# ПРАВИТЕЛЬСТВО РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

# Федеральное государственное автономное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Национальный исследовательский университет «Высшая школа экономики»

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## Отчёт по лабораторной работе №11 по курсу «Алгоритмизация и программирование» Задание № 13

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# 1 Задание (вариант № 13)

### Лабораторная работа 11

- 1. Реализовать поиск с помощью бинарного дерева поиска для объектов, описанных в варианте ЛР8. Ключом для поиска является первое поле структуры, т.е. если первое поле это, например, ФИО, то по поисковому запросу (строке) "Иванов Иван Иванович" на выходе необходимо получить все объекты с заданным ФИО и любыми значениями других полей.
- Реализовать хеш-таблицу для поиска объектов (ключ поиска аналогичен п.1) и метод цепочек для разрешения коллизий на основе односвязного списка. В качестве алгоритма хэширования может быть использован любой известный метод.
- 3. Провести поиск обоими способами на наборах данных (количестве объектов) следующих размеров: 1000, 5000, 10000, 20000, 50000, 100000, 1000000. Засечь (программно) время поиска и по полученным точкам построить графики зависимости времени поиска от размерности массива для каждого из способов на одной оси координат. Полученные графики включить в отчет к работе.

# 2 Структура заголовочного файла

```
struct Footballer {
    char* fullName;
    char* clubName;
    char* role;
    int age;
    int numberOfGames;
    int numberOfGoals;
};

typedef struct Footballer Footballer;
```

