http://www.harding.edu/USER/fmccown/WWW/vbnet_csharp_comparison.html
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C# and VB.NET Comparison Cheat Sheet

Comments

VB.NET

'Single line only Rem Single line only

ار ب

```
// Single line
/* Multiple
line */
/// XML comments on single line
/** XML comments on multiple lines */
```

Program Structure

VB.NET

```
Imports System
Namespace MyNameSpace
Class HelloWorld
  'Entry point which delegates to C-style main
Private Function
   Public Overloads Shared Sub Main()
        Main(System.Environment.GetCommandLineArgs())
   End Sub

Overloads Shared Sub Main(args() As String)
   System.Console.WriteLine("Hello World")
End Sub 'Main
End Class 'HelloWorld End Namespace 'MyNameSpace
```

```
using System
Namespace MyNameSpace
{
    class HelloWorld
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            System.Console.WriteLine("Hello World")
        }
    }
}
```

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Data Types

VB.NET

'Value Types Boolean Byte Char (example: "A") Short, Integer, Long Single, Double Decimal Date 'Reference Types Object String Dim x As Integer System.Console.WriteLine(x.GetType()) System.Console.WriteLine(TypeName(x)) 'Type conversion Dim d As Single = 3.5 Dim i As Integer = CType (d, Integer) i = CInt (d)

C#

//Value Types bool byte, sbyte char (example: 'A') short, ushort, int, uint, long, ulong float, double decimal DateTime //Reference Types object string int x; Console.WriteLine(x.GetType()) Console.WriteLine(typeof(int)) //Type conversion float d = 3.5; int i = (int) d

Constants

VB.NET

i = Int(d)

Const MAX_AUTHORS As Integer = 25
ReadOnly MIN_RANK As Single = 5.00

C#

const int MAX_AUTHORS = 25;
readonly float MIN_RANKING = 5.00;

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Enumerations

```
C#
VB.NET
                                                      enum Action {Start, Stop, Rewind, Forward};
Enum Action
 Start
                                                      enum Status {Flunk = 50, Pass = 70, Excel =
                                                      90};
 'Stop is a reserved word
[Stop]
 Rewind
 Forward
End Enum
Enum Status
  Flunk = 50
  Pass = 70
  Excel = 90
End Enum
Dim a As Action = Action.Stop
                                                     Action a = Action.Stop;
If a <> Action.Start Then _
                                                     if (a != Action.Start)
'Prints "Stop is 1"
                                                     //Prints "Stop is 1"
  System.Console.WriteLine(a.ToString & " is " &
                                                       System.Console.WriteLine(a + " is " +
a)
                                                      (int) a);
'Prints 70
                                                      // Prints 70
System.Console.WriteLine(Status.Pass)
                                                     System.Console.WriteLine((int)
'Prints Pass
                                                     Status, Pass);
System.Console.WriteLine(Status.Pass.ToString())
                                                      // Prints Pass
                                                     System.Console.WriteLine(Status.Pass);
Enum Weekdays
  Saturday
  Sunday
                                                      enum Weekdays
  Monday
                                                       Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday,
  Tuesday
                                                     Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
  Wednesday
  Thursday
  Friday
End Enum 'Weekdays
```

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Operators

```
C#
VB.NET
                                                   //Comparison == < > <= >= !=
'Comparison
= < > <= >= <>
'Arithmetic
                                                   //Arithmetic
                                                   + - * /
% (mod)
/ (integer division if both operands are
+ - * /
Mod
\ (integer division)
^ (raise to a power)
                                                   ints)
                                                   Math.Pow(x, y)
'Assignment
= += -= *= /= \= ^= <<= >>= &=
                                                   //Assignment
                                                    = += -= *= /= %= &= |= ^= <<=
                                                   >>= ++ --
'Bitwise
And AndAlso Or OrElse Not << >>
                                                   //Bitwise
                                                    & ^ ~ << >>
'Logical
And AndAlso Or OrElse Not
                                                   //Logical
                                                   && || !
'String Concatenation
                                                   //String Concatenation
```

