Unit 4 Banking

No.	Word	Part of Speech	Meaning (English)	Meaning (中文)
1	account	n.	an arrangement with a bank that allows a person to keep money there	帳戶
2	amount	n.	a quantity of something	數量
4	application	n.	a form to be filled out by an applicant, as for a job or a driver's license	申請
5	approve	v.	to officially accept or allow	批准
6	АТМ	n.	a computerized cash dispenser	提款機
7	bank statement	n.	a monthly statement of account mailed by a bank to each of its customers	(銀行定期寄給 帳戶的)銀行結單
8	bank teller	n.	an employee engaged in banking	銀行出納員
9	bankbook	n.	a book held by a depositor in which a bank enters a record of deposits and withdrawals	存摺
10	bill	n.	a statement of money owed for goods or services supplied	帳單
11	borrow	V.	to receive something and agree to return it by a particular time	借
12	branch	n.	a local operating division of a business	分店;部門
13	cash	n.	money in the form of coins or banknotes, especially that issued by a government	現金
14	charge	v.	to ask for money as a fee	收費
15	check	n.	a certificate that can be used instead of cash	支票
16	counter	n.	a long narrow table or flat surface at which customers are served	櫃台

17	debt	n.	an amount of money a person needs to pay back to someone	債務
18	expense	n.	money that you spend in order to buy or do something	開支;費用
19	financial planner	n.	a person who gives advice about money	理財規劃員
20	income	n.	money that is earned from work or investments	收入
21	insert	v.	to put something into something else	夾入;插入
22	interest rate	n.	the percent a bank charges on money borrowed, or pays on money saved	利息; 利率
23	limit	n.	the maximum amount of something	上限
24	loan	n.	money given to someone for a period of time, but which must be paid back	貸款
25	overspend	n.	to spend in excess of (one's desires or what one can afford or is allocated)	超支
26	profit	n.	an amount of money that you gain when you are paid more for something than it cost you to make, get, or do it	利潤
27	safety deposit box	n.	a lockable metal box or drawer	保險箱
28	saving	n.	money a person has saved in a bank to use in the future	存款
29	sign	v.	to affix a signature to	簽字
30	signature	n.	a person's name, or a mark representing it, as signed personally, as in subscribing a letter or other document	簽名
31	total	n.	the amount when everything is added together	總共;總計

			to remove from deposit or	
32	withdraw	n.	investment in a bank, building	提取(存款)
			society, etc.	

Grammar Focus- Phrasal Verbs 片語動詞

(參考 Building Skills for TOEIC 第58頁)

1. <u>Verb + Preposition 動詞 + 介系詞</u> 很多動詞後面可以接介系詞。

2. With and Without Objects 是否有受詞

有一些片語動詞需要受詞。其他不需要接受詞。

3. Word Order with Objects 有受詞的字序排列

在片語動詞中,介系詞可以放在名詞受詞的前面或是後面。但如果受詞是代名詞,介系詞就必須放在受詞的後面。

4. Three-Part Verbs 三字片語動詞

有一些動詞可以同時接二個介系詞。這些就是三字片語動詞。

Listening Strategy - Partially True Statements 部分正確的陳述

(參考 Building Skills for TOEIC 第60頁)

在多益聽力測驗大題中,有許多種類的句子。一種常見的句子稱為部分正確陳述。這種類型的句子在圖片描述大題最常見到。

1. What Is a Partially True Statement? 什麼是部分正確陳述?

在這種句子中,有一些資訊是正確的,但是部分是錯誤的。在圖片描述題裡,每一句話都描述了圖片中的一部份。句子會提到在圖片中你可以看到的某物。但是,它也可能提到圖片中所沒有的東西。通常一個物品是正確的,其他是錯誤的。

2. Studying Picture

仔細觀察每一張圖片。你在圖片中看到什麼?想一想你會如何描述這張圖片。辨別出圖片中所有的人物、地點、和物品。在圖片中是否還有其他的詞你可以想到的?在你心中,想一想有哪一些可能的句子可以用在這張圖片裡。然後分析可能的答案選項。

Reading Strategy: Inference 推論

(參考 Building Skills for TOEIC 第62頁)

通常,多益題目會要求你做推論。推論是根據已知的資訊做仔細的的猜測。

如何推論:

仔細讀題目。然後在文章中找線索。 在多益考試中,一些你需要知道的常見推論題:

- 接下來會發生什麼事?
- 某人的感覺會如何?
- 什麼事已經發生,但卻還未被提及?
- 地點在哪裡?
- 作者對於該主題真正的意見為何?