

Topics



- EAR overview
- Running jobs with EAR
- Job Monitoring
- Static energy optimization
- Dynamic energy optimization
- EAR Data visualization with Grafana





EAR overview

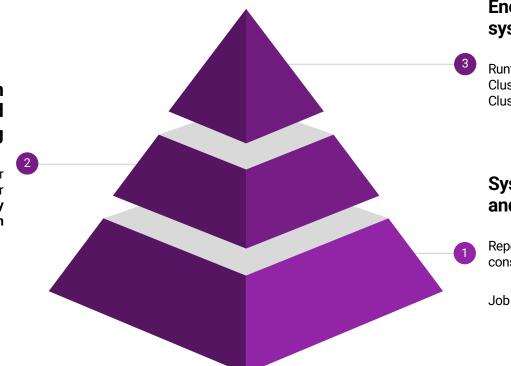


What's EAR: System software for energy management and optimization



Powerful application performance and power monitoring

Runtime library to monitor performance and power dynamically without any application modification



Energy-efficient system

Runtime energy optimization, Cluster power management and Cluster and node powercap.

System monitoring and **Job Accounting**

Reports system power consumption

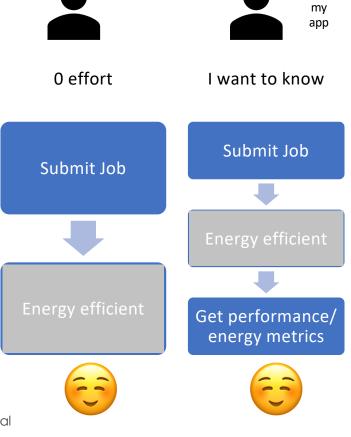
Job energy accounting





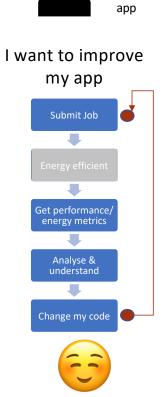
What EAR can do for you?

Evaluate





Understand



Optimize

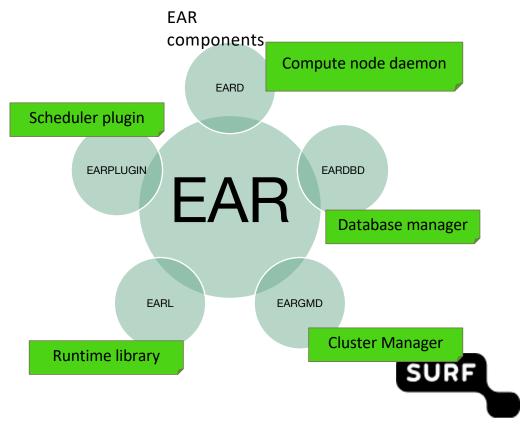


https://www.eas4dc.com



EAR Goals and Components

- To be
 - Easy to use
 - Transparent for users
 - Powerful for developers
- To optimize energy at runtime
- To be flexible and configurable
- Power management



EAR architecture



Cluster

- monitoring
- Optimization
- Power limits

EAR Cluster power manager

EAR DB Manager EAR DB Manager

Application Application Application Application EARLib EARLib EARD EARD EARD CPU GPU CPU

Application

EARLib

EARD

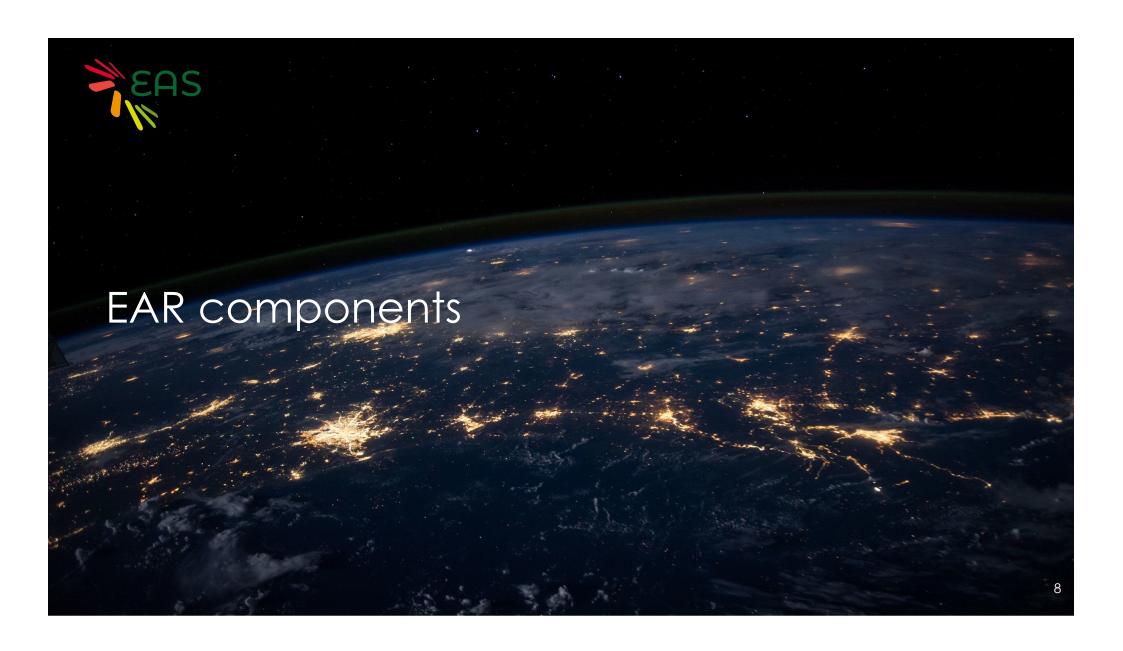
EARD

CPU

CPU

Job Optimization, monitoring, power limits







EARD: Computational Node Manger

- Linux service running in all the compute nodes (1 x compute node)
- With root privileges
- EARD offers
 - Node monitoring
 - Basic Job accounting
 - Node powercap
 - o API for local metrics readings and management operations (used by EAR library)
 - API for external power and management
- Applies energy settings described in ear.conf
 - o Default policy, frequency
 - Controls EAR privileged users/groups/accounts





EARDBD: Data Base manager

- Linux service running in service nodes
- Data Base manager. Connects with DB server
- 1...N EARDBD can be run in the system
- EARDBD aggregates power information
 - Each EARDBD aggregates metrics for all the EARDs contacting with it for a specified period (ear.conf)
 - Each EARDBD reports data to DB in batch messages reducing the number of connections and the cost of queries





EARL: EAR optimization library

- User-level Runtime library
- 100% transparent in most of the use cases (for example MPI applications)
- Application energy and performance monitoring
- Application dynamic energy optimization
- Extensible reporting mechanism
 - Multiple report plugins can be used: DB, CSV, etc





EARGMD: Global/System Power Manager

- System Power manager
- Energy&Power monitoring for the whole cluster
- Cluster powercap





Scheduler plugin

- SLURM SPANK plugin, PBS and OAR supported
- Intercepts job/step creation and
 - o connects with EARD to report scheduling events: new job / end job for example
 - Configures the environment for the automatic execution of EAR and environment variables





EAR (runtime) Library

Performance metrics and energy optimization





EAR Library

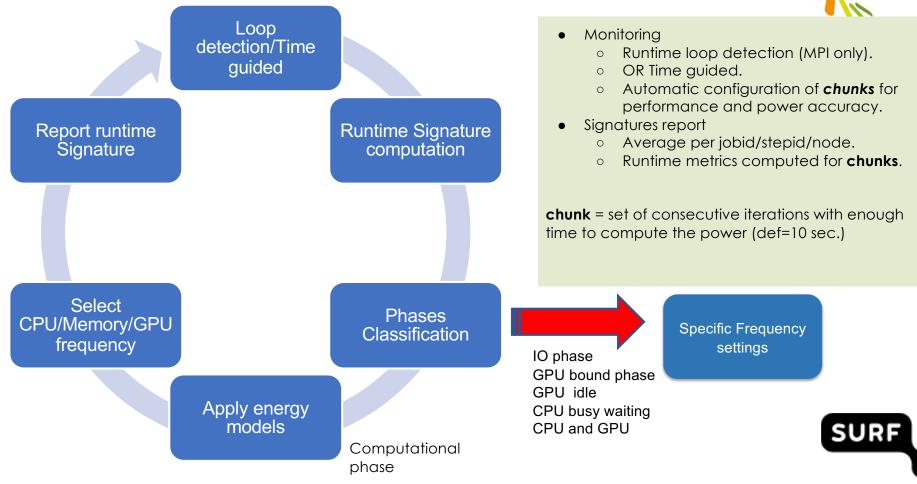
- User-level Runtime library
- Transparent to users through scheduler plugin (LD_PRELOAD used)
 - o Few exceptions need some environment variables: Ex. Singularity
- Application energy and performance monitoring
- Application dynamic energy optimization
- Extensible design based on plugins
 - Multiple report plugins can be used: DB, CSV, etc
 - New policies
 - New energy models
 - o ETC

