

University of Wisconsin-Madison  
Department of Economics

Econ 703  
Fall 2003

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**Homework #6**  
(due Nov. 11)

1. Let  $f, g : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be continuous functions, and suppose that  $f(x) > g(x)$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ . Prove or disprove the following statement : There exists  $\delta > 0$  such that  $f(x) \geq g(x) + \delta$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ . What if instead  $f$  and  $g$  were only left continuous?
2. (Brouwer fixed point theorem) Let  $I = [0, 1]$ , and that suppose that  $f : I \rightarrow I$  is continuous. Prove that there exists  $x \in I$  such that  $f(x) = x$ .
3. Let  $f$  be a continuous real-valued function on  $\mathbb{R}$ , of which it is known that  $f'(x)$  exists for all  $x \neq 0$  and that  $f'(x) \rightarrow 3$  as  $x \rightarrow 0$ . Does it follow that  $f'(0)$  exists? Either prove or disprove your statement.
4. Suppose  $f'(x)$  exists,  $g'(x)$  exists,  $g'(x) \neq 0$ , and  $f(x) = g(x) = 0$ . Prove that
$$\lim_{t \rightarrow x} f(t)/g(t) = f'(t) / g'(t).$$
5. Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by  $f(x) = x^2 \sin(1/x)$  for  $x \neq 0$ , and  $f(x) = 0$  for  $x = 0$ . Show that  $f'(x)$  exists at all points  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , but that  $f'(x)$  is not continuous at  $x = 0$ .