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Choices

```
C#
VB.NET
greeting = IIf(age < 20, "What's up?", "Hello")</pre>
                                                     greeting = age < 20 ? "What's up?" :</pre>
                                                     "Hello";
'One line doesn't require "End If", no "Else"
If language = "VB.NET" Then langType = "verbose"
'Use: to put two commands on same line
If x <> 100 And y < 5 Then x *= 5 : y *= 2
'Preferred
If x <> 100 And y < 5 Then
 x *= 5
                                                     if (x != 100 \&\& y < 5)
 y *= 2
End If
                                                       // Multiple statements must be enclosed
                                                     in {}
                                                      x *= 5;
                                                       y *= 2;
'or to break up any long single command use _
If henYouHaveAReally < longLine And _</pre>
itNeedsToBeBrokenInto2 > Lines Then _
 UseTheUnderscore(charToBreakItUp)
If x > 5 Then
 x *= y
ElseIf x = 5 Then
                                                     if (x > 5)
 x += y
                                                      x *= y;
ElseIf x < 10 Then
                                                     else if (x == 5)
                                                       x += y;
 x -= y
Else
                                                     else if (x < 10)
 x /= y
                                                      x -= y;
End If
                                                     else
                                                       x /= y;
'Must be a primitive data type
Select Case color
 Case "black", "red"
                                                     //Must be integer or string
   r += 1
                                                     switch (color)
 Case "blue"
   b += 1
                                                       case "black":
 Case "green"
                                                       case "red":
                                                                     r++;
   g += 1
                                                       break;
 Case Else
                                                       case "blue"
   other += 1
                                                        break;
End Select
                                                       case "green": g++;
                                                       break;
                                                       default: other++;
                                                        break;
```

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Loops

```
C#
VB.NET
'Pre-test Loops:
                                                      //Pre-test Loops: while (i < 10)</pre>
While c < 10
                                                       i++;
 c += 1
                                                      for (i = 2; i < = 10; i += 2)
End While Do Until c = 10
                                                        System.Console.WriteLine(i);
 c += 1
Loop
'Post-test Loop:
Do While c < 10
c += 1
                                                      //Post-test Loop:
Loop
                                                      do
                                                       i++;
                                                      while (i < 10);</pre>
For c = 2 To 10 Step 2
 System.Console.WriteLine(c)
Next
'Array or collection looping
Dim names As String() = {"Steven", "SuOk", "Sarah"}
                                                      // Array or collection looping
For Each s As String In names
 System.Console.WriteLine(s)
                                                      string[] names = {"Steven", "SuOk",
                                                      "Sarah"};
Next
                                                      foreach (string s in names)
                                                        System.Console.WriteLine(s);
```

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Arrays

New Integer(4) {}, New Integer(1) {}, New

Integer(2) {} }
jagged(0)(4) = 5

```
C#
int[] nums = {1, 2, 3};
for (int i = 0; i < nums.Length; i++)</pre>
 Console.WriteLine(nums[i]);
// 5 is the size of the array
string[] names = new string[5];
names[0] = "Steven";
// Throws System.IndexOutOfRangeException
names[5] = "Sarah"
// C# can't dynamically resize an array.
//Just copy into new array.
string[] names2 = new string[7];
// or names.CopyTo(names2, 0);
Array.Copy(names, names2, names.Length);
float[,] twoD = new float[rows, cols];
twoD[2,0] = 4.5;
int[][] jagged = new int[3][] {
 new int[5], new int[2], new int[3] };
jagged[0][4] = 5;
```

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Functions

```
VB.NET
'Pass by value (in, default), reference
                                                     // Pass by value (in, default), reference
'(in/out), and reference (out)
                                                     //(in/out), and reference (out)
Sub TestFunc(ByVal x As Integer, ByRef y As
                                                     void TestFunc(int x, ref int y, out int z)
Integer,
ByRef z As Integer)
                                                       x++;
 x += 1
                                                       y++;
 y += 1
                                                       z = 5;
 z = 5
End Sub
'c set to zero by default
                                                     int a = 1, b = 1, c; // c doesn't need
Dim a = 1, b = 1, c As Integer
                                                     initializing
TestFunc(a, b, c)
                                                     TestFunc(a, ref b, out c);
System.Console.WriteLine("{0} {1} {2}", a, b, c) '1
                                                     System.Console.WriteLine("{0} {1} {2}", a,
                                                     b, c); // 1 2 5
'Accept variable number of arguments
                                                     // Accept variable number of arguments
Function Sum(ByVal ParamArray nums As Integer()) As int Sum(params int[] nums) {
Integer
                                                       int sum = 0;
  Sum = 0
                                                       foreach (int i in nums)
  For Each i As Integer In nums
                                                         sum += i;
    Sum += i
                                                       return sum;
 Next
End Function 'Or use a Return statement like C#
Dim total As Integer = Sum(4, 3, 2, 1) 'returns 10
                                                     int total = Sum(4, 3, 2, 1); // returns 10
'Optional parameters must be listed last
                                                     /* C# doesn't support optional
'and must have a default value
                                                     arguments/parameters.
Sub SayHello(ByVal name As String,
                                                     Just create two different versions of the
Optional ByVal prefix As String = "")
                                                     same function. */
 System.Console.WriteLine("Greetings, " & prefix
                                                     void SayHello(string name, string prefix) {
& " " & name)
                                                       System.Console.WriteLine("Greetings, " +
End Sub
                                                     prefix + " " + name);
SayHello("Steven", "Dr.")
                                                     void SayHello(string name) {
SayHello("SuOk")
                                                       SayHello(name, "");
```

