Causes of Death Our World In Data Project Presentation

By Sara

Option 2:

Causes of Death + Population Data

Joined Population Data

Data Exploration

Visualization Building

Dashboard Creation

QUESTIONS

- What are the top causes of death globally and in specific countries?
- 2. How have these causes changed over the years?
- 3. Can we predict future trends in causes of death using historical data?
- 4. Are there any unexpected patterns or outliers in the dataset?

Fire, heat, and hot substances

Number of executions (Amnesty International) Nutritional deficiencies

Alcohol use disorders

Diabetes mellitus Tuberculosis

Protein-energy malnutrition Maternal disorders

Alzheimer's disease and other dementias Meningitis

Digestive diseases

Poisonings

Drowning Neonatal disorders Chronic respiratory diseases

Cardiovascular diseases

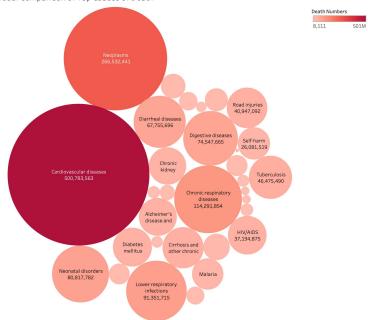
Diarrheal diseases Lower respiratory infections Self-harm Conflict and terrorism

Road injuries Interpersonal violence

Cirrhosis and other chronic liver diseases Malaria
Chronic kidney disease

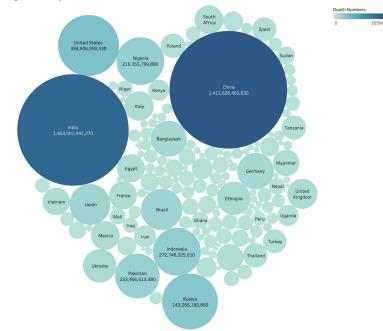
Parkinson's disease
Parkinson's disease
Parkinson's disease
Exposure to forces of nature

Global Comparison of Top Causes of Death



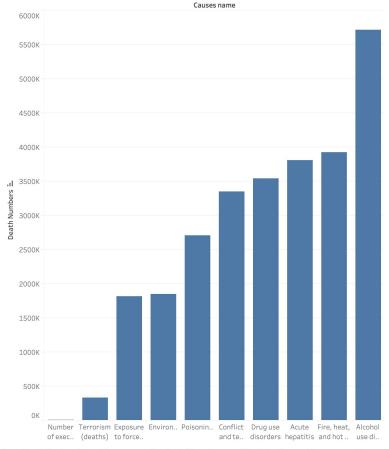
Causes name and sum of Death Numbers. Color shows sum of Death Numbers. Size shows sum of Death Numbers. The marks are labeled by Causes name and sum of Death Numbers. Details are shown for Causes name. The view is filtered on sum of Death Numbers, which ranges from 8.111 to 500,783.501

Highest Fatality Rates Across Countries



Country/Territory and sum of 2022 Population. Color shows sum of Death Numbers. Size shows sum of Death Numbers. The marks are labeled by Country/Territory and sum of 2022 Population. The data is filtered on Entity, which excludes Null.

bottom 10 causes of death



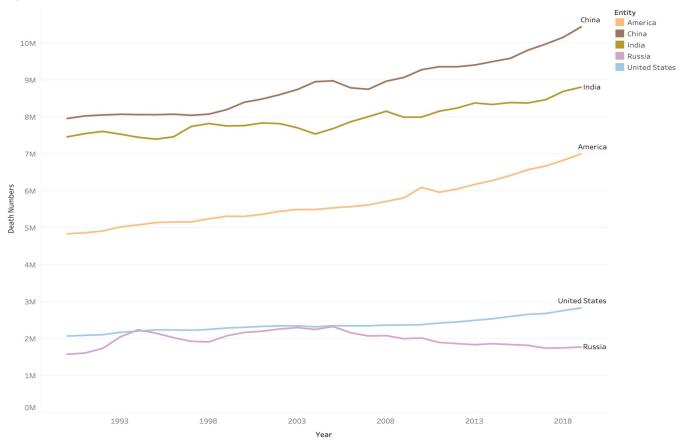
 $Sum of Death \, Numbers \, for \, each \, Causes \, name. \, The \, view \, is \, filtered \, on \, sum \, of \, Death \, Numbers \, and \, Causes \, name. \, The \, sum \, of \, Death \, Numbers \, filter \, ranges \, from \, 0 \, to \, 500,783,563. \, The \, Causes \, name \, filter \, keeps \, 10 \, of \, 33 \, members.$



