Iteration Statments

C# Iteration Statements

- For loops
- Foreach loops
- While loops
- Do-While loops

For loops

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    …
}
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    ...
}
```

Initialization Clause

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    ...
}
```

Condition Clause

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
{
    ...
}
```

Iteration Clause

Foreach Loops

```
foreach (var number in numbers)
{
    …
}
```

While loops

```
while (i < 10)
{
    …
    i++;
}
```

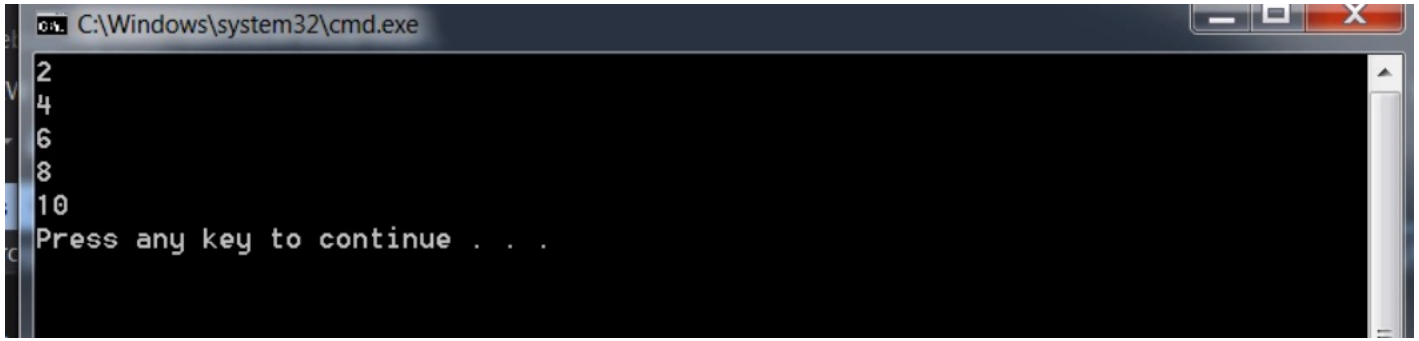
Do-While Loops

```
do
{
    …
    i++;
} while (i < 10);
```

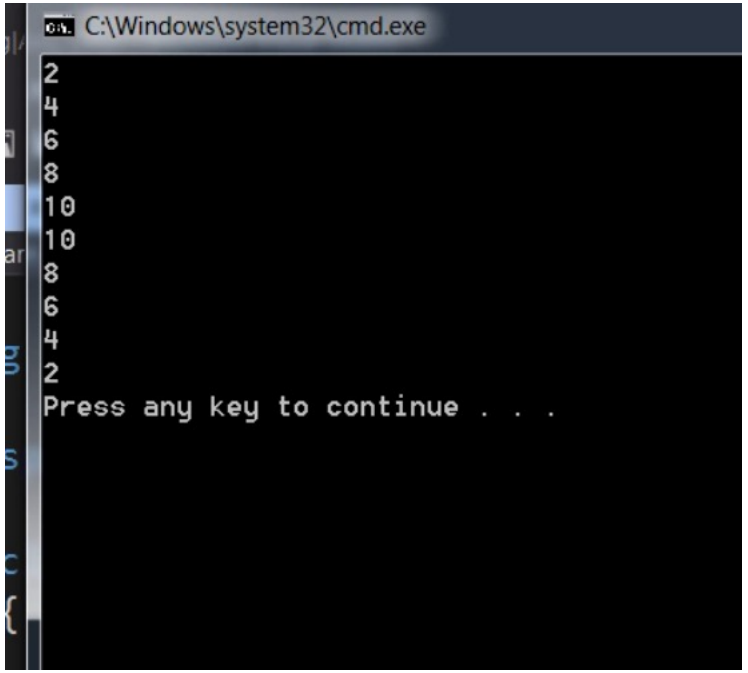
Break and Continue

- `Break`: jumps out of the loop
- `continue`: jumps to the next iteration

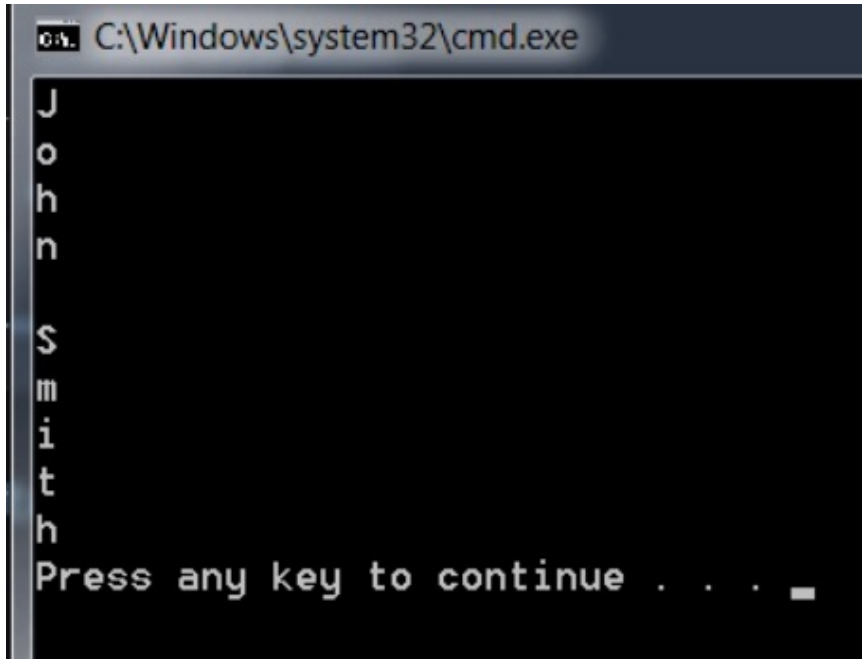
```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            for (var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
            {
                if (i%2 == 0)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(i);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```



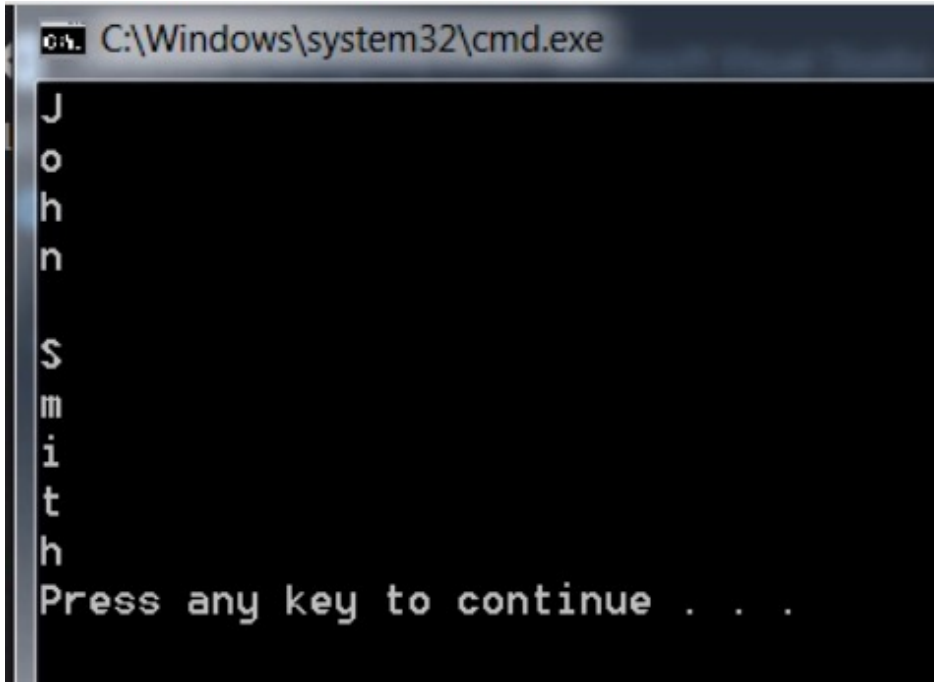
```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            for (var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
            {
                if (i%2 == 0)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(i);
                }
            }

            for (var i = 10; i >= 1; i--)
            {
                if (i%2 == 0)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(i);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```



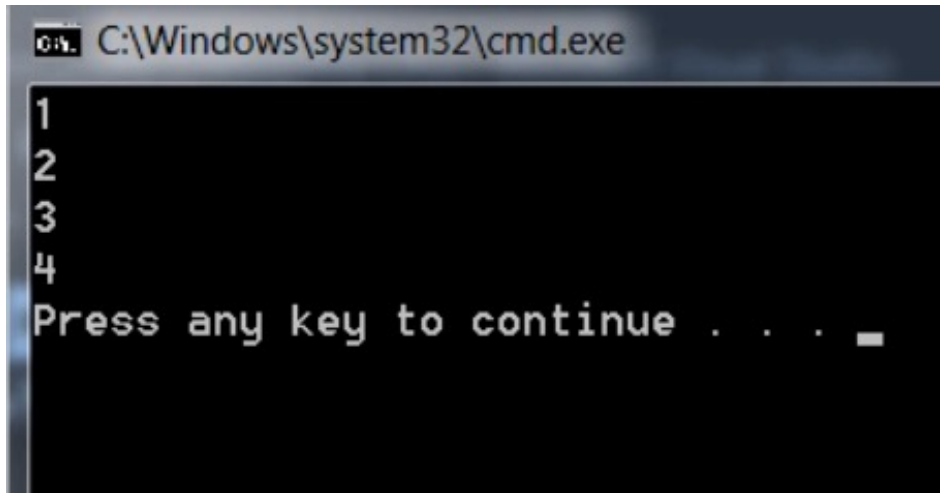
```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var name = "John Smith";

            for (var i = 0; i < name.Length; i++)
            {
                Console.WriteLine(name[i]);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

