			All-Cause	Disease-Specific	
	Follow-Up Median (IQR)	Died N(%)	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	Died N(%)	Hazard Ratio (95% CI)
Full Sample					
CRN For Diabetes	291 (156 - 504)	8909 (23.6)	1.158 (1.063 - 1.261)	3045 (8.7)	1.183 (1.036 - 1.353)
CRN For CVD	304 (160 - 534)	16345 (27.8)	1.147 (1.072 - 1.228)	4845 (9.1)	1.075 (0.949 - 1.217)
CRN For Hypertension	340 (187 - 539)	24166 (19.2)	1.159 (1.083 - 1.239)	4128 (3.3)	1.136 (0.946 - 1.365)
2000 - 2010					
CRN For Diabetes	465 (360 - 652)	7379 (34.1)	1.220 (1.109 - 1.343)	2563 (13.0)	1.244 (1.071 - 1.445)
CRN For CVD	474 (330 - 630)	13771 (37.4)	1.180 (1.095 - 1.271)	4282 (12.9)	1.133 (0.993 - 1.292)
CRN For Hypertension	482 (360 - 635)	20431 (27.0)	1.171 (1.101 - 1.245)	3491 (4.6)	1.031 (0.885 - 1.202)
2011 - 2014					
CRN For Diabetes	165 (104 - 230)	1530 (9.5)	0.960 (0.790 - 1.166)	482 (3.2)	1.021 (0.750 - 1.389)
CRN For CVD	161 (100 - 230)	2574 (11.8)	1.007 (0.856 - 1.183)	563 (2.8)	0.964 (0.691 - 1.345)
CRN For Hypertension	174 (113 – 243)	3734 (7.4)	1.007 (0.880 - 1.152)	637 (1.3)	1.177 (0.854 - 1.622)

a Note: All hazard ratios are weighted for survey design. Disease specific mortality is defined as having a listed cause of death of diabetes, heart or cerebrovascular disease, or heart, cerebrovascular disease or underlying hypertension models, respectively. Bold face denotes statistical significance. \*The definition of CVD includes heart attack, angina pectoris, coronary heart disease, other heart condition, or stroke. 2. Hazard Ratio adjusted for age, sex, insurance (private, public, Medicare, other, or none), race (white, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Asian, or other), education (= high school, some college, college degree or greater), and diagnoses of other chronic conditions: cancer (all models), diabetes (CVD and hypertension models), hypertension (diabetes and CVD models) and CVD (diabetes models). Abbreviations: CRN, cost-related nonadherence; CVD, cardiovascular disease; HR, Hazard Ratio.