

## Assignment 2

### Chapter11:

1. A system table space, a user data table space, an index table space, and a temporary table space are examples of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a.procedure caches
  - b.file groups
  - c.data caches
  - d.operation modes
2. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a logical grouping of several data files that store data with similar characteristics.
  - a.procedure cache
  - b.table space
  - c.data cache
  - d.listener
3. Automatic query optimization means that the:
  - a.optimization takes place at compilation time by the programmer.
  - b.DBMS finds the most cost-effective access path without user intervention.
  - c.optimization process is scheduled and selected by the end user or programmer.
  - d.database access strategy is defined when the program is executed.
4. From the performance point of view, \_\_\_\_\_ databases eliminate disk access bottlenecks.
  - a.RAID
  - b.distributed
  - c.index-organized
  - d.in-memory
5. If there is no index, the DBMS will perform a \_\_\_\_\_ scan.
  - a.loop
  - b.range
  - c.row ID table access
  - d.full table
6. In standard SQL, the optimizer hint ALL\_ROWS is generally used for \_\_\_\_\_ mode processes.
  - a.interactive
  - b.real-time
  - c.batch
  - d.transaction
7. In the context of RAID levels, \_\_\_\_\_ refers to writing the same data blocks to separate drives.
  - a.striping
  - b.mirroring
  - c.partitioning
  - d.aggregating
8. Knowing the sparsity of a column helps you decide whether the use of \_\_\_\_\_ is appropriate.
  - a.query processing
  - b.query optimization
  - c.an index
  - d.a full table scan

9. On the client side, the objective is to generate an SQL query that returns a correct answer in the least amount of time, using a minimum amount of resources at the server end. The activities required to achieve this goal are commonly referred to as \_\_\_\_\_ tuning.
- a.client SQL
  - b.database SQL
  - c.SQL performance
  - d.DBMS performance
10. On the server side, the database environment must be properly configured to respond to clients' requests in the fastest way possible, while making optimum use of existing resources. The activities required to achieve this goal are commonly referred to as \_\_\_\_\_ tuning.
- a.client and server
  - b.database SQL
  - c.SQL performance
  - d.DBMS performance
11. The DBMS \_\_\_\_\_ the SQL query and chooses the most efficient access/execution plan.
- a.parses
  - b.executes
  - c.fetches
  - d.processes
12. The DBMS \_\_\_\_\_ the data and sends the result set back to the client.
- a.parses
  - b.executes
  - c.fetches
  - d.processes
13. The \_\_\_\_\_ cache is used as a temporary storage area for ORDER BY or GROUP BY operations, as well as for index-creation functions.
- a.data
  - b.SQL
  - c.sort
  - d.optimizer
14. The \_\_\_\_\_ is a shared, reserved memory area that stores the most recently executed SQL statements or PL/SQL procedures, including triggers and functions.
- a.buffer cache
  - b.procedure cache
  - c.data cache
  - d.permanent storage
15. The \_\_\_\_\_ must be set large enough to permit as many data requests to be serviced from cache as possible.
- a.data cache
  - b.SQL cache
  - c.sort cache
  - d.optimizer mode
16. The \_\_\_\_\_ process analyzes SQL queries and finds the most efficient way to access data.
- a.optimizer
  - b.scheduler
  - c.listener
  - d.user

17. The \_\_\_\_\_ table space is used to store the data dictionary tables.
- a.system
  - b.user data
  - ctemporary
  - d.rollback segment
18. The data cache is where the data read from the database data files are stored \_\_\_\_\_ the data have been read or \_\_\_\_\_ the data are written to the database data files.
- a.after; before
  - b.after; after
  - c.before; before
  - d.before; after
19. The data cache or \_\_\_\_\_ is a shared, reserved memory area that stores the most recently accessed data blocks in RAM.
- a.buffer cache
  - b.procedure cache
  - c.SQL cache
  - d.permanent storage
20. The majority of primary memory resources will be allocated to the \_\_\_\_\_ cache.
- a.data
  - b.SQL
  - c.sort
  - d.optimizer
21. To work with data, a DBMS must retrieve the data from \_\_\_\_\_ and place them in \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.data files; procedure cache
  - b.RAM; data cache
  - c.permanent storage; RAM
  - dtemporary files; procedure cache
22. When moving data from permanent storage to RAM, an I/O disk operation retrieves:
- a.an entire table.
  - b.an entire physical disk block.
  - c.only the row containing the attribute requested.
  - d.only the attribute which was requested.
23. When setting optimizer hints, \_\_\_\_\_ instructs the optimizer to minimize the overall execution time, that is, to minimize the time it takes to return the total number of rows in the query result set. This hint is generally used for batch mode processes.
- a.ALL\_ROWS
  - b.FIRST\_ROWS
  - c.INDEX(P\_QOH\_NDX)
  - d.OPTIMIZATION\_ROWS
24. Which of the following is the first step of query processing at the DBMS server end?
- a.Executing
  - b.Parsing
  - c.Fetching
  - d.Delivering

25. \_\_\_\_\_ is the central activity during the parsing phase in query processing.

