

**PJ. Mostly Harmless**

*Preventing Absent Mindedness One Post at a Time!*

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**Building R-devel on RedHat Linux 6**

Posted on [2016/02/18](#) by [pauljohn](#)

Warning: I'm 85% done with this, formatting is not right. I DO NOT want to type in the prompt in front of every command because then one cannot copy/paste directly. However, copying some output chunks picks up the dollar signs and I'm inconsistent.

Brief Summary: R-devel will not build without access to newer zlib, bzip2. This is a problem because CRAN requires users to test packages against R-devel, not against existing R or R-patched. This note has step-by-step information about what was necessary to compile & install R-devel in my user account on a cluster compute environment running RedHat 6 Linux. To upload an R package, one must agree to compile the package against R-devel, the cutting edge version of R.

The 2016 current version of R-devel has removed the versions of several compression libraries that used to be included. Instead of providing those libraries, R-devel supposes they are installed in the operating system. On my up-to-date Ubuntu laptop, this was not a concern because I have up-to-date versions of zlib, xz, pcre, and curl. On the compute cluster, which is still running RedHat 6, it is a more serious problem because the libraries zlib, bzip, pcre, curl, and xz are out of date. We find that out because when we try to build R-devel, it fails and tells us what is out of date.

As a result, one cannot configure and compile R-devel. One must get updated libraries. If the system administrators would replace all of those libraries, we could go ahead. However, in a Unix system, it is possible to compile and install support libraries in a user's account, without system-wide intervention. With the exception of bzip2, where the installation is a non-standard setup, the installs of zlib, xz, curl, and pcre are standard and easy. Building R-devel on a Linux system with slightly older packages.

Here is the process I went through on RHEL6 to make this go. Special thanks to Wes Mason at KU ITTC who provided the critical ingredient.

1. Our cluster defaults to an ancient version of gcc. I can tell my environment to use the newer gcc compiler

```
$ module avail
$ module load gcc/4.9.22
```

2. Try to build R-devel without making any special preparations.

```
mkdir src
cd src
wget --no-check-certificate https://stat.ethz.ch/R/daily/R-devel_2016-02-11.tar.gz
tar xzvf R-devel_2016-02-11.tar.gz
cd R-devel
./configure --help
```

```
mkdir builddir
```

```

cd builddir
../configure --prefix=$HOME/packages/R-devel '--with-cairo' \
'--with-jpeglib' '--with-readline' '--with-tcltk' \
'--with-blas' '--with-lapack' '--enable-R-profiling' \
'--enable-R-shlib' \
'--enable-memory-profiling'

## fails ignominiously:
checking if zlib version >= 1.2.5... no
checking whether zlib support suffices... configure: error: zlib
library and headers are required

```

### 3. Install zlibDownload, un-tar, configure, compile

```

cd ~/src
wget http://zlib.net/zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz
tar xzvf zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz
cd zlib-1.2.8
./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages

```

I won't show all the output for all of these things, but this is brief and representative

```

Checking for gcc...
Checking for shared library support...
Building shared library libz.so.1.2.8 with gcc.
Checking for off64_t... Yes.
Checking for fseeko... Yes.
Checking for strerror... Yes.
Checking for unistd.h... Yes.
Checking for stdarg.h... Yes.
Checking whether to use vs[n]printf() or s[n]printf()... using vs[n]printf().
Checking for vsnprintf() in stdio.h... Yes.
Checking for return value of vsnprintf()... Yes.
Checking for attribute(visibility) support... Yes.

```

This is the common GNU-style software. configure. make. make install. Run those:

```

make
make install

```

```

$ make install
cp libz.a /home/pauljohn/packages/lib
chmod 644 /home/pauljohn/packages/lib/libz.a
cp libz.so.1.2.8 /home/pauljohn/packages/lib
chmod 755 /home/pauljohn/packages/lib/libz.so.1.2.8
cp zlib.3 /home/pauljohn/packages/share/man/man3
chmod 644 /home/pauljohn/packages/share/man/man3/zlib.3
cp zlib.pc /home/pauljohn/packages/lib/pkgconfig
chmod 644 /home/pauljohn/packages/lib/pkgconfig/zlib.pc
cp zlib.h zconf.h /home/pauljohn/packages/include
chmod 644 /home/pauljohn/packages/include/zlib.h /home/pauljohn/packages/include/zconf.h

```

4. Adjust the environment so R-devel builds will find packages installed there.

```
export PATH=$HOME/packages/bin:$PATH
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$HOME/packages/lib:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
export CFLAGS="-I$HOME/packages/include"
export LDFLAGS="-L$HOME/packages/lib"
```

The first two are vital during the "make" phase in R-devel, the latter 2 are vital in the "configure" phase in R-devel.5. Try to build R-devel again, using new zlib remove and remake the build directory, so that any accumulated errors are eliminated

```
cd ~/src
cd R-devel/
rm -rf builddir
mkdir builddir
cd builddir/

../configure --prefix=$HOME/packages/R-devel --with-cairo \
--with-jpeglib --with-readline --with-tcltk \
--with-blas --enable-BLAS-shlib --with-lapack --enable-R-profiling \
'--enable-R-shlib' \
'--enable-memory-profiling'
```

That succeeds, finds zlib, but configure ends with this error:

```
checking bzlib.h presence... yes
checking for bzlib.h... yes
checking if bzip2 version >= 1.0.6... no
checking whether bzip2 support suffices... configure:
error: bzip2 library and headers are required
```