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Exception Handling

VB.NET

```
Class Withfinally
Public Shared Sub Main()

Try

Dim x As Integer = 5
Dim y As Integer = 0
Dim z As Integer = x / y
Console.WriteLine(z)

Catch e As DivideByZeroException
System.Console.WriteLine("Error occurred")
Finally
System.Console.WriteLine("Thank you")
End Try
End Sub 'Main
End Class 'Withfinally
```

C#

```
class Withfinally
{
  public static void Main()
  {
    try
    {
      int x = 5;
      int y = 0;
      int z = x/y;
      Console.WriteLine(z);
    }
    catch(DivideByZeroException e)
    {
      System.Console.WriteLine("Error occurred");
      }
      finally
      {
          System.Console.WriteLine("Thank you");
      }
}
```

Namespaces

VB.NET

Namespace ASPAlliance.DotNet.Community
...
End Namespace
'or

Namespace ASPAlliance
Namespace DotNet
Namespace Community
...
End Namespace
End Namespace
End Namespace
Imports ASPAlliance.DotNet.Community

```
namespace ASPAlliance.DotNet.Community {
    ...
}

// or

namespace ASPAlliance {
    namespace DotNet {
        namespace Community {
         ...
     }
    }
}

using ASPAlliance.DotNet.Community;
```

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Classes / Interfaces

```
C#
VB.NET
'Accessibility keywords
                                                     //Accessibility keywords
Public
                                                     public
Private
                                                     private
Friend
                                                     internal
Protected
                                                     protected
Protected Friend
                                                     protected internal
Shared
                                                     static
'Inheritance
                                                     //Inheritance
                                                     class Articles: Authors {
Class Articles
 Inherits Authors
End Class
                                                     using System;
Imports System
                                                     interface IArticle
Interface IArticle
 Sub Show()
                                                       void Show();
End Interface 'IArticle
                                                     class IAuthor:IArticle
Class IAuthor
  Implements IArticle
                                                       public void Show()
  Public Sub Show()
                                                         System.Console.WriteLine("Show() method
     System.Console.WriteLine("Show() method
                                                     Implemented");
Implemented")
  End Sub 'Show
  'Entry point which delegates to C-style main
                                                       public static void Main(string[] args)
Private Function
  Public Overloads Shared Sub Main()
                                                         IAuthor author = new IAuthor();
                                                         author.Show();
    Main(System.Environment.GetCommandLineArgs())
                                                     }
  Overloads Public Shared Sub Main(args() As
String)
     Dim author As New IAuthor()
     author.Show()
  End Sub 'Main
End Class 'IAuthor
```

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Constructors / Destructors

VB.NET

```
Class TopAuthor
  Private _topAuthor As Integer

Public Sub New()
  _topAuthor = 0
End Sub

Public Sub New(ByVal topAuthor As Integer)
  Me._topAuthor = topAuthor
End Sub

Protected Overrides Sub Finalize()
  'Desctructor code to free unmanaged resources
  MyBase.Finalize()
End Sub
End Class
```

C#

```
class TopAuthor {
  private int _topAuthor;

public TopAuthor() {
    _topAuthor = 0;
}

public TopAuthor(int topAuthor) {
    this._topAuthor= topAuthor
}

~TopAuthor() {
    // Destructor code to free unmanaged resources.
    // Implicitly creates a Finalize method
}
```

