Profiling and Understanding EFL University Students' Purposes for Using ChatGPT: A Latent Profile Analysis



Presentation Overview

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Literature Review
- 3. Research Questions
- 4. Methodology
- 5. Results
- 6. Discussion
- 7. Implications
- 8. Conclusion

Introduction(1)

ChatGPT in EFL – Promises and Pitfalls

- ChatGPT's advanced features such as text generation, translation,
 - grammar assistance that hold significant potential for EFL learning 5
- Effective integration relies on learners' acceptance:
 - → They must perceive it as useful, user-friendly, and valuable for continuous use.

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- However, most existing studies:
 - Adopt a variable-centered approach, focusing on isolated factors such as usefulness
 - Assume uniform usage patterns across all learners
 - Consequently, these studies tend to overlook important differences in learners' goals, strategies, and engagement behaviors.

Introduction(2)

The Need for a Learner-Centered Approach

Analytical Approach:

→ Person-centered methodology: *Latent Profile Analysis (LPA)*

Theoretical Framework:

- → *Technology Acceptance Model (TAM)*, including:
 - Perceived usefulness
 - Perceived ease of use
 - Intention for continued use

Research Objectives:

- → Identify distinct profiles of ChatGPT use among learners
- → Examine the influence of gender, academic discipline, and self-efficacy
- → Compare technology acceptance across identified learner profiles

Literature Review

ChatGPT Use in English Learning

- Applications include: translation, grammar correction, brainstorming, summarizing, and vocabulary development
- Also used for generating genre-specific sample texts
- Usage patterns vary significantly among learners \ \frac{\pi}{2}

Technology Acceptance Model (TAM)

- Perceived Usefulness (PU)
- Perceived Ease of Use (PEU)
- Intention to Continue Using (ICU)

Learner Variables

- ► Gender 5
- ► Academic discipline 5
- ► English self-efficacy

Research Questions

${f 1}.$ Learner Profiles

What distinct learner profiles emerge based on their purposes for using ChatGPT?

2. Influencing Factors

Do gender, academic discipline, and English self-efficacy affect these profiles?

3. Perceptual Differences

Do perceived usefulness, ease of use, and intention to continue using ChatGPT differ across profiles?

Methodology(1)

Participants

- 🖣 🛱 400 Korean university EFL learners 🖺
- 🖣 Age range: 20-25 years 🛱
- Diverse academic backgrounds (e.g., Humanities, Social Sciences, Natural Sciences, Engineering)

Instruments **5**

TAM (Technology Acceptance Model) scales: 폋

- Perceived Usefulness (PU)
- Perceived Ease of Use (PEU)
- Intention to Continue Using (ICU)

English Self-Efficacy Scale:

Focused on reading and writing skills

Purpose of Using ChatGPT(6 factors): 5

- Obtaining sample texts
- Practicing and preparing for tests
- Writing support and feedback
- Vocabulary learning
- Grammar correction
 - Translation

Methodology(2)

Procedure 5

Data collection:

- Conducted via electronically survey (Google Forms)
- Duration: approximately 3 months

Participant recruitment:

Through LMS (Learning)
 Management System)
 and Korean online
 communities (e.g.,
 Naver Café)

Ethical considerations:

- IRB approval obtained
- Informed consent collected online

Exploratory Factor Analysis (EFA):

To extract 6 purpose factors

Chi-square tests:

 To examine the effects of gender, academic discipline, and English self-efficacy

Data Analysis

One-way ANOVA:

 To compare perceived usefulness, ease of use, and intention to continue using ChatGPT across profiles

Latent Profile Analysis (LPA):

To identify 5 learner profiles

Software tools used:

SPSS, Jamovi, R (tidyLPA)

Results(1)

Descriptive Statistics of Purposes of Using ChatGPT

- ChatGPT for:
 - Translating (KOR–ENG)
 - Vocabulary enhancement
 - Improving writing fluency
- 🗄 Less frequently used for: 🚆
 - Test preparation
 - Creating study plans
- **Key Finding**

ChatGPT is predominantly used for refining language output, rather than for strategic or goal-oriented learning tasks.

Descriptive Statistics for the Purposes of Using ChatGPT

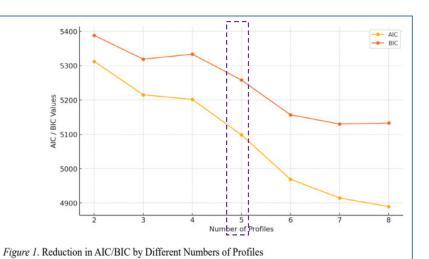
Items to measure purposes of using ChatGPT	Mean	SD
Factor 1. Obtaining samples	2.22	.96
Obtaining sample structures for various writing genres	2.25	1.05
Obtaining sample texts in specific genres	2.20	1.01
Factor2. Practicing and preparing tests	1.91	.86
Requesting explanations for test answers	1.97	1.03
Generating English test items (e.g., grammar, TOEIC, TOEFL etc)	1.97	1.00
Getting suggestions for English Study Plans	1.79	.95
Factor3. Writing and evaluating English texts	2.77	.75
Summarizing English texts	2.60	1.03
Brainstorming ideas for writing	2.63	.99
Getting feedback on writing	2.76	.99
Making English sentences sound more natural	3.06	.89
Factor4. Learning English vocabulary and expressions	3.05	.68
Finding synonyms or antonyms	2.93	.87
Exploring alternative expressions	3.05	.82
Seeking the meanings of English vocabulary	3.17	.82
Factor5. Learning and polishing grammar	2.92	.79
Correcting grammatical errors in writing	3.07	.86
Getting explanations about grammar rules	2.77	.92
Factor6. Translating	3.17	.72
Translating from Korean to English	3.25	.82
Translating from English to Korean	3.08	.81