6. Get new bzlib support. This one is not built with GNU auto tools,so it is a little more interesting/idiosyncratic. Would not have solved it without help from this site:<http://www.linuxfromscratch.org/lfs/view/development/chapter06/bzip2.html>

## So we go get bzlib, which is part of bzip2, just like we did on zlib

```
cd ~/src
wget http://www.bzip.org/1.0.6/bzip2-1.0.6.tar.gz
tar xzvf bzip2-1.0.6.tar.gz
cd bzip2-1.0.6
```

Inspect the README. Temptation is to be careless and just run make, but that's not quite enough because we need the shared library. Then make after

```
make -f Makefile-libbz2_so
make clean
make
make -n install PREFIX=$HOME/packages
make install PREFIX=$HOME/packages
```

## 7. Try to build R-devel again

```
cd ~/src/R-devel
rm -rf builddir/
mkdir builddir
cd builddir
../configure --prefix=$HOME/packages/R-devel '--with-cairo' \
'--with-jpeglib' '--with-readline' '--with-tcltk' \
'--with-blas' '--with-lapack' '--enable-R-profiling' \
'--enable-R-shlib' \
'--enable-memory-profiling'
```

configure fails with

```
checking whether bzip2 support suffices... no
checking for lzma_version_number in -llzma... no
configure: error: "liblzma library and headers are required"
```

8. Go get liblzma. I tried that, couldn't compile that, but Wes Mason warned me not to try to install the separate liblzma, but rather get the package known as xz.

```
cd ~/src
wget http://tukaani.org/xz/xz-5.2.2.tar.gz
tar xzvf xz-5.2.2.tar.gz
cd xz-5.2.2
./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages
make -j3
make install
```

8. Try R-devel again, same steps as before, make builddir, then

```
../configure --prefix=$HOME/packages/R-devel '--with-cairo' \
'--with-jpeglib' '--with-readline' '--with-tcltk' \
'--with-blas' '--with-lapack' '--enable-R-profiling' \
'--enable-R-shlib' \
'--enable-memory-profiling'
```

That gets quite a bit further and fails:

```
checking for pcre/pcre.h... no
checking if PCRE version >= 8.10, < 10.0 and has UTF-8 support... no checking whether PCRE support su
```

9. Get pcre. This is getting old now

```
cd ~/src

wget
ftp://ftp.csx.cam.ac.uk/pub/software/programming/pcre/pcre-8.38.tar.gz

tar xzvf pcre-8.38.tar.gz
./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages
```

```
make -j3
make install
```

9B. Back to R-devel R-devel configure fails same way:

```
checking for pcre/pcre.h... no
checking if PCRE version >= 8.10, < 10.0 and has UTF-8 support...
no checking whether PCRE support suffices...
configure: error: pcre >= 8.10 library and headers are required
```

9C So I suspect the UTF-8 support is the issue. Back to PCRE, reconfigure. Usually, best to erase whole sourcedirectory and get a clean run at it. Because I did not do safe thing and use a builddir in there, I have to do that. I run this configure command,

```
./configure --enable-utf8 --prefix=$HOME/packages
make
make install
```

10. Try R-devel again. Fails asking for libcurl

```
checking libcurl version ... 7.19.7
checking curl/curl.h usability... yes
checking curl/curl.h presence... yes
checking for curl/curl.h... yes
checking if libcurl is version 7 and >= 7.28.0... no
configure: error: libcurl >= 7.28.0 library and headers are
required with support for https
```

11. Install libcurl ## Note need ignore certificate problem on this one

```
cd ~/src
wget --no-check-certificate https://curl.haxx.se/download/curl-7.47.1.tar.gz
tar xzvf curl-7.47.1.tar.gz
cd curl-7.47.1
./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages
make -j3
make install
```

12. Try R-devel again

```
cd ~/src
cd R-devel
rm -rf builddir
mkdir builddir
cd builddir
../configure --prefix=$HOME/packages/R-devel '--with-cairo' \
'--with-jpeglib' '--with-readline' '--with-tcltk' \
'--with-blas' '--with-lapack' '--enable-R-profiling' \
'--enable-R-shlib' \
'--enable-memory-profiling'
```

HOORAY, it finished!

```
config.status: creating tests/Embedding/Makefile
config.status: creating tests/Examples/Makefile
config.status: creating tools/Makefile
config.status: creating src/include/config.h
config.status: executing libtool commands
config.status: executing stamp-h commands
```

```
R is now configured for x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
Source directory: ..
Installation directory: /home/pauljohn/packages/R-devel
C compiler: gcc -std=gnu99 -I/home/pauljohn/packages/include
Fortran 77 compiler: gfortran -g -O2
C++ compiler: g++ -g -O2
C++11 compiler: g++ -std=c++11 -g -O2
Fortran 90/95 compiler: gfortran -g -O2
Obj-C compiler: gcc -g -O2 -fobjc-exceptions
Interfaces supported: X11, tcltk
External libraries: readline, BLAS(generic), LAPACK(generic), curl
Additional capabilities: PNG, JPEG, NLS, cairo, ICU
Options enabled: shared R library, R profiling, memory profiling
Capabilities skipped: TIFF
Options not enabled: shared BLAS
Recommended packages: yes
```

```
configure: WARNING: you cannot build info or HTML versions of the R manuals
configure: WARNING: neither inconsolata.sty nor zi4.sty found: PDF vignettes and package manuals will
```

