network_provider': 'AT &T', 'total_amount': 0.84}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'James Russell', 'receiver_name': 'Jacob Quinn', 'caller_id': '+12851381906', 'receiver_id': '+18150110 858', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:32', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 12:02:21', 'call_duration': 709, 'network_provider': 'A T&T', 'total_amount': 0.59}
Data sent: {'caller_name': 'Troy Bray', 'receiver_name': 'Robert Andrews', 'caller_id': '+12049929755', 'receiver_id': '+143977743 54', 'start_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:50:35', 'end_datetime': '2024-01-27 11:51:57', 'call_duration': 82, 'network_provider': 'Spr
int', 'total_amount': 0.07}
```

2. we created inbound rule like from where the inbound traffic can come to the port. So actually we connected our local script with the aws redshift.

```
import psycopg2

# Redshift connection parameters
host = "redshift-cluster-1.cp6taicsq2ry.us-east-1.redshift.amazonaws.com"  # e.g., cluster-name.regi
port = "5439"  # Default Redshift port
dbname = "dev"
user = "admin"
password = "Admin123"

# Connection string
conn_string = f"dbname='{dbname}' user='{user}' host='{host}' port='{port}' password='{password}'"

# Connect to Redshift
try:
    conn = psycopg2.connect(conn_string)
    print("Connected to Redshift!")

# Create a cursor
cursor = conn.cursor()

# Execute a query
query = "SELECT version();"  # Example query: get version of Redshift
cursor.execute(query)

# Fetch and print the result
version = cursor.fetchone()
print(f"Redshift version: {version}")

# Close the cursor and connection
cursor.close()
conn.close()
```

3. On the other hand, we created then redshift schema and table where we will be ingesting the data.

```
create schema telecom;

CREATE TABLE telecom_data (
    caller_name VARCHAR(256),
    receiver_name VARCHAR(256),
    caller_id VARCHAR(20),
    receiver_id VARCHAR(20),
    start_datetime TIMESTAMP,
    end_datetime TIMESTAMP,
    call_duration INTEGER,
    network_provider VARCHAR(50),
    total_amount DECIMAL(5,2)
);
```

4. Now we had streaming app which will be connecting to kafka and redshift so we included kafka-spark & redshift-spark connector jar file respectively. We also needed redshift jdbs connector because we were writing data in jdbc format as per our spark version

```
# Package dependencies

kafka_package = "org.apache.spark:spark-sql-kafka-0-10_2.12:3.1.1" # Adjust the version as per your Spark version

redshift_package = "io.github.spark-redshift-community:spark-redshift_2.12:6.2.0-spark_3.5" # Community version for Scala 2.12

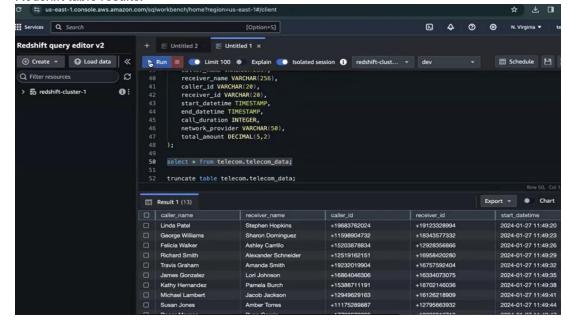
# Initialize Spark Session with Kafka, Redshift, and Avro packages

spark = SparkSession.builder \
    .appName("PySpark Kafka to Redshift with Stateful Deduplication") \
    .config("spark.jars.packages", f"{kafka_package},{redshift_package}") \
    .config("spark.jars", "/Users/shubham/Desktop/NooB 2.0/Project Class 3/kafka-spark-redshift-streaming/redshift-jdbc42-2.1.0.12.jar") \
    .getOrCreate()
```

We created next schema of incoming data from kafka topic and used readStream to read data from kafka topic. Hence did some transformations and writing data to redshift using writeStream.

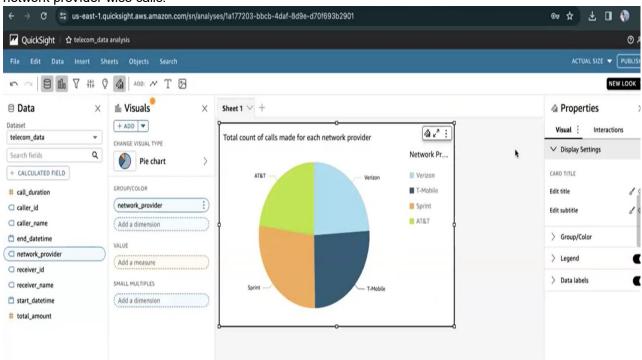
```
schema = StructType() \
        .add("caller_name", StringType()) \
        .add("receiver_name", StringType()) \
.add("caller_id", StringType()) \
        .add("receiver_id", StringType()) \
.add("receiver_id", StringType()) \
.add("start_datetime", StringType()) \
.add("end_datetime", StringType()) \
.add("call_duration", IntegerType()) \
.add("network_provider", StringType()) \
.add("network_provider", StringType()) \
.add("network_provider", StringType()) \
.add("network_provider", StringType()) \
.add("network_provider")
        .add("network_provider", StringType()) \
.add("total_amount", StringType())
df = spark \
        .readStream \
        .readstream (
.format("Kafka") \
.option("kafka.bootstrap.servers", kafka_bootstrap_servers) \
.option("subscribe", kafka_topic) \
.option('startingOffsets', 'latest') \
        .load()
df = df.selectExpr("CAST(value AS STRING)") \
    .select(from_json(col("value"), schema).alias("data")) \
        .select("data.*")
# Data Quality Check (Example: Ensuring call_duration is positive)
df = df.filter(df.call_duration > 0)
redshift_jdbc_url = "jdbc:redshift://redshift-cluster-1.cp6taicsq2ry.us-east-1.redshift.amazonaws.com:5439/dev"
redshift_table = "telecom.telecom_data
s3_temp_dir = "s3n://temp-gds-2/temp/"
# Writing Data to Redshift
def write_to_redshift(batch_df, batch_id):
        batch_df.write \
.format("jdbc") \
                .option("url", redshift_jdbc_url) \
.option("user", "admin") \
.option("password", "Admin123") \
                .option("dbtable", redshift_table) \
.option("dbtable", redshift_table) \
.option("tempdir", s3_temp_dir) \
.option("driver", "com.amazon.redshift.jdbc.Driver") \
                .option("driver",
.mode("append") \
.save()
query = df.writeStream \
        .foreachBatch(write_to_redshift) \
```

Redshift table results:



next we worked on aws quicksight. Created dataset and made dashboard on the top of it like network provider wise calls, network provider wise total call duration

network provider wise calls:



network provider wise total call duration:

