

## Problem Solving 19/11/2024

### 1. Next Permutation

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(1)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 public class NextPermutation {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.print("Enter the size of the array: ");
7         int n = scanner.nextInt();
8         int[] nums = new int[n];
9         System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array:");
10        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
11            nums[i] = scanner.nextInt();
12        }
13        Solution solution = new Solution();
14        solution.nextPermutation(nums);
15        for (int num : nums) {
16            System.out.print(num + " ");
17        }
18        scanner.close();
19    }
20 }
21 class Solution {
22     public void nextPermutation(int[] nums) {
23         int ind1 = -1;
24         int ind2 = -1;
25         for (int i = nums.length - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
26             if (nums[i] < nums[i + 1]) {
27                 ind1 = i;
28                 break;
29             }
30         }
31         if (ind1 == -1) {
32             reverse(nums, 0);
33         } else {
34             for (int i = nums.length - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
35                 if (nums[i] > nums[ind1]) {
36                     ind2 = i;
37                     break;
38                 }
39             }
40             swap(nums, ind1, ind2);
41             reverse(nums, ind1 + 1);
42         }
43     }
44     void swap(int[] nums, int i, int j) {
45         int temp = nums[i];
46         nums[i] = nums[j];
47         nums[j] = temp;
48     }
49     void reverse(int[] nums, int start) {
50         int i = start;
51         int j = nums.length - 1;
52         while (i < j) {
53             swap(nums, i, j);
54             i++;
55             j--;
56         }
57     }
58 }
```

<terminated> NextPermutation [Java Application]

```
Enter the size of the array: 5
Enter the elements of the array:
2 5 6 4 1
2 6 1 4 5
```

## 2. Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(\min(n, m))$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class LongestSubstringWithoutRepeating {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
7         String input = scanner.nextLine();
8         LongestSubstringWithoutRepeating solution = new LongestSubstringWithoutRepeating();
9         int maxLength = solution.lengthOfLongestSubstring(input);
10        System.out.println("Longest substring without repeating characters: " + maxLength);
11        scanner.close();
12    }
13    public int lengthOfLongestSubstring(String s) {
14        int left = 0;
15        int maxLength = 0;
16        HashSet<Character> charSet = new HashSet<>();
17        for (int right = 0; right < s.length(); right++) {
18            while (charSet.contains(s.charAt(right))) {
19                charSet.remove(s.charAt(left));
20                left++;
21            }
22            charSet.add(s.charAt(right));
23            maxLength = Math.max(maxLength, right - left + 1);
24        }
25        return maxLength;
26    }
27 }
28
```

<terminated> LongestSubstringWithoutRepeating [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Ja

Enter a string: askjdfhaksjljdj

Longest substring without repeating characters: 8

### 3. Remove Elements from Linked List

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(1)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 public class RemoveElementsFromLinkedList {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.print("Enter the number of elements ");
7         int n = scanner.nextInt();
8         System.out.println("Enter the elements of the linked list:");
9         ListNode head = null;
10        ListNode current = null;
11        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
12            int value = scanner.nextInt();
13            if (head == null) {
14                head = new ListNode(value);
15                current = head;
16            } else {
17                current.next = new ListNode(value);
18                current = current.next;
19            }
20        }
21        System.out.print("Enter the value to be removed: ");
22        int val = scanner.nextInt();
23        RemoveElementsFromLinkedList solution = new RemoveElementsFromLinkedList();
24        ListNode updatedHead = solution.removeElements(head, val);
25        solution.printList(updatedHead);
26        scanner.close();
27    }
28    public ListNode removeElements(ListNode head, int val) {
29        ListNode ans = new ListNode(0, head);
30        ListNode dummy = ans;
31        while (dummy != null) {
32            while (dummy.next != null && dummy.next.val == val) {
33                dummy.next = dummy.next.next;
34            }
35            dummy = dummy.next;
36        }
37        return ans.next;
38    }
39    private void printList(ListNode head) {
40        ListNode current = head;
41        while (current != null) {
42            System.out.print(current.val + " ");
43            current = current.next;
44        }
45        System.out.println();
46    }
47 }
48 class ListNode {
49     int val;
50     ListNode next;
51     ListNode(int val) {
52         this.val = val;
53         this.next = null;
54     }
55     ListNode(int val, ListNode next) {
56         this.val = val;
57         this.next = next;
58     }
59 }
60
```

<terminated> RemoveElementsFromLinkedList [Java Application] C:\Prog