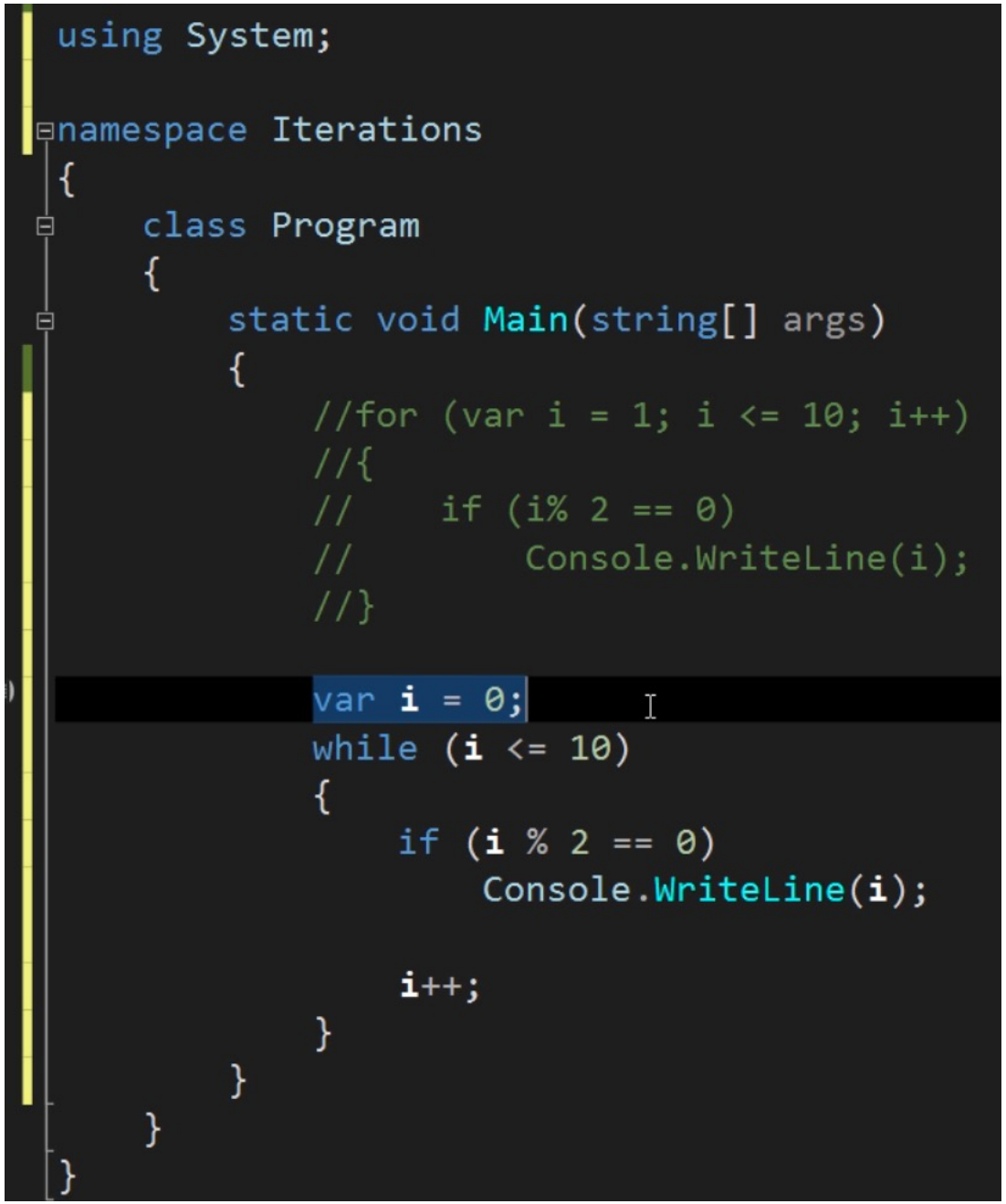


```cs
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var name = "John Smith";

            for (var i = 0; i < name.Length; i++)
            {
                Console.WriteLine(name[i]);
            }

            foreach (var character in name)
            {
                Console.WriteLine(character);
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var numbers = new int[] {1, 2, 3, 4};

            foreach (var number in numbers)
            {
                Console.WriteLine(number);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

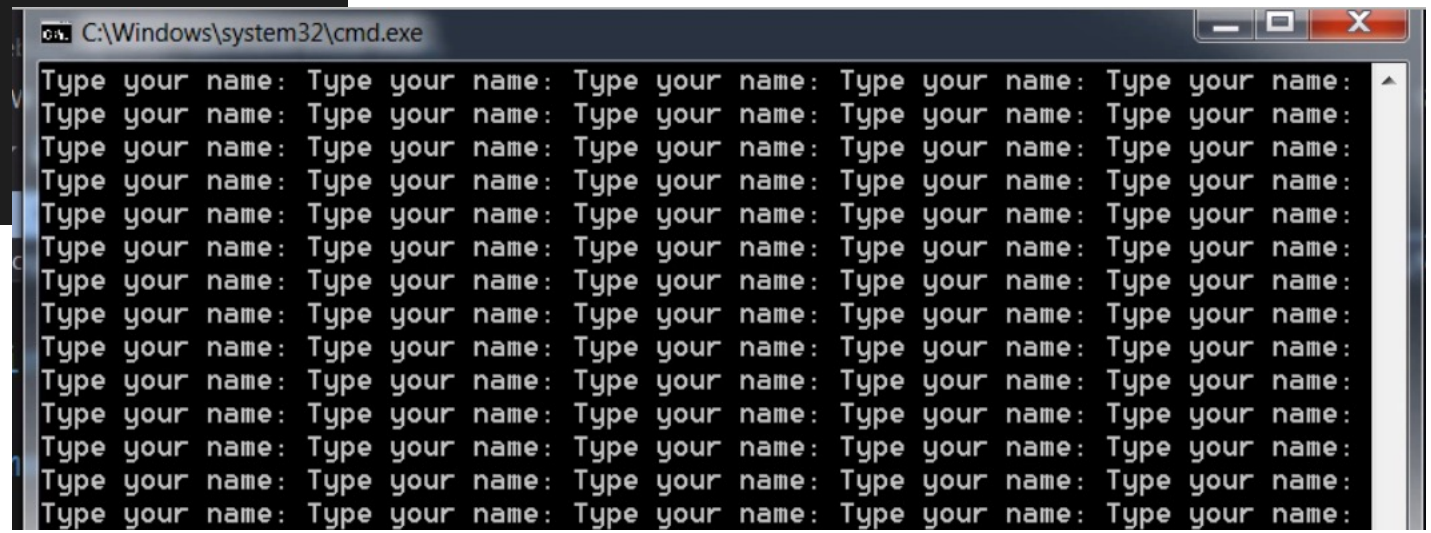



using System;
namespace Iterations
{
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
//for (var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
//{
// if (i% 2 == 0)
// Console.WriteLine(i);
//}
var i = 0;
while (i <= 10)
{
if (i % 2 == 0)
Console.WriteLine(i);
i++;
}
}
}
}

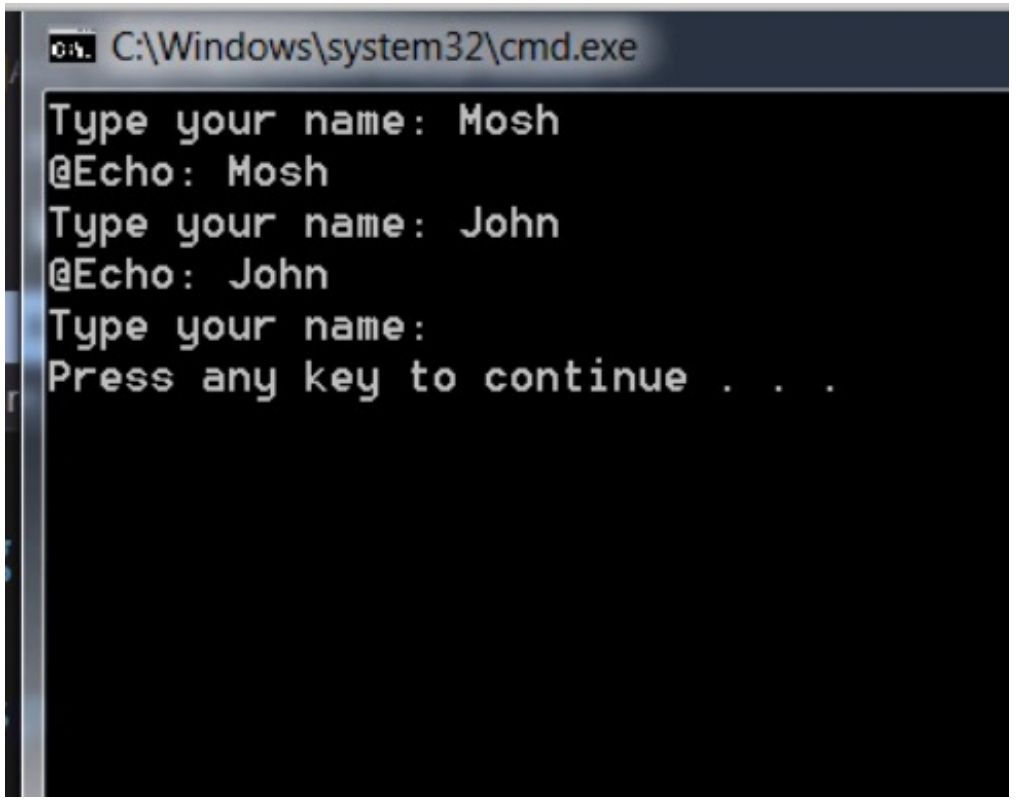
Program.cs

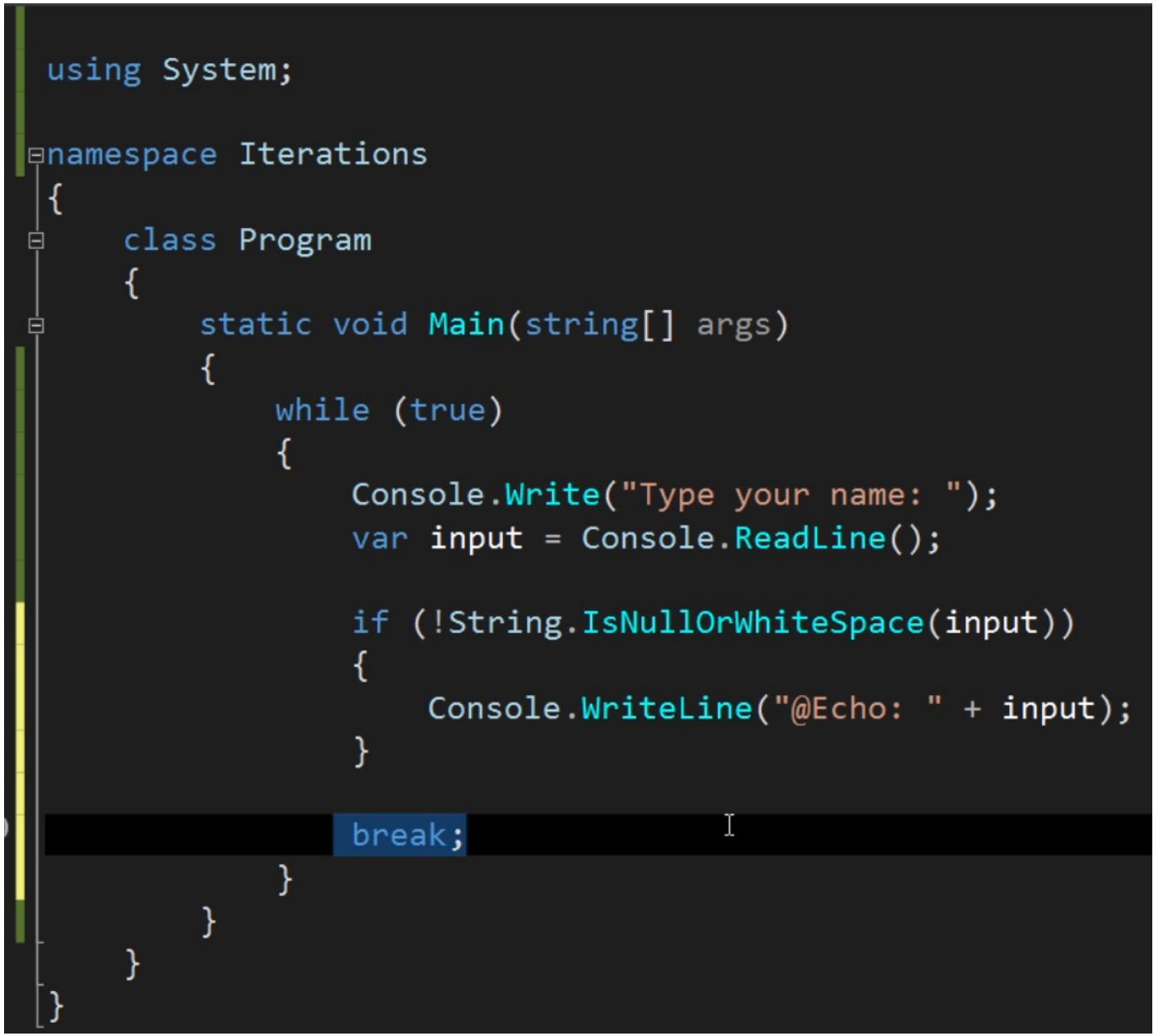
Iterations.Program