That last warning, well, I'm ignoring it. I don't need to build their documents, I need to see if my package builds without errors. I don't care much that shared BLAS is not enabled, but I usually would want that if I were making a production system. However, running

```
make
```

ends in failure:

```
gcc -std=gnu99 -shared -fopenmp -L/home/pauljohn/packages/lib -o libR.so
CommandLineArgs.o Rdynload.o Renviron.o RNG.o agrep.o apply.o
arithmetic.o array.o attrib.o bind.o builtin.o character.o coerce.o
colors.o complex.o connections.o context.o cum.o dcf.o datetime.o
debug.o deparse.o devices.o dotcode.o dounzip.o dstruct.o
duplicate.o edit.o engine.o envir.o errors.o eval.o format.o
gevents.o gram.o gram-ex.o graphics.o grep.o identical.o
inlined.o inspect.o internet.o iosupport.o lapack.o list.o
localecharset.o logic.o main.o mapply.o match.o memory.o
names.o objects.o options.o paste.o platform.o plot.o plot3d.o
plotmath.o print.o printarray.o printvector.o printutils.o qsort.o
radixsort.o random.o raw.o registration.o relop.o rlocale.o
saveload.o scan.o seq.o serialize.o sort.o source.o split.o
sprintf.o startup.o subassign.o subscript.o subset.o summary.o
sysutils.o unique.o util.o version.o g_alab_her.o
g_cntrlify.o g_fontdb.o g_her_glyph.o xxxpr.o `ls ../unix/*.o
../appl/*.o ../nmath/*.o` ../extra/tre/libtre.a -lblas -lgfortran
```

```

-lm -lquadmath -lreadline -lpcrc -llzma -lbz2 -lz -lrt -ldl -lm
-licuuc -licu18n
/usr/bin/ld: /home/pauljohn/packages/lib/libbz2.a(bzlib.o):
relocation R_X86_64_32S against `BZ2_crc32Table' can not be used
when making a shared object; recompile with -fPIC
/home/pauljohn/packages/lib/libbz2.a: could not read symbols: Bad value
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
make[3]: *** [libR.so] Error 1
make[3]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/main'
make[2]: *** [R] Error 2
make[2]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/main'
make[1]: *** [R] Error 1
make[1]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src'
make: *** [R] Error 1

```

13. That's certainly pointing the finger back at bzip2, which is the only non-standard library in the whole batch. It doesn't use GNU autoconf, has vague instructions. I went into the bzip2 directory and inserted -fPIC as a CFLAG in the Makefile. Then I ran make and make install PREFIX=\$HOME/packages again, as above. 14. R-devel, again. rm the buildddir, make a new buildddir, go in there, run the configure statement, looks OK

```
make
```

succeeds. Be aware, it is VITAL the PATH and LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH be set in the environment as stated above. Here's the evidence it did eventually compile

```

make[2]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/library/Recon
make[1]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/library/Recon
make[1]: Entering directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/library'
building/updating vignettes for package 'grid' ...
building/updating vignettes for package 'parallel' ...
building/updating vignettes for package 'utils' ...
make[1]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/src/library'
make[1]: Entering directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir'
configuring Java ...
Java interpreter : /usr/bin/java
Java version : 1.7.0_09-icedtea
Java home path : /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.7.0-openjdk-1.7.0.9.x86_64/jre
Java compiler : /usr/bin/javac
Java headers gen.: /usr/bin/javah
Java archive tool: /usr/bin/jar

```

```

trying to compile and link a JNI program
detected JNI cpp flags : -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include/linux
detected JNI linker flags : -L$(JAVA_HOME)/lib/amd64/server -ljvm
make[2]: Entering directory `/library/tmp/Rjavareconf.wg86X6'
gcc -std=gnu99 -I/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/include -I/usr/lib/jvm/java-1.7.0-openjdk-1.7.0.9
gcc -std=gnu99 -shared -L/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir/lib -L/home/pauljohn/packages/lib -o conf
make[2]: Leaving directory `/library/tmp/Rjavareconf.wg86X6'

```

```

JAVA_HOME : /usr/lib/jvm/java-1.7.0-openjdk-1.7.0.9.x86_64/jre
Java library path: $(JAVA_HOME)/lib/amd64/server
JNI cpp flags : -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include/linux
JNI linker flags : -L$(JAVA_HOME)/lib/amd64/server -ljvm
Updating Java configuration in /home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildddir
Done.

```

```
make[1]: Leaving directory `/panfs/pfs.acf.ku.edu/home/pauljohn/src/R-devel/buildidir'
```

**About pauljohn**

Paul E. Johnson is a Professor of Political Science at the University of Kansas. He is an avid Linux User, an adequate system administrator and C programmer, and humility is one of his greatest strengths.

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## 41 Responses to *Building R-devel on RedHat Linux 6*



**duongdang** says:

2016/05/03 at 6:46 am

Hello,

This is very helpful, thanks for sharing!