```
Enter the number of elements 8
Enter the elements of the linked list:
1 2 4 5 5 6 7 7
Enter the value to be removed: 5
1 2 4 6 7 7
```

#### 4. Palindrome Linked List

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(n)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class PalindromeLinkedList {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in the linked list: ");
7         int n = scanner.nextInt();
8         System.out.println("Enter the elements :");
9         ListNode head = null;
10        ListNode current = null;
11        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
12            int value = scanner.nextInt();
13            if (head == null) {
14                head = new ListNode(value);
15                current = head;
16            } else {
17                current.next = new ListNode(value);
18                current = current.next;
19            }
20        }
21        PalindromelinkedList solution = new PalindromeLinkedList();
22        boolean isPalindrome = solution.isPalindrome(head);
23        System.out.println(isPalindrome);
24        scanner.close();
25    }
26    public boolean isPalindrome(ListNode head) {
27        List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
28        while (head != null) {
29            list.add(head.val);
30            head = head.next;
31        }
32        int left = 0;
33        int right = list.size() - 1;
34        while (left < right && list.get(left).equals(list.get(right))) {
35            left++;
36            right--;
37        }
38        return left >= right;
39    }
```

<terminated> PalindromeLinkedList (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\bin\javaw.exe (19-

Enter the number of elements in the linked list: 8

Enter the elements :

2 1 4 5 6 7 9 3

false

## 5. Spiral Matix

Time complexity:  $O(n * m)$

Space complexity:  $O(n * m)$

```

1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class SpiralMatrix {
4     public static void main(String[] args) {
5         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6         System.out.println("Enter the number of rows:");
7         int rows = scanner.nextInt();
8         System.out.println("Enter the number of columns:");
9         int cols = scanner.nextInt();
10        int[][] mat = new int[rows][cols];
11        System.out.println("Enter the matrix values:");
12        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
13            for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
14                mat[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
15            }
16        }
17        List<Integer> ans = printSpiral(mat);
18        for (int num : ans) {
19            System.out.print(num + " ");
20        }
21        System.out.println();
22        scanner.close();
23    }
24    public static List<Integer> printSpiral(int[][] mat) {
25        List<Integer> ans = new ArrayList<>();
26        int n = mat.length;
27        int m = mat[0].length;
28        int top = 0, left = 0, bottom = n - 1, right = m - 1;
29
30        while (top <= bottom && left <= right) {
31            for (int i = left; i <= right; i++)
32                ans.add(mat[top][i]);
33            top++;
34
35            for (int i = top; i <= bottom; i++)
36                ans.add(mat[i][right]);
37            right--;
38
39            if (top <= bottom) {
40                for (int i = right; i >= left; i--)
41                    ans.add(mat[bottom][i]);
42                bottom--;
43            }
44
45            if (left <= right) {
46                for (int i = bottom; i >= top; i--)
47                    ans.add(mat[i][left]);
48                left++;
49            }
50        }
51        return ans;
52    }
53

```

<terminated> SpiralMatrix [Java Application] C:\Program Files

Enter the number of rows:

3

Enter the number of columns:

3

Enter the matrix values:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

1 2 3 6 9 8 7 4 5

## 6. Minimum Path Sum

Time complexity:  $O(n + m)$

Space complexity:  $O(n + m)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 public class MinimumPathSum {
4     public static int minPathSum(int[][] grid) {
5         int rows = grid.length;
6         int cols = grid[0].length;
7         int[][] res = new int[rows + 1][cols + 1];
8         for (int r = 0; r <= rows; r++) {
9             for (int c = 0; c <= cols; c++) {
10                 res[r][c] = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
11             }
12         }
13         res[rows - 1][cols] = 0;
14         for (int r = rows - 1; r >= 0; r--) {
15             for (int c = cols - 1; c >= 0; c--) {
16                 res[r][c] = grid[r][c] + Math.min(res[r + 1][c], res[r][c + 1]);
17             }
18         }
19         return res[0][0];
20     }
21     public static void main(String[] args) {
22         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
23         System.out.print("Enter the number of rows: ");
24         int rows = scanner.nextInt();
25         System.out.print("Enter the number of columns: ");
26         int cols = scanner.nextInt();
27         int[][] grid = new int[rows][cols];
28         System.out.println("Enter the grid values row by row:");
29         for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
30             for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
31                 grid[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
32             }
33         }
34         int result = minPathSum(grid);
35         System.out.println("Minimum Path Sum: " + result);
36     }
37 }
38
```

<terminated> MinimumPathSum [Java Application] C:\Progra