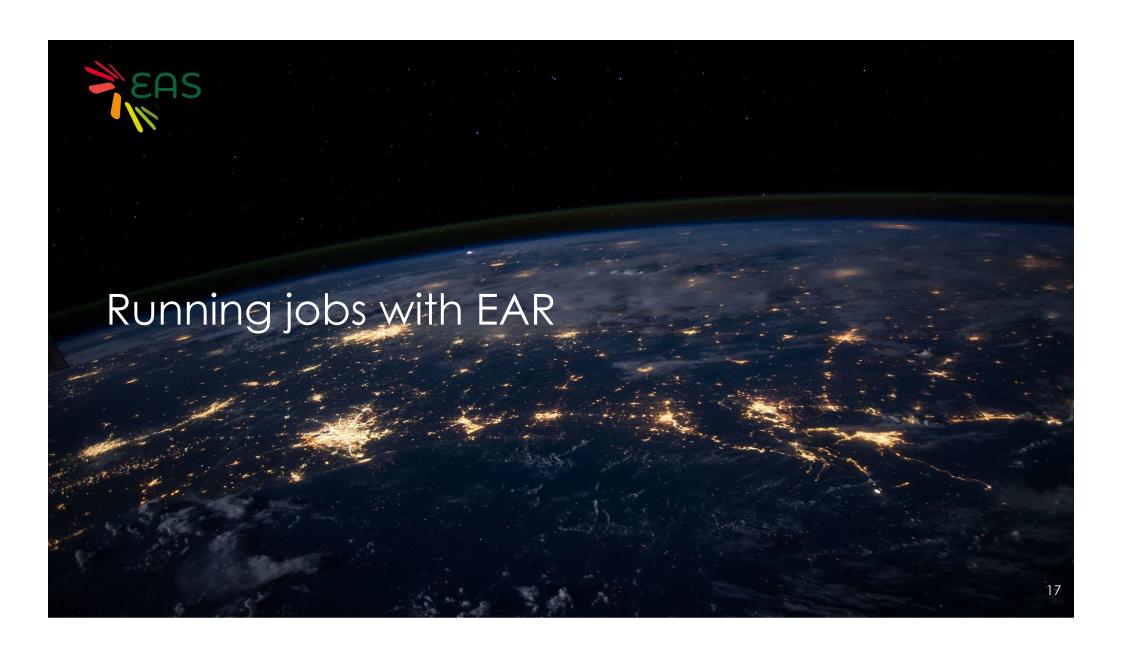




EAR Library lifecycle/stages

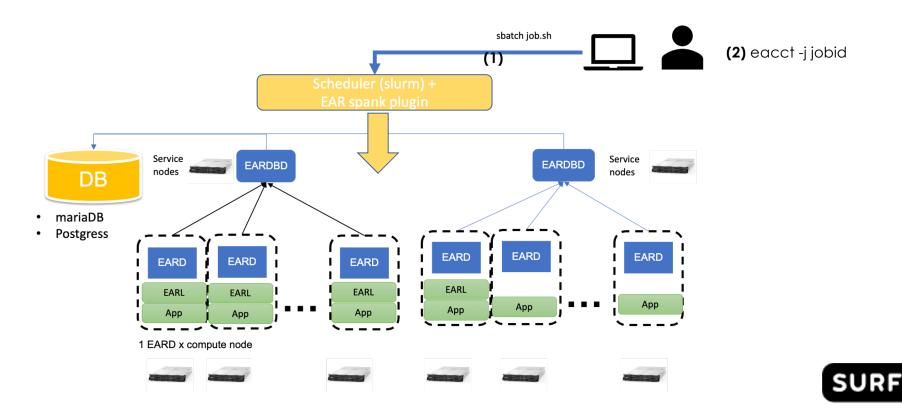








Jobs submission/accounting schema





Job submission use cases

- Without EAR library 100% transparent
- With EAR library: To be 100% automatic EAR library needs
 - Symbol detection
 - Scheduler support (sbatch, srun or salloc)
- erun command or environment variables for not 100% automatic cases