```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            while (true)
            {
                Console.Write("Type your name: ");
            }
        }
    }
}
```



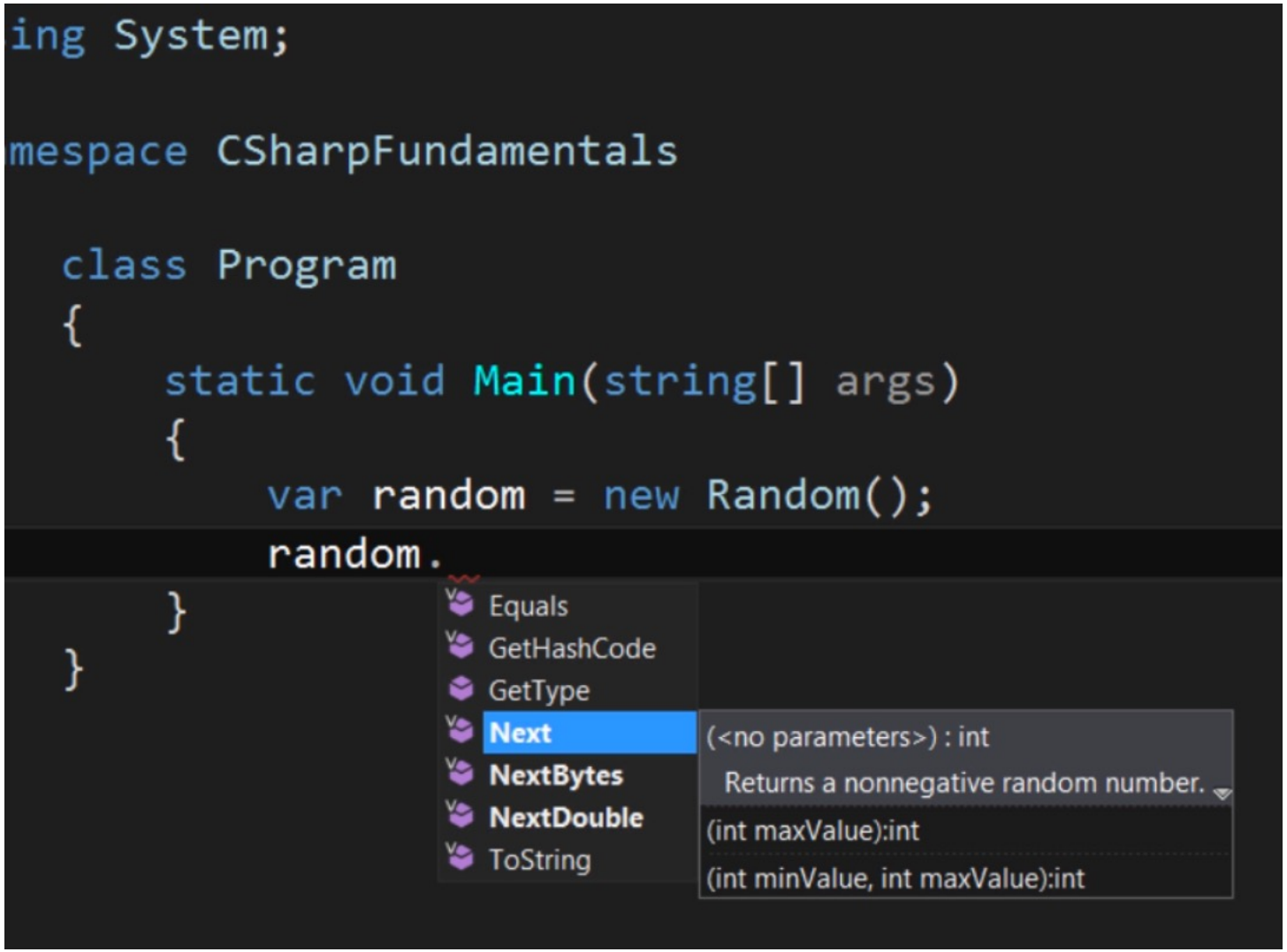
```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            while (true)
            {
                Console.Write("Type your name: ");
                var input = Console.ReadLine();