### 3 Решение

```
#include <stdio.h> // Input/output library.
      #include <stdlib.h> // Memory allocation.
      #include <time.h> // Time library.
      #include <assert.h> // Assertion library.
      #include <string.h> // String functions library.
      #include "football.h" // Footballer info.
      #define TIME 100000000
9
10
      // Function printing horizontal line.
11
      void printHr(int length) {
        for (int j = 0; j < length; j++) {
13
          printf("- ");
15
        printf("\n");
17
18
      // Function printing table header.
19
      void printTableHeader() {
20
        printHr(65);
21
        printf("4s|30s|30s|30s|10s|10s|10s|10s|n, "ID", "
22
     FULL NAME", "CLUB NAME", "ROLE", "AGE", "GAMES", "GOALS");
        printHr(65);
23
24
25
      // Function printing footballer.
```

```
void printFootballer(Footballer* footballer) {
27
        printf("%4s|%30s|%30s|%30s|%10d|%10d|%10d|\n", "?",
28
     footballer ->fullName, footballer ->clubName, footballer ->
     role, footballer->age, footballer->numberOfGames,
     footballer ->numberOfGoals);
        printHr(65);
30
31
      // Function printing footballers.
32
      void printFootballersArray(Footballer* footballers, int
33
     length) {
        if (footballers == NULL) {
34
           printf("Incorrect array.\n");
35
          return;
36
        }
37
38
        printTableHeader();
39
40
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
41
           printFootballer(footballers + i);
42
        }
      }
44
45
      // Function generating string.
46
      char* generateString(int length, int countOfUsedSymbols)
47
        assert(countOfUsedSymbols <= 26);</pre>
48
49
        char* out = (char*)malloc(sizeof(char) * (length + 1));
50
        char alphabet[26] = {
51
           'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j', 'k'
52
       '1', 'm',
           'n', 'o', 'p', 'q', 'r', 's', 't', 'u', 'v', 'w', 'x'
53
      , 'y', 'z'
        };
54
        for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
56
           out[i] = alphabet[rand() % countOfUsedSymbols];
58
        out[length] = '\0';
60
61
        return out;
62
      }
63
64
```

```
// Function generating footballer.
65
       Footballer generateFootballer(int rand1, int rand2) {
66
         Footballer out = {
67
           .fullName=generateString(rand1 % 26, rand2 % 26),
68
           .clubName=generateString(10, 26),
69
           .role=generateString(10, 26),
           .age=(rand() % 100),
71
           .numberOfGames=(rand() % 100),
72
           .numberOfGoals=(rand() % 100),
73
         };
75
         return out;
76
      }
77
78
       // Function generating footballer array.
79
      Footballer* generateFootballersArray(int length, int
80
      rand1, int rand2) {
         Footballer* arr = (Footballer*)malloc(sizeof(Footballer
81
      ) * length);
82
         for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
           arr[i] = generateFootballer(rand1, rand2);
84
         }
86
         // printf("Successfully generated %d footballers array
      .\n", length);
         return arr;
88
89
       // Function comparing footballers.
91
      int compareFootballers(Footballer* footballer1,
92
      Footballer* footballer2, int direction) {
         return strcmp(footballer1->fullName, footballer2->
93
      fullName);
      }
94
95
       struct Node {
96
         Footballer* footballer;
97
         struct Node* left;
98
         struct Node* right;
       };
100
101
       typedef struct Node Node;
       Node* createNode(Footballer* footballer) {
         Node* node = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
104
```

```
node->footballer = footballer;
106
         node->left = node->right = NULL;
107
         return node;
109
       }
110
       Node* insertNode(Node* root, Node* insertionNode) {
         if (root == NULL) {
           return insertionNode;
114
         }
115
116
         if (compareFootballers(insertionNode->footballer, root
117
      ->footballer, 1) >= 0) {
           root->right = insertNode(root->right, insertionNode);
118
119
           root->left = insertNode(root->left, insertionNode);
120
121
         return root;
       void insertNodeByFootballer(Node* root, Footballer*
126
      footballer) {
         insertNode(root, createNode(footballer));
128
129
       Node* createTreeFromFootballersArray(Footballer*
130
      footballers, int footballersCount) {
         Node * root = createNode(&footballers[0]);
131
132
         for (int i = 1; i < footballersCount; i++) {</pre>
133
           insertNodeByFootballer(root, footballers + i);
134
         }
135
136
         return root;
138
139
       void printFootabllersBinarySearchTree(Node* root) {
140
         if (root == NULL) {
141
142
           return;
         }
143
144
         printFootabllersBinarySearchTree(root->left);
         printFootballer(root->footballer);
146
```

```
printFootabllersBinarySearchTree(root->right);
147
148
149
       void printNodesArray(Node** nodes, int nodesCount) {
         if (nodesCount == 0) {
           printf("Footballers with this name were not found.\n"
      );
153
154
         for (int i = 0; i < nodesCount; i++) {</pre>
           printFootballer(nodes[i]->footballer);
156
         };
157
       }
158
       Node* findNodeInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName(Node