	Use case	Bootstrap	Automatic
MPI	Intel/OpenMPI [+ others]	srun	yes
	Intel [+ others]	mpirun	yes
	OpenMPI [+ others]	mpirun	no : use erun
OpenMP		srun	yes (or use erun)
CUDA		srun	yes (or use erun)
python		srun	yes (or use erun)
Singularity (+any use case)		srun	yes + module or env var support

https://gitlab.bsc.es/ear_team/ear/-/wikis/User-guide#use-cases



Job submission + EAR library options

- Many of the job job scripts will work without modification.
- EAR flags in "help"

[julitac@int1 ~]\$ sbatch --help|grep ear

--ear=on|off Enables/disables Energy Aware Runtime Library (default OFF)

--ear-policy=type Selects an energy policy for EAR (monitoring, min energy, min time)

--ear-cpufreq=frequency Specifies the CPU frequency to be used by EAR, to be used with monitoring

--ear-user-db=file Specifies the file to save the job applications metrics (csv format)

--ear-verbose=value Specifies the level of verbosity (0 default)

Memory and GPU frequency also supported with environment variables. See wiki







- MPI+Python is not transparent, the user (or the module) should define the MPI version because it cannot be detected.
 - export EAR_LOAD_MPI_VERSION="open mpi"
 - o export EAR_LOAD_MPI_VERSION="intel"
- **Singularity**: EAR can be used but EAR paths and env vars must be exported: APPTAINER_ENV_XXX, APPTAINER_BIND
 - export APPTAINER_BIND="\$EAR_INSTALL_PATH:\$EAR_INSTALL_PATH:ro,\$EAR_TMP:\$EAR_TMP:rw"
 - export APPTAINERENV_EAR_INSTALL_PATH=\$EAR_INSTALL_PATH
 - export APPTAINERENV_EAR_TMP=\$EAR_TMP
 - o export APPTAINERENV_EAR_ETC=\$EAR_TMP



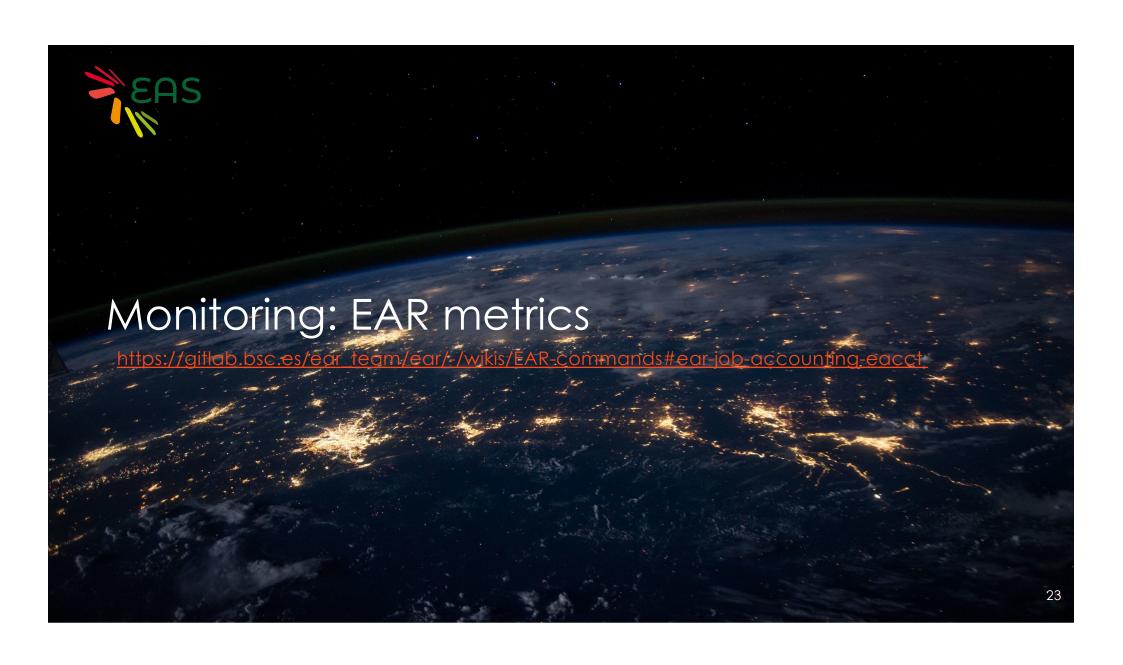
Special cases (II)



