```
In [ ]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import pickle
from statistics import mode
import nltk
from nltk import word_tokenize
from nltk.stem import LancasterStemmer
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('punkt')
[nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk dat
[nltk data]
              Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk dat
a...
[nltk data]
              Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
[nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
[nltk data]
              Package punkt is already up-to-date!
Out[]:
True
In [ ]:
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
In [ ]:
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
In [ ]:
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
In [ ]:
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, LSTM, Embedding, Dense, Conca
tenate, Attention
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
In [ ]:
```

import tensorflow as tf

```
In [ ]:
```

df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/data/Reviews.csv", nrows=100000)

In []:

df.head()

Out[]:

	Id	Productid	Userld	ProfileName	HelpfulnessNumerator	Help
0	1	B001E4KFG0	A3SGXH7AUHU8GW	delmartian	1	
1	2	B00813GRG4	A1D87F6ZCVE5NK	dll pa	0	
2	3	B000LQOCH0	ABXLMWJIXXAIN	Natalia Corres "Natalia Corres"	1	
3	4	B000UA0QIQ	A395BORC6FGVXV	Karl	3	
4	5	B006K2ZZ7K	A1UQRSCLF8GW1T	Michael D. Bigham "M. Wassir"	0	
4						•

In []:

drop the duplicate and na values from the records df.drop_duplicates(subset=['Text'], inplace=True)

In []:

df.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True)

```
In [ ]:
```

```
input data = df.loc[:, 'Text']
target data = df.loc[:, 'Summary']
```

```
input data.head()
```

Out[]:

```
I have bought several of the Vitality canned d...
0
     Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut...
1
2
     This is a confection that has been around a fe...
3
     If you are looking for the secret ingredient i...
4
     Great taffy at a great price. There was a wid...
Name: Text, dtype: object
```

In []:

```
input texts = []
target texts = []
input words = []
target_words = []
```

In []:

```
contractions = pickle.load(open(
    "/content/drive/MyDrive/text-summarization-ml-project/contractions.p
kl", "rb"))['contractions']
```

```
# initialize stop words and LancasterStemmer
stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
stemm = LancasterStemmer()
```

```
def clean(texts, src):
   # remove the html tags
   texts = BeautifulSoup(texts, "lxml").text
   # tokenize the text into words
   words = word tokenize(texts.lower())
   # filter words which contains \
   # integers or their length is less than or equal to 3
   words = list(filter(lambda w: (w.isalpha() and len(w) >= 3), words))
    # contraction file to expand shortened words
   words = [contractions[w] if w in contractions else w for w in words]
   # stem the words to their root word and filter stop words
    if src == "inputs":
        words = [stemm.stem(w) for w in words if w not in stop words]
   else:
        words = [w for w in words if w not in stop words]
    return words
```

In []:

```
# pass the input records and taret records
for in txt, tr txt in zip(input data, target data):
    in_words = clean(in_txt, "inputs")
    input texts += [' '.join(in words)]
    input words += in words
   # add 'sos' at start and 'eos' at end of text
   tr words = clean("sos "+tr txt+" eos", "target")
   target_texts += [' '.join(tr_words)]
   target words += tr words
```

In []:

```
# store only unique words from input and target list of words
input words = sorted(list(set(input words)))
target words = sorted(list(set(target words)))
num in words = len(input words) # total number of input words
num tr words = len(target words) # total number of target words
# get the length of the input and target texts which appears most often
max in len = mode([len(i) for i in input texts])
max tr len = mode([len(i) for i in target texts])
```

```
print("number of input words : ", num_in_words)
print("number of target words : ", num_tr_words)
print("maximum input length : ", max_in_len)
print("maximum target length : ", max_tr_len)
```

```
number of input words :
                        32198
number of target words: 14170
maximum input length: 74
maximum target length : 17
```

```
#split the input and target text into 80:20 ratio or testing size of 2
x train,x test,y train,y test=train test split(input texts,target texts,
test size=0.2,random state=0)
```