- a.Clustering
- b.Partitioning
- c.Query validation
- d.Query optimization

26. \_\_\_\_\_ refers to the number of different values a column could possibly have.

- a.Database statistics
- b.Data sparsity
- c.A bitmap index
- d.Clustering

## Deliverables

### Part 1

#### MySQL Server

Using only SQL: Save as **lis3781\_a2\_solutions.sql**

- A. Tables and insert statements.
- B. Include indexes and foreign key SQL statements (see below).
- C. Include **\*your\*** query result sets, including grant statements.
- D. The following tables should be created and populated with at least 5 records **both** locally and to the CCI server.
- E. **No Credit will be given if tables and data do not forward-engineer to the CCI server.**

1. **Using SQL ONLY, NOT** MySQL Workbench:

2. Locally: create **yourfsuid** database, and two tables: **company** and **customer**

**NOTE:** Also, these two tables must be populated in **yourfsuid** database on the CCI server.

- a. Use 1:M relationship: **company** is parent table
- b. **company** attributes:
  - i. cmp\_id (pk)
  - ii. cmp\_type enum('C-Corp','S-Corp','Non-Profit-Corp','LLC','Partnership')
  - iii. cmp\_street
  - iv. cmp\_city
  - v. cmp\_state
  - vi. cmp\_zip (zf)
  - vii. cmp\_phone
  - viii. cmp\_ytd\_sales
  - ix. cmp\_url
  - x. cmp\_notes
- c. **customer** attributes:
  - i. cus\_id (pk)
  - ii. cmp\_id (fk)
  - iii. **cus\_ssn (binary 64)**
  - iv. **cus\_salt (binary 64)**
  - v. cus\_type enum('Loyal','Discount','Impulse','Need-Based','Wandering')
  - vi. cus\_first
  - vii. cus\_last
  - viii. cus\_street
  - ix. cus\_city
  - x. cus\_state
  - xi. cus\_zip (zf)
  - xii. cus\_phone
  - xiii. cus\_email
  - xiv. cus\_balance
  - xv. cus\_tot\_sales
  - xvi. cus\_notes
- d. Create suitable indexes and foreign keys:  
**Enforce pk/fk relationship: on update cascade, on delete restrict**

**Local Admin:** (\*\*NOTE\*\*: you do \*not\* have permissions to create users on the CCI Server)

Create two different users (user1 and user2), with two different passwords: both users can access from localhost only.

See **Granting\_Privileges.pdf**

1. Limit **user1** to select, update, and delete privileges on company and customer tables
2. Limit **user2** to select, and insert privileges on customer table

**Log into local server as required:**

3. Verify database/table permissions, show grants:
  - a. yours/admin
  - b. user1 (logged in as user1)
  - c. user2 (logged in as admin)
4. Display current **user2** (logged in as user2) and MySQL version
5. List tables (as admin)
6. Display structures for both tables (as admin)
  - a. company
  - b. customer
7. Display data for both tables:
  - a. company (as user2)
  - b. customer (as user1)
8. Log in as **user1**:
  - a. show the SQL INSERT statement, **and** corresponding query result set that prevented user1 from inserting data in the company table
  - b. show the SQL INSERT statement, **and** corresponding query result set that prevented user1 from inserting data in the customer table
9. Log in as **user2**:
  - a. show the SQL statement, **and** corresponding query result set that prevented user2 from "seeing" company table:
  - b. same as above, though, prevented from being able to delete from the customer table:
10. Log in as **admin**: remove both tables (structure and data), and show commands:
11. **NOTE: \*MUST\*** include Bitbucket repo link.

## Part 2

**Note:**

**README.md** file should include the following items:

1. Screenshot of **\*your\*** SQL code;
2. Screenshot of **\*your\*** populated tables;

**Deliverables (see screenshots below):**

1. Provide **Bitbucket** read-only access to **course** repo, using Markdown syntax, (**README.md** must also include screenshots per above.)  
(**DO NOT create README in Bitbucket—ALWAYS** do it locally, then push it to Bitbucket.)
2. **FSU's Learning Management System**: include course **Bitbucket** repo link

