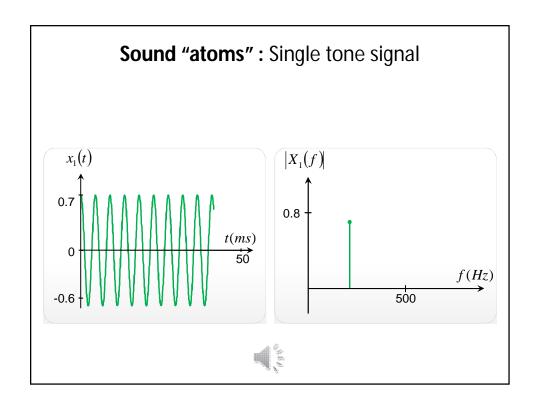
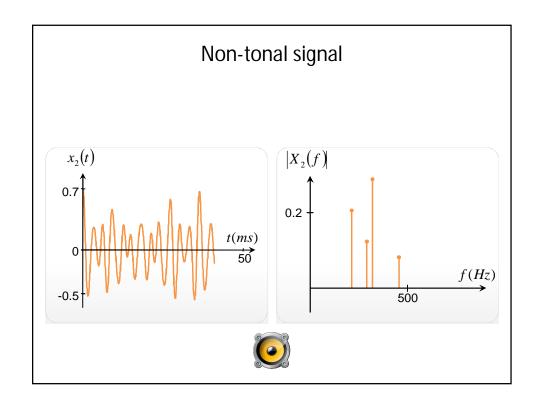
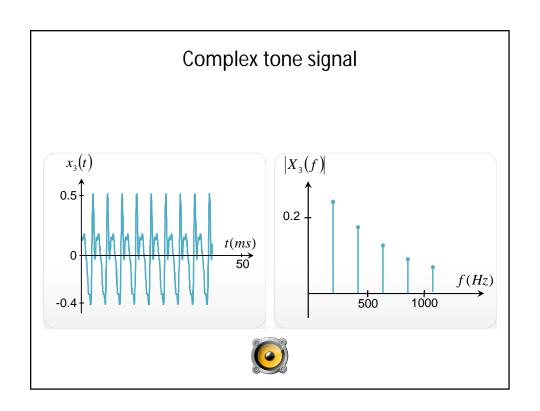
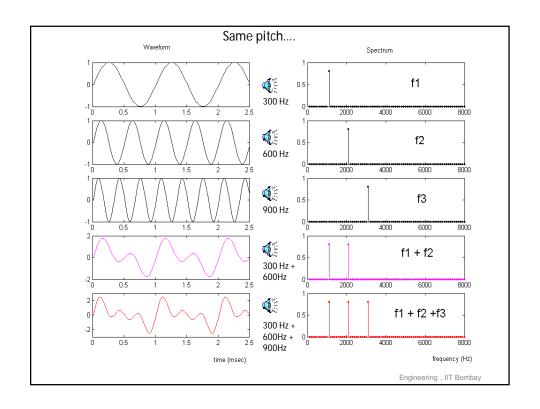
Sound of Fourier Series