                if (String.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(input))
                    break;

                Console.WriteLine("@Echo: " + input);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

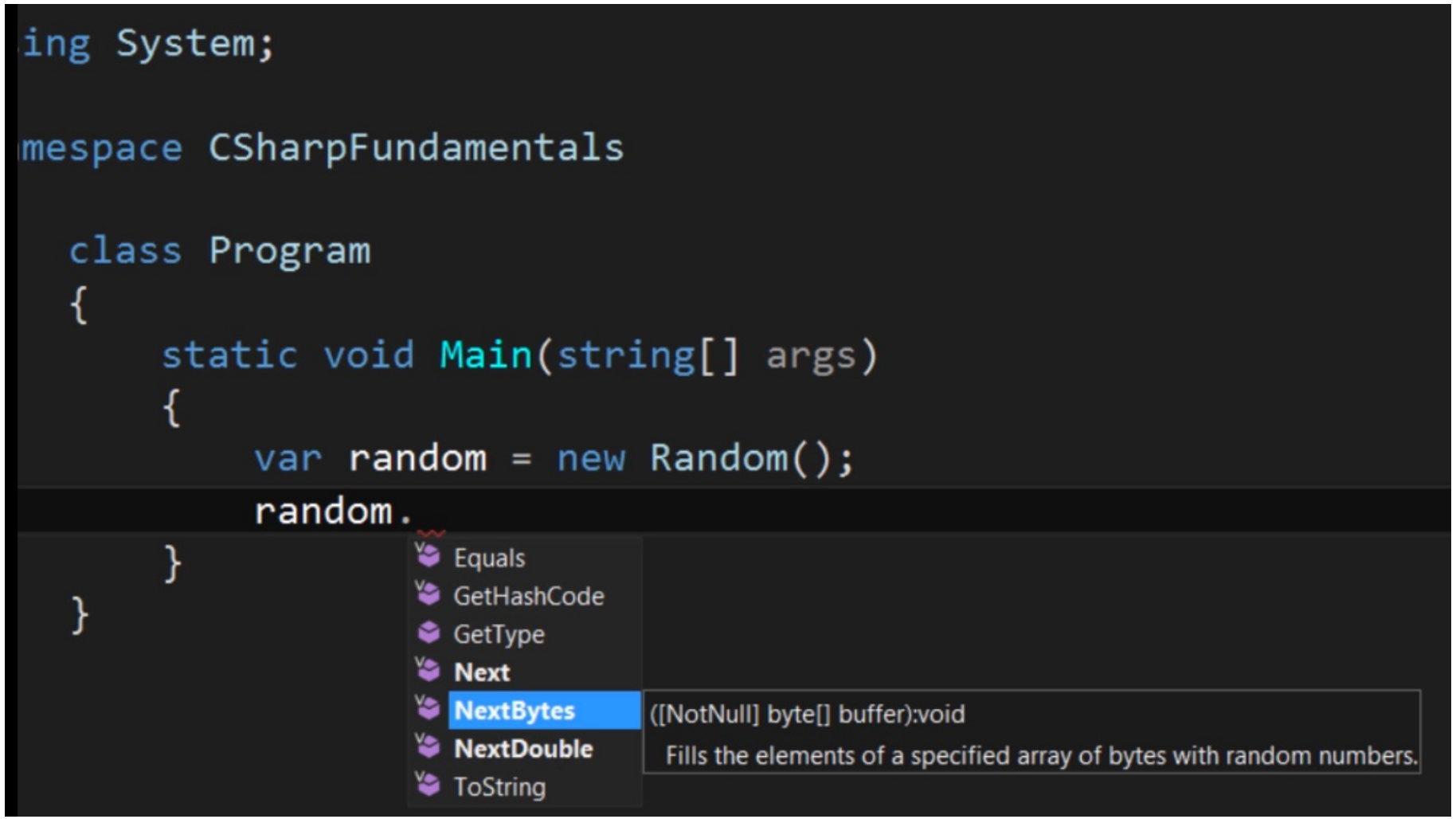


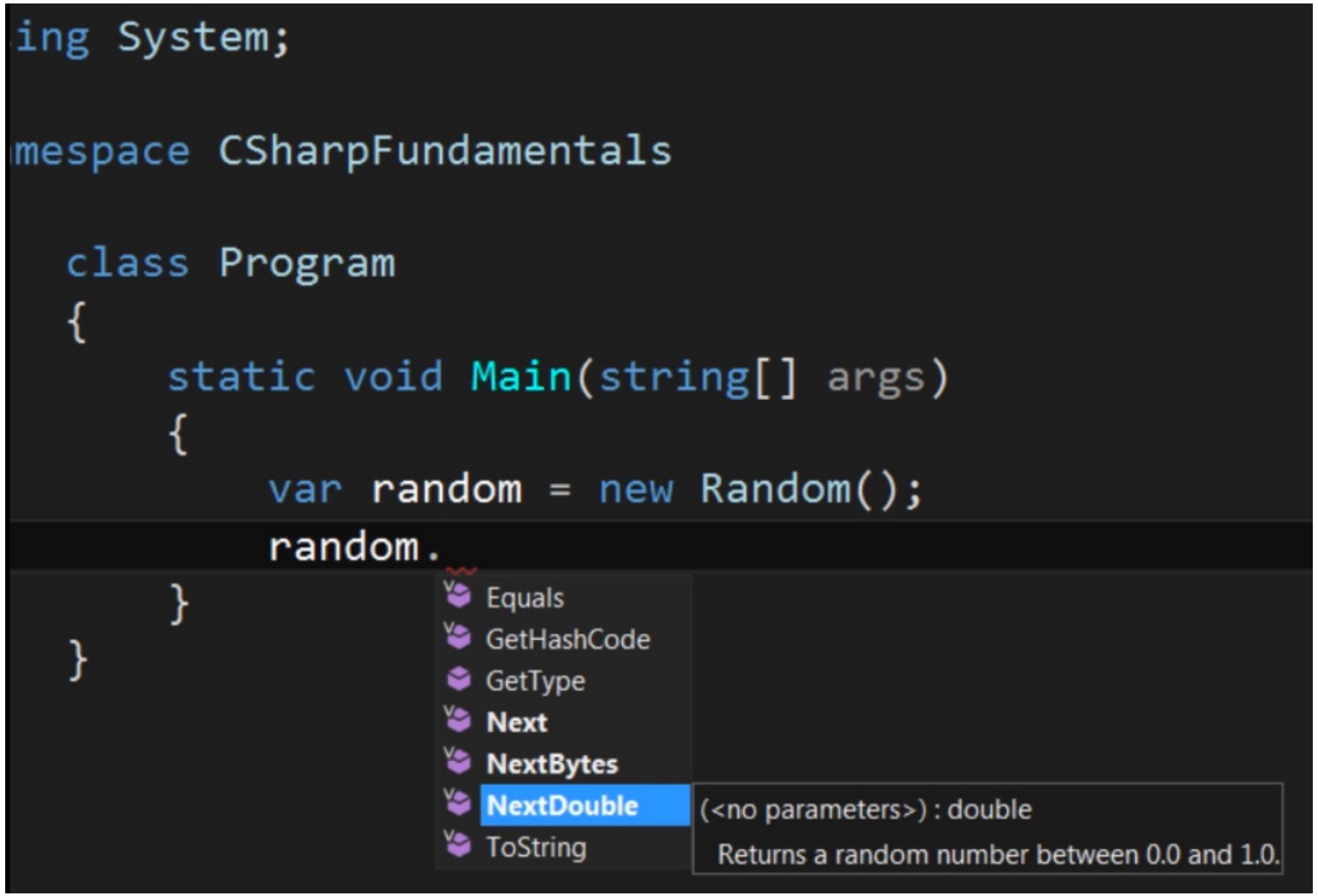

using System;
namespace Iterations
{
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
while (true)
{
Console.Write("Type your name: ");
var input = Console.ReadLine();
if (!String.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(input))
{
Console.WriteLine("@Echo: " + input);
}
break;
}
}
}
}