One quick question thou', did you forget to mention any flags for curl? for me autotool is complaining this

checking for curl/curl.h... yes

checking if libcurl is version 7 and >= 7.28.0... yes

checking if libcurl supports https... no

configure: error: libcurl >= 7.28.0 library and headers are required with support for https

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**pauljohn** says:

2016/05/03 at 7:40 am

I can't explain the curl problem you see there. In my steps 10 and 11, I put in everything I did. I suspect the problem you see may be that RedHat has updated/changed some RPMs in the time between my effort and yours. Sorry I cannot help.

[Log in to Reply](#)



**dasicainiao** says:

2016/06/02 at 7:25 pm

Install curl:

```
env LDFLAGS=-R$HOME/openssl/lib ./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages --with-ssl=$HOME/openssl --with-zlib=$HOME/packages
```

make

make install

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**Aphirox** says:

2016/07/19 at 1:31 am

The formatting of your commands makes no sense to me. Could you go through the explicit steps you followed to solve the error?

[Log in to Reply](#)



**pauljohn** says:



2016/08/05 at 8:03 am

I'm sorry. This is not clear. What is "the error" or what "commands" don't make sense to you? I don't know how I could be more methodical...

[Log in to Reply](#)



**Hugues** says:

2016/11/07 at 3:13 am

The blogging software has changed the *hyphen-minus* into *em-dash*, and therefore simply copy-pasting the last command won't work.

Let's try formatting it:

```
[code language="bash"]
env LDFLAGS=-R$HOME/openssl/lib ./configure -prefix=$HOME/packages -with-
ssl=$HOME/openssl -with-zlib=$HOME/packages
[/code]
```

[Log in to Reply](#)



**nephantes** says:

2016/05/04 at 7:44 pm

Thanks it was extremely helpfull. Every single step, I had the same problems on centos 6.

Solutions were slightly different but it all worked out.

Thanks again!

Alper

[Log in to Reply](#)



**ssullivan37** says:

2016/05/24 at 7:41 am

Thank you so much for these instructions! They got me successfully through the configure, which would not have happened otherwise. When I try to make now, I get an error about the lzma.h file:

```
making sock.d from ../../../../src/library/utils/src/sock.c
making stubs.d from ../../../../src/library/utils/src/stubs.c
making utils.d from ../../../../src/library/utils/src/utils.c
../../../../../../src/library/utils/src/utils.c(56): catastrophic error: cannot open source file "lzma.h"
```

```
#include
```

```
make[5]: *** [utils.d] Fehler 4
```

```
make[5]: Leaving directory `/pfs/data1/home/kit/imk-aaf/rj2621/packages/R-3.3.0/builddir/src/library/utils/src'
```

I tried copying the lzma.h file from the ~/packages/include directory where it is to the /src/library/utils/src directory where the compiler seems to be looking but no luck. Any idea what the problem might be?

Thanks again for this post. – Sylvia

[Log in to Reply](#)



**pauljohn** says:

2016/05/27 at 1:53 pm

Sorry, I have not seen that error.

I am absolutely sure your idea to copy the lzma.h file into the file system is incorrect, that just gives the system the idea that it has a lot of stuff that it does not have.

I don't think the configure would finish successfully in this case, I expect it is throwing some warnings at you that you need to read. In your error report, you show just a little bit, and an expert would need to see the whole log starting from configure.

If I were you, I'd check to see if there is an RPM with a dev package installed with lzma.h, maybe your system has updated itself.

[Log in to Reply](#)



**dasicainiao** says:

2016/06/02 at 7:29 pm

Thank you pauljohn.

[Log in to Reply](#)



**jhallum** says:

2016/06/07 at 6:43 am

I've been fighting with this on our cluster for a bit now. My biggest problem is getting tiff compiled in, it's not even checking for TIFF in the configure script for R, so I'm not sure where the problem is. Ever seen that before?

[Log in to Reply](#)



[pauljohn](#) says:

2016/06/08 at 10:29 am

No, I did not hit any TIFF trouble. We have:

```
$ rpm -qa | grep tiff
```

```
libtiff-devel-3.9.4-9.el6_3.x86_64
```

```
libtiff-3.9.4-9.el6_3.x86_64
```

Maybe you need check if RPMs exist in your system...

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**Shicheng Guo** says:

2016/06/13 at 6:40 pm

Hi Prof. Johnson,

Thank you so much for the amazing protocol. Yes, it works quite well in the stage of configuration. However, After I run the 'make', some error reported as the following:

It seems about pcre, do you have more suggestion.

```
> make
```

```
.....
```

```
gcc -std=gnu99 -I../src/extra -I../src/include -I../src/include -I/usr/local/include -I../src/nmath
-DHAVE_CONFIG_H -fopenmp -fpic -I/home/shg047/software/bzip2-1.0.6 -I/home/shg047/software/zlib-1.2.8 -I/home
/shg047/software/xz-5.2.2/include -I/home/shg047/software/pcre-8.38/include -I/home/shg047/software/curl-7.47.1
/include -c Rmain.c -o Rmain.o
gcc -std=gnu99 -Wl,-export-dynamic -fopenmp -L../lib -L/home/shg047/software/bzip2-1.0.6 -L/home/shg047/software
/zlib-1.2.8 -L/home/shg047/software/xz-5.2.2/lib -L/home/shg047/software/pcre-8.38/lib -L/home/shg047/software/curl-
7.47.1/lib -o Rbin Rmain.o -lR
/usr/bin/ld: warning: libpcre.so.1, needed by ../lib/libR.so, not found (try using -rpath or -rpath-link)
/usr/bin/ld: warning: liblzma.so.5, needed by ../lib/libR.so, not found (try using -rpath or -rpath-link)
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_code@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_raw_encoder@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_stream_decoder@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_free'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_lzma_preset@XZ_5.0'
```

```

../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_raw_decoder@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_version'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_exec'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_config'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_fullinfo'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_maketables'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_compile'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_end@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_alone_decoder@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_version_string@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_crc64@XZ_5.0'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `pcre_study'
../lib/libR.so: undefined reference to `lzma_stream_encoder@XZ_5.0'
collect2: ld returned 1 exit status
make[3]: *** [R.bin] Error 1
make[3]: Leaving directory `/home/shg047/software/R-3.3.0/src/main'
make[2]: *** [R] Error 2
make[2]: Leaving directory `/home/shg047/software/R-3.3.0/src/main'
make[1]: *** [R] Error 1
make[1]: Leaving directory `/home/shg047/software/R-3.3.0/src'
make: *** [R] Error 1