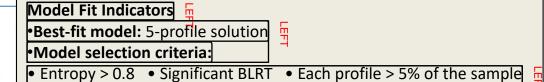
Results(2)

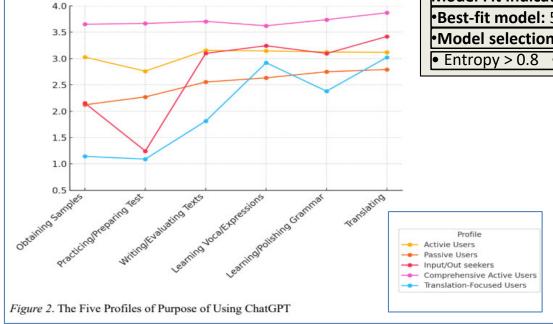
Results of the Profile Analysis on the Purpose of Using ChatGPT

Model F	it by Num	ber of Prof	ìles
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Model	LogLik	AIC	BIC	SABIC	Entropy	Min	Max	BLRT	p
2	-2637.18	5312.36	5388.20	5327.91	0.84	47%	53%	374.04	0.01
3	-2581.59	5215.18	5318.96	5236.46	0.85	8%	52%	111.19	0.01
4	-2567.92	5201.84	5333.56	5228.85	0.93	6%	46%	27.34	0.01
5	-2509.24	5098.48	5258.14	5131.21	0.83	6%	30%	117.36	0.01
6	-2437.57	4969.14	5156.74	5007.60	0.86	6%	26%	143.34	0.01
7	-2403.31	4914.63	5130.17	4958.82	0.88	3%	22%	68.51	0.01
8	-2383.74	4889.49	5132.97	4939.41	0.87	3%	22%	39.14	0.01







Five learner profiles were identified based on ChatGPT usage purposes:						
Profile	%	Characteristics				
1. Active Users	23.0%	High use across most purposes, except test preparation				
2. Passive Users	20.5%	Low use across all purposes				
3. Input/Output Seekers	29.8%	Frequent use for writing, grammar, translation; less content generation				
4. Comprehensive Active	5.8%	Highest use across all categories				
5. Translation-Focused	21.0%	Primarily use for translation and vocabulary				

Results(3)

Profile Differences by Gender

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• No statistically significant differences in profile membership by gender \chi^2(4) = .93, p = .928 \Xi
• Interpretation: \Xi
- Gender is not a meaningful differentiator(factor) in ChatGPT usage profiles \Xi
among EFL learners. \Xi
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Table 4
Results of Chi-square Test for Gender Differences by Profile

	Active	Passive	Input/Output	Comprehensive	Translation			
	Users	Users	Seekers	Active Users	Focused	Total	χ^2	V
					Users			
Male	50	43	68	13	43	217		
	(12.5)	(10.8)	(17.0)	(3.3)	(10.8)	(54.3)		
Female	42	39	51	10	41	183	.87	.047
	(10.5)	(9.8)	(12.8)	(2.5)	(10.3)	(45.7)	(4)	
Total	92	82	119	23	84	400		
	(23.0)	(20.5)	(29.8)	(5.8)	(21.0)	(100)		

Note. The numbers in parentheses represent percentages.

Results(4)

Profile Differences by Academic Discipline 5

Table 5
Results of Chi-square Test for Academic Discipline Differences by Profile

	Active	Passive	Input/Output	Comprehensive	Translation		
	Users	Users	Seekers	Active Users	Focused	χ^2	V
					Users		
Humanities	13	7	35	6	22		
	(3.3)	(1.8)	(8.8)	(1.5)	(5.5)		
Social	15	16	39	2	20	•	
Sciences	(3.8)	(4.0)	(9.8)	(0.5)	(5.0)	_	
Natural	5	6	9	0	16		
Sciences	(1.5)	(1.5)	(2.3)	(0.0)	(4.0)	64.86***	.40
Engineering	36	29	28	9	16	(16)	
	(9.0)	(7.2)	(7.0)	(2.3)	(4.0)		
Others	23	24	8	6	10	•	
	(5.8)	(6.0)	(2.0)	(1.5)	(2.5)		
Total	92	82	119	23	84		
	(23.0)	(20.5)	(29.8)	(5.8)	(21.0)		

Note. The numbers in parentheses represent percentages; *** p < .001

Results(5)