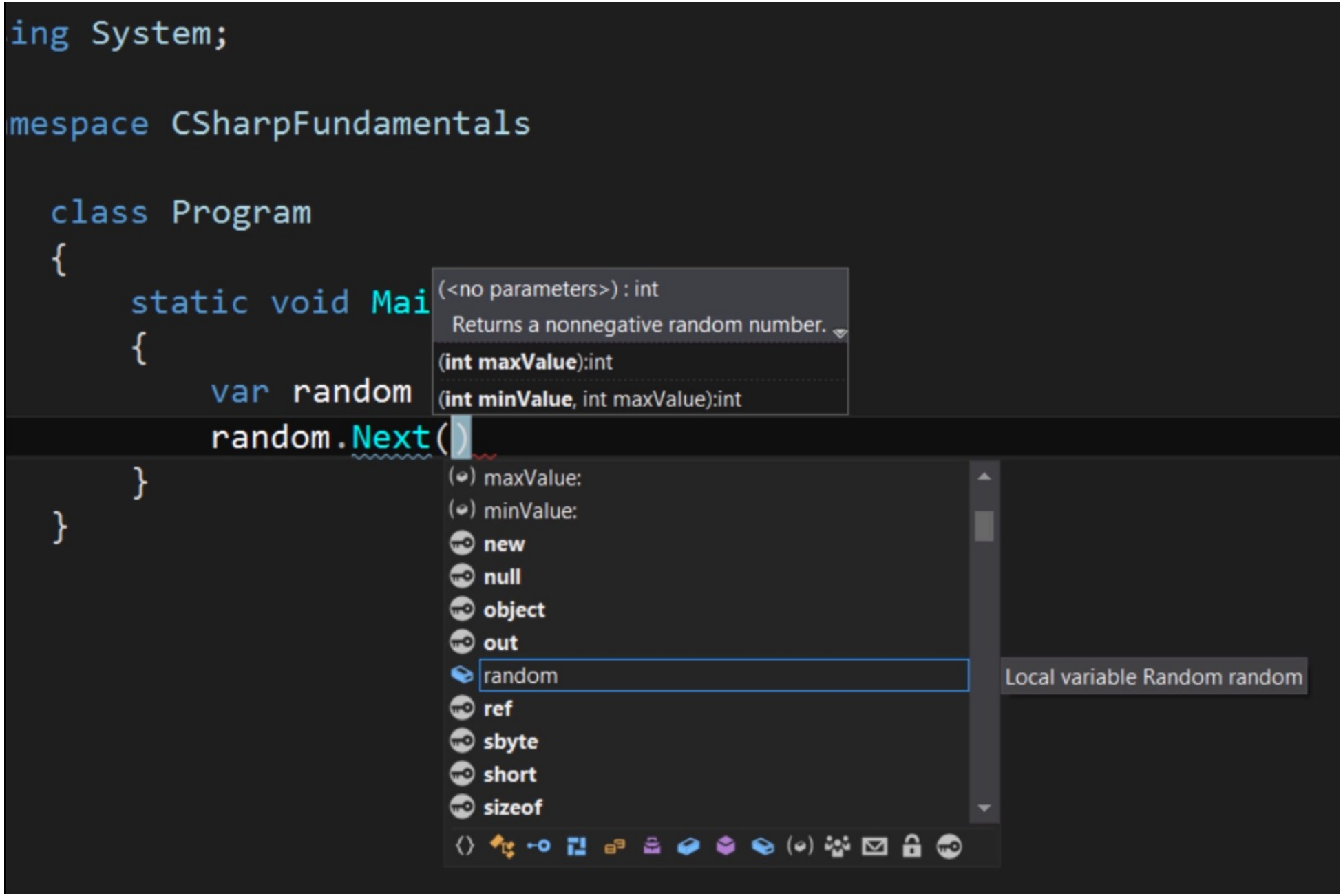
```
using System;

namespace Iterations
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            while (true)
            {
                Console.Write("Type your name: ");
                var input = Console.ReadLine();

                if (!String.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(input))
                {
                    Console.WriteLine("@Echo: " + input);
                    continue;
                }

                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
Type your name: Mosh
@Echo: Mosh
Type your name: John
@Echo: John
Type your name:
Press any key to continue . . .
```

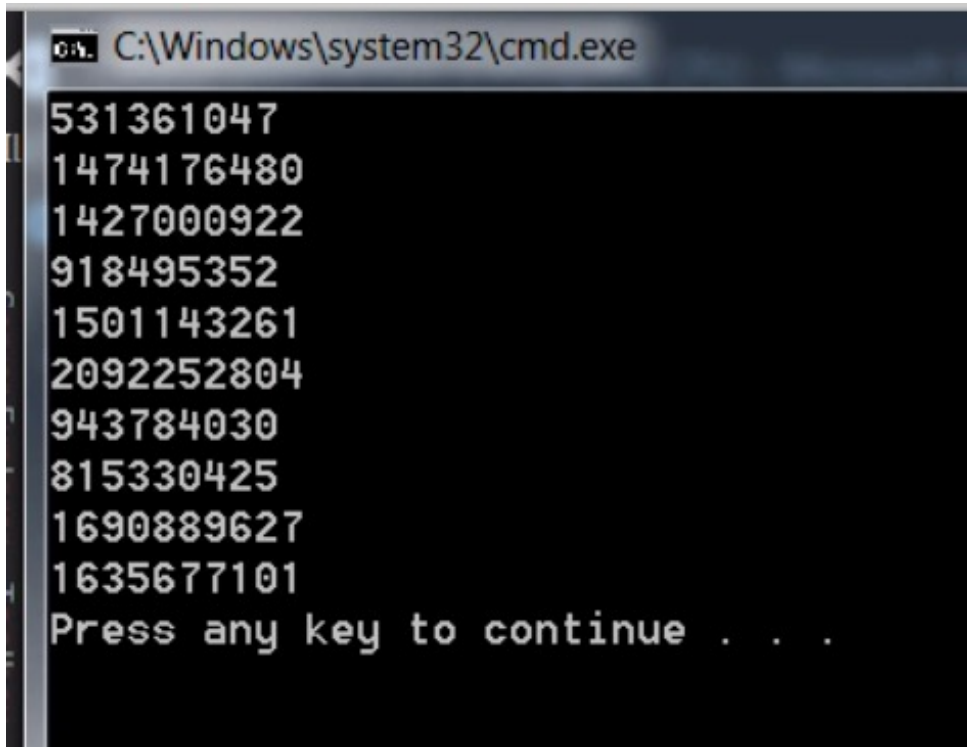

ing System;
mespace CSharpFundamentals
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
random.
}
}
Equals
GetHashCode
GetType
Next
NextBytes
NextDouble
ToString
(<no parameters>) : int
Returns a nonnegative random number.
(int maxValue):int
(int minValue, int maxValue):int

