Sub.Code : 212 'D'

NEB - GRADE XII 2077 (2020) Chemistry

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Time: 1:30 hrs. Full Marks (Condense): 30

Group 'A'

Attempt any five questions.

5x2=10

- What are hybrid orbitals? Draw hybrid structure of methane.
- 2. What do you mean by normality of a solution is 1N?
- Distinguish between electrochemical equivalent and chemical equivalent.
- 4. On what factors the Rate of reaction depends?
- 5. Write the chemical formula of Green Vitriol.
- 6. Give an example of Coupling reaction.
- 7. Draw the structure of Glucose and fructose.

Group 'B'

Attempt any two questions.

2x5=10

- 1. Define the terms:
 - i. Titration error ii. Standard solution Calculate the volume of 1M NaOH required to neutralize 200cc of 2M HCl. What mass of sodium chloride are produced from the neutralized reaction?
- Name a primary reference electrode and mention its one important use.For a cell;

Mg(s)/Mg⁻⁻(1M)//Cu⁻⁻(1M)/Cu(s)

Eo Mg(s)/Mg++= 2.37 V and EoCu++/Cu=+0.34 V

- i. Indicate cathode and anode
- ii. Write the reaction taking place at electrode.
- iii. Calculate the emf at 1M solution of its ions.
- 3. How would you separate 1°, 2°, 3° amines from their mixture by Hoffmann's method?

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Chemistry

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Time: 1:30 hrs.

Full Marks (Condense): 30

Group 'A'

Attempt any five questions.

5x2=10

- 1. What is the mode of hybridization of B in BF,? Write any two important features of this hybridization.
- 2. Distinguish between end point and equivalence point of reaction.
- 3. What is meant by single electrode potential? How is it measured?
- 4. Define enthalpy of formation giving an example of it.
- 5. Give the balanced chemical reaction for the preparation of black oxide from blue vitriol. How is black oxide converted into red oxide?
- 6. What is Williamson's etherification reaction?
- A primary haloalkane (X), if allowed to react with KCN yields a compound(Y), which on acidic hydrolysis gave propanoic acid. Identify (X) and (Y).

Group 'B'

Attempt any two questions.

2x5=10

- 8. Are all standard solutions, primary standard solutions or not? Give reason. 1 g of a divalent metal was dissolved in 25mL of 2N H₂SO₄ (f = 1.01). The excess acid required 15.1mL of 1N NaOH (f = 0.8) for complete neutralization. Find the atomic weight of the metal.
- What is meant by enthalpy of formation? Calculate the enthalpy of formation of ethane at 298 K, if the enthalpies of combustion of C, H and C.H. are - 94.14, - 68.47 and - 373.3 KCal respectively.
- 10. An Organic Compound (A) reacts with PBr, to give (B). Compound B produces (C) when heated with alc. KOH. The compound (C) undergoes ozonolysis to yield ethanal and methanal as major products. The compound A responses iodoform test. Identify A, B, C and write reactions involved. How is (A) obtained from CH, MgBr?

Contd...

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Attempt any one question.

1x10=10

11. Give a suitable chemical reaction for the laboratory preparation of trichloromethane. What happens when trichloromethane reacts with

i. Phenol

ii. Nitric acid

iii. Silver powder

iv. Atmospheric air.

12.Define the terms (i) activation energy (ii) order of reaction

(iii) molecularity of reaction (iv) effective collision (v) rate law equation.

Why does powder sugar dissolve faster than grain sugar?

The following data were obtained for a hypothetical reaction $x + v \longrightarrow z$

Expt	[x] mol L-1	[y] mol L-1	Formation of z mol L-1 S-1
1	0.20	0.20	3x10 ⁻³
2	0.40	0.20	1.2x10 ⁻²
3	0.60	0.40	6x10 ⁻³
4	0.80	0.20	9x10-3

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	Page No.
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	Group 'Air
1)	What are hybrid orbitals? Draw hybrid structure of methane?
	The process of mixing of dissimilar atomic orbitals of sume atom
	giving rise to equal number of a new sel of orbitals having same
	energy is known as hybridization and new orbital is called hybrid
	orbitale.
	ment a second to the first the
	methane (CH4)
	eg = 15° 25° 20°
	Cei - 15° 25° 2pn 2pp 2p2
	TITITAL STATES
	sp3 hybridization
	for C, and minimum that the many the second of the second
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THE	The Chartest Contract of the C
	1) 109.5°
) C 103.3
	HA HA
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on what factors the Rate of reaction depends?