In []:

```
#train the tokenizer with all the words
in tokenizer = Tokenizer()
in tokenizer.fit on texts(x train)
tr tokenizer = Tokenizer()
tr tokenizer.fit on texts(y train)
```

In []:

```
# convert text into sequence of integers
# where the integer will be the index of that word
x_train = in_tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(x_train)
v train = tr tokenizer.texts to sequences(v train)
```

In []:

```
#pad array of 0's if the length is less than the maximum length
en in data= pad sequences(x train, maxlen=max in len, padding='post')
dec data= pad sequences(y train, maxlen=max tr len, padding='post')
```

In []:

```
# decoder input data will not include the last word
# i.e. 'eos' in decoder input data
dec in data = dec data[:, :-1]
# decoder target data will be one time step ahead as it will not include
# the first word i.e 'sos'
dec tr data = dec data.reshape(len(dec data), max tr len, 1)[:, 1:]
```

In []:

```
K.clear session()
latent dim = 500
```

```
# create input object of total number of input words
en inputs = Input(shape=(max in len,))
en embedding = Embedding(num in words+1, latent dim)(en inputs)
```

```
#create 3 stacked LSTM layer with the shape of hidden dimension
en lstm1= LSTM(latent dim, return state=True, return sequences=True)
en outputs1, state h1, state c1= en lstm1(en embedding)
#LSTM2
en lstm2= LSTM(latent dim, return state=True, return sequences=True)
en outputs2, state h2, state c2= en lstm2(en outputs1)
#LSTM3
en lstm3= LSTM(latent dim, return sequences=True, return state=True)
en outputs3 , state h3 , state c3= en lstm3(en outputs2)
```

In []:

```
# encoder states
en states = [state h3, state c3]
# Decoder.
dec inputs = Input(shape=(None,))
dec emb layer = Embedding(num tr words+1, latent dim)
dec embedding = dec emb layer(dec inputs)
```

In []:

```
#initialize decoder's LSTM layer with the output states of encoder
dec lstm = LSTM(latent dim, return sequences=True, return state=True)
dec outputs, * = dec lstm(dec embedding,initial state=en states)
```

In []:

```
#Attention layer
attention =Attention()
attn out = attention([dec outputs,en outputs3])
```

In []:

```
#Concatenate the attention output with the decoder ouputs
merge=Concatenate(axis=-1, name='concat_layer1')([dec_outputs,attn_out])
```

```
# Dense layer (output layer)
dec dense = Dense(num tr words+1, activation='softmax')
dec outputs = dec dense(merge)
```