**\*\*\*Examples\*\*\***  
**lis3781\_a2\_sql\_code\_a.png**

```
1  *
2  A character set is a set of symbols and encodings.
3  A collation is a set of rules for comparing characters in a character set.
4
5  Suppose that we have an alphabet with four letters: "A", "B", "a", "b".
6  We give each letter a number: "A" = 0, "B" = 1, "a" = 2, "b" = 3.
7  The letter "A" is a symbol, the number 0 is the encoding for "A",
8  and the combination of all four letters and their encodings is a character set.
9
10 Suppose that we want to compare two string values, "A" and "B".
11 The simplest way to do this is to look at the encodings: 0 for "A" and 1 for "B".
12 Because 0 is less than 1, we say "A" is less than "B". What we've just done is apply a collation to our character set.
13 The collation is a set of rules (only one rule in this case): "compare the encodings."
14 We call this simplest of all possible collations a binary collation.
15
16 http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.5/en/charset.html
17 */
18
19 -- set foreign_key_checks=0;
20
21 drop database if exists mjowett;
22 create database if not exists mjowett;
23 use mjowett;
24
25 -----
26 -- Table company
27 -----
28 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS company;
29 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS company
30 (
31     cmp_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
32     cmp_type enum('C-Corp','S-Corp','Non-Profit-Corp','LLC','Partnership'),
33     cmp_street VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
34     cmp_city VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
35     cmp_state CHAR(2) NOT NULL,
36     cmp_zip int(9) unsigned ZEROFILL NOT NULL COMMENT 'no dashes',
37     cmp_phone bigint unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT 'ssn and zip codes can be zero-filled, but not US area codes',
38     cmp_ytd_sales DECIMAL(10,2) unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT '12,345,678.90',
39     cmp_email VARCHAR(100) NULL,
40     cmp_url VARCHAR(100) NULL,
41     cmp_notes VARCHAR(255) NULL,
42     PRIMARY KEY (cmp_id)
43 )
44 ENGINE = InnoDB CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
45
46 SHOW WARNINGS;
47
48 INSERT INTO company
49 VALUES
50 (null,'C-Corp','507 - 20th Ave. E. Apt. 2A','Seattle','WA','081226749','2065559857','12345678.00',null,'http://www.http://technologies.ci.fsu.edu/node/72','company notes1'),
51 (null,'S-Corp','908 W. Capital Way','Tacoma','WA','004011298','2065559482','9945678.00',null,'http://www.qcitr.com','company notes2'),
52 (null,'Non-Profit-Corp','722 Moss Bay Blvd.','Kirkland','WA','000337845','2065553412','1345678.00',null,'http://www.markjowett.com','company notes3'),
53 (null,'LLC','4110 Old Redmond Rd.','Redmond','WA','000029021','2065558122','678345.00',null,'http://www.thejowetts.com','company notes4'),
54 (null,'Partnership','4726 - 11th Ave. N.E.','Seattle','WA','001051082','2065551189','345678.00',null,'http://www.qualityinstruction.com','company notes5');
55
56 SHOW WARNINGS;
```

## lis3781\_a2\_sql\_code\_b.png

```

57 -----
58 -----
59 -- Table customer
60 -----
61 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS customer;
62 CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS customer
63 (
64   cus_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
65   cmp_id INT UNSIGNED NOT NULL,
66   cus_ssn binary(64) not null,
67   cus_salt binary(64) not null COMMENT '*only* demo purposes - do *NOT* use *salt* in the name!',
68   cus_type enum('Loyal','Discount','Impulse','Need-Based','Wandering'),
69   cus_first VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL,
70   cus_last VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
71   cus_street VARCHAR(30) NULL,
72   cus_city VARCHAR(30) NULL,
73   cus_state CHAR(2) NULL,
74   cus_zip int(9) unsigned ZEROFILL NULL,
75   cus_phone bigint unsigned NOT NULL COMMENT 'ssn and zip codes can be zero-filled, but not US area codes',
76   cus_email VARCHAR(100) NULL,
77   cus_balance DECIMAL(7,2) unsigned NULL COMMENT '12,345.67',
78   cus_tot_sales DECIMAL(7,2) unsigned NULL,
79   cus_notes VARCHAR(255) NULL,
80   PRIMARY KEY (cus_id),
81
82   UNIQUE INDEX ux_cus_ssn (cus_ssn ASC),
83   INDEX idx_cmp_id (cmp_id ASC),
84
85   /*
86   Comment CONSTRAINT line to demo DBMS auto value when *not* using "constraint" option for foreign keys, then...
87   SHOW CREATE TABLE customer;
88   */
89   CONSTRAINT fk_customer_company
90     FOREIGN KEY (cmp_id)
91     REFERENCES company (cmp_id)
92     ON DELETE NO ACTION
93     ON UPDATE CASCADE
94 )
95 ENGINE = InnoDB CHARACTER SET utf8 COLLATE utf8_general_ci;
96
97 SHOW WARNINGS;
98
99 -- salting and hashing sensitive data (e.g., SSN). Normally, *each* record would receive unique random salt!
100 set @salt=RANDOM_BYTES(64);
101
102 INSERT INTO customer
103 VALUES
104 (null,2,unhex(SHA2(CONCAT(@salt, 000456789),512)),@salt,'Discount','Wilbur','Denaway','23 Billings Gate','El Paso',TX,'085703412','2145559857','test1@mymail.com','8391.87','37642.00','customer notes1'),
105 (null,4,unhex(SHA2(CONCAT(@salt, 001456789),512)),@salt,'Loyal','Bradford','Casis','891 Drift Dr.','Stanton',TX,'005819045','2145559482','test2@mymail.com','675.57','87341.00','customer notes2'),
106 (null,3,unhex(SHA2(CONCAT(@salt, 002456789),512)),@salt,'Impulse','Valerie','Lieblong','421 Calamari Vista','Odessa',TX,'000621134','2145553412','test3@mymail.com','8730.23','92678.00','customer notes3'),
107 (null,5,unhex(SHA2(CONCAT(@salt, 003456789),512)),@salt,'Need-Based','Kathy','Jeffries','915 Drive Past','Penwell',TX,'009135674','2145558122','test4@mymail.com','2651.19','78345.00','customer notes4'),
108 (null,1,unhex(SHA2(CONCAT(@salt, 004456789),512)),@salt,'Wandering','Steve','Rogers','329 Volume Ave.','Tarzan',TX,'000054426','2145551189','test5@mymail.com','782.73','23471.00','customer notes5');
109
110 SHOW WARNINGS;
111 -- set foreign_key_checks=1;
112
113 select * from company;
114 select * from customer;

