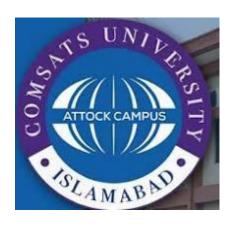
COMSATS UNIVERSITY ISLAMABAD ATTOCK CAMPUS



LAB MID

NAME:

SARA ARSHAD

REG. NO:

SP22-BCS-025

SUBMITTED TO:

SIR BILAL BUKHARI

DATE:

11-4-2025

Q1:

```
1 using System;
  3 class Program
        static void Main()
           // Take input from user for x25, y, and z
           Console.Write("Enter value for x25: ");
string userX = Console.ReadLine();
           Console.Write("Enter value for y: ");
string userY = Console.ReadLine();
  12
 13
14
           Console.Write("Enter value for z: ");
15
            string userZ = Console.ReadLine();
16
            // Build the input string using student ID-based variable name (x25) \,
17
18
            string input = $"x25:{userX}; y:{userY}; z:{userZ}; result: x25 * y + z;";
19
20
            // Extract values
            int x25 = ExtractValue(input, "x25");
21
22
            int y = ExtractValue(input, "y");
            int z = ExtractValue(input, "z");
23
24
25
            // Perform calculation: x * y + z
            int result = x25 * y + z;
26
27
28
            // Display results as required
29
            Console.Writeline(\$"\nx25 = \{x25\}"):
30
             Console.WriteLine($"y = {y}");
31
             Console.WriteLine($"z = {z}");
32
             Console.WriteLine($"Result = {result}");
33
 34
35
        static int ExtractValue(string input, string variable)
36
37
             string[] parts = input.Split(';');
38
             foreach (string part in parts)
39
40
                 string trimmed = part.Trim();
41
                 if (trimmed.StartsWith(variable + ":"))
42
43
                      string valuePart = trimmed.Substring(variable.Length + 1).Trim();
                      if (int.TrvParse(valuePart. out int value))
45
                            {
46
                                  return value;
47
                            }
48
                      }
49
                }
50
                return 0;
51
           }
52 }
53
```

Output:

```
Enter value for x25: 2
Enter value for y: 5
Enter value for z: 7

x25 = 2
y = 5
z = 7
Result = 17
```

Q2:

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
3 using System.Collections.Generic;
4
5 class Program
6 {
7
      static void Main()
8
9
          Console.WriteLine("Enter your code:");
10
          string codeInput = Console.ReadLine();
11
12
          // Pattern matches lines like: var a1 = 12@;
13
          string pattern = @"(?<type>var|float|int|double)\s+(?<varName>[abc][a-zA-Z0-9]*)\s*=\s*(?<valu</pre>
1.7
15
          MatchCollection matches = Regex.Matches(codeInput, pattern);
16
17
          Console.WriteLine("\nExtracted Tokens:");
18
          Console.WriteLine("-----");
          Console.WriteLine($"{"VarName",-10} | {"SpecialSymbol",-15} | {"Token Type",-10}");
19
          Console.WriteLine("-----");
20
11
          foreach (Match match in matches)
12
23
          {
              string varName = match.Groups["varName"].Value;
14
              string value = match.Groups["value"].Value.Trim();
25
              string type = match.Groups["type"].Value;
26
17
18
              // Check if varName ends with digit AND value contains special symbol
              if (Regex.IsMatch(varName, @"\d$") && Regex.IsMatch(value, @"[^a-zA-Z0-9.\s]"))
```

```
10
             {
1
                 // Extract first special symbol from value
12
                 Match symbolMatch = Regex.Match(value, @"[^a-zA-Z0-9.\s]");
                 string specialSymbol = symbolMatch.Success ? symbolMatch.Value : "";
13
14
                 Console.WriteLine($"{varName, -10} | {specialSymbol, -15} | {type, -10}");
15
16
             }
17
          }
18
19
         Console.WriteLine("----");
10
      }
11 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter your code:

var a1 = 12@; float b2 = 3.14$; int d3 = 100;

Extracted Tokens:

VarName | SpecialSymbol | Token Type

a1 | @ | var | var | float
```

Q3:

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
5 class SymbolEntry
6 {
7
       public string VarName { get; set; }
8
       public string Type { get; set; }
9
       public string Value { get; set; }
10
       public int LineNumber { get; set; }
11 }
12
13 class Program
14 {
```

```
15
       static void Main()
16
       {
17
           List<SymbolEntry> symbolTable = new List<SymbolEntry>();
18
           int lineNumber = 1;
19
           Console.WriteLine("Enter your code lines one by one (type 'end' to finish):");
20
21
22
          while (true)
23
           {
              Console.Write($"Line {lineNumber}: ");
24
25
              string inputLine = Console.ReadLine();
26
              if (inputLine.Trim().ToLower() == "end")
27
28
              // Regex to match format like: int varName = value;
30
              Match match = Regex.Match(inputLine, @"^(int|float|string|var)\s+([a-zA-Z0-9_]+)\s*=\s*([
31
32
              if (match.Success)
33
34
              {
                  string type = match.Groups[1].Value;
35
                  string varName = match.Groups[2].Value;
36
                  string value = match.Groups[3].Value;
37
38
                  // Only insert if varName contains a palindrome of length >= 3
39
40
                  if (ContainsPalindrome(varName))
41
42
                      symbolTable.Add(new SymbolEntry
43
44
                          Type = type.
                          VarName = varName,
45
46
                          Value = value,
47
                          LineNumber = lineNumber
48
                      });
49
                  }
50
              }
51
              lineNumber++;
52
53
           }
54
55
           // Print Symbol Table
           Console.WriteLine("\nSymbol Table (Variables with Palindromes in Name):");
56
           Console.WriteLine("-----");
57
           Console.WriteLine($"{"Line",-6} | {"Type",-8} | {"Variable",-12} | {"Value"}");
58
59
           Console Writeline("----"):
```

```
foreach (var entry in symbolTable)
61
62
           {
               Console.WriteLine($"{entry.LineNumber,-6} | {entry.Type,-8} | {entry.VarName,-12} | {entry
63
64
           }
65
           Console.WriteLine("-----");
66
67
       }
68
       // Check for palindrome substrings of length >= 3
69
70
       static bool ContainsPalindrome(string str)
71
           for (int i = 0; i < str.Length; i++)</pre>
72
73
           {
               for (int len = 3; len <= str.Length - i; len++)</pre>
74
75
                   string sub = str.Substring(i, len);
76
77
                   if (IsPalindrome(sub))
78
                       return true;
79
               }
           }
80
81
           return false;
       }
82
83
84
       // Custom logic to check if a string is a palindrome
85
       static bool IsPalindrome(string s)
86
       {
87
           int start = 0;
88
           int end = s.Length - 1;
89
           while (start < end)
90
91
               if (s[start] != s[end])
                   return false;
92
93
               start++;
94
               end--;
95
96
           return true;
97
       }
98 }
99
```

Output:

```
Enter your code lines one by one (type 'end' to finish):
Line 1: int val33 = 999;
Line 2: float abc = 1.5;
Line 3: string noonTime = "hi";
Line 4: end

Symbol Table (Variables with Palindromes in Name):

Line | Type | Variable | Value

3  | string | noonTime | "hi"
```

```
1 using System;
 2 using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 using System.Linq;
4
5 class Program
6 {
7
       static Dictionary<string, List<string>> grammar = new Dictionary<string, List<string>>();
8
       static HashSet<string> firstSet = new HashSet<string>();
9
       static HashSet<string> visited = new HashSet<string>();
10
11
       static void Main()
12
       {
13
           Console.WriteLine("Enter grammar rules (e.g., E->TX). Type 'end' to finish:");
15
           while (true)
16
               Console.Write("Rule: ");
17
               string input = Console.ReadLine();
18
19
20
               if (input.Trim().ToLower() == "end")
21
                   break;
22
               if (!input.Contains("->"))
23
24
25
                   Console.WriteLine("Invalid format. Use 'A->something'");
26
                   continue;
27
               }
28
29
               string[] parts = input.Split("->");
                string left = parts[0].Trim();
30
31
                string[] right = parts[1].Split('|');
32
33
                if (!grammar.ContainsKey(left))
34
                    grammar[left] = new List<string>();
35
                foreach (var prod in right)
36
37
                    grammar[left].Add(prod.Trim());
           }
38
39
40
           // Check for left recursion or ambiguity
41
           foreach (var rule in grammar)
42
            {
                foreach (var production in rule.Value)
43
44
```

```
45
                    if (production.StartsWith(rule.Key))
46
                    {
47
                        Console.WriteLine("\nGrammar invalid for top-down parsing. (Left Recursion Detect
                        return;
48
49
                    }
50
51
                    // Naive ambiguity check: same production multiple times
                    if (rule.Value.Count(x \Rightarrow x == production) \Rightarrow 1)
52
53
                        Console.WriteLine("\nGrammar invalid for top-down parsing. (Ambiguity Detected)")
54
55
                        return;
56
                    }
                }
57
58
            }
60
            Console.WriteLine("\nGrammar is valid for top-down parsing.\n");
61
            Console.WriteLine("Computing FIRST(E):");
62
            firstSet = ComputeFirst("E");
63
64
            Console.Write("FIRST(E) = { ");
65
            Console.WriteLine(string.Join(", ", firstSet) + " }");
66
       }
67
68
69
       static HashSet<string> ComputeFirst(string nonTerminal)
70
       {
71
            HashSet<string> first = new HashSet<string>();
72
73
            if (!grammar.ContainsKey(nonTerminal))
74
            {
                first.Add(nonTerminal); // terminal
75
                return first;
76
            }
77
78
            foreach (string production in grammar[nonTerminal])
79
80
                if (production == "ε")
81
82
                {
                     first.Add("E");
83
84
                }
85
                else
86
                 {
                     for (int i = 0; i < production.Length; i++)</pre>
87
88
                     {
                         string symbol = production[i].ToString();
```

89

```
if (symbol == " ")
91
92
                             continue;
93
                         var tempFirst = ComputeFirst(symbol);
94
                         first.UnionWith(tempFirst.Where(t => t != "\varepsilon"));
95
96
                         if (!tempFirst.Contains("&"))
97
                             break;
98
99
                         if (i == production.Length - 1)
100
101
                             first.Add("ε");
102
                    }
103
                }
104
            }
105
106
             return first;
107
108 }
109
```

Output:

```
Enter grammar rules (e.g., E->TX). Type 'end' to finish:
Rule: E->TX
Rule: X->+TX | E
Rule: T->int | (E)
Rule: end

Grammar is valid for top-down parsing.

Computing FIRST(E):
FIRST(E) = { i, ( }
```