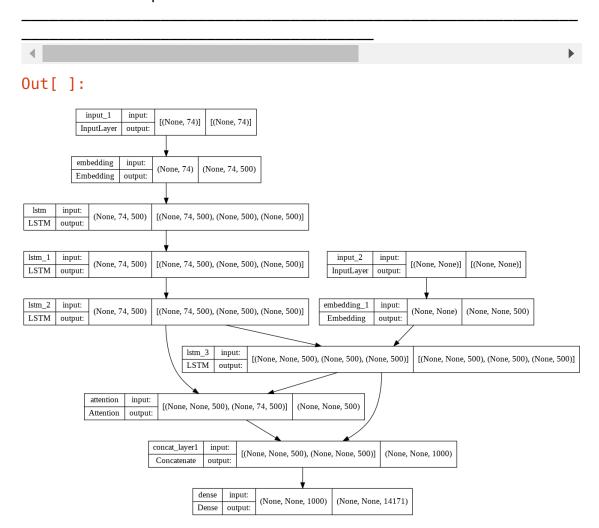
```
# Mode class and model summary
model = Model([en_inputs, dec_inputs], dec_outputs)
model.summary()
plot_model(model, to_file='model_plot.png',
           show_shapes=True, show_layer_names=True)
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type) Connected to	Output Shape	Param #
======================================		0
<pre>embedding (Embedding) 0 ['input_1[0][0]']</pre>	(None, 74, 500)	1609950
<pre>lstm (LSTM) ['embedding[0][0]']</pre>	[(None, 74, 500), (None, 500), (None, 500)]	2002000
<pre>input_2 (InputLayer) []</pre>	[(None, None)]	0
lstm_1 (LSTM) ['lstm[0][0]']	[(None, 74, 500), (None, 500), (None, 500)]	2002000
<pre>embedding_1 (Embedding) ['input_2[0][0]']</pre>	(None, None, 500)	7085500
lstm_2 (LSTM) ['lstm_1[0][0]']	[(None, 74, 500), (None, 500), (None, 500)]	2002000
<pre>lstm_3 (LSTM) ['embedding_1[0][0]', 'lstm_2[0][1]', 'lstm_2[0][2]']</pre>	[(None, None, 500), (None, 500), (None, 500)]	2002000
attention (Attention) ['lstm_3[0][0]',	(None, None, 500)	0
'lstm_2[0][0]']		
<pre>concat_layer1 (Concatenate) ['lstm_3[0][0]',</pre>	(None, None, 1000)	0
'attention[0][0]']		
<pre>dense (Dense) 1 ['concat_layer1[0][0]']</pre>	(None, None, 14171)	1418517

Total params: 45,378,171 Trainable params: 45,378,171

Non-trainable params: 0



```
model.compile(
    optimizer="rmsprop", loss="sparse_categorical_crossentropy", metrics
=["accuracy"])
model.fit(
    [en_in_data, dec_in_data],
    dec_tr_data,
    batch_size=512,
    epochs=10,
    validation_split=0.1,
)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
loss: 1.5334 - accuracy: 0.8106 - val loss: 1.2828 - val acc
uracy: 0.8343
Epoch 2/10
loss: 1.2414 - accuracy: 0.8342 - val loss: 1.2187 - val acc
uracy: 0.8368
Epoch 3/10
125/125 [============= ] - 101s 810ms/step -
loss: 1.1676 - accuracy: 0.8368 - val loss: 1.1620 - val acc
uracy: 0.8393
Epoch 4/10
loss: 1.1151 - accuracy: 0.8388 - val loss: 1.1435 - val acc
uracy: 0.8403
Epoch 5/10
loss: 1.0725 - accuracy: 0.8408 - val loss: 1.1274 - val acc
uracy: 0.8408
Epoch 6/10
loss: 1.0336 - accuracy: 0.8426 - val loss: 1.1094 - val acc
uracy: 0.8424
Epoch 7/10
loss: 0.9965 - accuracy: 0.8443 - val loss: 1.1059 - val acc
uracy: 0.8426
Epoch 8/10
loss: 0.9616 - accuracy: 0.8463 - val loss: 1.0985 - val acc
uracy: 0.8422
Epoch 9/10
loss: 0.9272 - accuracy: 0.8480 - val loss: 1.0939 - val acc
uracy: 0.8435
Epoch 10/10
loss: 0.8934 - accuracy: 0.8499 - val loss: 1.0952 - val acc
uracy: 0.8431
```

Out[]:

<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7efd182b96d0>

```
# Save model
model.save("s2s")
```

WARNING:absl:Found untraced functions such as 1stm cell laye r call fn, lstm cell layer call and return conditional losse s, lstm cell 1 layer call fn, lstm cell 1 layer call and ret urn conditional losses, lstm cell 2 layer call fn while savi ng (showing 5 of 8). These functions will not be directly ca llable after loading.

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7e fd182f28d0> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LST MCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.kera s.models.load model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom objects` parameter of the load functio n.

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7e fd182ea710> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LST MCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.kera s.models.load model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom objects` parameter of the load functio

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7e fd1829ef10> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LST MCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.kera s.models.load_model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom objects` parameter of the load functio n.

WARNING:absl:<keras.layers.recurrent.LSTMCell object at 0x7e fd1823a510> has the same name 'LSTMCell' as a built-in Keras object. Consider renaming <class 'keras.layers.recurrent.LST MCell'> to avoid naming conflicts when loading with `tf.kera s.models.load model`. If renaming is not possible, pass the object in the `custom objects` parameter of the load functio n.