OpenMPI

- o srun recommended
- o use mpirun + erun
- Other use cases/frameworks
 - o Force EAR to be loaded with env var
 - o export EAR_LOADER_APPLICATION="julia"







Monitoring

- Jobs executed without EAR library (ear = off) report basic job accounting
 - Job/step/node identification
 - Job/step/node execution time
 - Job/step/node energy consumption
- Jobs executed with EAR library (ear =on) report advanced job accounting
 - Job/step/node identification
 - Job/step/node/dynamic performance metrics (measured by EAR library)
 - Job/step/node/dynamic power metrics (measured by EAR library)
- Data is reported in EAR DB





How to get application data

- 1. With EAR job accounting command eacct: Command line with pre-defined queries. Multiple filters supported
 - a. average
 - b. per node
 - c. runtime
 - d. pre-selected column in stdout or full data in CSV file
- 2. Directly from EAR library
 - a. csv with timestamp included: --ear-user-db=filename (prefix for the file)
 - b. Additional report plugins can be used with env var.
 - i EAR_REPORT_ADD=plugin1.so:plug2.so



Example: https://gitlab.bsc.es/ear_team/ear/-/blob/master/src/report/log.c



Basic MPI example

```
#I/bin/bash

#SBATCH -p rome
#SBATCH -t 00:15:00
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --exclusive

#SBATCH --output=NPB.%j.out
#SBATCH --error=NPB.%j.err
#SBATCH --job-name=NPB

module load 2023
module load foss/2023a

PROJECT_DIR=/projects/0/energy-course

srun --ntasks=128 $PROJECT_DIR/NPB3.4-MZ-MPI/sp-mz.C.x
```





Job submission examples

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -ntasks=YYY
#### EAR=ON will load all the steps with EAR library
#SBATCH --ear=on
mkdir -p logs
# CASE 1: Default: EAR library on because of headers
srun application
# Runtime metrics reported ON
export EARL REPORT LOOPS=1
# CASE 2: mpirun + ear-user-db → CSV file
export I_MPI_HYDRA_BOOTSTRAP_EXEC_EXTRA_ARGS="--ear-user-db=logs/app"
mpirun application
# CASE 3: Using srun + ear-user-db → CSV file
srun --ear-user-db=logs/bt.srun application
# CASE 4: Using erun
module load ear
mpirun -n XXXX erun --ear=on --program="application arg1 arg2...argn"
# CASE 5: EAR library off for this steps
srun --ear=off application
```





eacct: Energy accounting

- SLURM jobid/stepid
- Users can only access its own data
- GPU support is per-cluster, Jobs executed in AMD partition will also show GPU metrics with null values.
- By default, average per job.step metrics: All nodes included. Most metrics are averaged, energy is accumulated.
- Main flags:
 - \circ -I \rightarrow per node
 - o -r → runtime metrics (default is off in snellius. Use export EARL REPORT LOOPS=1
 - c filename → save in CSV format in file

```
[julitac@int3 example]$ eacct -j 1483484

JOB-STEP USER APPLICATION POLICY NODES AVG/DEF/IMC(GHz) TIME(s) POWER(W) GBS CPI ENERGY(J) GFLOPS/W IO(MBs) MPI% G-POW(T/U) G-FREQ G-UTIL(G/MEM)