```
Enter the number of rows: 4
Enter the number of columns: 4
Enter the grid values row by row:
1 2 4 3
5 3 2 4
2 4 1 3
1 2 4 1
Minimum Path Sum: 13
```

## 7. Valid Binary Tree

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

Space complexity:  $O(n)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 public class ValidBinaryTree {
4     static class TreeNode {
5         int val;
6         TreeNode left;
7         TreeNode right;
8         TreeNode(int x) {
9             val = x;
10        }
11    }
12    public boolean isValidBST(TreeNode root) {
13        return valid(root, Long.MIN_VALUE, Long.MAX_VALUE);
14    }
15    private boolean valid(TreeNode node, long left, long right) {
16        if (node == null) {
17            return true;
18        }
19        if (node.val <= left || node.val >= right) {
20            return false;
21        }
22        return valid(node.left, left, node.val) && valid(node.right, node.val, right);
23    }
24    public static void main(String[] args) {
25        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
26        System.out.print("Enter the number of nodes: ");
27        int n = scanner.nextInt();
28        int[] values = new int[n];
29        System.out.println("Enter values for nodes (In-order): ");
30        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
31            values[i] = scanner.nextInt();
32        }
33        TreeNode root = buildTree(values, 0);
34        ValidBinaryTree solution = new ValidBinaryTree();
35        boolean result = solution.isValidBST(root);
36        if (result) {
37            System.out.println("The binary tree is a valid BST.");
38        } else {
39            System.out.println("The binary tree is not a valid BST.");
40        }
41        scanner.close();
42    }
43    public static TreeNode buildTree(int[] values, int index) {
44        if (index >= values.length) {
45            return null;
46        }
47        TreeNode node = new TreeNode(values[index]);
48        node.left = buildTree(values, 2 * index + 1);
49        node.right = buildTree(values, 2 * index + 2);
50        return node;
51    }
52 }
```

<terminated> ValidBinaryTree [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\

```
Enter the number of nodes: 3
Enter values for nodes (In-order):
5
4
3
The binary tree is not a valid BST.
```

## 8. Word Ladder

Time complexity:  $O(n * m)$

Space complexity:  $O(n)$

```

1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class WordLadder {
4     public int ladderLength(String beginWord, String endWord, List<String> wordList) {
5         Set<String> wordSet = new HashSet<>(wordList);
6         if (beginWord.equals(endWord)) {
7             return 1;
8         }
9         Queue<String> queue = new LinkedList<>();
10        queue.add(beginWord);
11        int level = 1;
12        while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
13            int size = queue.size();
14            level++;
15            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
16                String currentWord = queue.poll();
17                for (int j = 0; j < currentWord.length(); j++) {
18                    char[] temp = currentWord.toCharArray();
19                    for (char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++) {
20                        temp[j] = c;
21                        String newWord = new String(temp);
22                        if (newWord.equals(endWord)) {
23                            return level;
24                        }
25                        if (wordSet.contains(newWord)) {
26                            queue.add(newWord);
27                            wordSet.remove(newWord);
28                        }
29                    }
30                }
31            }
32        }
33        return 0;
34    }
35    public static void main(String[] args) {
36        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
37        System.out.print("Enter the begin word: ");
38        String beginWord = scanner.nextLine();
39        System.out.print("Enter the end word: ");
40        String endWord = scanner.nextLine();
41        System.out.print("Enter the number of words in the word list: ");
42        int n = scanner.nextInt();
43        List<String> wordList = new ArrayList<>();
44        System.out.println("Enter words in the word list:");
45        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
46            wordList.add(scanner.nextLine());
47        }
48        WordLadder solution = new WordLadder();
49        int result = solution.ladderLength(beginWord, endWord, wordList);
50        System.out.println(result);
51        scanner.close();
52    }
53 }

```

<terminated> WordLadder [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\bin\javaw.exe

```

Enter the begin word: hit
Enter the end word: cog
Enter the number of words in the word list: 5
Enter words in the word list:
hot
dot
dog
lot
5

