# SEED Lab Environment Setup CSE 565 Computer Security

#### **Outline**

- Environment Setup
  - We use SEED Ubuntu-20.04 VM
- Multiple VMs

■ Best Practices

## **Environment Setup – x86**

- For Windows/Linux User:
  - Download VirtualBox
    - https://www.virtualbox.org/
  - Follow the instructions
    - https://github.com/seed-labs/seedlabs/blob/master/manuals/vm/seedvm-manual.md

#### **Environment Setup – Apple Silicon**

- For macOS User with Apple Silicon (M1, M2, etc.):
  - TBD

### **Environment Setup**

#### Lab Website

Secret-Key Encryption:

https://seedsecuritylabs.org/Labs 20.04/Crypto/Crypt o Encryption/

SQL Injection Attack:

https://seedsecuritylabs.org/Labs 20.04/Web/Web S QL Injection/

• Buffer-overflow Attack:

https://seedsecuritylabs.org/Labs 20.04/Software/Buff er Overflow Setuid/

Sniffing and Spoofing:

https://seedsecuritylabs.org/Labs 20.04/Networking/Sniffing Spoofing/

### **Environment Setup Cont...**

- Download the right VM
  - SetUID

#### **Tasks** (English) (Spanish)

- VM version: This lab has been tested on our SEED Ubuntu-20.04 VM
- Lab setup files:: Labsetup.zip

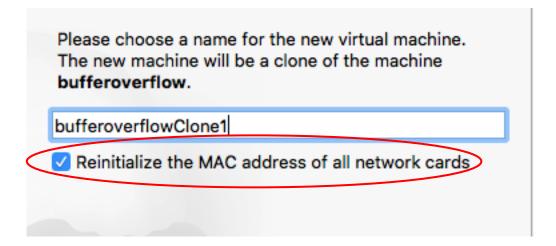
Sniffing and Spoofing

#### **Tasks (English) (Spanish)**

- VM version: This lab has been tested on our SEED Ubuntu-20.04 VM
- Lab setup files:: Labsetup.zip
- Manual:: Docker manual

## Multiple VMs

- Clone your VM to create multiple VMs
  - Reinitialize MAC addresses

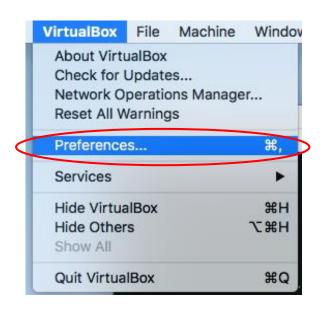


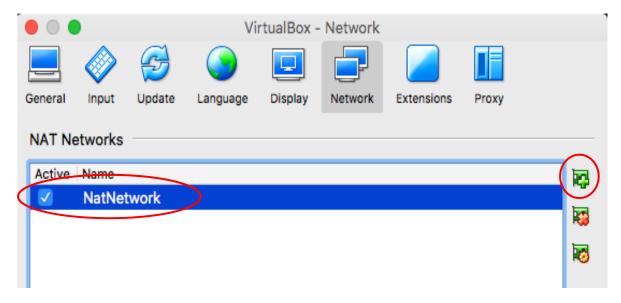
Full clone (Make sure you have enough disk space)



## Multiple VMs Cont...

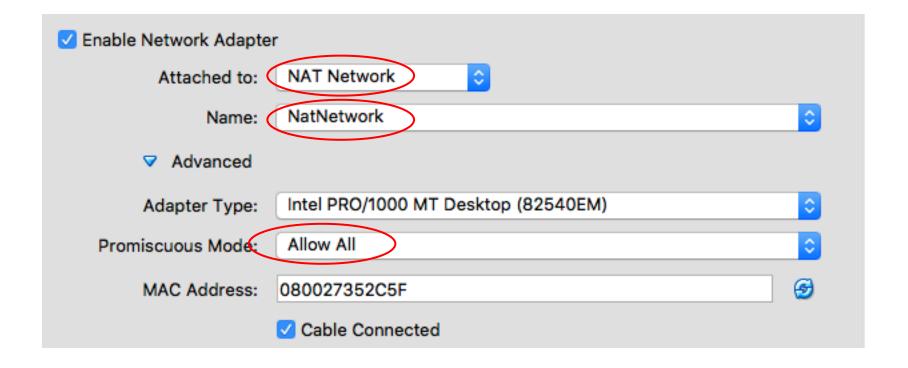
- NAT Network
  - Allows VMs to have assigned IPs. NAT networking forwards packets to VMs.
  - Create new NAT network





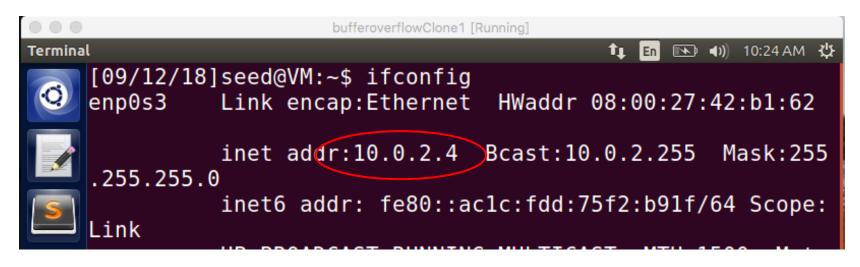
## Multiple VMs Cont...