1483484-sb julitac 128nodes_16cores NP 16 2.35/2.60/--- 972.00 375.71 --- --- 5843040 --- --- --- --- --- --- --- 1483484-1 julitac 128nodes_16cores MT 16 2.35/2.40/1.47 492.26 373.53 28.44 0.46 2942015 0.0084 250.8 71.7 0.00/--- --- --- 1483484-0 julitac 128nodes_16cores ME 16 2.55/2.60/1.47 460.68 381.00 30.37 0.47 2808271 0.0088 268.2 71.7 0.00/--- --- --- ---
```



eacct metrics



CPU metrics

- AVG/DEF/IMC(GHz): **Average** CPU frequency, default frequency and average memory frequency. Includes all the nodes for the step. In KHz.
- o TIME(s): Step execution time, in seconds.
- o POWER: Average DC node power. (in Watts).
- o GBS: CPU Main memory bandwidth (GB/second). Hint for CPU/Memory bound classification.
- o CPI: CPU Cycles per Instruction. Hint for CPU/Memory bound classification.
- ENERGY(J): Accumulated node energy. Includes all the nodes. In Joules.
- o GFLOPS/WATT: CPU GFlops per Watt. Hint for energy efficiency.
- o IO(MBs): IO (read and write) Mega Bytes per second.
- MPI%: **Percentage of MPI time** over the total execution time. It's the average including all the processes and nodes.

GPU metrics

- o G-POW (T/U): Average GPU power. Accumulated per node and average of all the nodes.
 - T = Total (GPU power consumed even if the process is not using them).
 - U = GPUs used by the job.
- o G-FREQ: Average GPU frequency. Per node and average of all the nodes.
- o G-UTIL(G/MEM): GPU utilization and GPU memory utilization.





Tensorflow: GPU application