```



## 9. Word Ladder 2

Time complexity:  $O(n * m * m)$

Space complexity:  $O(n * m)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class WordLadder2 {
4     public List<List<String>> findLadders(String beginWord, String endWord, List<String> wordList) {
5         Map<String, Integer> hm = new HashMap<>();
6         List<List<String>> res = new ArrayList<>();
7         Queue<String> q = new LinkedList<>();
8         q.add(beginWord);
9         hm.put(beginWord, 1);
10        HashSet<String> hs = new HashSet<>(wordList);
11        hs.remove(beginWord);
12        while (!q.isEmpty()) {
13            String word = q.poll();
14            if (word.equals(endWord)) {
15                break;
16            }
17            for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
18                int level = hm.get(word);
19                for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {
20                    char[] replaceChars = word.toCharArray();
21                    replaceChars[i] = ch;
22                    String replaceString = new String(replaceChars);
23                    if (hs.contains(replaceString)) {
24                        q.add(replaceString);
25                        hm.put(replaceString, level + 1);
26                        hs.remove(replaceString);
27                    }
28                }
29            }
30        }
31        if (hm.containsKey(endWord)) {
32            List<String> seq = new ArrayList<>();
33            seq.add(endWord);
34            dfs(endWord, seq, res, beginWord, hm);
35        }
36        return res;
37    }
38    public void dfs(String word, List<String> seq, List<List<String>> res, String beginWord, Map<String, Integer> hm) {
39        if (word.equals(beginWord)) {
40            List<String> ref = new ArrayList<>(seq);
41            Collections.reverse(ref);
42            res.add(ref);
43            return;
44        }
45    }
```

```

44     }
45     int level = hm.get(word);
46     for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
47         for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {
48             char[] replaceChars = word.toCharArray();
49             replaceChars[i] = ch;
50             String replaceStr = new String(replaceChars);
51             if (hm.containsKey(replaceStr) && hm.get(replaceStr) == level - 1) {
52                 seq.add(replaceStr);
53                 dfs(replaceStr, seq, res, beginWord, hm);
54                 seq.remove(seq.size() - 1);
55             }
56         }
57     }
58 }
59 public static void main(String[] args) {
60     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
61     System.out.print("Enter the begin word: ");
62     String beginWord = scanner.nextLine();
63     System.out.print("Enter the end word: ");
64     String endWord = scanner.nextLine();
65     System.out.print("Enter the number of words in the word list: ");
66     int n = scanner.nextInt();
67     scanner.nextLine();
68     List<String> wordList = new ArrayList<>();
69     System.out.println("Enter words in the word list:");
70     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
71         wordList.add(scanner.nextLine());
72     }
73     WordLadder2 solution = new WordLadder2();
74     List<List<String>> result = solution.findLadders(beginWord, endWord, wordList);
75     System.out.println(result);
76     scanner.close();
77 }
78 }

```

<terminated> WordLadder2 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\bin\javaw.exe

```

Enter the begin word: hit
Enter the end word: cog
Enter the number of words in the word list: 5
Enter words in the word list:
hot
dot
dog
lot
cog
[[hit, hot, dot, dog, cog]]

```

## 10. Course Schedule

Time complexity:  $O(n * m)$

Space complexity:  $O(n * m)$

```
1 package program19thNov;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class CourseSchedule {
4     public boolean canFinish(int numCourses, int[][] prerequisites) {
5         Map<Integer, List<Integer>> preMap = new HashMap<>();
6         for (int[] pre : prerequisites) {
7             preMap.putIfAbsent(pre[0], new ArrayList<>());
8             preMap.get(pre[0]).add(pre[1]);
9         }
10        Set<Integer> visitSet = new HashSet<>();
11        for (int crs = 0; crs < numCourses; crs++) {
12            if (!dfs(crs, preMap, visitSet)) return false;
13        }
14        return true;
15    }
16    public boolean dfs(int crs, Map<Integer, List<Integer>> preMap, Set<Integer> visitSet) {
17        if (visitSet.contains(crs)) return false;
18        if (!preMap.containsKey(crs) || preMap.get(crs).isEmpty()) return true;
19        visitSet.add(crs);
20        for (int pre : preMap.get(crs)) {
21            if (!dfs(pre, preMap, visitSet)) return false;
22        }
23        visitSet.remove(crs);
24        preMap.put(crs, new ArrayList<>());
25        return true;
26    }
27    public static void main(String[] args) {
28        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
29        System.out.print("Enter the number of courses: ");
30        int numCourses = scanner.nextInt();
31        System.out.print("Enter the number of prerequisite pairs: ");
32        int n = scanner.nextInt();
33        int[][] prerequisites = new int[n][2];
34        System.out.println("Enter the prerequisite pairs:");
35        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
36            prerequisites[i][0] = scanner.nextInt();
37            prerequisites[i][1] = scanner.nextInt();
38        }
39        CourseSchedule solution = new CourseSchedule();
40        boolean result = solution.canFinish(numCourses, prerequisites);
41        System.out.println(result);
42        scanner.close();
43    }
44 }
```

<terminated> CourseSchedule [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\bin\

```
Enter the number of courses: 5
Enter the number of prerequisite pairs: 4
Enter the prerequisite pairs:
0 1
1 2
2 3
0 3
true
```