Assign your new NAT network to a VM



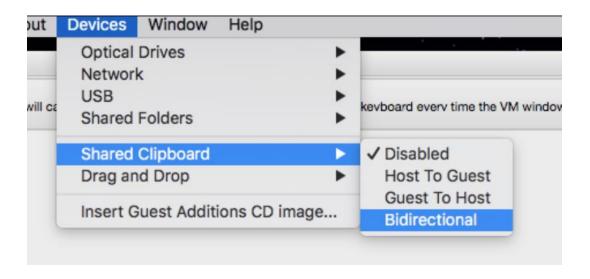
## Multiple VMs Cont...

Make sure your VMs have different IPs



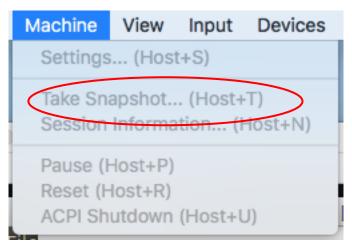
#### **Best Practices**

Activate shared clipboard



#### **Best Practices Cont...**

Create snapshots regularly



 Recover from system failures using the most recent snapshot

#### **Best Practices Cont...**

Use ping to test connections

```
[09/12/18]seed@VM:~$ ping 10.0.2.4

PING 10.0.2.4 (10.0.2.4) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.55

8 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.66

6 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.4: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.42

9 ms

7Z

[2]+ Stopped ping 10.0.2.4

[09/12/18]seed@VM:~$
```

```
[09/12/18]seed@VM:~$ ping 10.0.2.15

PING 10.0.2.15 (10.0.2.15) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from 10.0.2.15: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.510 ms

TextEditor from 10.0.2.15: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.733 ms

64 bytes from 10.0.2.15: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.552 ms

^Z

[1]+ Stopped ping 10.0.2.15

[09/12/18]seed@VM:~$
```

## **Best Practices (SetUid) Cont...**

Be aware of file permissions

```
[09/12/18]seed@VM:~/bufferoverflow$ ls -lrt stack -rwsr-xr-x 1 root root 7476 Sep 6 12:14 stack [09/12/18]seed@VM:~/bufferoverflow$ ls -lrt stack.c -rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 522 Sep 6 11:03 stack.c [09/12/18]seed@VM:~/bufferoverflow$
```

Be aware of who the current user is

```
[09/12/18]seed@VM:~/bufferoverflow$ whoami
seed
[09/12/18]seed@VM:~/bufferoverflow$ su root
Password:
root@VM:/home/seed/bufferoverflow# whoami
root
root@VM:/home/seed/bufferoverflow#
```

#### Resources

- SEED Lab User manual
  - ▶ Eg: Accounts, passwords, VM network configurations
  - http://www.cis.syr.edu/~wedu/seed/Documentation/Ubuntu1
     2 04 VM/Ubuntu12 04 VM Manual.pdf
- VM Customization
  - Make attacker, user desktops look different
  - http://www.cis.syr.edu/~wedu/seed/Documentation/Ubuntu1
     2 04 VM/CustomizationInstruction.pdf

#### Report

- PDF submissions only
- Attach code in Appendix
  - List the important code snippets followed by explanation
- Screenshots are proof of task completion
  - Screenshot must show relevant information
    - Describe what you have done and what you have observed
    - Provide explanation to the observations that are interesting or surprising

#### Table A.1

## Mapping of SEED Labs to Textbook Chapters

Types	Labs	Time (weeks)	Chapters
Vulnerability and Attack Labs (Linux-based)	Buffer Overflow Vulnerability	1	10
	Return-to-libc Attack	1	10
	Format String Vulnerability	1	11
	Race Condition Vulnerability	1	11
	Set-UID Program Vulnerability	1	11
	Chroot Sandbox Vulnerability	1	12
	Cross-Site Request Forgery Attack	1	11
	Cross-Site Scripting Attack	1	11
	SQL Injection Attack	1	5
	Clickjacking Attack	1	6
	TCP/IP Attacks	2	7, 22
	DNS Pharming Attacks	2	22
Exploration Labs (Linux-based)	Pack Sniffing & Spoofing	1	22
	Pluggable Authentication Module	1	3
	Web Access Control	1	4, 6
	SYN Cookie	1	7, 22
	Linux Capability-Based Access Control	1	4, 12
	Secret-Key Encryption	1	20
	One-Way Hash Function	1	21
	Public-Key Infrastructure	1	21, 23
	Linux Firewall Exploration	1	9
Design and Implementation Labs	Virtual Private Network (Linux)	4	22
	IPsec (Minix)	4	22
	Firewall (Linux)	2	9
	Firewall (Minix)	2	9
	Role-Based Access Control (Minix)	4	4
	Capability-Based Access Control (Minix)	3	4
	Encrypted File System (Minix)	4	12
	Address Space Randomization (Minix)	2	12
	Set-Random UID Sandbox (Minix)	1	12