## computer science

bit – smallest piece of info, 1 or 0
file
computing
syntax error – mistake in structure/syntax
white space
algorithm – instructions for problem
pseudocode – "human speak" code
source code – script we write (object
code is then what is compiled for the
computer to read)
keyword – special words in Python

variable – see object reference
assignment – the = sign
expression – line of code that evaluates
to a single value (arithmetic, logical, etc)
operator - + - / % etc
concatenation – adding together
object – chunk of memory
object reference – pointer to that chunk
delimiters – brackets, commas, colons...
identifier – the var name

## data type

class – what defines a data type (what it can do, make, etc.)
bool (Python type) – True/False
boolean variable – has True/False value
boolean expression – evaluates to bool
dictionary (Python type) – {}, key and
value, unorderedm mutable,
float (Python type) - decimal
floating-point number – holds float
set (Python type) – {}, unordered,
unindexed
list (Python type) – [], ordered, mutable

int (Python type) – no decimal str (Python type) – chars immutable - unchangeable

function – def, chunk of code formal parameter - in def parameter – see formal parameter actual parameter - in call argument – see actual parameter parameter passing - handing off args to function call positional parameter – just list, so must be in right order keyword parameter - formally stated (x =  $\dots$ , y =  $\dots$ ) in call, any order main function - calls other functions method – built in module - loaded in code scope - the reach of the vars value-returning function

statement – the instruction in code if-else for loop while loop