1. Find all solutions to $\frac{dx}{dt}=r-x^2$ where x(t)=c with c a constant (these are all of the equilibrium solutions).

2. Show the mathematical steps to find a solution to $\frac{dx}{dt}=3x, x(0)=-5.$

3. Classify the stability of the equilibrium solutions of $\frac{dx}{dt}=2x(x+1)(x-3)$.