```
# encoder inference
latent dim = 500
# load the model
model = models.load model("s2s")
```

```
# construct encoder model from the output of 6 layer i.e.last LSTM layer
en outputs, state h enc, state c enc = model.layers[6].output
en states = [state h enc, state c enc]
# add input and state from the layer.
en model = Model(model.input[0], [en outputs]+en states)
```

In []:

```
# decoder inference
# create Input object for hidden and cell state for decoder
# shape of layer with hidden or latent dimension
dec state input h = Input(shape=(latent dim,))
dec state input c = Input(shape=(latent dim,))
dec hidden state input = Input(shape=(max in len, latent dim))
```

In []:

```
# Get the embeddings and input layer from the model
dec inputs = model.input[1]
dec emb layer = model.layers[5]
dec lstm = model.layers[7]
dec_embedding = dec_emb_layer(dec_inputs)
```

In []:

```
# add input and initialize LSTM layer with encoder LSTM states.
dec outputs2, state h2, state c2 = dec lstm(
    dec embedding, initial state=[dec state input h, dec state input c])
```

In []:

```
# Attention layer
attention = model.layers[8]
attn out2 = attention([dec outputs2, dec hidden state input])
merge2 = Concatenate(axis=-1)([dec outputs2, attn out2])
```

```
# Finally define the Model Class
dec model = Model(
    [dec_inputs] + [dec_hidden_state_input, dec_state_input_h, dec_state
input cl,
    [dec outputs2] + [state h2, state c2])
```

```
# create a dictionary with a key as index and value as words.
reverse_target_word_index = tr_tokenizer.index_word
reverse source word index = in tokenizer.index word
target_word_index = tr_tokenizer.word_index
reverse target word index[0] = ' '
```

```
def decode sequence(input seq):
   # get the encoder output and states by passing the input sequence
    en out, en h, en c = en model.predict(input seq)
   # target sequence with inital word as 'sos'
    target seq = np.zeros((1, 1))
    target seq[0, 0] = target word index['sos']
   # if the iteration reaches the end of text than it will be stop the
iteration
    stop condition = False
    # append every predicted word in decoded sentence
    decoded sentence = ""
   while not stop condition:
        # get predicted output, hidden and cell state.
        output words, dec h, dec c = dec model.predict(
            [target seq] + [en out, en h, en c])
        # get the index and from the dictionary get the word for that in
dex.
        word index = np.argmax(output_words[0, -1, :])
        text word = reverse target word index[word index]
        decoded_sentence += text_word + " "
        # Exit condition: either hit max length
        # or find a stop word or last word.
        if text word == "eos" or len(decoded sentence) > max tr len:
            stop condition = True
        # update target sequence to the current word index.
        target seg = np.zeros((1, 1))
        target seq[0, 0] = word index
        en h, en c = dec h, dec c
   # return the deocded sentence
    return decoded sentence
```

```
inp review = input("Enter: ")
print("Review :", inp review)
inp review = clean(inp review, "inputs")
inp review = ' '.join(inp review)
inp x = in tokenizer.texts to sequences([inp review])
inp x = pad sequences(inp x, maxlen=max in len, padding='post')
summary = decode sequence(inp x.reshape(1, max in len))
if 'eos' in summary:
    summary = summary.replace('eos', '')
print("\nPredicted summary:", summary)
print("\n")
```

Review: I went to hotel Astor yesterday, I ordered chicken b iriyani,it was tasty specially the leg piece was very spicy and the behavior of the waiter was very good. I would recomm end everyone to go there

Predicted summary: The chicken biriyani of hotel Astor is ta sty and recommendable