```
[julitac@int5 ~]$ eacct -j 5687690
                                  POLICY NODES AVG/DEF/IMC(GHz) TIME(s) POWER(W) GBS CPI ENERGY(J) GFLOPS/W IO(MBs) MPI% G-POW
  JOB-STEP USER
                  APPLICATION
(T/U) G-FREQ G-UTIL(G/MEM)
                                  1 2.43/2.40/--- 2612.00 448.98 --- --- 1172725
5687690-sb julitac run tensor.sh NP
5687690-8
                DenseNet121 disa MO 1
                                         2.38/2.40/2.19 358.55
                                                               897.17 2.03 0.66 321685
                                                                                         0.0000 0.1
                                                                                                     0.0 257.92 /257.92 1.410 92%/44%
5687690-7 julitac
                DenseNet121 mixe MO 1 2.38/2.40/2.19 189.30
                                                              876.59 0.82 0.67 165936
                                                                                         0.0000 0.2 0.0 238.88 /238.88 1.410 80%/52%
                                                                                       0.0000 0.1 0.0 251.56 /251.56 1.410 88%/73%
5687690-6
                DenseNet121 MO 1 2.38/2.40/2.19 249.38
         iulitac
                                                             890.48 0.59 0.66 222070
                                        2.38/2.40/2.19 646.86
5687690-5
                                                              877.18 2.33 0.52 567419
                                                                                                    0.0 238.58 /238.58 1.410 98%/26%
                VGG19 disable-tf MO
                                                                                        0.0000 0.1
                                                             897.64 0.52 0.67 222972
5687690-4
                VGG19 mixed
                                     1 2.38/2.40/2.19 248.40
                                                                                        0.0000 0.1 0.0 257.04 /257.04 1.410 96%/51%
5687690-3
                VGG19
                                 1 2.38/2.40/2.19 261.37 907.44 3.21 0.61 237176
                                                                                     0.0000 0.1 0.0 267.94 /267.94 1.410 96%/59%
5687690-2
          julitac
                ResNet50 disable MO 1
                                         2.38/2.40/2.19 302.42
                                                              920.38 4.22 0.65 278338
                                                                                        0.0000 0.1
                                                                                                    0.0 279.54 /279.54 1.410 94%/43%
                                    1 2.38/2.40/2.19 149.26 873.35 0.80 0.66 130356
5687690-1
                 ResNet50 mixed MO
                                                                                         0.0000 0.2 0.0 233.60 /233.60 1.403 84%/50%
                             MO 1 2.38/2.40/2.19 196.33 904.09 0.62 0.65 177504
                                                                                      0.0000 0.2 0.0 261.45 /261.45 1.372 87%/70%
5687690-0 julitac
                ResNet50
```





EACCT metrics

CPU Bound phases

- Very low CPI, Cycles per instruction, (less than 0.5)
- Low Memory bandwidth (depends on the architecture)
- Percentage of MPI influences the CPI (MPI waitings are implemented with busy waiting, reduces the CPI)
- High Gflops
- Scale linearly with CPU frequency. Not too much opportunities for energy savings

Memory bound phases

- Medium/High CPI (CPU has to wait for data → increases cycles per instructions)
- High Memory bandwidth
- Medium/High Gflops
- Can take profit of reducing the CPU frequency. Do not scale linearly with CPU frequency





Job Energy Efficiency metric: CPU jobs

- PUE is the ratio of the total amount of power used by a computer data center facility to the power delivered to computing equipment
 - o It's not a job metric!!
- Being energy efficient is not consuming less power, is doing an optimal utilization of the power we consume
- For CPU HPC applications, a traditional metric could be the GFLOPS/Watt
 - o GFlops characterize the CPU activity
 - Watts the power consumption
- Not valid for
 - Data intensive jobs
 - Non-CPU intensive jobs





Job Energy Efficiency metric: GPU jobs

- GPU metrics reported by default (per-GPU)
 - GPU utilization
 - o GPU memory utilization
 - GPU frequency
 - o GPU power consumption
- GPU Utilization is not representative enough of the GPU activity
 - NVIDIA GPUs provides more metrics, but many of them are ratios (0...1), for example the FP activity
 - o Any action on the GPU increases the GPU
 - New EAR version will include GPU

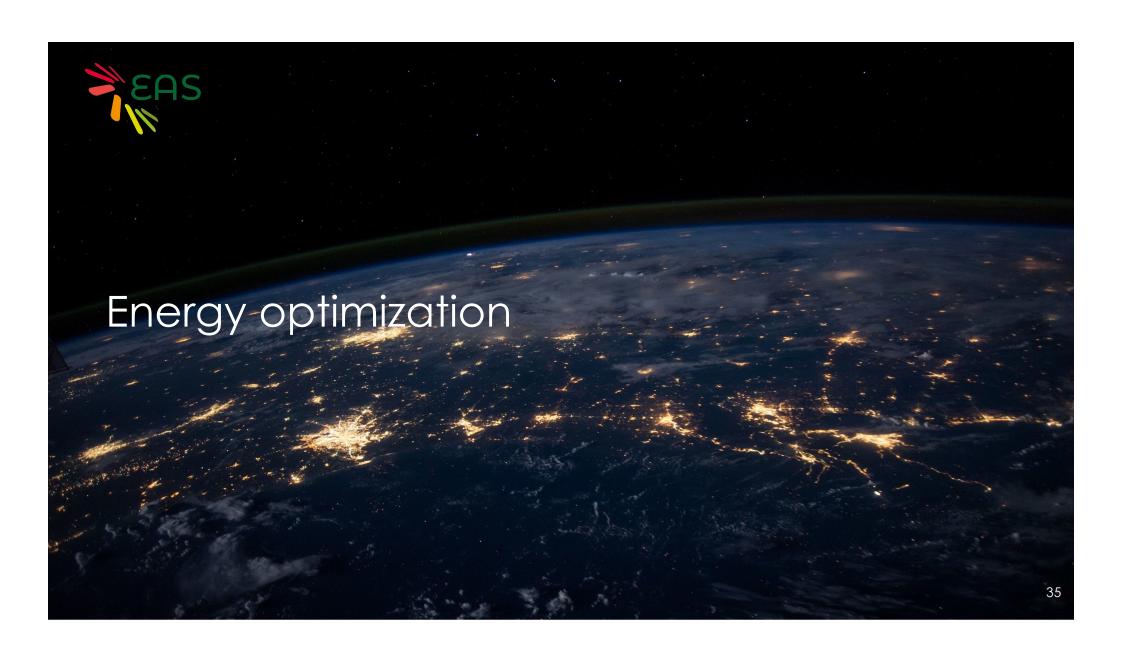


EACCT metrics: what else can be observed?



- Are nodes homogeneous? Same signatures in all the nodes (-1)
- Are there phases, is it constant? Are runtime signatures the same? (-r)
- How much time my application is in MPI calls??
- GPU utilization
- Impact on power and performance of changing job configuration
 - Example: Problem with GPU utilization in GROMACS-GPU

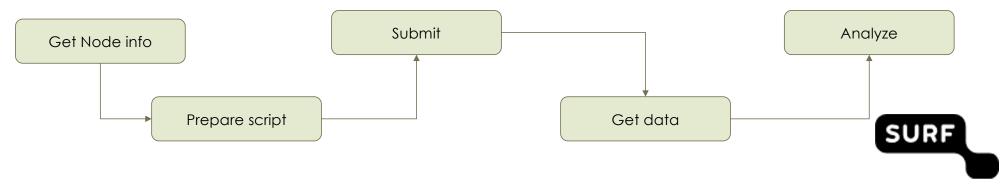






Static energy optimization

- Optimal CPU/Memory/GPU depends on the application, input data, architecture, number of nodes etc etc
- However, you can be interested in applying DVFS in specific case
- With EAR is easy to ask for CPU frequencies
- EAR offers in some architectures more CPU frequencies than available from the OS
- The enode_info command reports the EAR technical specification for the computational node



-36