```

Shicheng

[Log in to Reply](#)



[pauljohn](#) says:

2016/06/14 at 7:48 am

I'm guessing there is something wrong in your configure statement, way back at the beginning, and this is the way of telling you you had something missing. Please look at the lib directory of the place where you installed the libraries. You should see libpcre and liblzma in there, and I think your configure does not realize that.

```

[pauljohn@n097 lib]$ ls -l
libbz2.a
libcurl.a
libcurl.la
libcurl.so
libcurl.so.4
libcurl.so.4.4.0
liblzma.a
liblzma.la
liblzma.so
liblzma.so.5
liblzma.so.5.2.2
libpcre.a
libpcre.la
libpcre.so
libpcre.so.1
libpcre.so.1.2.6
libpcrecpp.a
libpcrecpp.la
libpcrecpp.so
libpcrecpp.so.0
libpcrecpp.so.0.0.1
libpcreposix.a
libpcreposix.la
libpcreposix.so
libpcreposix.so.0

```

```
libpcrposix.so.0.0.3  
libz.a  
libz.so  
libz.so.1  
libz.so.1.2.8  
pkgconfig
```

I'd delete the R-devel folder, open the tarball again, and run configure again

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**yoonsikp** says:

2016/06/14 at 9:53 pm

edit your Makeconf

nano Makeconf

scroll down to MAIN\_LDFLAGS

after -Wl,-export-dynamic

add “-rpath-link,/home/path/to/lib”

do not use \$HOME !!

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**yoonsikp** says:

2016/06/14 at 11:27 pm

There is an error in step 4

The quotation marks have been converted to smart quotes, and therefore copying and pasting the line makes the compiler stop working.

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**vikas\_kache** says:

2016/07/09 at 5:11 am

This was extremely helpful. Probably saved me tens of hours.

I was able to also install 3.3.1 with slightly more updated versions of libcurl. I did have root access on the machine, but will have to try without it.

[Log in to Reply](#)



**vivek** says:

2016/08/16 at 12:12 am

This article was extremely helpful. I was just following step by step and was facing same issues. Thanks a lot Paul

[Log in to Reply](#)



**davidroad** says:

2016/08/16 at 6:41 pm

Thanks a lot prof. Johnson. This is really helpful.

I follow all the step you did.

I insert ‘-fpic -fPIC’ to the setting of CFLAGS in Makefile of bzip2.

It worked great, and I think have already finished. However, it came out some error when compile the basic package 'Matrix'. I really do not know what's wrong with it.

And I use gcc-4.6.1, gcc-4.9.0, gcc-5.2.0, and all failed in the process of installing this 'Matrix' package. Some of my colleagues, they succeeded by following your protocol without having my problem. We use the same OS! I felt so upset about it.

Is there anyone who occurred the same problem?

```
* installing *source* package 'Matrix' ...
** package 'Matrix' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
** libs
make[3]: Entering directory `/tmp/RtmpLKClCy/R.INSTALL9dd96bb28358/Matrix/src'
gcc -I/home/daiy2/src/R-3.3.1/build/include -DNDEBUG -DNTIMER -I./SuiteSparse_config -I/usr/local/include -fpic
-I/home/daiy2/R/include -c CHMfactor.c -o CHMfactor.o
In file included from CHMfactor.h:4:0,
from CHMfactor.c:2:
Mutils.h: In function 'inv_permutation':
Mutils.h:303:5: error: 'for' loop initial declarations are only allowed in C99 mode
Mutils.h:303:5: note: use option -std=c99 or -std=gnu99 to compile your code
In file included from Mutils.h:472:0,
from CHMfactor.h:4,
from CHMfactor.c:2:
t_sparseVector.c: In function 'adsparseVector_sub':
t_sparseVector.c:139:5: error: 'for' loop initial declarations are only allowed in C99 mode
In file included from Mutils.h:475:0,
from CHMfactor.h:4,
from CHMfactor.c:2:
t_sparseVector.c: In function 'asparseVector_sub':
t_sparseVector.c:139:5: error: 'for' loop initial declarations are only allowed in C99 mode
In file included from Mutils.h:478:0,
from CHMfactor.h:4,
from CHMfactor.c:2:
t_sparseVector.c: In function 'ansparseVector_sub':
t_sparseVector.c:139:5: error: 'for' loop initial declarations are only allowed in C99 mode
In file included from Mutils.h:481:0,
from CHMfactor.h:4,
from CHMfactor.c:2:
t_sparseVector.c: In function 'azsparseVector_sub':
t_sparseVector.c:139:5: error: 'for' loop initial declarations are only allowed in C99 mode
make[3]: *** [CHMfactor.o] Error 1
make[3]: Leaving directory `/tmp/RtmpLKClCy/R.INSTALL9dd96bb28358/Matrix/src'
ERROR: compilation failed for package 'Matrix'
* removing '/gpfs22/home/daiy2/src/R-3.3.1/build/lib/library/Matrix'
make[2]: *** [Matrix.ts] Error 1
make[2]: Leaving directory `/gpfs22/home/daiy2/src/R-3.3.1/build/src/library/Recommended'
make[1]: *** [recommended-packages] Error 2
make[1]: Leaving directory `/gpfs22/home/daiy2/src/R-3.3.1/build/src/library/Recommended'
make: *** [stamp-recommended] Error 2
```

