

Practice Problems 12

Implicit Function Theorem

- * Show that there is a vector $p \in \mathbb{R}^2$ such that for given $(x_0, y_0) = (\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$, $p \cdot (x_0, y_0) \leq p \cdot (x, y)$ for all $(x, y) \in \{(x, y) | xy \geq 2\}$. Can you derive p ?
- Show that there is a vector $p \in \mathbb{R}^2$ such that for given $(x_0, y_0) = (\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$, $p \cdot (x_0, y_0) \geq p \cdot (x, y)$ for all $(x, y) \in \{(x, y) | x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, x, y \geq 0\}$. Can you derive p ?
- * Prove that the expression $x^2 - xy^3 + y^5 = 17$ is an implicit function of y in terms of x in a neighborhood of $(x, y) = (5, 2)$. Then Estimate the y value which corresponds to $x = 4.8$.
- Define $f : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by

$$f(x, y, z) = y^2x + e^y + z.$$

Show that there exists a differentiable function $g(x, z)$, such that $g(1, -1) = 0$ and

$$f(x, g(x, z), z) = 0$$

Specify the domain of g . Compute $Dg(1, -1)$.

Brouwer's Fixed Point Theorem

- * Show that there is a Nash Equilibrium in the battle of sexes where the payoff is given as in the table below.

		Tony	
		Action	Comedy
Maria	Action	2, 5	-1, -1
	Comedy	1, 1	5, 2

Jensen's Inequality

- * Homework Q28