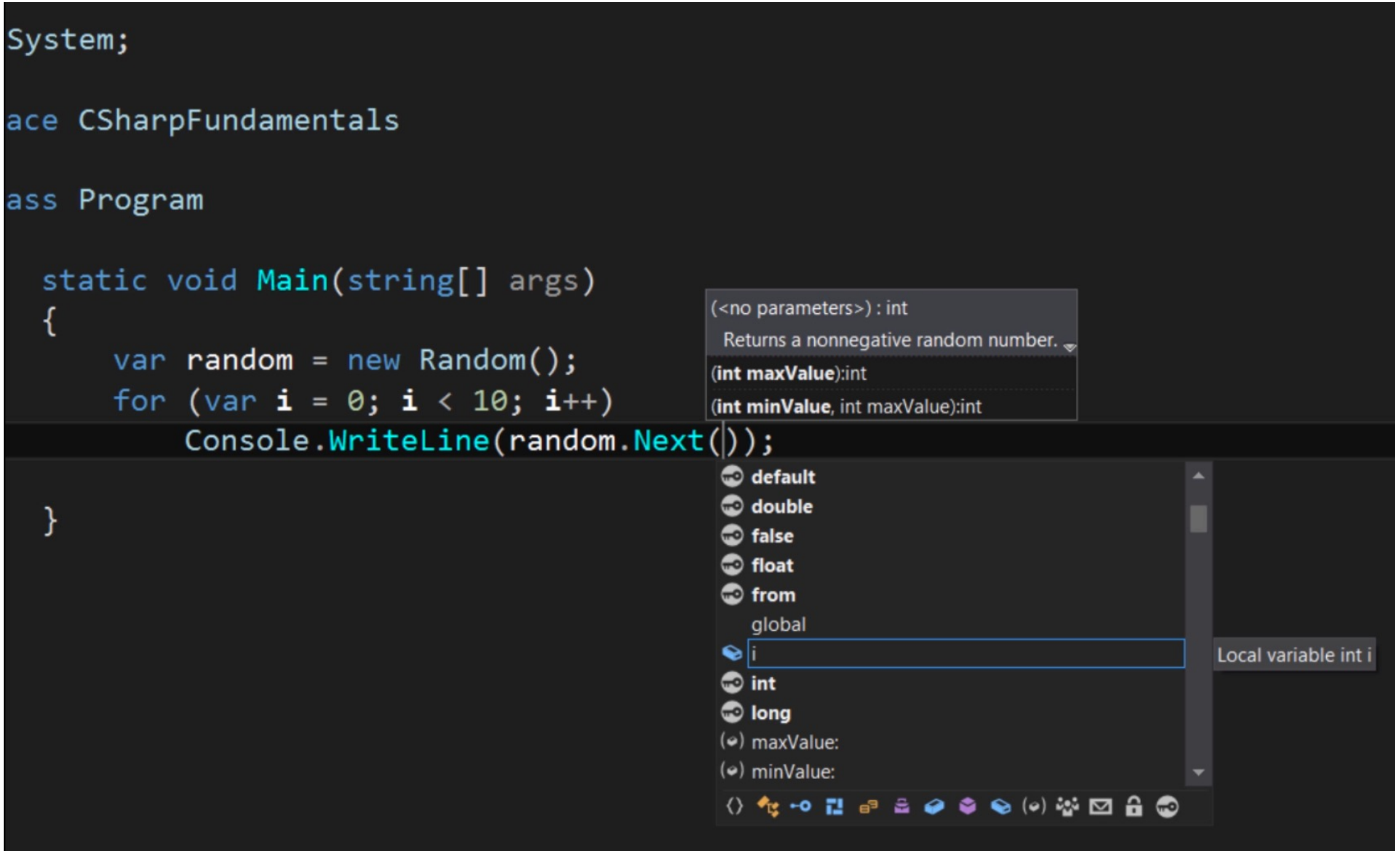

ing System;
mespace CSharpFundamentals
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
random.
}
}
Equals
GetHashCode
GetType
Next
NextBytes
NextDouble
ToString
([NotNull] byte[] buffer):void
Fills the elements of a specified array of bytes with random numbers.


ing System;
mespace CSharpFundamentals
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
random.
}
}
Equals
GetHashCode
GetType
Next
NextBytes
NextDouble
ToString
(<no parameters>) : double
Returns a random number between 0.0 and 1.0.

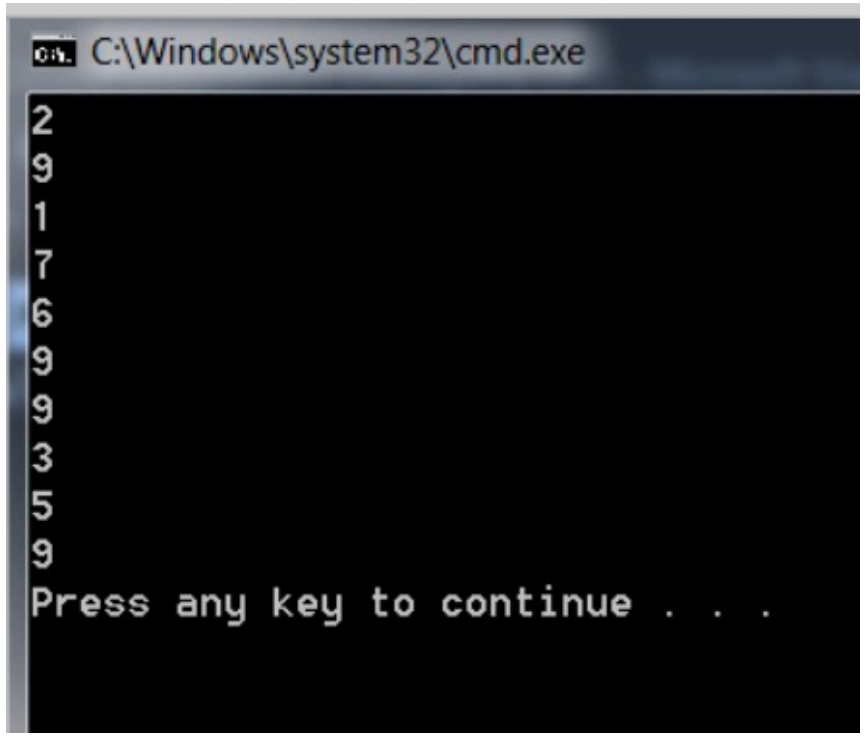

ing System;
mespace CSharpFundamentals
class Program
{
static void Mai
{
var random
random.Next()
}
}
(<no parameters>) : int
Returns a nonnegative random number.
(int maxValue):int
(int minValue, int maxValue):int
maxValue:
minValue:
new
null
object
out
random
ref
sbyte
short
sizeof
Local variable Random random

```csharp
using System;

namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var random = new Random();
            for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                Console.WriteLine(random.Next());

        }
    }
}
```

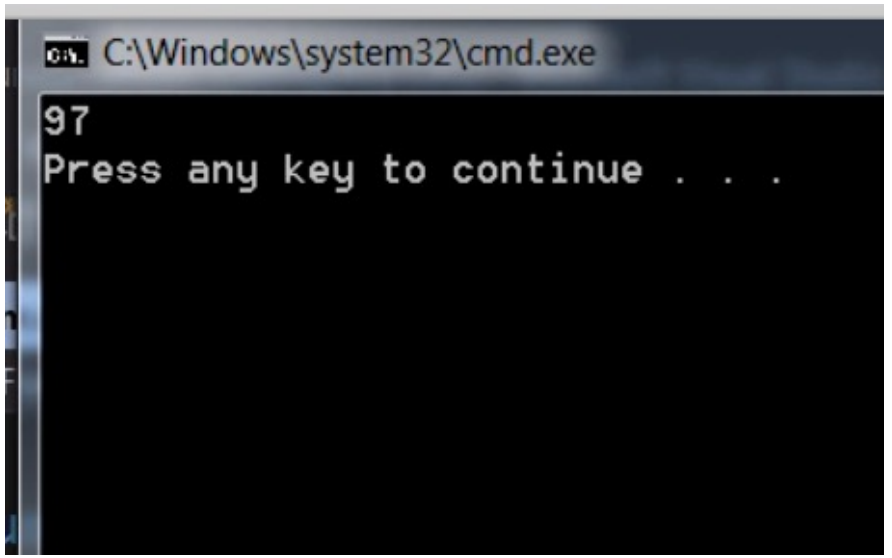



System;
ace CSharpFundamentals
ass Program
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
Console.WriteLine(random.Next());
}
(<no parameters>) : int
Returns a nonnegative random number.
(int maxValue):int
(int minValue, int maxValue):int
default
double
false
float
from
global
i
int
long
maxValue:
minValue:
Local variable int i