160
      * root, char* fullName) {
         if (root == NULL || strcmp(root->footballer->fullName,
161
      fullName) == 0) {
           return root;
162
         }
163
         if (strcmp(root->footballer->fullName, fullName) > 0) {
165
           return findNodeInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName
166
      (root->left, fullName);
         }
168
         return findNodeInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName(
169
      root -> right, fullName);
       }
171
       int findAllNodesInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName(
172
      Node* root, char* fullName, Node** nodes) {
         Node* curNode =
173
      findNodeInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName(root,
      fullName);
175
         int nodesCount = 0;
176
         if (curNode == NULL) {
177
           nodes = NULL;
179
180
           return nodesCount;
         }
181
         nodes[0] = curNode;
183
```

```
nodesCount++;
184
185
         Node* nextNode = curNode->right;
186
187
         while (nextNode != NULL && strcmp(curNode->footballer->
188
      fullName, nextNode->footballer->fullName) == 0) {
           nodes[nodesCount] = nextNode;
189
           nextNode = nextNode ->right;
190
           nodesCount++;
191
         }
192
193
         return nodesCount;
194
       }
195
196
197
       // Hash table dope.
198
       // Hash table crazy.
199
       // Hash table here.
200
       // ========
201
202
       struct ListItem {
         Footballer* footballer;
204
         struct ListItem* next;
       };
206
       typedef struct ListItem ListItem;
208
       ListItem* createListItem(Footballer* footballer) {
         ListItem * listItem = (ListItem *) malloc(sizeof(ListItem)
210
      );
211
         listItem ->footballer = footballer;
212
         listItem ->next = NULL;
213
214
         return listItem;
215
       }
216
217
218
       struct HashTable {
         int size;
219
         ListItem** table;
220
       typedef struct HashTable HashTable;
222
223
224
       HashTable* createHashTable(int size) {
         HashTable* hashTable = (HashTable*)malloc(sizeof(
      HashTable));
```

```
ListItem ** table = (ListItem **) malloc(sizeof(ListItem *)
226
       * size);
227
         hashTable ->table = table;
228
         hashTable -> size = size;
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
231
           table[i] = NULL;
232
233
234
         return hashTable;
235
       }
236
237
       int hashFunction(HashTable* hashTable, char* fullName) {
238
         int hash = 0;
239
240
         while (*fullName != 0) {
241
           hash = (hash + *fullName++) % hashTable->size;
242
243
244
         return hash;
246
       void insertFootballerIntoHashTable(HashTable* hashTable,
248
      Footballer* footballer) {
         int hash = hashFunction(hashTable, footballer->fullName
249
      );
250
         ListItem* listItem = createListItem(footballer);
251
252
         listItem ->next = hashTable ->table[hash];
253
         hashTable ->table[hash] = listItem;
254
255
256
       HashTable* createHashTableFromFootballersArray(Footballer
257
      * footballers, int footballersCount) {
         HashTable * hashTable = createHashTable(footballersCount
258
      );
         for (int i = 0; i < footballersCount; i++) {</pre>
           insertFootballerIntoHashTable(hashTable, footballers
261
      + i);
         }
262
         return hashTable;
264
```

```
}
265
266
       int findAllListItemsInHashTableByFootballerFullName(
267
      HashTable* hashTable, char* fullName, ListItem** listItems
      ) {
         int hash = hashFunction(hashTable, fullName);
269
         int listItemsCount = 0;
270
271
         ListItem* listItem = hashTable->table[hash];
273
         while (listItem != NULL) {
274
           if (strcmp(listItem->footballer->fullName, fullName)
275
      == 0) {
             listItems[listItemsCount] = listItem;
276
             listItemsCount++;
277
           }
278
279
280
           listItem = listItem->next;
         }
281
         return listItemsCount;
283
285
       void printFootballersHashTable(HashTable* hashTable) {
         for (int hash = 0; hash < hashTable->size; hash++) {
287
           if (hashTable->table[hash] == NULL) {
             continue;
289
           }
291
           ListItem* listItem = hashTable->table[hash];
292
293
           while (listItem != NULL) {
294
             printFootballer(listItem->footballer);
295
296
             listItem = listItem->next;
298
         }
       }
300
       void printFootballersListItems(ListItem** listItems, int
302
      listItemsCount) {
         if (listItemsCount == 0) {
303
           printf("Footballers with this name were not found.\n"
      );
```

```
return;
305
         }
306
307
         for (int i = 0; i < listItemsCount; i++) {</pre>
           printFootballer(listItems[i]->footballer);
309
310
311
312
       // Function to free memory allocated for binary search
313
      tree nodes.
       void freeBinarySearchTreeNodes(Node* root) {
314
         if (root == NULL) {
315
           return;
316
317
318
         freeBinarySearchTreeNodes(root->left);
319
         freeBinarySearchTreeNodes(root->right);
320
321
         // Free the node itself.
322
         free(root);
323
       }
325
