

#1 CASE ①: Layer thickness  $h$ , S-wave velocity  $\beta_1$  and density  $\rho_1$ , over a half-space of S-wave velocity  $\beta_2$  + density  $\rho_2$ .

CASE ②: Layer thickness  $h$ , w/ rigid lower surface.

Show CASE ①  $\rightarrow$  CASE ② as  $\beta_2, \rho_2 \rightarrow \infty$

DISPERSION RELATION CASE ①:

$$\frac{\omega h}{C_L} \sqrt{\frac{C_L^2}{\beta_1^2} - 1} - n\pi = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\rho_2 \sqrt{\frac{\beta_2^2}{C_L^2} - 1}}{\rho_1 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\beta_1^2}{C_L^2}}} \right)$$

CASE ②:

$$C_L(\omega) = \left[ \frac{1}{\beta^2} - \frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2 \pi^2}{h^2 \omega^2} \right]^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

lim ①:  
 $\beta_2, \rho_2 \rightarrow \infty$

$$\text{LHS} = \frac{\omega h}{C_L} \sqrt{\frac{C_L^2}{\beta_1^2} - 1} - n\pi$$

$$\text{RHS} = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\infty}{\rho_1 \sqrt{1 - \frac{\beta_1^2}{C_L^2}}} \right) \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{\omega h}{C_L} \sqrt{\frac{C_L^2}{\beta_1^2} - 1} - n\pi = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{C_L^2}{\beta_1^2} = \frac{\pi^2 (n+\frac{1}{2})^2 C_L^2}{\omega^2 h^2} + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\beta_1^2} = \frac{\pi^2 (n+\frac{1}{2})^2 C_L^2}{\omega^2 h^2 C_L^2} + \frac{1}{C_L^2}$$

Let  $\beta = \beta_1$ , as  $\beta_2 \rightarrow \infty$ , as in case ②.

$$\Rightarrow C_L = \left[ \frac{1}{\beta^2} - \frac{(n+\frac{1}{2})^2 \pi^2}{h^2 \omega^2} \right]^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$\therefore$   
 $\Rightarrow$  DISPERSION RELATION FOR ① BECOMES  
DISPERSION RELATION FOR ② AS  
 $\beta_2, \rho_2 \rightarrow \infty$

$\hookrightarrow$  THIS IS CASE ②  
DISPERSION RELATION!