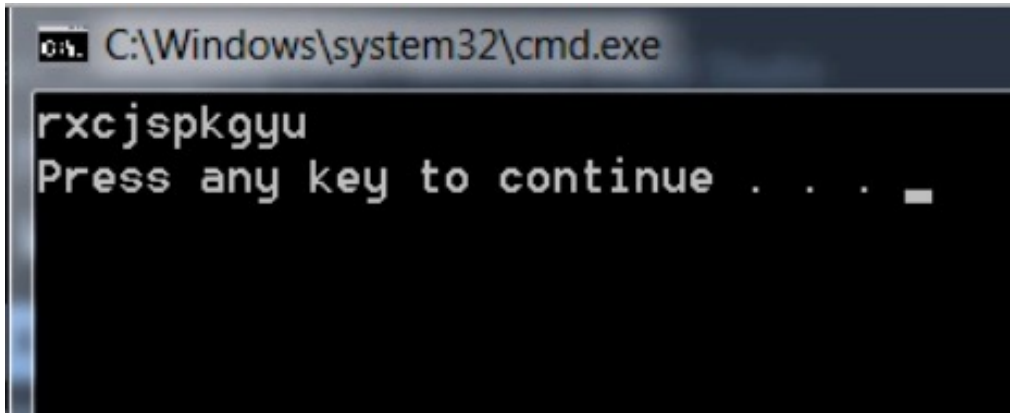
```
System;

ace CSharpFundamentals

ass Program

  static void Main(string[] args)
  {
      var random = new Random();
      for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
          Console.WriteLine(random.Next(1, 10));

  }
```

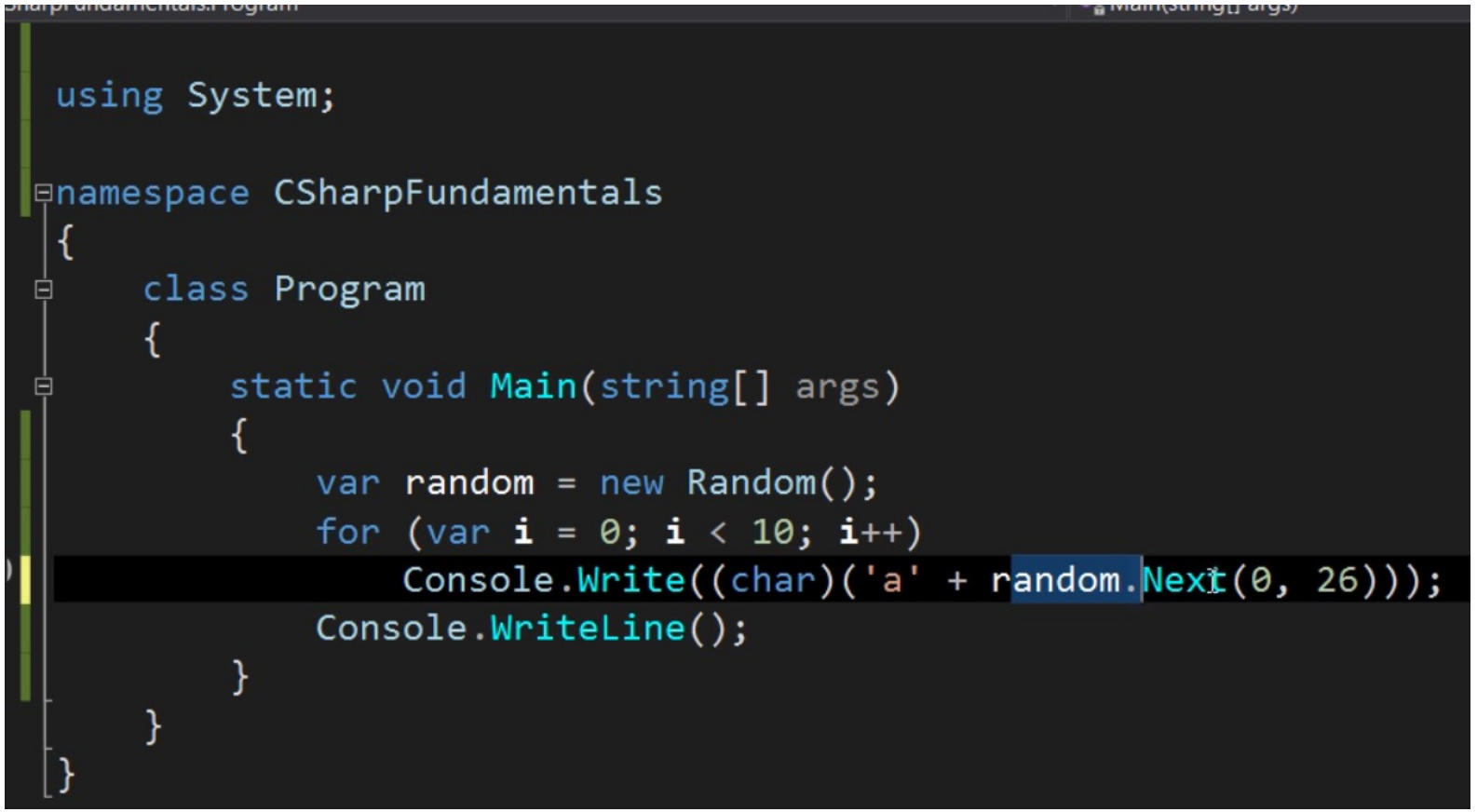


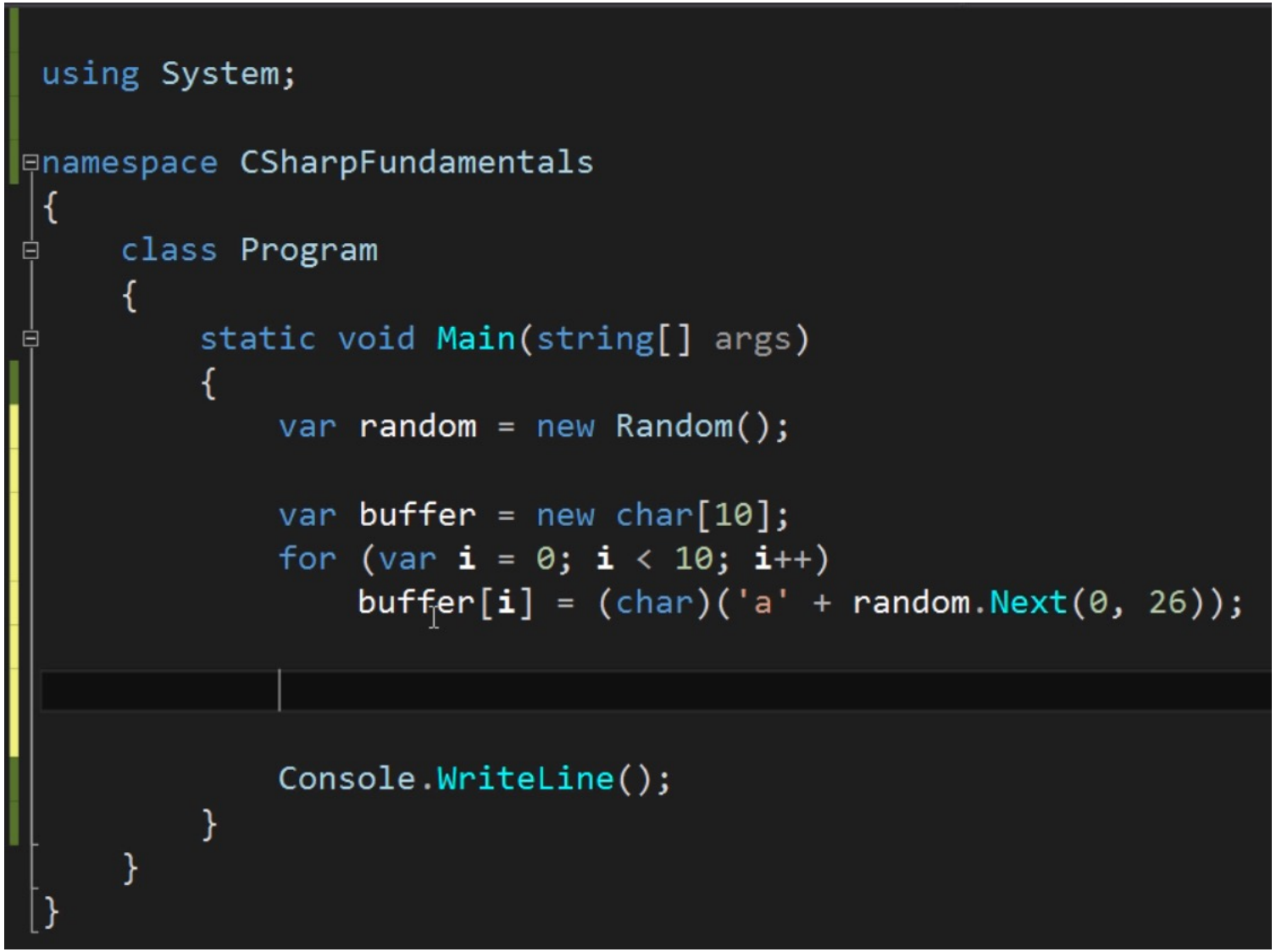
```
using System;

namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
//            var random = new Random();
//            for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
//                Console.WriteLine(random.Next(1, 10));

            Console.WriteLine((int)'a');
        }
    }
}
```



```
using System;

namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var random = new Random();
            for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                Console.Write((char)random.Next(97, 122));

        }
    }
}
```




using System;
namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
Console.Write((char)('a' + random.Next(0, 26)));
Console.WriteLine();
}
}
}


using System;
namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
var buffer = new char[10];
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
buffer[i] = (char)('a' + random.Next(0, 26));
Console.WriteLine();
}
}
}