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[pauljohn](#) says:  
2016/08/17 at 9:31 am

Hm. I'm guessing that you think you are getting the right gcc and g++, but you are not because you are apparently trying lots of variations without cleaning up after yourself.

Yesterday, I noticed my blog formatting was broken and the gcc module selection was slammed into end of a paragraph. I just separated that. Anyway, if I were you, I would clean out the R build directory (if you did it inside the

source tree, you need to open a new copy), then get the gcc set that you need, and if you are doing it some way different than a module, make sure you set not only gcc, but g++ . I'm on 4.9.22. Run the R compile top to bottom in the clean tree.

If you don't have a clean tree, then when you try with the wrong compiler, some symbols are created and saved. Then you change your gcc, and run again, but the old symbols are stuck where they were. The compiler does not try to re-do its work.

That's why I wished I had written this out to build in a separate folder, so I could obliterate the build folder between tries.

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**davidroad** says:

2016/08/17 at 11:05 am

Hi Prof. Johnson,

Thanks a lot for the reply. I think I found the mistake is the Interfaces supported. I can't find the tcltk even with the command '-with-tcltk'. I will make it right and see if I could compiler all.

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**osama** says:

2016/08/25 at 3:31 am

Hi Prof. Johnson,

This is really helpful. I have followed all steps and both configure and make went well (without errors). However, I can NOT run R! Sorry if my background of this is poor. I just tried to run R from Ubuntu terminal by just typing R. It returns:

"The program 'R' is currently not installed. You can install it by typing:  
sudo apt-get install r-base-core"

I wanted to Installing R from source (specifically, Version 3.3.1). Here is a copy of the last few lines that make return when I followed you whole process:

```
make[2]: Leaving directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/library/Recommended'
make[1]: Leaving directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/library/Recommended'
make[1]: Entering directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/library'
building/updating vignettes for package 'grid' ...
building/updating vignettes for package 'parallel' ...
building/updating vignettes for package 'utils' ...
make[1]: Leaving directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/library'
make[1]: Entering directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc'
configuring Java ...
Java interpreter : /usr/bin/java
Java version : 1.8.0_101
Java home path : /usr/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle/jre
Java compiler : /usr/bin/javac
Java headers gen.: /usr/bin/javah
Java archive tool: /usr/bin/jar
```

trying to compile and link a JNI program

detected JNI cpp flags : -I\$(JAVA\_HOME)/../include -I\$(JAVA\_HOME)/../include/linux

detected JNI linker flags : -L\$(JAVA\_HOME)/lib/amd64/server -ljvm

make[2]: Entering directory `/tmp/Rjavareconf.OSpeMR'

```
gcc -std=gnu99 -I/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/include -DNDEBUG -I/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle/jre/./include -I/usr
/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle/jre/./include/linux -I/usr/local/include -fpic -I/home/osama/packages/include -c conftest.c -o
conftest.o
```

```
gcc -std=gnu99 -shared -L/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/lib -L/home/osama/packages/lib -o conftest.so conftest.o -L/usr
/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle/jre/lib/amd64/server -ljvm -L/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildsrc/lib -lr
```

```
make[2]: Leaving directory `/tmp/Rjavareconf.OSpeMR'
```

```
JAVA_HOME : /usr/lib/jvm/java-8-oracle/jre
Java library path: $(JAVA_HOME)/lib/amd64/server
JNI cpp flags : -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include -I$(JAVA_HOME)/../include/linux
JNI linker flags : -L$(JAVA_HOME)/lib/amd64/server -ljvm
Updating Java configuration in /usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildddir
Done.
```

```
make[1]: Leaving directory `/usr/local/src/R-3.3.1/buildddir'
```

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**pauljohn** says:

2016/08/25 at 10:18 am

It appears you did your install on a Debian system, not on RedHat or Centos.

I believe you may have forgotten to add the install directory “bin” to your path.

Try this test. “cd” into the directory where you installed R. cd into the bin directory there. That would have been specified in the configure script’s prefix argument. In there, run “./R”

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**pgajer** says:

2016/09/17 at 4:15 am

Thank you for posting these instructions ! I wonder if you know how can I get rid of the error

```
make[4]: Entering directory `/local/projects/pgajer/devel/packages/R-3.3.1/buildddir/src/library/compiler'
byte-compiling package 'compiler'
Error: package 'compiler' was built before R 3.0.0: please re-install it
Execution halted
make[4]: *** [../library/compiler/R/compiler.rdb] Error 1
```

Thanks !



pawel

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**pauljohn** says:

2016/09/19 at 7:06 am

Oh, can I guess what’s wrong?