Profile Differences by English Self-Efficacy 5

•English self-efficacy significantly influenced profile membership $\frac{\pi}{2}$ $\chi^2(4) = 41.60$, p < .001, Cramer's V = .42 (\rightarrow strong association) •Interpretation: $\frac{\pi}{2}$

English self-efficacy is a strong predictor of ChatGPT usage profiles among EFL 5

learners. 5

Self-Efficacy Level	Tendency
High	Input/Output Seekers ↑, Passive ↓
Low	Passive ↑, Input/Output Seekers ↓

Table 6
Results of Chi-square Test for Self-Efficacy Differences by Profile

	Active	Passive	Input/Output	Comprehensive	Translation			
	Users	Users	Seekers	Active Users	Focused	Total	χ^2	V
					Users			
Low	19	42	22	4	30	117		
Group	(8.1)	(17.9)	(9.4)	(1.7)	(12.8)	(50.0)		
High	26	9	52	12	18	117	41.60***	.42
Group	(11.1)	(3.8)	(22.2)	(5.1)	(7.7)	(50.0)	(4)	
Total	45	51	74	16	48	234		
	(19.2)	(21.8)	(31.6)	(6.8)	(20.5)	(100.0)		

Note. The numbers in parentheses represent percentages; *** p < .001

Results(6)

TAM Factors and Definitions

Factor	Definition	Highest Profile	Lowest Profile 5
PU	Perceived Usefulness: How helpful ChatGPT is for learning	Comprehensive Active Users	Passive Users
PEU	Perceived Ease of Use: How easy it is to use ChatGPT	Comprehensive Active Users	Passive Users
[CU]	Intention to Continue: Willingness to keep using ChatGPT	nput/Output Seekers & Comprehensive Active Users	Passive Users

Key Findings (ANOVA Results) 5

- All results significant at p < .001</p>
- effect sizes (η² ≈ .08)
- finterpretation: 5

Learners with more active and engaged usage profiles perceive ChatGPT as **more useful**, 🔄

easier to use, and are more willing to continue using it compared to passive users.

Discussion (1)Learner Profiles & Influencing Factors

- Five distinct usage profiles
 - → Reflect diverse learning goals & behavioral patterns (Stojanov et al., 2024)
- Academic background plays a key role
 - → Humanities and Social Sciences majors use ChatGPT more frequently for \$\frac{\pi}{2}\$ writing related tasks (Hwang et al., 2020) \$\frac{\pi}{2}\$
- English self-efficacy positively associated with active use
 - → Higher levels of self-efficacy are associated with greater engagement with ChatGPT(Bin-Nashwan et al., 2023; Bouzar et al., 2024; Zhang et al., 2024)
- Gender shows no significant influence on profile membership

(Sallam *et al*., 2024; Acosta-Enriquez *et al*., 2024) 5

Discussion (2)

Technology Acceptance & Pedagogical Implications

- **Active users** demonstrate higher levels of:
 - Perceived Usefulness (PU)
 - Perceived Ease of Use (PEU)
 - Intention to Continue Using (ICU)
 - → These findings align with the **Technology Acceptance Model (TAM)**(Venkatesh & Bala, 2008; Venkatesh & Davis, 2000)
- Pedagogical Implications
 - Adapt instruction to different learner profiles
 - Provide scaffolding for passive users and those with low self-efficacy
 - Implement discipline-specific ChatGPT training
 - Design activities that foster positive user experiences

(Lo, 2023; Sarikas, 2023) 5

1. Profile-Based Instruction

- Design instruction tailored to distinct learner profiles
- Example:
 - Comprehensive Active and I/O Seekers → autonomous, open-ended tasks
 - Passive Users → structured guidance and scaffolding

2. Discipline-Specific ChatGPT Training

- Align ChatGPT use with the academic demands of each discipline
- Integrate training into English for Academic Purposes(EAP) curricula
- Provide examples relevant to learners' fields of study

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3. Support for Learners with Low Self-Efficacy

- Offer targeted supports:
 - Peer feedback
 - Hands-on workshops
 - Low-stakes practice activities
- Foster resilience and encourage self-directed learning strategies

4. Incorporate TAM Principles into Pedagogy

Emphasize the usefulness of ChatGPT through clear learning

outcomes

- Foster ease of use by encouraging exploratory and low-pressure interactions (Venkatesh & Bala, 2008)
- Promote continued use intention by showcasing successful examples

- Identified five learner profiles based on ChatGPT usage.
- Academic discipline & self-efficacy strongly influenced profiles.
- Active users rated ChatGPT as more useful, easier, and worth continuing.
 - Results support the **Technology Acceptance Model (TAM)** in EFL.
- Highlights a learner-centered approach to Al integration.
- Calls for differentiated instruction by learner type.
- Recommends TAM-based strategies for underengaged or low-efficacy learners,

"Understanding how diverse learners interact with AI tools like ChatGPT allows us to design more effective, equitable, and engaging EFL learning environments."

Thank you & Q-A Session

Thank you for your time and attention.

We welcome any questions or comments regarding our study,

Profiling and Understanding EFL University Students' Purposes for Using ChatGPT: 4

A Latent Profile Analysis

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