University of Wisconsin-Madison Department of Economics

Econ 703 Prof. R. Deneckere Fall 2004

Homework3

- 1. A point x is an interior point of set A if there exists a neighbourhood N of x such that $N \subset A$. Let Å be the interior of the set A, i.e. the collection of all of its interior points. Prove the following:
 - (1) Å is an open set;
 - (2) A is open iff $A = \mathring{A}$
 - (3) If $B \subset A$, and B is open, then $B \subset A$.
- 2. Let K be the union of the set $\{0\}$ and the set $\{1/n, n \in Z_{++}\}$. Prove that K is compact directly from the definition (i.e., without using the Heine_Borel Theorem).
- 3. Sundaram, #26, p. 68.
- 4. Sundaram, #52, p. 72.
- 5. Consider the set of all rational numbers, Q, and make it into a metric space by defining d(p,q) = |p-q| for all p,q ∈ Q. Let E be the set of all p ∈ Q such that 2 < p² < 3. Show that E is closed and bounded in Q, but that E is not compact. Conclude that Q is not a compact space. Is E open in Q?
 - HINT: Be very careful here. The notions closed, open, compact are all with reference to the metric space (Q,d), not the metric space (R,d)!