

## MCQ

1 ) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func (b % a, a)  
  
print(func(30, 75))
```

a) 10

b) 20

c) 15

d) 0

ANSWER: OPTION c

2) numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)

```
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)
```

```
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0
```

```
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)
```

```
print(type(even_numbers))
```

a) Int

b) Filter

c) List

d) Tuple

ANSWER: OPTION b

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

a) Tuple

b) List

c) Dictionary

d) none

ANSWER: OPTION a

**4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}**

**set2 = {82, 49, 62}**

**set3={99, 22,17}**

**print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))**

**a) 105**

**b) 270**

**c) 0**

**d) Error**

**ANSWER: OPTION d**

**5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?**

**a) raise**

**b) try**

**c) goto**

**d) except**

**ANSWER: OPTION a**

**6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?**

**a) timedata**

**b) date**

**c) datetime**

**d) time**

**ANSWER: OPTION c**

**7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?**

**print(4\*\*3 + (7 + 5)\*\*(1 + 1))**

**a) 248**

**b) 169**

**c) 208**

**d) 233**

**ANSWER: OPTION c**

**8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?**

**a) strptime**

**b) strftime**

**c) both a) and b)**

**d) None**

**ANSWER: OPTION c**

**9) The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.**

**a) Mutable**

**b) immutable**

**c) unchangeable**

**d) none**

**ANSWER: OPTION b**

**10)The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.**

**A. range()**

**B. set()**

**C. dictionary{}**

**D. None of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION A**

**11)Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?**

**A. Del function**

**B. Show function**

**C. Lambda function**

**D. None of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION C**

**12) The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Serializing Python object structure**
- B. De-serializing Python object structure**
- C. Both A and B**
- D. None of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION C**

**13) Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?**

- A. set() method**
- B. dump() method**
- C. load() method**
- D. None of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION B**

**14) Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?**

- A. load()**
- B. set() method**
- C. dump() method**
- D. None of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION A**

**15) A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Alphabets**
- B. Numbers**
- C. Special symbols**
- D. All of the mentioned above**

**ANSWER: OPTION D**

**16) Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output?  
(Select all that apply.)**

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
}
```

**Enterprise Picard,**

**Voyager Janeway**

**Defiant Sisko**

**a) for ship, captain in captains.items ():**

```
print(ship, captain)
```

**b) for ship in captains:**

```
print(ship, captains[ship])
```

**c) for ship in captains:**

```
print(ship, captains)
```

**d) both a and b**

**ANSWER: OPTION d**

**17) Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?**

**a) captains = {dict}**

**b) type(captains)**

**c) captains.dict()**

**d) captains = {}**

**ANSWER: OPTION d**

**18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!**

**Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".**

**Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?**

**a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}`**

**`captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}`**

**`captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`**

**b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"`**

**`captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"`**

**`captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`**

**c) `captains = {`**

**`"Enterprise": "Picard",`**

**`"Voyager": "Janeway",`**

**`"Defiant": "Sisko",`**

**`}`**

**d) None of the above**

**ANSWER: OPTION c**

**19 ) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:**

**`captains = {`**

**`"Enterprise": "Picard",`**

**`"Voyager": "Janeway",`**

**`"Defiant": "Sisko",`**

**`"Discovery": "unknown",`**

**`}` Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?**

**a) `for item in captains.items():`**

**`print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")`**

**b) `for ship, captain in captains.items():`**

**`print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`**

**c) `for captain, ship in captains.items():`**

```
print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")
```

d) All are correct

**ANSWER: OPTION d**

20) You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

what statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

a) del captains

b) captains.remove ()

c) del captains["Discovery"]

d) captains["Discovery"].pop()

**ANSWER: OPTION c**