System;
ace CSharpFundamentals
ass Program
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random()
var buffer = new char[10]
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i
buffer[i] = (char)('a
var password = new string();
Console.WriteLine();
}
([NotNull] char[] value, int startIndex, int length)
(char c, int count)
(char* value)
Initializes a new instance of the String class to the value indicated by a specified pointer to an array of Unicode characters.
value: A pointer to a null-terminated array of Unicode characters.
(char* value, int startIndex, int length)
(char[] value)

```
System;

ace CSharpFundamentals

ass Program

  static void Main(string[] args)
  {
      var random = new Random()

      var buffer = new char[10]
      for (var i = 0; i < 10; i
          buffer[i] = (char)('a

      var password = new string();

      Console.WriteLine();
  }
```

([NotNull] char[] value, int startIndex, int length)

(char c, int count)

(char* value)

Initializes a new instance of the **String** class to the value indicated by a specified pointer to an array of Unicode characters.
value: A pointer to a null-terminated array of Unicode characters.

(char* value, int startIndex, int length)

(char[] value)

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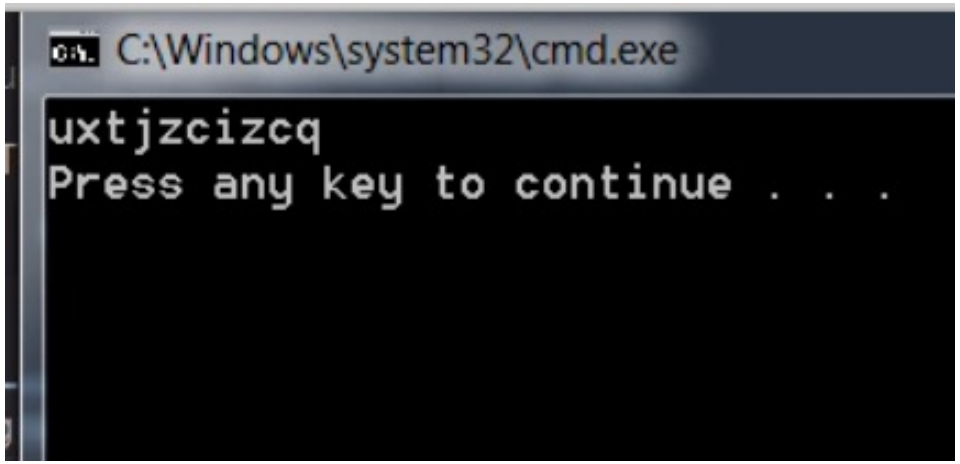
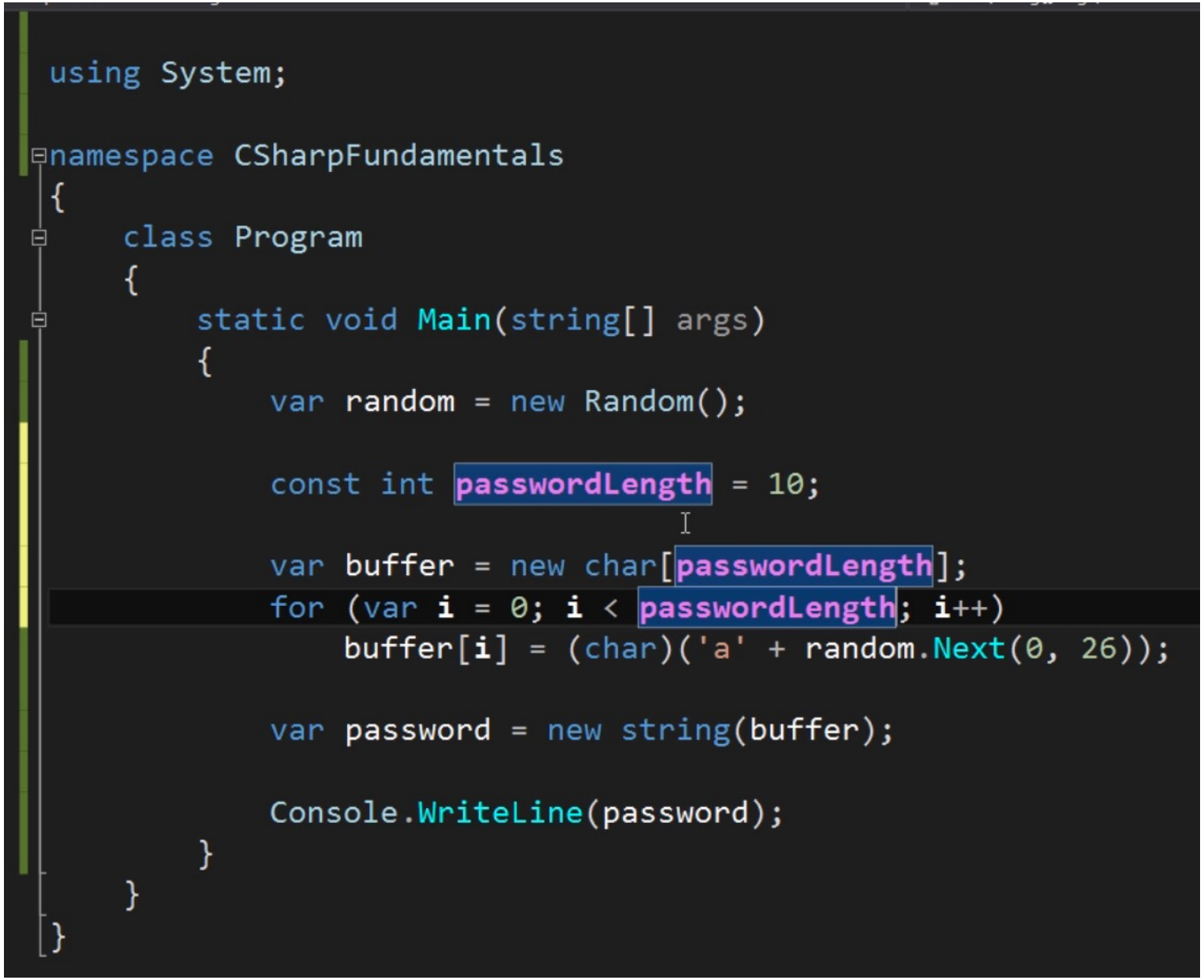
```
using System;

namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            var random = new Random();

            var buffer = new char[10];
            for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++)
                buffer[i] = (char)('a' + random.Next(0, 26));

            var password = new string(buffer);

            Console.WriteLine(password);
        }
    }
}
```




using System;
namespace CSharpFundamentals
{
class Program
{
static void Main(string[] args)
{
var random = new Random();
const int passwordLength = 10;
var buffer = new char[passwordLength];
for (var i = 0; i < passwordLength; i++)
buffer[i] = (char)('a' + random.Next(0, 26));
var password = new string(buffer);
Console.WriteLine(password);
}
}
}

Excersise

Note: for all these exercises, ignore input validation unless otherwise directed. Assume the user enters a value in the format that the program expects. For example, if the program expects the user to enter a number, don't worry about validating if the input is a number or not. When testing your program, simply enter a number.

1- Write a program to count how many numbers between 1 and 100 are divisible by 3 with no remainder. Display the count on the console.

2- Write a program and continuously ask the user to enter a number or "ok" to exit. Calculate the sum of all the previously entered numbers and display it on the console.

3- Write a program and ask the user to enter a number. Compute the factorial of the number and print it on the console. For example, if the user enters 5, the program should calculate 5 x 4 x 3 x 2 x 1 and display it as 5! = 120.

4- Write a program that picks a random number between 1 and 10. Give the user 4 chances to guess the number. If the user guesses the number, display “You won"; otherwise, display “You lost". (To make sure the program is behaving correctly, you can display the secret number on the console first.)

5- Write a program and ask the user to enter a series of numbers separated by comma. Find the maximum of the numbers and display it on the console. For example, if the user enters “5, 3, 8, 1, 4", the program should display 8.