Objects

VB.NET

```
Dim author As TopAuthor = New TopAuthor
With author
 .Name = "Steven"
  .AuthorRanking = 3
End With
author.Rank("Scott")
author.Demote() 'Calling Shared method
TopAuthor.Rank()
Dim author2 As TopAuthor = author 'Both refer to
same object
author2.Name = "Joe"
System.Console.WriteLine(author2.Name) 'Prints Joe
author = Nothing 'Free the object
If author Is Nothing Then _
 author = New TopAuthor
Dim obj As Object = New TopAuthor
If TypeOf obj Is TopAuthor Then _
 System.Console.WriteLine("Is a TopAuthor
object.")
```

```
TopAuthor author = new TopAuthor();
//No "With" construct
author.Name = "Steven";
author.AuthorRanking = 3;
author.Rank("Scott");
TopAuthor.Demote() //Calling static method
TopAuthor author2 = author //Both refer to
same object
author2.Name = "Joe";
System.Console.WriteLine(author2.Name)
//Prints Joe
author = null //Free the object
if (author == null)
 author = new TopAuthor();
Object obj = new TopAuthor();
if (obj is TopAuthor)
 SystConsole.WriteLine("Is a TopAuthor
object.");
```

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Structs

C#

```
Structure AuthorRecord
 Public name As String
 Public rank As Single
 Public Sub New(ByVal name As String, ByVal rank
As Single)
   Me.name = name
   Me.rank = rank
 End Sub
End Structure
Dim author As AuthorRecord = New
AuthorRecord("Steven", 8.8)
Dim author2 As AuthorRecord = author
author2.name = "Scott"
System.Console.WriteLine(author.name) 'Prints
System.Console.WriteLine(author2.name) 'Prints
Scott
```

VB.NET

```
struct AuthorRecord {
 public string name;
 public float rank;
 public AuthorRecord(string name, float
rank) {
   this.name = name;
   this.rank = rank;
 }
}
AuthorRecord author = new
AuthorRecord("Steven", 8.8);
AuthorRecord author2 = author
author.name = "Scott";
SystemConsole.WriteLine(author.name);
//Prints Steven
System.Console.WriteLine(author2.name);
//Prints Scott
```

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Properties

```
VB.NET
Private _size As Integer
Public Property Size() As Integer
   Return _size
 End Get
 Set (ByVal Value As Integer)
   If Value < 0 Then</pre>
     _{size} = 0
   Else
     _size = Value
   End If
 End Set
End Property
foo.Size += 1
Imports System
Class [Date]
  Public Property Day() As Integer
        Return day
     End Get
     Set
        day = value
     End Set
  End Property
  Private day As Integer
  Public Property Month() As Integer
     Get
        Return month
     End Get
     Set
        month = value
     End Set
  End Property
  Private month As Integer
  Public Property Year() As Integer
        Return year
     End Get
     Set
       year = value
     End Set
  End Property
  Private year As Integer
  Public Function IsLeapYear(year As Integer) As
Boolean
```

```
C#
private int _size;
public int Size {
 get {
   return _size;
 set {
  if (value < 0)</pre>
     _size = 0;
   else
      _size = value;
foo.Size++;
using System;
class Date
    public int Day{
        get {
            return day;
        set {
            day = value;
    int day;
    public int Month{
        get {
            return month;
        }
        set {
            month = value;
    int month;
    public int Year{
       get {
            return year;
        set {
            year = value;
    int year;
    public bool IsLeapYear(int year)
       return year%4== 0 ? true: false;
```