```

## LIS3781 A2 Populated Tables

```

c:\mysql\bin>mysql -u mjowett -p --port 3308
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 4
Server version: 5.7.19 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

```

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Type 'help;' or 'h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

```

mysql> use mjowett
Database changed
mysql> select * from company;

```

cmp_id	cmp_type	cmp_street	cmp_city	cmp_state	cmp_zip	cmp_phone	cmp_ytd_sales	cmp_email	cmp_url	cmp_notes
1	C-Corp	507 - 20th Ave. E. Apt. 2A	Seattle	WA	081226749	2065559857	12345678.00	NULL	http://www.http://technologies.ci.fsu.edu/node/72	company notes1
2	S-Corp	908 W. Capital Way	Tacoma	WA	004011298	2065559482	9945678.00	NULL	http://www.qcitr.com	company notes2
3	Non-Profit-Corp	722 Moss Bay Blvd.	Kirkland	WA	000337845	206553412	1345678.00	NULL	http://www.markjowett.com	company notes3
4	LLC	4110 Old Redmond Rd.	Redmond	WA	000029021	2065558122	678345.00	NULL	http://www.thejowetts.com	company notes4
5	Partnership	4726 - 11th Ave. N.E.	Seattle	WA	001051082	2065551189	345678.00	NULL	http://www.qualityinstruction.com	company notes5

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

mysql> select * from customer;

```

cus_id	cmp_id	cus_ssn	cus_salt	cus_type	cus_first	cus_last	cus_street
1	2	B802-EJ8V01PG4X-0C 6E02E0AC1W/E5egBpNk -u1a0b U0B7[4   d-1IE+!u50kY]10Y%   0j MrAB+S40*#010eIZo -*02D0JC*uxlv{h+e9   Discount   wilbur   Denaway   23 Billings Gate					
2	4	3508N0C0X1-6cP8A1I p-8-c-ksf%c in0aucNH- M°Cd  hY4uo0+u   d-1IE+!u50kY]10Y%   0j MrAB+S40*#010eIZo -*02D0JC*uxlv{h+e9   Loyal   Bradford   Casis   891 Drift Dr.   Stanton   TX   005819045   2145559482   test2@mymail.com					
3	3	1HXwiPROE 7-x00G0v1+   d-1IE+!u50kY]10Y%   0j MrAB+S40*#010eIZo -*02D0JC*uxlv{h+e9   Valerie   Lieblong   421 Calamari Vista   Odessa   TX   000621134   2145553412   test3@mymail.com					
4	5	9UA0100+0br+0Awy -2:FA=a01LIA  o+IrvxEEKi 0yA-eSA-n ekaVZAF   d-1IE+!u50kY]10Y%   0j MrAB+S40*#010eIZo -*02D0JC*uxlv{h+e9   Need-Based   Kathy   Jeffries   915 Drive					
5	1	1S 0o-"R80M+zuW  -<Y1 1.bzKA01*LZ jC <c a5*HAA01%   d-1IE+!u50kY]10Y%   0j MrAB+S40*#010eIZo -*02D0JC*uxlv{h+e9   wandering   Steve   Rogers   329 Volume Ave.   Tarzan   TX   00001					

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

mysql>

```