       // Function to free memory allocated for hash table list
326
      items.
       void freeHashTableListItems(HashTable* hashTable) {
         for (int i = 0; i < hashTable -> size; i++) {
328
           ListItem * listItem = hashTable -> table[i];
329
330
           while (listItem != NULL) {
331
             ListItem* temp = listItem;
332
              listItem = listItem->next;
333
334
              // Free the list item itself.
335
             free(temp);
336
           }
337
         }
339
340
       int testsCounter = 1;
341
       void test(int footballersCount, char* fullName, int rand1
343
      , int rand2, int* binaryTreeAccTime, int* hashTableAccTime
      , int printEveryTest) {
         if (printEveryTest) {
           printf("\n
345
```

```
Test %d
     n \ n", testsCounter++);
          printf("Name=\"%s\"\n", fullName);
346
348
        // Prepare program and generate footballers array.
349
350
        Footballer* footballers = generateFootballersArray(
     footballersCount, rand1, rand2);
352
        // printf("\nPrint footballers array.\n");
353
        // printFootballersArray(footballers, footballersCount)
354
355
        // printf("n==== Binary tree ====n");
356
357
        // Create binary search tree.
358
359
        Node* root = createTreeFromFootballersArray(footballers
     , footballersCount);
        // printf("\nPrint footballers binary tree.\n");
362
        // printTableHeader();
        // printFootabllersBinarySearchTree(root);
364
365
        // Work with binary search tree.
366
        Node** nodes = (Node**) malloc(sizeof(Node*) *
368
     footballersCount);
369
        clock_t start = clock();
370
371
        int nodesCount =
372
     findAllNodesInBinarySearchTreeByFootballerFullName(root,
     fullName, nodes);
        clock_t stop = clock();
374
        if (printEveryTest) {
376
          printf("BinarySearchTree %4s%7d: %.00fns\n", "n=",
     footballersCount, (double)(stop - start) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC
     * TIME);
        }
378
```

```
379
         *binaryTreeAccTime += (double)(stop - start) /
380
      CLOCKS_PER_SEC * TIME;
381
         // printf("\nAll nodes with footballer fullName = \"%s
382
      \".\n", fullName);
         // printTableHeader();
383
         // printNodesArray(nodes, nodesCount);
384
385
         // printf("\n==== Hash table ====\n");
387
         // Create hash table.
388
389
         HashTable * hashTable =
390
      createHashTableFromFootballersArray(footballers,
      footballersCount);
391
         // printf("\nPrint footballers hash table.\n");
392
         // printTableHeader();
393
         // printFootballersHashTable(hashTable);
394
         // Work with hash table.
396
397
         ListItem** listItems = (ListItem**)malloc(sizeof(
398
      ListItem*) * footballersCount);
399
         start = clock();
400
401
         int listItemsCount =
      findAllListItemsInHashTableByFootballerFullName(hashTable,
       fullName, listItems);
403
         stop = clock();
404
405
         if (printEveryTest) {
406
           printf("HashTable 11s\%7d: \%.00fns\n", "n=",
      footballersCount, (double)(stop - start) / CLOCKS_PER_SEC
      * TIME);
         }
408
         *hashTableAccTime += (double)(stop - start) /
410
      CLOCKS_PER_SEC * TIME;
411
         // printf("\nAll list items with footballer fullName =
      \"%s\".\n", fullName);
```

```
// printTableHeader();
413
        // printFootballersListItems(listItems, listItemsCount)
414
415
        // End program and free allocated memory.
416
        freeBinarySearchTreeNodes(root);
418
        freeHashTableListItems(hashTable);
419
420
        free(nodes);
        free(listItems);
422
423
        // Free the memory allocated for the footballers array
424
     and the strings inside it.
        for (int i = 0; i < footballersCount; i++) {</pre>
425
          free(footballers[i].fullName);
426
          free(footballers[i].clubName);
          free(footballers[i].role);
428
429
430
        free(footballers);
432
433
      void runTests(int footballersCount, int testsCount, int
434
     printEveryTest) {
        srand(time(NULL)); // Init first random number.
435
436
        int rand1 = rand() % 26;
437
        int rand2 = rand() % 26;
439
        int binaryTreeAccTime = 0;
440
        int hashTableAccTime = 0;
441
442
        for (int i = 0; i < testsCount; i++) {</pre>
443
          test(footballersCount, generateString(rand1, rand2),
444
     rand1, rand2, &binaryTreeAccTime, &hashTableAccTime,
     printEveryTest);
        }
445
446
        printf("\n
     Average from %d tests
     n\n", testsCount);
448
```

```
printf("BinarySearchTree %4s%7d: %.00fns\n", "
449
      {\tt footballersCount=", footballersCount, (double)(}
      binaryTreeAccTime / testsCount));
         printf("HashTable %24s%7d: %.00fns\n", "
450
      footballersCount=", footballersCount, (double)(
      hashTableAccTime / testsCount));
451
         printf("\n\n");
452
453
       int main() {
455
         printf("Lab 11. Keyer, BAM231.\n");
456
         runTests(1000, 100, 0);
458
         runTests(5000, 100, 0);
459
         runTests(10000, 100, 0);
460
         runTests(20000, 100, 0);
         runTests(50000, 100, 0);
462
         runTests(100000, 100, 0);
463
         runTests(1000000, 100, 0);
464
         return 0;
466
       }
467
468
```

