Hate Speech Detection: Methods and Challenges

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What is Hate Speech?

- Hate speech is any communication that belittles a person or a group based on characteristics such as race, religion, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, disability, or other traits.
- It can incite violence, spread misinformation, and contribute to social polarization.

Importance of Detecting Hate Speech

- Protects individuals and communities from harm.
- Maintains social harmony and public safety.
- Complies with legal and platform-specific regulations.

Challenges in Hate Speech Detection

- Ambiguity and context-dependence of language.
- The evolving nature of hate speech and slang.
- Balancing freedom of speech with regulation.

Data Collection and Preprocessing

- Data Sources: Social media platforms, news articles, forums.
- Preprocessing: Tokenization, removing stop words, stemming, and lemmatization.
- Annotation: Manual labeling by human annotators or using predefined dictionaries.

Feature Extraction

- **Text-Based Features:** Bag of Words (BoW), Term Frequency-Inverse Document Frequency (TF-IDF).
- Linguistic Features: Sentiment analysis, part-of-speech tagging.
- Deep Learning Features: Word embeddings (Word2Vec, GloVe), contextual embeddings (BERT, GPT).

Modeling Techniques

- Traditional Machine Learning: Naive Bayes, SVM, Random Forest.
- Deep Learning: CNN, RNN, LSTM, Transformers.
- Ensemble Methods: Combining multiple models to improve performance.

Performance Metrics

- Accuracy: Proportion of correctly classified instances.
- Precision, Recall, F1-Score: Evaluates the balance between precision (accuracy of positive predictions) and recall (completeness of positive predictions).
- ROC-AUC: Measures the ability of the model to distinguish between classes.

Real-World Applications

- Social Media Monitoring: Facebook, Twitter, YouTube.
- Law Enforcement: Detecting and preventing hate crimes.
- Content Moderation: Automated filtering of harmful content.

Case Study: Social Media Platform

- **Problem:** Identifying and removing hate speech from user posts.
- Approach: Combining machine learning with human moderation.
- Outcome: Improved detection rates and user safety.

Conclusion

- Hate speech detection is a critical task in maintaining online safety and social harmony.
- Advances in NLP and machine learning have significantly improved detection capabilities.
- Ongoing research is needed to handle evolving language and new forms of hate speech.

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