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Assignment 2

1. [10 points] Consider a singly linked list of integers that are sorted into ascending order. The head pointer points to the first node, which contains the smallest integer. See Figure 1 (a). Write a pseudo-code algorithm to revise the list so that its data are sorted into descending order. The head pointer points to the first node, which contains the largest integer. See Figure 1 (b).

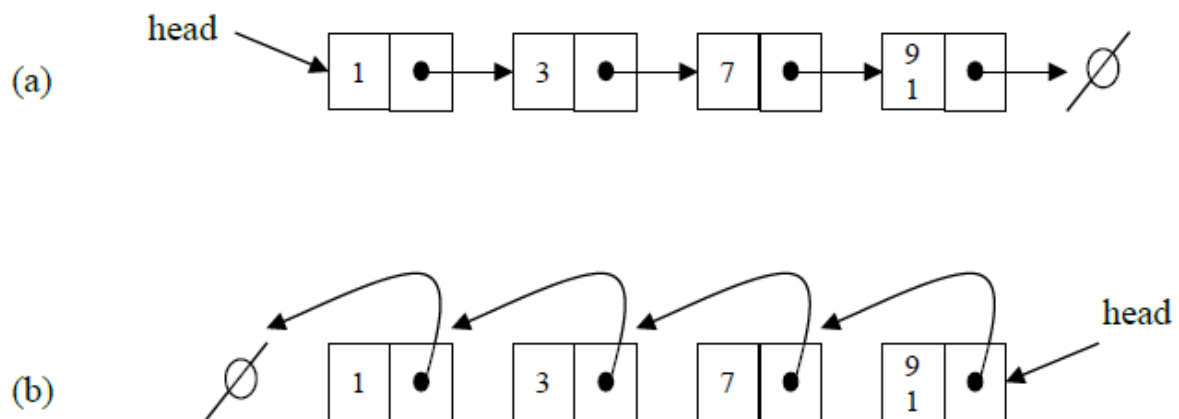


Figure 1

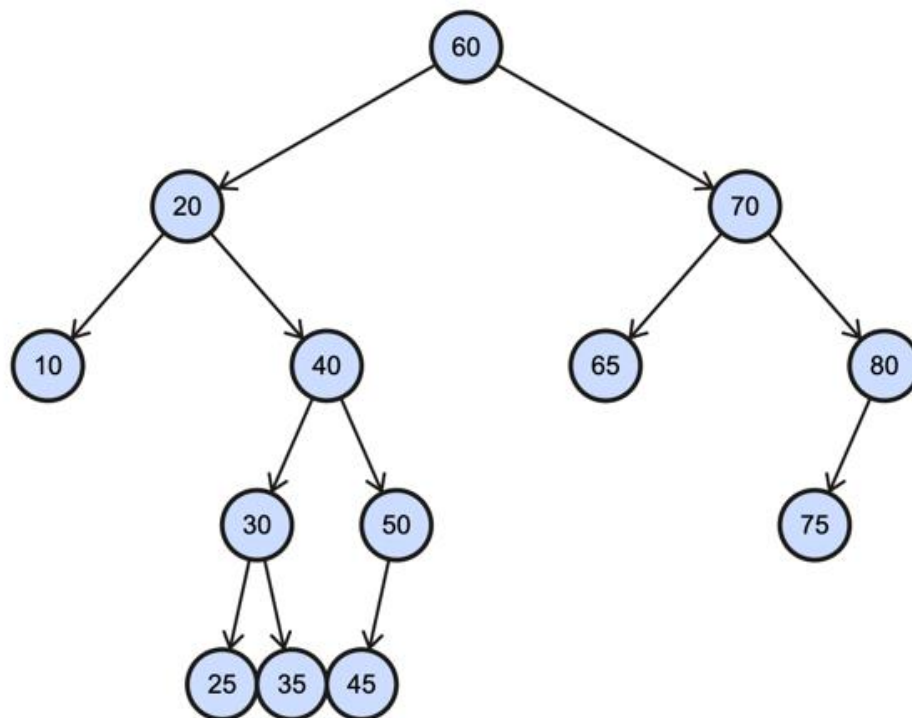
Algorithm: reverseLinkedList(head)

```
current = head           // The algorithm reverses the list by changing the links
previous = NULL
while current != NULL :  // While the current node isn't NULL (the last):
    next = current.next;  // We save the next element
    current.next = previous; // We mark the current one as the next
    previous = current;    // We mark the previous element as the current
    current = next;        // We jump to the next element
head = previous           // The first element was the last (as in figure b)
return head               // We return the head (pointing to the others)
```

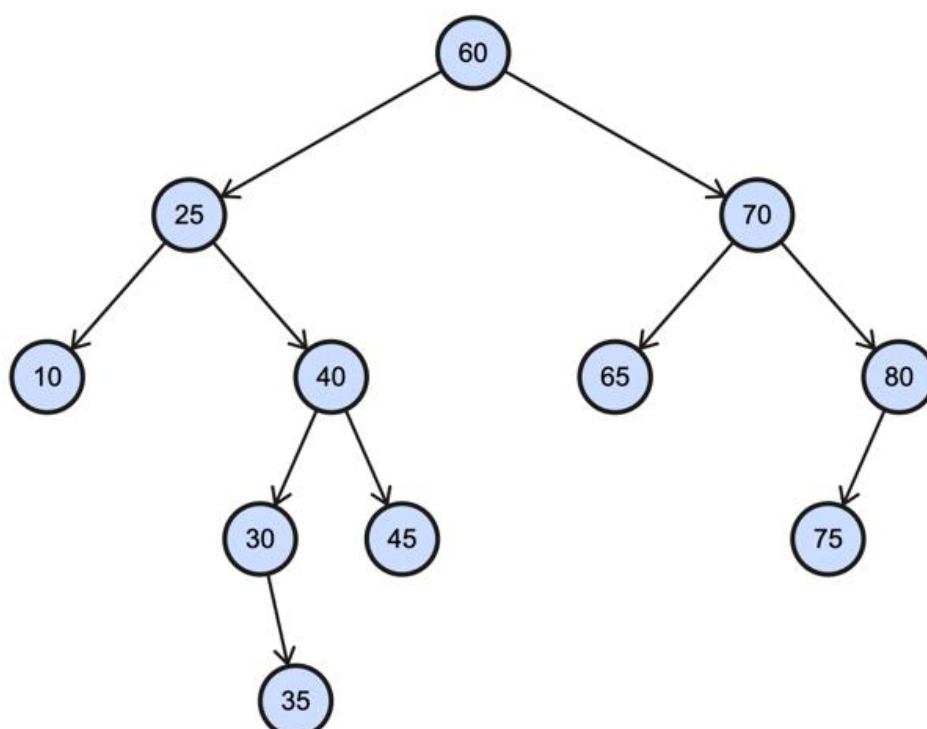
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2. [5 points] Consider the binary search tree in Figure 2.

- a. What tree results after you insert the nodes 80, 65, 75, 45, 35, and 25, in that order?



- b. After inserting the nodes in part a, what tree results when you delete the nodes 50 and 20?



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3. [5 points] Draw a (single) binary tree T , such that
- Each internal node of T stores a single character
 - A *preorder* traversal of T yields ALGORITHMS
 - An *inorder* traversal of T yields GOLATIHRRMS