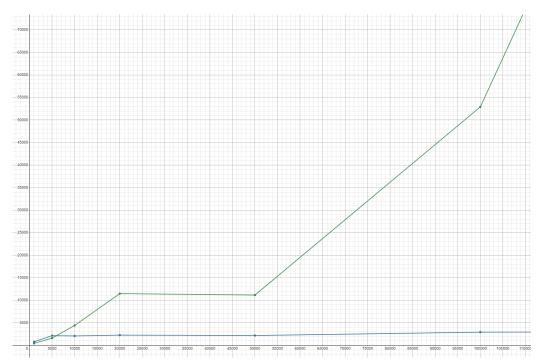
# 4 Тесты

| Lab 11. Keyer, BA                       | AM231.                                 |        |        | == Average | from | 1000 | tests |  |
|---|--|--------|--------|------------|------|------|-------|--|
|   | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= |        |        |            |      |      |       |  |
| ======================================= |  |        |        | == Average | from | 1000 | tests |  |
|   | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= |        |        |            |      |      |       |  |
|   |  |        |        | == Average | from | 500  | tests |  |
| BinarySearchTree                        | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= | 10000: | 2084ns |            |      |      |       |  |
|   |  |        |        | Avonasa    | fnom | FOO  | tosts |  |
| BinarySearchTree                        | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= | 20000: | 2268ns | == Average | TPON | ששכ  | tests |  |
|   |  |        |        |            |      | 250  |       |  |
|   | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= | 50000: | 2184ns | == Average | from | 250  | tests |  |
|   |  |        |        | == Average | from | 250  | tests |  |
| BinarySearchTree<br>HashTable           | footballersCount=<br>footballersCount= |        |        |            |      |      |       |  |
|   |  |        |        | == Average | from | 100  | tests |  |
| BinarySearchTree<br>HashTable           | footballersCount=1                     |        |        |            |      |      |       |  |

Для каждого количества футболистов было проведено свое количество тестов и взято среднее арифметическое в наносекундах, потраченных на поиск всех футболистов с определенным именем.

- 1. Имена в каждом тести генерировались автоматически: максимальное количество букв в имени 26, использовать можно было тоже только 26 латинских букв. Суммарно тесты покрывают каждую возможную длину имени и разное количество букв, из которых оно состоит
- 2. Забавно, но это замеры на Mac M3. Если взять Intel и Windows 11, но все тот же GCC, то там поиск по бинарному дереву всегда 0 наносекунд, а вот поиск по хеш-таблице оставляет желать лучшего.

# 5 Графики



У бинарного дерево, как и должно быть, идет нечто похожее на логарифм, а у хеш-таблицы на обычную линейную функцию.