an products por unit time. It depends upon the following factors:

is Nature of reactant in concentration of reactants

iti) Temperature

ivy catalyst

v) Sustace area of reactants

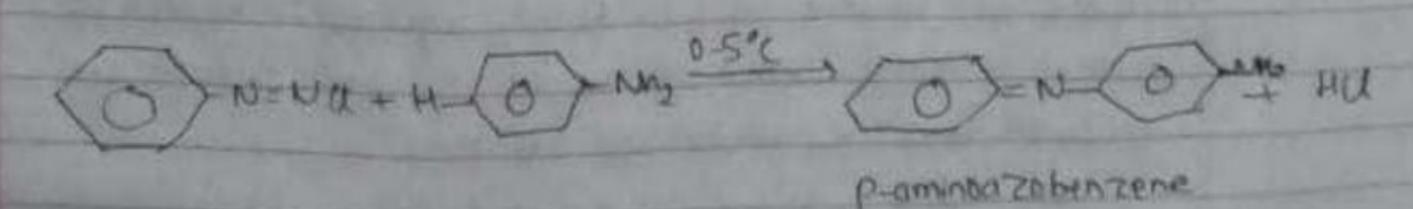
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5, write the chemical formula of green vitrial.

And ferrous sulphate heptaty drate (fesoy 7420) is the chemical formula of green vitibil.

1) Give an example of Coupling reaction.

And When aniline is treated with benzene diazonium chloride, p-amino orabenzene is obtained. This reaction is known at coupling reaction.



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7.	Draw the structure of Glucore and fructore.
Ans:	H-C=01 H, C-CH
	04-C-H 04-C-H
	H-C-0H 4 C-6H
	H-C-OH C-DH
	H-C-0H M-C-0H
	Glucose (aldonexose) fructose (ketohexose)
	Group B
1.	Define the terms: i Pitration error: The difference between the equivalence
	point and end point is called to trution emor
	: Standard Solution: The solution whose concentration is
	known is called standard solution
	calculate the volume of 1 m NooH required to neutrolize
	2000 of 2M HCl. What volume of sodium chloride are
	produced from the neutralized reaction.
	Solo. V1 - 1 V2 = 200CC
	$V_1 = 1$ $V_2 = 200CC$ $N_1 = M_1 = 1N$ $N_2 = 2M = 2N$

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Q.	Name a primary reference electrode and mention its	
Ans:	A primary reference electrode is an electrode which has a stable and well-known electrode potential. Standard Hydrogen Electrode is an example of primary reference electrode. Its potential is assumed to be zero and wed to calculate cell potential using different electrodes.	- AN
	Numerical: The given cell notation is as: mg(s) /mg2+(sm) // (u+(1m)/(u(s)) Anode Cathode -2.37V + 0.34 V mg(s) / mg2+ is anode and (u2+/(s)) is cathode.	
i	mg acts and as anode which undergoes anidation and lu acts as cothode where reduction takes place. mg -1 mg++de (onidation) (u2++de -) (u (reduction)	
ji.	End of cell E°cell = @red (camode) + E° red (anode) - + 0.14-(-2.37) + 2.71 V	

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from the normality eq?	
N, V, - N2 V2	William Marian
or, 1x V1 = 200 x2	
= 1 V1 = 4100 CC	The Little State of the li
Belleville & Francis III	al water to the state of the st
Now.	
NOOH + HIL - N	0 Cl + H2 O
40 gm 58	.5 gm
	The second secon
for Nacy,	
W=NEV = 1x 400 x 40 = 16	gin
Ex La aim of Na DH gives 585 gm	n of Nau
51 40 gm of NaOH giver 585 gm 16 gm of NaoH giver 585	X16) gm d Naci
= 23.4 gm	of Naci
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
Mandahan Till	

	Page No
	How would you reparate i", 2", 3° amines from their minture by
1	
	The mixture of 1°, 2° and 3" armines can be separated by treating it with hollman's reagent is drelly) on a late.
-	
+	28-M2 + COOCEMS - 1 CONMR + 2 (21/1504
-	L'amine Cookins Conne
1	diethy) onamide (solid)
	BY-NN + COOCLUS - CONTR + CLUSON
1	
	cookins cookins diethyl oxumic after (oily liquid)
1	RS-N + COOLYS - I No reaction
1	Coolens
1	
1	Now the mixture containing dethyl oxamide die Myl oxamic ester,
H	tertany amine and alcohol are subjected to tiltration. The delays
	anamide is obtained as residue and is treated with agricon
	to obtain primary amine.
1	CONNR + ay KOH - 1 COOK + R-NA
75	COOK
1	Now the mixture containing diethyl oxamic esten ethanol and tertary amine is subjected to tracking I distillation.

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Page No. Date (0012 + RE NM + 97501) CONHR + 09. KOH -) COOK C00(2H5 In this way 1°, 2° and 3° amines are separated.