

Raw traffic count data

Dummy example data,
df_raw:

datetime	Count (value) and validity (suspect), specific to a given station, direction, traffic type		Value & suspect pair for another station, direction, traffic type		...
	<station>. <direction1>. <trafficType1>. value	<station>. <direction1>. <trafficType1> .suspect	<station>. <direction1>. <trafficType2> .value	<station>. <direction1>. <trafficType2> .suspect	
<text>	<integer>	<code>	<integer>	<code>	...
<text>	<integer>	<code>	<integer>	<code>	...

Formatting

```
df_for <- df_raw |>
```

- 1) Drop columns where every observation is missing
- 2) Pivot the dataframe longer
- 3) Remove any rows where values are missing
- 4) Remove observations which are invalid

```
① dplyr::select(where(~ !all(is.na(.)))) |>
② pivot_longer(cols = -datetime,
  names_to = c("station", ".value"),
  names_pattern = "^(.*)\\.\\. (suspect|value)$") |>
③ drop_na(value) |>
④ filter(suspect %in% c("ABV", "IO2", "IO3", "IO4", "IO5", "IO6", "VAL"))
```

df_for:

datetime	station	value	suspect
<text>	<station>.<direction1>.<trafficType1>	<integer>	<code>
<text>	<station>.<direction1>.<trafficType2>	<integer>	<code>
<text>	...	<integer>	<code>

Preprocessing

```
df_pre <- df_for |>
```

- 1) Format datetime into POSIXct. Obtain additional temporal info, calculate traffic type
- 2) Filter out observations not in season, not during the day (7am-6pm), and traffic that is not bicycle or pedestrian

```
① mutate(datetime = lubridate::parse_date_time(datetime),
  TrafficTime = lubridate::hour(datetime) +
    lubridate::minute(datetime)/60,
  Date = as.Date(datetime),
  Month = lubridate::month(datetime),
  TrafficType = case_when(grepl('.Ped', station) ~ 'Ped',
    grepl('.Bic', station) ~ 'Bic',
    TRUE ~ 'Other')) |>
② filter(Month %in% forecasting_season_months[[region]],
  TrafficTime %in% seq(from = 7, to = 17.75, by = 0.25),
  TrafficType != 'Other')
```

Summarizing by time of day, and merging with other data

- 1) Obtain the time of day (TOD)
- 2) Group by TOD/day/traffic
- 3) Calculate inclusion criteria keep and keep2 for each group. These are based on n_obs, n_dir, n_unique. Filter by these criteria
- 4) Summarize the traffic count for each group*
- 5) Join with other dataframes

```
morning <- seq(from = 7, to = 10.75, by = 0.25) # 7am-11am
midday <- seq(from = 11, to = 13.75, by = 0.25) # 11am-2pm
afternoon <- seq(from = 14, to = 17.75, by = 0.25) # 2pm-6pm
h_timeofday <- list('Morning' = 4, 'Midday' = 3, 'Afternoon' = 4)

df_fin <- df_pre |>
① mutate(TimeOfDay = case_when(TrafficTime %in% morning ~ 'Morning',
  TrafficTime %in% midday ~ 'Midday',
  TrafficTime %in% afternoon ~ 'Afternoon',
  Hours = h_timeofday[[TimeOfDay]]) |>
② group_by(Date, TimeOfDay, TrafficType) |>
③ mutate(n_obs = n(), # total observations
  n_dir = n_distinct(station), # distinct directions per station
  n_unique = n_distinct(TrafficTime), # distinct time observations
  keep = n_obs == Hours * 4 * n_dir, # completeness check
  keep2 = n_obs == n_unique * n_dir) |> # uniqueness check
  filter(keep, keep2) |>
④ summarise(TrafficCount = sum(TrafficCount)*|>
⑤ left_join(aqi_dates_df, by = c('Date')) |>
  left_join(weather_df, by = c('Date', 'TimeOfDay'))
```

*Stations with at least 1 non-integer count observation (TrafficCount %1 !=0) were filtered out after step 4.