In your user account, or possibly in the system-wide version of R, the old package “compile” is being found because it is in your path. I recall one case in which I had to move ~/R entirely, or else old version was found. I recall also one case where I had to alter the PATH so that the versions of R packages built during the R compile were found ahead of ones installed in /usr/share/R.

If that does not help, let me know, I’m going to have to rebuild R-3.3.1 sometime soon.

Oh, one warning. It always helps to start the build with a clean source directory.

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**MIArvas** says:

2016/09/23 at 5:00 am

Thanks, this was a wonderful post. I managed to install R to a custom location on a Centos server with these instructions I only got stuck on the CURL part.

....

```
checking for curl-config... /usr/local/bin/curl-config
checking libcurl version ... 7.47.1
checking curl/curl.h usability... yes
checking curl/curl.h presence... yes
checking for curl/curl.h... yes
checking if libcurl is version 7 and >= 7.28.0... yes
checking if libcurl supports https... no
configure: error: libcurl >= 7.28.0 library and headers are required with support for https
```

After a lot of stupid things I realised that the server lacked openssl:  
\$ sudo yum install openssl-devel

With this fixed, I needed to update curl, but also pycurl and things started working.

Thanks again,  
Mikko

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**disha7003** says:  
2016/10/02 at 10:08 am

Hi Mikko,

I am facing the same issues while trying to build 3.3.1. I did install openssl and try building again, but again the same error. Could you please share your code?

Thank you,  
Disha

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**king108** says:  
2016/09/23 at 1:35 pm

trying to build R-3.3.0 and would love help.

I'm stuck at liblzma. I installed the xz library as you did in the directions, but I keep on getting the same error:

```
checking lzma.h presence... yes
checking for lzma.h... yes
checking if lzma version >= 5.0.3... no
I tried doing yum install liblzma. but I still get no where and it says package doesn't exist...
```

any other suggestions?

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**pauljohn** says:  
2016/09/27 at 9:15 am

It finds an outdated lzma. Humph!

First, lets check what you installed:

In your ~/packages/include/lzma folder, look for version.h. Open that:

You should find something like (which I see now)



```
#define LZMA_VERSION_MAJOR 5
#define LZMA_VERSION_MINOR 2
#define LZMA_VERSION_PATCH 2
```

If your version information is good, then the only possible explanation is that there is another, older lzma floating about. It is possibly finding a too-old lzma in your system?

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**king108** says:

2016/09/29 at 2:36 pm

Yes I have exactly what you have....

There must be an lzma out there, but can I get the configure to point to this lzma version???

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**disha7003** says:

2016/10/02 at 10:12 am

Hi Paul,

Firstly, thanks for this step by step guide, very helpful.

I am trying to build R 3.3.1 on RHEL 5 and failing at below error.

configure: error: libcurl >= 7.28.0 library and headers are required with support for https

I have tried using the latest libcurl and few other fixes online. Nothing really works. Could you help out?

Thank you again,

Disha

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**pankaj** says:

2017/02/08 at 1:39 pm

Thanks for the instructions. I am trying to install version 3.3.2 of R from source and got stuck in step 4 of "configure". I was able to install the zlib header and library but I cannot get "configure" to find it. I tried two different ways, but each time when I run configure it stop with the error message:

checking if zlib version >= 1.2.5... no

checking whether zlib support suffices... configure: error: zlib library and headers are required

The two different ways I tried to run configure are:

1.

```
export CFLAGS=/srv/agarw005/installs/packages/install/zlib-1.2.11/include/
export LDFLAGS=/srv/agarw005/installs/packages/install/zlib-1.2.11/lib/
$ /srv/agarw005/temp/R332Install/R-3.3.2/configure --prefix=/srv/agarw005/temp/R332Install/install/build1/
```

2.

```
export MY_INC_PATH=/srv/agarw005/installs/packages/install/zlib-1.2.11/include/
export MY_LIB_PATH=/srv/agarw005/installs/packages/install/zlib-1.2.11/lib/
$ /srv/agarw005/temp/R332Install/R-3.3.2/configure --prefix=/srv/agarw005/temp/R332Install/install/build1/ CFLAGS="-I${MY_INC_PATH}" LDFLAGS="-L${MY_LIB_PATH}"
```

My "system" version of zlib is 1.2.3 as shown by

```
$ rpm -q zlib
```

```
zlib-1.2.3-29.el6.x86_64
```

Is there some other way I can make the latest install of zlib visible to configure?

Thanks,

– Pankaj

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---

Pingback: [Horrible configure script – zeusville](#)

---



**jguerra** says:

2017/03/11 at 9:36 pm

Hello Prof. Johnson,

I am seeing the -fPIC error as you mentioned in step 12. So, just to make sure I am doing everything right; when I go to the bzip folder and I open the Makefile I have to add the '-fPIC' argument to the CFLAGS variable in this matter:

```
CFLAGS=-fPIC -Wall -Winline -O2 -g $(BIGFILES)
```

or should I do something different?

Thank you for your help!

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**jguerra** says:

2017/03/11 at 11:43 pm

I was able to make it work by modifying both 'Makefile' and 'Makefile-libbz2\_so' files. I changed the line

```
CC =gcc
```

to

```
CC =gcc -fPIC
```

Thank you for the guide.