265M

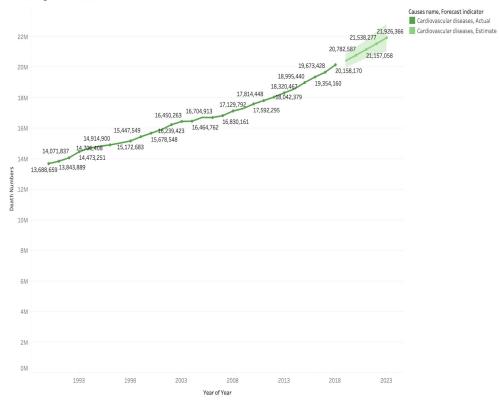
Map based on Longitude (generated) and Latitude (generated). Color shows sum of Death Numbers. The marks are labeled by Entity. Details are shown for Entity. The view is filtered on Entity, which keeps 214 of 214 members.

top 5 countries's death numbers rate



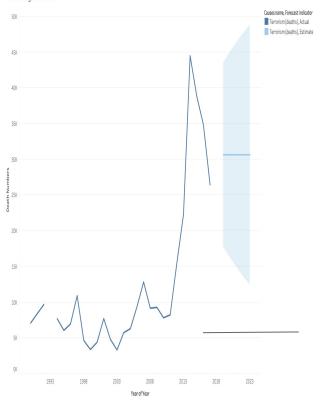
The trend of sum of Death Numbers for Year. Color shows details about Entity. The marks are labeled by Entity. The view is filtered on Entity, which keeps America, China, India, Russia and United States.

Forcasting Cardiovascular disease



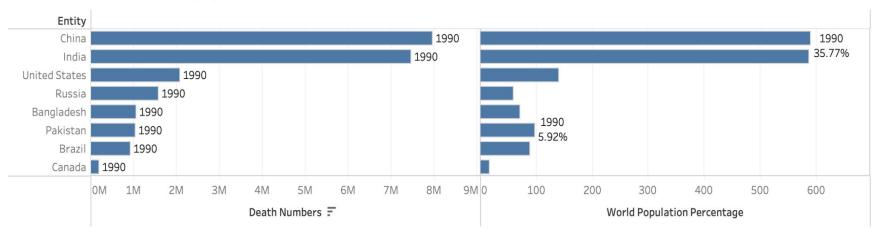
The trend of sum of Death Numbers (actual & forecast) for Year Year. Color shows details about Causes name and Forecast indicator. The marks are labeled by sum of Death Numbers (actual & forecast). The view is filtered on Causes name, which keeps Cardiovascular diseases.

Forcasting Terrorism



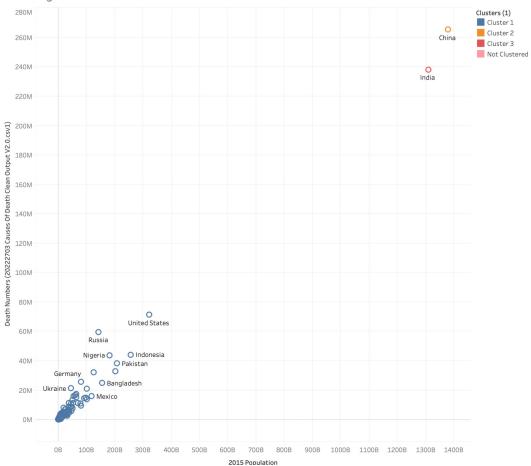
The trend of sum of Death Numbers (actual & forecast) for Year Year. Color shows details about Causes name and Forecast indicator. The view is filtered on Causes name, which keeps Terrorism (deaths).

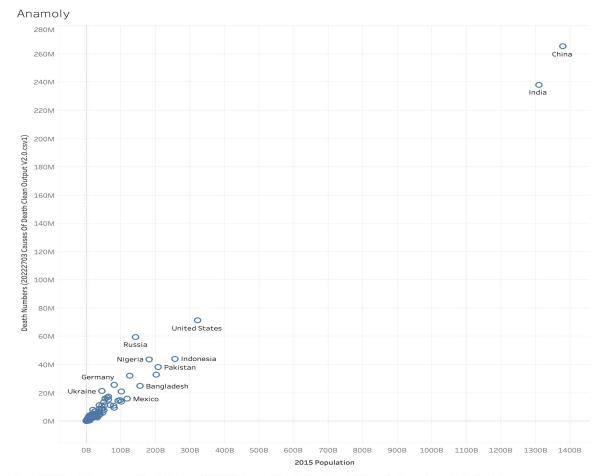
death number vs world population



Sum of Death Numbers and sum of World Population Percentage for each Entity. The marks are labeled by Year Year. For pane Sum of World Population Percentage: The marks are labeled by Year Year and % of Total World Population Percentage. The data is filtered on Year, which ranges from 1990-01-01 12:00:00 a.m. to 1990-12-31 12:00:00 a.m.. The view is filtered on Entity, which keeps 8 members.

Clustering





Challenges

Finding interesting pattern, trend, outlier	

Rationale for Visualizations

Map to to showcase global distribution

Bubbles to see the magnitude or intensity of death

Line charts to show progression trends

