

04.17.2023

P427 A*9

Temp - depth profile $T(z)$

#1 A 2-layer model of the crustal geotherm w/ internal heat generation $A=A_1$ for $0 \leq z < z_1$ and $A=A_2$ for $z_1 \leq z \leq z_2$ and heat generation at the base of the crust of $Q(z_2)=Q_2$ is given by:

$$T_1(z) = \frac{-A_1}{2K} z^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2}{K} (z_2 - z_1) + \frac{A_1 z_1}{K} \right) z \quad \text{for } 0 \leq z \leq z_1$$

$$T_2(z) = \frac{-A_2}{2K} z^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z + \frac{A_1 - A_2}{2K} z_1^2 \quad \text{for } z_1 \leq z \leq z_2$$

Verify that this model satisfies the following:

a) Boundary conditions $T_1(z) = 0$ at $z=0$ and $T_1(z) = T_2(z)$ at $z=z_1$.

At $z=0$:

$$T_1(0) = \frac{-A_1}{2K} (0)^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2}{K} (z_2 - z_1) + \frac{A_1 z_1}{K} \right) (0) = 0, \text{ AS EXPECTED}$$

At $z=z_1$:

$$T_2(z_1) = \left(\frac{-A_2}{2K} + \frac{A_1 - A_2}{2K} \right) z_1^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z_1 = \left(\frac{-A_2}{K} + \frac{A_1}{2K} \right) z_1^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_1(z_1) &= \frac{-A_1}{2K} z_1^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2}{K} (z_2 - z_1) + \frac{A_1 z_1}{K} \right) z_1 = \frac{-A_1}{2K} z_1^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z_1 - \frac{A_2 z_1^2}{K} + \frac{A_1 z_1^2}{2K} \\ &= \left(\frac{-A_2}{K} + \frac{A_1}{2K} \right) z_1^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z_1 = T_2(z_1), \text{ AS EXPECTED.} \end{aligned}$$

\therefore For THIS MODEL, at thermal equilibrium with no motion and constant heat flow A_1, A_2 , the temp at the surface ($z=0$) is 0, and the temp is the same at the boundary b/w layers ($T_1(z_1) = T_2(z_1)$)

b) Equilibrium heat condition: $\frac{d^2 T_1}{dz^2} = \frac{-A_1}{K}$, $\frac{d^2 T_2}{dz^2} = \frac{-A_2}{K}$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \left[\frac{-A_1}{2K} z^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2}{K} (z_2 - z_1) + \frac{A_1 z_1}{K} \right) z \right] = \frac{-A_1}{K} z + \frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2}{K} (z_2 - z_1) + \frac{A_1 z_1}{K}$$

$$\frac{d^2 T_1}{dz^2} = \frac{-A_1}{K} , \text{ AS EXPECTED}$$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \left[\frac{-A_2}{2K} z^2 + \left(\frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) z + \frac{A_1 - A_2}{K} z_1^2 \right] = \frac{-A_2}{K} z + \frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K}$$

$$\frac{d^2 T_2}{dz^2} = \frac{-A_2}{K} , \text{ AS EXPECTED}$$

\therefore These geotherms ~~do~~ model rock columns in thermal equilibrium. (aka in a steady state, $\frac{dT}{dt} = 0$)

c) Basal heat generation $Q(z) = -Q_2$ at $z = z_2$

$$\text{HEAT FLOW: } Q(z) = -K \frac{dT}{dz}$$

@ $z = z_2$, geotherm follows $T_2(z)$

$$-K \frac{dT_2}{dz} = -K \left(\frac{-A_2}{K} z + \frac{Q_2}{K} + \frac{A_2 z_2}{K} \right) \Big|_{z=z_2} = A_2 z_2 - Q_2 - A_2 z_2 = -Q_2 , \text{ AS EXPECTED}$$

\therefore At the base of the crust, $z = z_2$,

The heat flow is $Q(z_2) = -Q_2$, AS EXPECTED.

That is, heat is flowing up into the crust at a constant rate of ~~to~~ $-Q_2$ W/m².