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```
Return(If year Mod 4 = 0 Then True Else
                                                         public void SetDate (int day, int
False)
                                                     month, int year)
  End Function 'IsLeapYear
                                                        {
                                                             this.day = day;
                                                             this.month = month;
  Public Sub SetDate(day As Integer, month As
                                                             this.year = year;
year As Integer)
     Me.day = day
     Me.month = month
     Me.year = year
  End Sub 'SetDate
End Class '[Date]
```

Delegates / Events

VB.NET

Delegate Sub MsgArrivedEventHandler(ByVal message
As String)

Event MsgArrivedEvent As MsgArrivedEventHandler

'or to define an event which declares a 'delegate implicitly
Event MsgArrivedEvent(ByVal message As String)

AddHandler MsgArrivedEvent, AddressOf
My_MsgArrivedCallback
'Won't throw an exception if obj is Nothing
RaiseEvent MsgArrivedEvent("Test message")
RemoveHandler MsgArrivedEvent, AddressOf
My_MsgArrivedCallback

Imports System.Windows.Forms

'WithEvents can't be used on local variable
Dim WithEvents MyButton As Button
MyButton = New Button

Private Sub MyButton_Click(ByVal sender As
System.Object, _
 ByVal e As System.EventArgs) Handles
MyButton.Click
 MessageBox.Show(Me, "Button was clicked", "Info",

MessageBoxButtons.OK,
MessageBoxIcon.Information)
End Sub

C#

delegate void MsgArrivedEventHandler(string
message);

event MsgArrivedEventHandler
MsgArrivedEvent;

//Delegates must be used with events in C#

MsgArrivedEvent += new
MsgArrivedEventHandler
 (My_MsgArrivedEventCallback);
//Throws exception if obj is null
MsgArrivedEvent("Test message");
MsgArrivedEvent -= new
MsgArrivedEventHandler

(My_MsgArrivedEventCallback);

using System.Windows.Forms;

Button MyButton = new Button();
MyButton.Click += new
System.EventHandler(MyButton_Click);
private void MyButton_Click(object sender,

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Console I/O

VB.NET

```
'Special character constants
vbCrLf, vbCr, vbLf, vbNewLine
vbNullString
vbTab
vhBack
vbFormFeed
vbVerticalTab
Chr(65) 'Returns 'A'
System.Console.Write("What's your name? ")
Dim name As String = System.Console.ReadLine()
System.Console.Write("How old are you? ")
Dim age As Integer = Val(System.Console.ReadLine())
System.Console.WriteLine("{0} is {1} years old.",
name, age)
System.Console.WriteLine(name & " is " & age & "
years old.")
Dim c As Integer
c = System.Console.Read() 'Read single char
System.Console.WriteLine(c) 'Prints 65 if user
enters "A"
```

```
//Escape sequences
\n, \r
\t
//
Convert.ToChar(65) //Returns 'A' -
equivalent to Chr(num) in VB
// or
(char) 65
System.Console.Write("What's your name? ");
string name = SYstem.Console.ReadLine();
System.Console.Write("How old are you? ");
int age =
Convert.ToInt32(System.Console.ReadLine());
System.Console.WriteLine("{0} is {1} years
old.", name, age);
System.Console.WriteLine(name + " is " +
age + " years old.");
int c = System.Console.Read(); //Read
single char
System.Console.WriteLine(c); //Prints 65 if
user enters "A"
```

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File I/O

VB.NET

```
Imports System.IO
'Write out to text file
Dim writer As StreamWriter = File.CreateText
 ("c:\myfile.txt")
writer.WriteLine("Out to file.")
writer.Close()
'Read all lines from text file
Dim reader As StreamReader = File.OpenText
 ("c:\myfile.txt")
Dim line As String = reader.ReadLine()
While Not line Is Nothing
 Console.WriteLine(line)
  line = reader.ReadLine()
End While
reader.Close()
'Write out to binary file
Dim str As String = "Text data"
Dim num As Integer = 123
Dim binWriter As New BinaryWriter(File.OpenWrite
 ("c:\myfile.dat"))
binWriter.Write(str)
binWriter.Write(num)
binWriter.Close()
'Read from binary file
Dim binReader As New BinaryReader(File.OpenRead
  ("c:\myfile.dat"))
str = binReader.ReadString()
num = binReader.ReadInt32()
binReader.Close()
```

```
using System.IO;
//Write out to text file
StreamWriter writer = File.CreateText
 ("c:\\myfile.txt");
writer.WriteLine("Out to file.");
writer.Close();
//Read all lines from text file
StreamReader reader = File.OpenText
 ("c:\\myfile.txt");
string line = reader.ReadLine();
while (line != null) {
 Console.WriteLine(line);
 line = reader.ReadLine();
reader.Close();
//Write out to binary file
string str = "Text data";
int num = 123;
BinaryWriter binWriter = new
BinaryWriter(File.OpenWrite
 ("c:\\myfile.dat"));
binWriter.Write(str);
binWriter.Write(num);
binWriter.Close();
//Read from binary file
BinaryReader binReader = new
BinaryReader(File.OpenRead
 ("c:\\myfile.dat"));
str = binReader.ReadString();
num = binReader.ReadInt32();
binReader.Close();
```