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**fakechek** says:

2017/05/04 at 5:04 am

Hey Paul! Thanks for this fantastic article! I suffer from terrible cluster maintenance and therefore have to take things into my own hands by installing a new R version by hand.

Everything went more or less exactly to your description, until the second last step (end of step 12), where your 'make' command fails because of the bzip2 library. For me it also fails, but because it can't find 'zlib.h'. Since I followed your script step by step, the file is located in \$HOME/packages/include/zlib.h. Here are the last lines of the make output:

```
In file included from ../../src/main/connections.c:1438:0:
```

```
../../src/main/gzio.h:38:18: fatal error: zlib.h: No such file or directory
```

```
#include "zlib.h"
```

```
^
```

```
compilation terminated.
```

```
make[2]: *** [connections.d] Error 1
```

```
make[2]: Leaving directory `/mnt/PGP/homes/rhillje/src/R-3.4.0/buildsrc/main'
```

```
make[1]: *** [R] Error 1
```

```
make[1]: Leaving directory `/mnt/PGP/homes/rhillje/src/R-3.4.0/buildsrc'
```

```
make: *** [R] Error 1
```

I checked the LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH to make sure it is set up as you said, then I also added \$HOME/packages/include to make

sure the path is in there. This is what my LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH looks like (I replaced my home path with \$HOME):

```
$HOME/packages/lib:$HOME/packages/include
```

Anyway it fails.

Anybody an idea what to do? I googled for some time but wasn't successful yet. Somebody suggested adding a '-I' flag to the 'make' command, such as 'make -I\$HOME/packages/include' but also that failed.

Any help is appreciated!

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**jaison** says:

2017/09/21 at 6:09 am

Professor Paul E. Johnson,

You made my day!!!!

Thanks a lot, mate.

Regards,

Jaison.

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Pingback: [Compiling R-3.4.2 on CentOS 6 with GNU – Linux Cluster](#)



**martingale** says:

2017/11/06 at 6:05 am

Thanks very much for the help!

When installing Zlib, I met the issue below.

I first run ./configure --prefix=\$HOME/packages and it looks OK.

```
ia64-cross: ./configure --prefix=$HOME/packages
Checking for shared library support...
Building shared library libz.so.1.2.8 with /xenv/C/ia64/4.1.2r5_64/RH5.6AS_64/usr/bin/ia64cc.
Checking for off64_t... Yes.
Checking for fseeko... Yes.
Checking for strerror... Yes.
Checking for unistd.h... Yes.
Checking for stdarg.h... Yes.
Checking whether to use vs[n]printf() or s[n]printf()... using vs[n]printf().
Checking for vsnprintf() in stdio.h... Yes.
Checking for return value of vsnprintf()... Yes.
Checking for attribute(visibility) support... Yes.
```

Then I run make and there's error.

```
ia64-cross: make
/xenv/C/ia64/4.1.2r5_64/RH5.6AS_64/usr/bin/ia64cc -I/home/bw03303/packages/include -D_LARGEFILE64_SOURCE=1
-DHAVE_HIDDEN -I. -c -o example.o test/example.c
test/example.c:29: error: expected â=â, â,â, â;â, âsmâ or â__attribute__â before âcharâ
test/example.c: In function âtest_compressâ:
test/example.c:93: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:93: error: (Each undeclared identifier is reported only once
test/example.c:93: error: for each function it appears in.)
```

```

test/example.c: In function âtest_gzioâ:
test/example.c:123: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c: In function âtest_deflateâ:
test/example.c:206: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:215: error: âz_constâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:215: error: expected â)â before âunsignedâ
test/example.c:215: error: expected â;â before âhelloâ
test/example.c: In function âtest_inflateâ:
test/example.c:268: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c: In function âtest_flushâ:
test/example.c:381: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:390: error: âz_constâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:390: error: expected â)â before âunsignedâ
test/example.c:390: error: expected â;â before âhelloâ
test/example.c: In function âtest_dict_deflateâ:
test/example.c:479: error: âz_constâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c:479: error: expected â)â before âunsignedâ
test/example.c:479: error: expected â;â before âhelloâ
test/example.c:480: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
test/example.c: In function âtest_dict_inflateâ:
test/example.c:533: error: âhelloâ undeclared (first use in this function)
make: *** [example.o] Error 1

```

I ignore this error msg and run make install. But when installing R, zlib still cannot be found.

checking whether zlib support suffices... configure: error: zlib library and headers are required.

Do you know what could possibly be the reason? Thanks!!

[Log in to Reply](#)



**Maliang** says:

2017/11/14 at 8:36 pm

Professor Paul E. Johnson, :

When I make R, Then display:

```

*****
building package 'base'
make[4]: Entering directory `/iot_water/R-3.4.2/src/library/base'
ls: cannot access ./R/*.R: No such file or directory
ls: cannot access ./R/unix/*.R: No such file or directory
*****

```

Ever seen that before?

Thank you for your help!

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**Maliang** says:

2017/11/14 at 11:18 pm

I have solved the problem.

1. rm -rf R-3.4.2
2. tar -xvcf R-3.4.2.tar.gz
3. sudo ./configure --enable-R-shlib LDFLAGS="-L/iot\_water/package/lib" CPPFLAGS="-I/iot\_water/package/include"
4. sudo make

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