```
$EAR INSTALL PATH/bin/tools/enode info --cpu
EAR CPU info in node tcn2
EAR CPU info Topology: cpu count
                                    : 128
core count : 128
socket count : 2
..... // CPU details
EAR CPU info load
EAR CPU info API: EARD
EAR CPU info num devices:128
EAR CPU info list of CPU frequencies
PS0: id0, 2600000 KHz
PS1: id1, 2500000 KHz
PS2: id2, 2400000 KHz
PS3: id3, 2300000 KHz
PS4: id4, 2200000 KHz
PS5: id5, 2100000 KHz
PS6: id6, 2000000 KHz
PS7: id7, 1900000 KHz
PS8: id8, 1800000 KHz
PS9: id9, 1700000 KHz
PS10: id10, 1600000 KHz
PS11: id11, 1500000 KHz
EAR CPU info pstate nominal is 0, CPU freq = 2600000 KHz
EAR CPU info governor CPU[0] = conservative
EAR CPU info governor CPU[127] = conservative
EAR CPU info curr CPUF[0] = 2601000
```

EAR CPU info curr CPUF[127] = 2601000



```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=sp
#SBATCH --ntasks=128
#SBATCH --ear=on
module purge
module load 2022
module load iimpi/2022a

export OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
export EARL_REPORT_LOOPS=1
srun --ear-policy=monitoring --ear-cpufreq=2500000 ./sp-mz.D.128
srun --ear-policy=monitoring --ear-cpufreq=2400000 ./sp-mz.D.128
srun --ear-policy=monitoring --ear-cpufreq=2300000 ./sp-mz.D.128
srun --ear-policy=monitoring --ear-cpufreq=2200000 ./sp-mz.D.128
```





Energy policies: Computational phases

- Monitoring:
 - Application analysis
 - Static energy optimization (Manual CPU/Memory/GPU freq selection)
- Minimize <u>energy</u> to solution (min_energy)
 - o EAR reduces CPU frequency to save energy with a maximum time penalty
 - Applications start at default frequency and CPU frequency is (potentially) reduced
 - o default frequency = nominal frequency
 - Memory frequency selected with a linear search
- Minimize <u>time</u> to solution (min_time)
 - EAR increases CPU frequency to minimize time for "frequency efficient" codes
 - Applications that scale well with CPU frequency
 - Default frequency = lower than nominal frequency
 - o Application will never run at CPU frequency below the default CPU frequency
 - Memory frequency selected with a linear search





Common to both policies

- GPU optimization when GPU idleness.
- 10 phases detected.
- Turbo can be enabled if configured and CPU bound application.
- Intra-node Load balance.

- GPU frequency selection:
 - Maximum if GPU utilization > 0
 - Minimum if GPU utilization == 0 (power consumption is lower.)



```
sbatch --ntasks=192 --partition=genoa sp.D.sh
sbatch --ntasks=192 --partition=genoa -ear-policy=min_energy sp.D.sh
```



KERNEL SP-MZ.D: ROME (Min_energy vs Nominal): Must be the same node for comparison





Visualization with Grafana

- Steps to use EAR data are in grafana with CSV are
 - Have a local grafana installation with CSV plugins supported
 - Export EAR application data in csv format using eacct (-I -c option) or -earuser-db flag
 - Export EAR application runtime data in csv format using eacct (-r -c option) or -ear-user-db flag
 - o Add a source data based on a local file (Public folder)
 - julita.corbalan\$ cp tensorflow.csv ear_data_apps.csv
 - julita.corbalan\$ cp tensorflow_loops.csv ear_data_loops.csv
 - o Import the EAR ison file with the dashboards for data visualization
 - "EAR job data visualization.json"
 - o Reload the dashboards