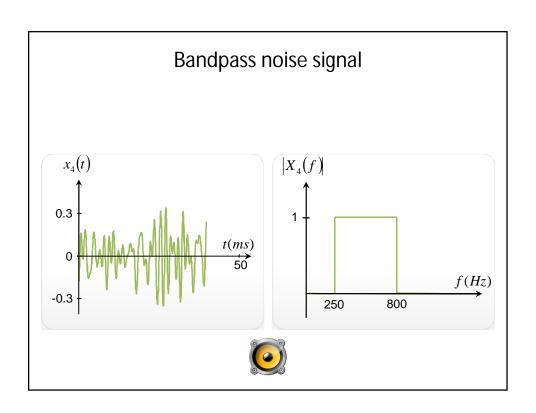
Computing Assignment 2

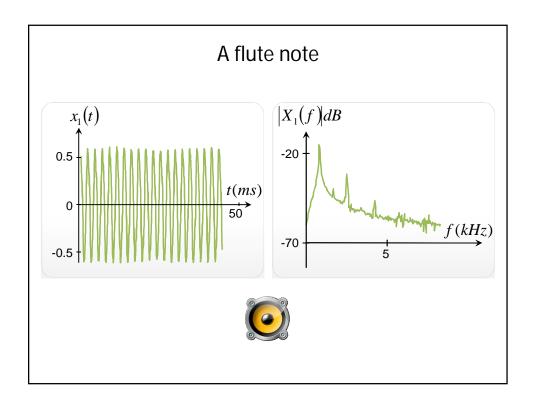










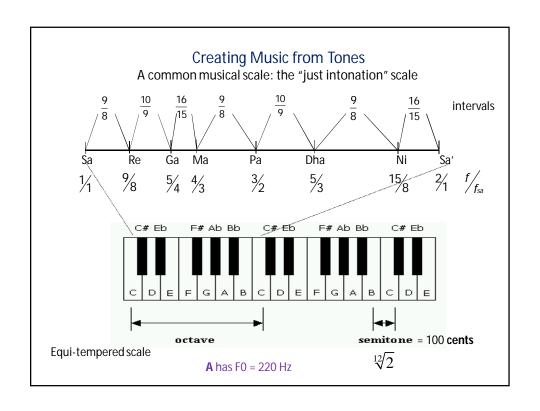


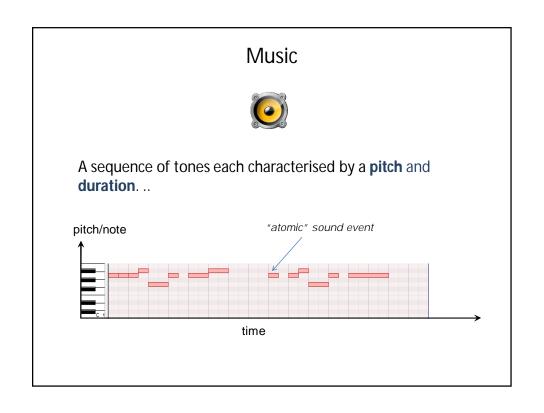
Creating Music from Tones

What are the Elements of Music?

- "Notes" belong to a small set of discrete pitches (F0)
- Isochronous timing (uniform time intervals between notes)
- Universal across cultures

3





Role of musical instrument: the Guitar

Source = Plucked String

=> Periodic vibration

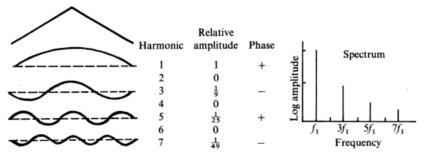


Fig. 2.5. Frequency analysis of a string plucked at its center. Odd-numbered modes of vibration add up in appropriate amplitude and phase to give the shape of the string.

From: Rossing & Fletcher, Principles of Vibration and Sound

LTI system = Guitar body

⇒ The body is an LTI system that modifies the amplitudes and phases of the string harmonics according to its natural resonances.

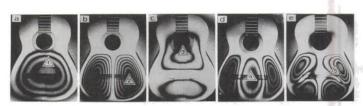


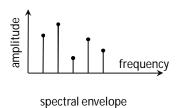
FIGURE 9.8. Vibration modes of a classical guitar top plate glued to fixed ribs but without the back (Jansson, 1971).

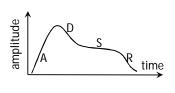


12

Timbre

- Tone "quality" or colour is linked with the identification of the instrument producing the tone. Influenced by the acoustics of the instrument + environment.
- o A multidimensional attribute. Important dimensions are:
 - o spectral envelope
 - o time envelope "ADSR" => Attack, Decay, Sustain, Release
 - o presence of irregularity and noise





temporal envelope

13

Fourier spectrum and perceived sound

You can create a tone with multiple harmonics (sinusoids) to achieve a desired pitch, timbre, loudness and duration as follows.

Sound sensations Physical quanties

pitch fundamental frequency (spacing of harmonics)

timbre ("quality") spectro-temporal properties (relative amplitudes of harmonics

o loudness intensity (amplitudes of harmonics)

o duration time from onset to offset of sound

Department of Electrical Engineering , IIT Bombay Computing Assignment 2: Music Synthesizer